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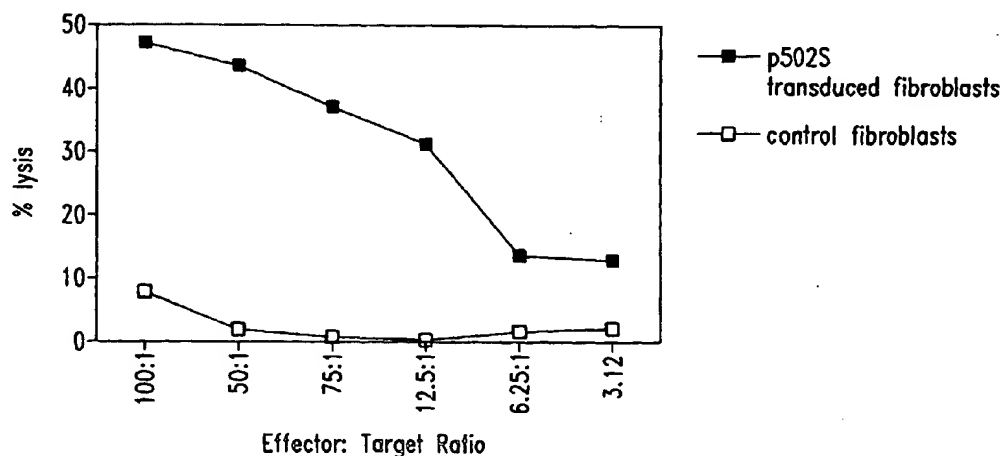
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(54) Title: COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER



(57) Abstract: Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer, are disclosed. Compositions may comprise one or more prostate tumor proteins, immunogenic portions thereof, or polynucleotides that encode such portions. Alternatively, a therapeutic composition may comprise an antigen presenting cell that expresses a prostate tumor protein, or a T cell that is specific for cells expressing such a protein. Such compositions may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment of diseases such as prostate cancer. Diagnostic methods based on detecting a prostate tumor protein, or mRNA encoding such a protein, in a sample are also provided.

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COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates generally to therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer. The invention is more specifically related to polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein, and to polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides. Such polypeptides and polynucleotides may be used in vaccines and pharmaceutical compositions for prevention and treatment of prostate cancer, and for the diagnosis and monitoring of such cancers.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Prostate cancer is the most common form of cancer among males, with an estimated incidence of 30% in men over the age of 50. Overwhelming clinical evidence shows that human prostate cancer has the propensity to metastasize to bone, and the disease appears to progress inevitably from androgen dependent to androgen refractory status, leading to increased patient mortality. This prevalent disease is currently the second leading cause of cancer death among men in the U.S.

In spite of considerable research into therapies for the disease, prostate cancer remains difficult to treat. Commonly, treatment is based on surgery and/or radiation therapy, but these methods are ineffective in a significant percentage of cases. Two previously identified prostate specific proteins - prostate specific antigen (PSA) and prostatic acid phosphatase (PAP) - have limited therapeutic and diagnostic potential. For example, PSA levels do not always correlate well with the presence of prostate cancer, being positive in a percentage of non-prostate cancer cases, including benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH). Furthermore, PSA measurements correlate with prostate volume, and do not indicate the level of metastasis.

In spite of considerable research into therapies for these and other cancers, prostate cancer remains difficult to diagnose and treat effectively. Accordingly, there is a need in the art for improved methods for detecting and treating

such cancers. The present invention fulfills these needs and further provides other related advantages.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Briefly stated, the present invention provides compositions and methods for the diagnosis and therapy of cancer, such as prostate cancer. In one aspect, the present invention provides polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof. Certain portions and other variants are immunogenic, such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished. Within certain embodiments, the polypeptide comprises at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: (a) sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; (b) sequences that hybridize to any of the foregoing sequences under moderately stringent conditions; and (c) complements of any of the sequence of (a) or (b). In certain specific embodiments, such a polypeptide comprises at least a portion, or variant thereof, of a tumor protein that includes an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380 and 383.

The present invention further provides polynucleotides that encode a polypeptide as described above, or a portion thereof (such as a portion encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein), expression vectors comprising such polynucleotides and host cells transformed or transfected with such expression vectors.

Within other aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within a related aspect of the present invention, vaccines are provided. Such vaccines comprise a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a non-specific immune response enhancer.

The present invention further provides pharmaceutical compositions that comprise: (a) an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein; and (b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B cells.

Within related aspects, vaccines are provided that comprise: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a non-specific immune response enhancer.

The present invention further provides, in other aspects, fusion proteins that comprise at least one polypeptide as described above, as well as polynucleotides encoding such fusion proteins.

Within related aspects, pharmaceutical compositions comprising a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier are provided.

Vaccines are further provided, within other aspects, that comprise a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a pharmaceutical composition or vaccine as recited above.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein, wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the protein from the sample.

Within related aspects, methods are provided for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated as described above.

Methods are further provided, within other aspects, for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide as described above; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide; and/or (iii) an antigen presenting cell that expresses such a polypeptide; under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells. Isolated T cell populations comprising T cells prepared as described above are also provided.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population as described above.

The present invention further provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide; and (iii) an antigen-presenting cell that expressed such a polypeptide; and (b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient. Proliferated cells may, but need not, be cloned prior to administration to the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the amount of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within preferred embodiments, the binding agent is an antibody, more preferably a monoclonal antibody. The cancer may be prostate cancer.

The present invention also provides, within other aspects, methods for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient. Such methods comprise the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample a level of a polynucleotide, preferably mRNA, that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and (c) comparing the level of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within certain embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected via polymerase chain reaction using, for example, at least one oligonucleotide primer that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide. Within other embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected using a hybridization technique, employing an oligonucleotide probe that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide.

In related aspects, methods are provided for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) with the amount

detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides antibodies, such as monoclonal antibodies, that bind to a polypeptide as described above, as well as diagnostic kits comprising such antibodies. Diagnostic kits comprising one or more oligonucleotide probes or primers as described above are also provided.

These and other aspects of the present invention will become apparent upon reference to the following detailed description and attached drawings. All references disclosed herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety as if each was incorporated individually.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS AND SEQUENCE IDENTIFIERS

Figure 1 illustrates the ability of T cells to kill fibroblasts expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P502S, as compared to control fibroblasts. The percentage lysis is shown as a series of effector:target ratios, as indicated.

Figures 2A and 2B illustrate the ability of T cells to recognize cells expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P502S. In each case, the number of γ -interferon spots is shown for different numbers of responders. In Figure 2A, data is presented for fibroblasts pulsed with the P2S-12 peptide, as compared to fibroblasts pulsed with a control E75 peptide. In Figure 2B, data is presented for fibroblasts expressing P502S, as compared to fibroblasts expressing HER-2/*neu*.

Figure 3 represents a peptide competition binding assay showing that the P1S#10 peptide, derived from P501S, binds HLA-A2. Peptide P1S#10 inhibits HLA-A2 restricted presentation of fluM58 peptide to CTL clone D150M58 in TNF release bioassay. D150M58 CTL is specific for the HLA-A2 binding influenza matrix peptide fluM58.

Figure 4 illustrates the ability of T cell lines generated from P1S#10 immunized mice to specifically lyse P1S#10-pulsed Jurkat A2Kb targets and P501S-transduced Jurkat A2Kb targets, as compared to EGFP-transduced Jurkat A2Kb. The percent lysis is shown as a series of effector to target ratios, as indicated.

Figure 5 illustrates the ability of a T cell clone to recognize and specifically lyse Jurkat A2Kb cells expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P501S, thereby demonstrating that the P1S#10 peptide may be a naturally processed epitope of the P501S polypeptide.

Figures 6A and 6B are graphs illustrating the specificity of a CD8⁺ cell line (3A-1) for a representative prostate tumor antigen (P501S). Figure 6A shows the results of a ⁵¹Cr release assay. The percent specific lysis is shown as a series of effector:target ratios, as indicated. Figure 6B shows the production of interferon-gamma by 3A-1 cells stimulated with autologous B-LCL transduced with P501S, at varying effector:target ratios as indicated.

SEQ ID NO: 1 is the determined cDNA sequence for F1-13

SEQ ID NO: 2 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for F1-12

SEQ ID NO: 3 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for F1-12

SEQ ID NO: 4 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for F1-16

SEQ ID NO: 5 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-1

SEQ ID NO: 6 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-9

SEQ ID NO: 7 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-4

SEQ ID NO: 8 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-17

SEQ ID NO: 9 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-17

SEQ ID NO: 10 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-12

SEQ ID NO: 11 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-12

SEQ ID NO: 12 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1862

SEQ ID NO: 13 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for N1-1862

SEQ ID NO: 14 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-13

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SEQ ID NO: 17 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-19

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SEQ ID NO: 50 is the determined cDNA sequence for P38

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SEQ ID NO: 108 is the predicted amino acid sequence for F1-12
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SEQ ID NO: 250 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN76
SEQ ID NO: 251 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN84
SEQ ID NO: 252 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN85
SEQ ID NO: 253 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN86
SEQ ID NO: 254 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN87
SEQ ID NO: 255 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN88
SEQ ID NO: 256 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F1
SEQ ID NO: 257 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F2
SEQ ID NO: 258 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C2

SEQ ID NO: 259 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B1
SEQ ID NO: 260 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B2
SEQ ID NO: 261 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D3
SEQ ID NO: 262 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A4
SEQ ID NO: 263 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F5
SEQ ID NO: 264 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E6
SEQ ID NO: 265 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D6
SEQ ID NO: 266 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B5
SEQ ID NO: 267 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A6
SEQ ID NO: 268 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E8
SEQ ID NO: 269 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D7
SEQ ID NO: 270 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D9
SEQ ID NO: 271 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C10
SEQ ID NO: 272 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A9
SEQ ID NO: 273 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F12
SEQ ID NO: 274 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E12
SEQ ID NO: 275 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D11
SEQ ID NO: 276 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C11
SEQ ID NO: 277 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C12
SEQ ID NO: 278 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B12
SEQ ID NO: 279 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A12
SEQ ID NO: 280 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G2
SEQ ID NO: 281 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H1
SEQ ID NO: 282 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H2
SEQ ID NO: 283 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A3
SEQ ID NO: 284 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A4
SEQ ID NO: 285 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C3
SEQ ID NO: 286 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G4
SEQ ID NO: 287 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8B6
SEQ ID NO: 288 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8D6

SEQ ID NO: 289 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F5
SEQ ID NO: 290 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A8
SEQ ID NO: 291 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C7
SEQ ID NO: 292 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8D7
SEQ ID NO: 293 is the determined cDNA sequence for P8D8
SEQ ID NO: 294 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E7
SEQ ID NO: 295 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F8
SEQ ID NO: 296 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G8
SEQ ID NO: 297 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8B10
SEQ ID NO: 298 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C10
SEQ ID NO: 299 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E9
SEQ ID NO: 300 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E10
SEQ ID NO: 301 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F9
SEQ ID NO: 302 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H9
SEQ ID NO: 303 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C12
SEQ ID NO: 304 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E11
SEQ ID NO: 305 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E12
SEQ ID NO: 306 is the amino acid sequence for the peptide PS2#12
SEQ ID NO: 307 is the determined cDNA sequence for P711P
SEQ ID NO: 308 is the determined cDNA sequence for P712P
SEQ ID NO: 309 is the determined cDNA sequence for CLONE23
SEQ ID NO: 310 is the determined cDNA sequence for P774P
SEQ ID NO: 311 is the determined cDNA sequence for P775P
SEQ ID NO: 312 is the determined cDNA sequence for P715P
SEQ ID NO: 313 is the determined cDNA sequence for P710P
SEQ ID NO: 314 is the determined cDNA sequence for P767P
SEQ ID NO: 315 is the determined cDNA sequence for P768P
SEQ ID NO: 316-325 are the determined cDNA sequences of previously isolated genes
SEQ ID NO: 326 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703PDE5
SEQ ID NO: 327 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703PDE5

SEQ ID NO: 328 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P6.26

SEQ ID NO: 329 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703P6.26

SEQ ID NO: 330 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703PX-23

SEQ ID NO: 331 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703PX-23

SEQ ID NO: 332 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for P509S

SEQ ID NO: 333 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for P707P (also referred to as 11-C9)

SEQ ID NO: 334 is the determined cDNA sequence for P714P

SEQ ID NO: 335 is the determined cDNA sequence for P705P (also referred to as 9-F3)

SEQ ID NO: 336 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P705P

SEQ ID NO: 337 is the amino acid sequence of the peptide P1S#10

SEQ ID NO: 338 is the amino acid sequence of the peptide p5

SEQ ID NO: 339 is the predicted amino acid sequence of P509S

SEQ ID NO: 340 is the determined cDNA sequence for P778P

SEQ ID NO: 341 is the determined cDNA sequence for P786P

SEQ ID NO: 342 is the determined cDNA sequence for P789P

SEQ ID NO: 343 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens MM46 mRNA

SEQ ID NO: 344 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens TNF-alpha stimulated ABC protein (ABC50) mRNA

SEQ ID NO: 345 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens mRNA for E-cadherin

SEQ ID NO: 346 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Human nuclear-encoded mitochondrial serine hydroxymethyltransferase (SHMT)

SEQ ID NO: 347 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens natural resistance-associated macrophage protein2 (NRAMP2)

SEQ ID NO: 348 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens phosphoglucomutase-related protein (PGMRP)

SEQ ID NO: 349 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Human mRNA for proteosome subunit p40

SEQ ID NO: 350 is the determined cDNA sequence for P777P

SEQ ID NO: 351 is the determined cDNA sequence for P779P

SEQ ID NO: 352 is the determined cDNA sequence for P790P

SEQ ID NO: 353 is the determined cDNA sequence for P784P

SEQ ID NO: 354 is the determined cDNA sequence for P776P

SEQ ID NO: 355 is the determined cDNA sequence for P780P

SEQ ID NO: 356 is the determined cDNA sequence for P544S

SEQ ID NO: 357 is the determined cDNA sequence for P745S

SEQ ID NO: 358 is the determined cDNA sequence for P782P

SEQ ID NO: 359 is the determined cDNA sequence for P783P

SEQ ID NO: 360 is the determined cDNA sequence for unknown 17984

SEQ ID NO: 361 is the determined cDNA sequence for P787P

SEQ ID NO: 362 is the determined cDNA sequence for P788P

SEQ ID NO: 363 is the determined cDNA sequence for unknown 17994

SEQ ID NO: 364 is the determined cDNA sequence for P781P

SEQ ID NO: 365 is the determined cDNA sequence for P785P

SEQ ID NO: 366-375 are the determined cDNA sequences for splice variants of B305D.

SEQ ID NO: 376 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 366.

SEQ ID NO: 377 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 372.

SEQ ID NO: 378 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 373.

SEQ ID NO: 379 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 374.

SEQ ID NO: 380 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 375.

SEQ ID NO: 381 is the determined cDNA sequence for B716P.
SEQ ID NO: 382 is the determined full-length cDNA sequence for P711P.
SEQ ID NO: 383 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P711P.
SEQ ID NO: 384 is the cDNA sequence for P1000C.
SEQ ID NO: 385 is the cDNA sequence for CGI-82.
SEQ ID NO:386 is the cDNA sequence for 23320.
SEQ ID NO:387 is the cDNA sequence for CGI-69.
SEQ ID NO:388 is the cDNA sequence for L-iditol-2-dehydrogenase.
SEQ ID NO:389 is the cDNA sequence for 23379.
SEQ ID NO:390 is the cDNA sequence for 23381.
SEQ ID NO:391 is the cDNA sequence for KIAA0122.
SEQ ID NO:392 is the cDNA sequence for 23399.
SEQ ID NO:393 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.
SEQ ID NO:394 is the cDNA sequence for HCLBP.
SEQ ID NO:395 is the cDNA sequence for transglutaminase.
SEQ ID NO:396 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.
SEQ ID NO:397 is the cDNA sequence for PAP.
SEQ ID NO:398 is the cDNA sequence for Ets transcription factor PDEF.
SEQ ID NO:399 is the cDNA sequence for hTGR.
SEQ ID NO:400 is the cDNA sequence for KIAA0295.
SEQ ID NO:401 is the cDNA sequence for 22545.
SEQ ID NO:402 is the cDNA sequence for 22547.
SEQ ID NO:403 is the cDNA sequence for 22548.
SEQ ID NO:404 is the cDNA sequence for 22550.
SEQ ID NO:405 is the cDNA sequence for 22551.
SEQ ID NO:406 is the cDNA sequence for 22552.
SEQ ID NO:407 is the cDNA sequence for 22553.
SEQ ID NO:408 is the cDNA sequence for 22558.
SEQ ID NO:409 is the cDNA sequence for 22562.
SEQ ID NO:410 is the cDNA sequence for 22565.

SEQ ID NO:411 is the cDNA sequence for 22567.
SEQ ID NO:412 is the cDNA sequence for 22568.
SEQ ID NO:413 is the cDNA sequence for 22570.
SEQ ID NO:414 is the cDNA sequence for 22571.
SEQ ID NO:415 is the cDNA sequence for 22572.
SEQ ID NO:416 is the cDNA sequence for 22573.
SEQ ID NO:417 is the cDNA sequence for 22573.
SEQ ID NO:418 is the cDNA sequence for 22575.
SEQ ID NO:419 is the cDNA sequence for 22580.
SEQ ID NO:420 is the cDNA sequence for 22581.
SEQ ID NO:421 is the cDNA sequence for 22582.
SEQ ID NO:422 is the cDNA sequence for 22583.
SEQ ID NO:423 is the cDNA sequence for 22584.
SEQ ID NO:424 is the cDNA sequence for 22585.
SEQ ID NO:425 is the cDNA sequence for 22586.
SEQ ID NO:426 is the cDNA sequence for 22587.
SEQ ID NO:427 is the cDNA sequence for 22588.
SEQ ID NO:428 is the cDNA sequence for 22589.
SEQ ID NO:429 is the cDNA sequence for 22590.
SEQ ID NO:430 is the cDNA sequence for 22591.
SEQ ID NO:431 is the cDNA sequence for 22592.
SEQ ID NO:432 is the cDNA sequence for 22593.
SEQ ID NO:433 is the cDNA sequence for 22594.
SEQ ID NO:434 is the cDNA sequence for 22595.
SEQ ID NO:435 is the cDNA sequence for 22596.
SEQ ID NO:436 is the cDNA sequence for 22847.
SEQ ID NO:437 is the cDNA sequence for 22848.
SEQ ID NO:438 is the cDNA sequence for 22849.
SEQ ID NO:439 is the cDNA sequence for 22851.
SEQ ID NO:440 is the cDNA sequence for 22852.

SEQ ID NO:441 is the cDNA sequence for 22853.
SEQ ID NO:442 is the cDNA sequence for 22854.
SEQ ID NO:443 is the cDNA sequence for 22855.
SEQ ID NO:444 is the cDNA sequence for 22856.
SEQ ID NO:445 is the cDNA sequence for 22857.
SEQ ID NO:446 is the cDNA sequence for 23601.
SEQ ID NO:447 is the cDNA sequence for 23602.
SEQ ID NO:448 is the cDNA sequence for 23605.
SEQ ID NO:449 is the cDNA sequence for 23606.
SEQ ID NO:450 is the cDNA sequence for 23612.
SEQ ID NO:451 is the cDNA sequence for 23614.
SEQ ID NO:452 is the cDNA sequence for 23618.
SEQ ID NO:453 is the cDNA sequence for 23622.
SEQ ID NO:454 is the cDNA sequence for folate hydrolase.
SEQ ID NO:455 is the cDNA sequence for LIM protein.
SEQ ID NO:456 is the cDNA sequence for a known gene.
SEQ ID NO:457 is the cDNA sequence for a known gene.
SEQ ID NO:458 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.
SEQ ID NO:459 is the cDNA sequence for 23045.
SEQ ID NO:460 is the cDNA sequence for 23032.
SEQ ID NO:461 is the cDNA sequence for 23054.
SEQ ID NOs:462-467 are cDNA sequences for known genes.
SEQ ID NOs:468-471 are cDNA sequences for P710P.
SEQ ID NO:472 is a cDNA sequence for P1001C.
SEQ ID NO:473 is the amino acid sequence for PSMA.
SEQ ID NO:474 is the amino acid sequence for PAP.
SEQ ID NO:475 is the amino acid sequence for PSA.
SEQ ID NO:476 is the amino acid sequence for a fusion protein containing PSA, P703P and P501S.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

As noted above, the present invention is generally directed to compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer. The compositions described herein may include prostate tumor polypeptides, polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides, binding agents such as antibodies, antigen presenting cells (APCs) and/or immune system cells (*e.g.*, T cells). Polypeptides of the present invention generally comprise at least a portion (such as an immunogenic portion) of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof. A "prostate tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed in prostate tumor cells at a level that is at least two fold, and preferably at least five fold, greater than the level of expression in a normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein. Certain prostate tumor proteins are tumor proteins that react detectably (within an immunoassay, such as an ELISA or Western blot) with antisera of a patient afflicted with prostate cancer. Polynucleotides of the subject invention generally comprise a DNA or RNA sequence that encodes all or a portion of such a polypeptide, or that is complementary to such a sequence. Antibodies are generally immune system proteins, or antigen-binding fragments thereof, that are capable of binding to a polypeptide as described above. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B-cells that express a polypeptide as described above. T cells that may be employed within such compositions are generally T cells that are specific for a polypeptide as described above.

The present invention is based on the discovery of human prostate tumor proteins. Sequences of polynucleotides encoding certain tumor proteins, or portions thereof, are provided in SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472. Sequences of polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a tumor protein are provided in SEQ ID NOs:112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380 and 383.

PROSTATE TUMOR PROTEIN POLYNUCLEOTIDES

Any polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein or a portion or other variant thereof as described herein is encompassed by the present invention. Preferred polynucleotides comprise at least 15 consecutive nucleotides, preferably at least 30 consecutive nucleotides and more preferably at least 45 consecutive nucleotides, that encode a portion of a prostate tumor protein. More preferably, a polynucleotide encodes an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein. Polynucleotides complementary to any such sequences are also encompassed by the present invention. Polynucleotides may be single-stranded (coding or antisense) or double-stranded, and may be DNA (genomic, cDNA or synthetic) or RNA molecules. RNA molecules include HnRNA molecules, which contain introns and correspond to a DNA molecule in a one-to-one manner, and mRNA molecules, which do not contain introns. Additional coding or non-coding sequences may, but need not, be present within a polynucleotide of the present invention, and a polynucleotide may, but need not, be linked to other molecules and/or support materials.

Polynucleotides may comprise a native sequence (*i.e.*, an endogenous sequence that encodes a prostate tumor protein or a portion thereof) or may comprise a variant of such a sequence. Polynucleotide variants may contain one or more substitutions, additions, deletions and/or insertions such that the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide is not diminished, relative to a native tumor protein. The effect on the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide may generally be assessed as described herein. Variants preferably exhibit at least about 70% identity, more preferably at least about 80% identity and most preferably at least about 90% identity to a polynucleotide sequence that encodes a native prostate tumor protein or a portion thereof.

Two polynucleotide or polypeptide sequences are said to be "identical" if the sequence of nucleotides or amino acids in the two sequences is the same when aligned for maximum correspondence as described below. Comparisons between two sequences are typically performed by comparing the sequences over a comparison window to identify and compare local regions of sequence similarity. A "comparison window" as used herein, refers to a segment of at least about 20 contiguous positions,

usually 30 to about 75, 40 to about 50, in which a sequence may be compared to a reference sequence of the same number of contiguous positions after the two sequences are optimally aligned.

Optimal alignment of sequences for comparison may be conducted using the Megalign program in the Lasergene suite of bioinformatics software (DNASTAR, Inc., Madison, WI), using default parameters. This program embodies several alignment schemes described in the following references: Dayhoff, M.O. (1978) A model of evolutionary change in proteins – Matrices for detecting distant relationships. In Dayhoff, M.O. (ed.) *Atlas of Protein Sequence and Structure*, National Biomedical Research Foundation, Washington DC Vol. 5, Suppl. 3, pp. 345-358; Hein J. (1990) Unified Approach to Alignment and Phylogenies pp. 626-645 *Methods in Enzymology* vol. 183, Academic Press, Inc., San Diego, CA; Higgins, D.G. and Sharp, P.M. (1989) *CABIOS* 5:151-153; Myers, E.W. and Muller W. (1988) *CABIOS* 4:11-17; Robinson, E.D. (1971) *Comb. Theor* 11:105; Santou, N. Nes, M. (1987) *Mol. Biol. Evol.* 4:406-425; Sneath, P.H.A. and Sokal, R.R. (1973) *Numerical Taxonomy – the Principles and Practice of Numerical Taxonomy*, Freeman Press, San Francisco, CA; Wilbur, W.J. and Lipman, D.J. (1983) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 80:726-730.

Preferably, the “percentage of sequence identity” is determined by comparing two optimally aligned sequences over a window of comparison of at least 20 positions, wherein the portion of the polynucleotide or polypeptide sequence in the comparison window may comprise additions or deletions (*i.e.*, gaps) of 20 percent or less, usually 5 to 15 percent, or 10 to 12 percent, as compared to the reference sequences (which does not comprise additions or deletions) for optimal alignment of the two sequences. The percentage is calculated by determining the number of positions at which the identical nucleic acid bases or amino acid residue occurs in both sequences to yield the number of matched positions, dividing the number of matched positions by the total number of positions in the reference sequence (*i.e.*, the window size) and multiplying the results by 100 to yield the percentage of sequence identity.

Variants may also, or alternatively, be substantially homologous to a native gene, or a portion or complement thereof. Such polynucleotide variants are

capable of hybridizing under moderately stringent conditions to a naturally occurring DNA sequence encoding a native prostate tumor protein (or a complementary sequence). Suitable moderately stringent conditions include prewashing in a solution of 5 X SSC, 0.5% SDS, 1.0 mM EDTA (pH 8.0); hybridizing at 50°C-65°C, 5 X SSC, overnight; followed by washing twice at 65°C for 20 minutes with each of 2X, 0.5X and 0.2X SSC containing 0.1% SDS.

It will be appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art that, as a result of the degeneracy of the genetic code, there are many nucleotide sequences that encode a polypeptide as described herein. Some of these polynucleotides bear minimal homology to the nucleotide sequence of any native gene. Nonetheless, polynucleotides that vary due to differences in codon usage are specifically contemplated by the present invention. Further, alleles of the genes comprising the polynucleotide sequences provided herein are within the scope of the present invention. Alleles are endogenous genes that are altered as a result of one or more mutations, such as deletions, additions and/or substitutions of nucleotides. The resulting mRNA and protein may, but need not, have an altered structure or function. Alleles may be identified using standard techniques (such as hybridization, amplification and/or database sequence comparison).

Polynucleotides may be prepared using any of a variety of techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be identified, as described in more detail below, by screening a microarray of cDNAs for tumor-associated expression (*i.e.*, expression that is at least five fold greater in a prostate tumor than in normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein). Such screens may be performed using a Synteni microarray (Palo Alto, CA) according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:2150-2155, 1997). Alternatively, polypeptides may be amplified from cDNA prepared from cells expressing the proteins described herein, such as prostate tumor cells. Such polynucleotides may be amplified via polymerase chain reaction (PCR). For this approach, sequence-specific primers may be designed based on the sequences provided herein, and may be purchased or synthesized.

An amplified portion may be used to isolate a full length gene from a suitable library (e.g., a prostate tumor cDNA library) using well known techniques. Within such techniques, a library (cDNA or genomic) is screened using one or more polynucleotide probes or primers suitable for amplification. Preferably, a library is size-selected to include larger molecules. Random primed libraries may also be preferred for identifying 5' and upstream regions of genes. Genomic libraries are preferred for obtaining introns and extending 5' sequences.

For hybridization techniques, a partial sequence may be labeled (e.g., by nick-translation or end-labeling with ^{32}P) using well known techniques. A bacterial or bacteriophage library is then screened by hybridizing filters containing denatured bacterial colonies (or lawns containing phage plaques) with the labeled probe (see Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989). Hybridizing colonies or plaques are selected and expanded, and the DNA is isolated for further analysis. cDNA clones may be analyzed to determine the amount of additional sequence by, for example, PCR using a primer from the partial sequence and a primer from the vector. Restriction maps and partial sequences may be generated to identify one or more overlapping clones. The complete sequence may then be determined using standard techniques, which may involve generating a series of deletion clones. The resulting overlapping sequences are then assembled into a single contiguous sequence. A full length cDNA molecule can be generated by ligating suitable fragments, using well known techniques.

Alternatively, there are numerous amplification techniques for obtaining a full length coding sequence from a partial cDNA sequence. Within such techniques, amplification is generally performed via PCR. Any of a variety of commercially available kits may be used to perform the amplification step. Primers may be designed using, for example, software well known in the art. Primers are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length, have a GC content of at least 50% and anneal to the target sequence at temperatures of about 68°C to 72°C. The amplified region may be sequenced as described above, and overlapping sequences assembled into a contiguous sequence.

One such amplification technique is inverse PCR (*see* Triglia et al., *Nucl. Acids Res.* 16:8186, 1988), which uses restriction enzymes to generate a fragment in the known region of the gene. The fragment is then circularized by intramolecular ligation and used as a template for PCR with divergent primers derived from the known region. Within an alternative approach, sequences adjacent to a partial sequence may be retrieved by amplification with a primer to a linker sequence and a primer specific to a known region. The amplified sequences are typically subjected to a second round of amplification with the same linker primer and a second primer specific to the known region. A variation on this procedure, which employs two primers that initiate extension in opposite directions from the known sequence, is described in WO 96/38591. Another such technique is known as "rapid amplification of cDNA ends" or RACE. This technique involves the use of an internal primer and an external primer, which hybridizes to a polyA region or vector sequence, to identify sequences that are 5' and 3' of a known sequence. Additional techniques include capture PCR (Lagerstrom et al., *PCR Methods Applic.* 1:111-19, 1991) and walking PCR (Parker et al., *Nucl. Acids Res.* 19:3055-60, 1991). Other methods employing amplification may also be employed to obtain a full length cDNA sequence.

In certain instances, it is possible to obtain a full length cDNA sequence by analysis of sequences provided in an expressed sequence tag (EST) database, such as that available from GenBank. Searches for overlapping ESTs may generally be performed using well known programs (*e.g.*, NCBI BLAST searches), and such ESTs may be used to generate a contiguous full length sequence.

Certain nucleic acid sequences of cDNA molecules encoding at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein are provided in SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472. Isolation of these polynucleotides is described below. Each of these prostate tumor proteins was overexpressed in prostate tumor tissue.

Polynucleotide variants may generally be prepared by any method known in the art, including chemical synthesis by, for example, solid phase phosphoramidite chemical synthesis. Modifications in a polynucleotide sequence may

also be introduced using standard mutagenesis techniques, such as oligonucleotide-directed site-specific mutagenesis (*see* Adelman et al., *DNA* 2:183, 1983). Alternatively, RNA molecules may be generated by *in vitro* or *in vivo* transcription of DNA sequences encoding a prostate tumor protein, or portion thereof, provided that the DNA is incorporated into a vector with a suitable RNA polymerase promoter (such as T7 or SP6). Certain portions may be used to prepare an encoded polypeptide, as described herein. In addition, or alternatively, a portion may be administered to a patient such that the encoded polypeptide is generated *in vivo* (*e.g.*, by transfecting antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic cells, with a cDNA construct encoding a prostate tumor polypeptide, and administering the transfected cells to the patient).

A portion of a sequence complementary to a coding sequence (*i.e.*, an antisense polynucleotide) may also be used as a probe or to modulate gene expression. cDNA constructs that can be transcribed into antisense RNA may also be introduced into cells of tissues to facilitate the production of antisense RNA. An antisense polynucleotide may be used, as described herein, to inhibit expression of a tumor protein. Antisense technology can be used to control gene expression through triple-helix formation, which compromises the ability of the double helix to open sufficiently for the binding of polymerases, transcription factors or regulatory molecules (*see* Gee et al., *In Huber and Carr, Molecular and Immunologic Approaches*, Futura Publishing Co. (Mt. Kisco, NY; 1994)). Alternatively, an antisense molecule may be designed to hybridize with a control region of a gene (*e.g.*, promoter, enhancer or transcription initiation site), and block transcription of the gene; or to block translation by inhibiting binding of a transcript to ribosomes.

A portion of a coding sequence, or of a complementary sequence, may also be designed as a probe or primer to detect gene expression. Probes may be labeled with a variety of reporter groups, such as radionuclides and enzymes, and are preferably at least 10 nucleotides in length, more preferably at least 20 nucleotides in length and still more preferably at least 30 nucleotides in length. Primers, as noted above, are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length.

Any polynucleotide may be further modified to increase stability *in vivo*. Possible modifications include, but are not limited to, the addition of flanking sequences at the 5' and/or 3' ends; the use of phosphorothioate or 2' O-methyl rather than phosphodiesterase linkages in the backbone; and/or the inclusion of nontraditional bases such as inosine, queosine and wybutosine, as well as acetyl-, methyl-, thio- and other modified forms of adenine, cytidine, guanine, thymine and uridine.

Nucleotide sequences as described herein may be joined to a variety of other nucleotide sequences using established recombinant DNA techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be cloned into any of a variety of cloning vectors, including plasmids, phagemids, lambda phage derivatives and cosmids. Vectors of particular interest include expression vectors, replication vectors, probe generation vectors and sequencing vectors. In general, a vector will contain an origin of replication functional in at least one organism, convenient restriction endonuclease sites and one or more selectable markers. Other elements will depend upon the desired use, and will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Within certain embodiments, polynucleotides may be formulated so as to permit entry into a cell of a mammal, and expression therein. Such formulations are particularly useful for therapeutic purposes, as described below. Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that there are many ways to achieve expression of a polynucleotide in a target cell, and any suitable method may be employed. For example, a polynucleotide may be incorporated into a viral vector such as, but not limited to, adenovirus, adeno-associated virus, retrovirus, or vaccinia or other pox virus (*e.g.*, avian pox virus). Techniques for incorporating DNA into such vectors are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. A retroviral vector may additionally transfer or incorporate a gene for a selectable marker (to aid in the identification or selection of transduced cells) and/or a targeting moiety, such as a gene that encodes a ligand for a receptor on a specific target cell, to render the vector target specific. Targeting may also be accomplished using an antibody, by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Other formulations for therapeutic purposes include colloidal dispersion systems, such as macromolecule complexes, nanocapsules, microspheres, beads, and lipid-based systems including oil-in-water emulsions, micelles, mixed micelles, and liposomes. A preferred colloidal system for use as a delivery vehicle *in vitro* and *in vivo* is a liposome (*i.e.*, an artificial membrane vesicle). The preparation and use of such systems is well known in the art.

PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

Within the context of the present invention, polypeptides may comprise at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof, as described herein. As noted above, a "prostate tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed by prostate tumor cells. Proteins that are prostate tumor proteins also react detectably within an immunoassay (such as an ELISA) with antisera from a patient with prostate cancer. Polypeptides as described herein may be of any length. Additional sequences derived from the native protein and/or heterologous sequences may be present, and such sequences may (but need not) possess further immunogenic or antigenic properties.

An "immunogenic portion," as used herein is a portion of a protein that is recognized (*i.e.*, specifically bound) by a B-cell and/or T-cell surface antigen receptor. Such immunogenic portions generally comprise at least 5 amino acid residues, more preferably at least 10, and still more preferably at least 20 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof. Certain preferred immunogenic portions include peptides in which an N-terminal leader sequence and/or transmembrane domain have been deleted. Other preferred immunogenic portions may contain a small N- and/or C-terminal deletion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids), relative to the mature protein.

Immunogenic portions may generally be identified using well known techniques, such as those summarized in Paul, *Fundamental Immunology*, 3rd ed., 243-247 (Raven Press, 1993) and references cited therein. Such techniques include screening polypeptides for the ability to react with antigen-specific antibodies, antisera

and/or T-cell lines or clones. As used herein, antisera and antibodies are "antigen-specific" if they specifically bind to an antigen (*i.e.*, they react with the protein in an ELISA or other immunoassay, and do not react detectably with unrelated proteins). Such antisera and antibodies may be prepared as described herein, and using well known techniques. An immunogenic portion of a native prostate tumor protein is a portion that reacts with such antisera and/or T-cells at a level that is not substantially less than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide (*e.g.*, in an ELISA and/or T-cell reactivity assay). Such immunogenic portions may react within such assays at a level that is similar to or greater than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide. Such screens may generally be performed using methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as those described in Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. For example, a polypeptide may be immobilized on a solid support and contacted with patient sera to allow binding of antibodies within the sera to the immobilized polypeptide. Unbound sera may then be removed and bound antibodies detected using, for example, ^{125}I -labeled Protein A.

As noted above, a composition may comprise a variant of a native prostate tumor protein. A polypeptide "variant," as used herein, is a polypeptide that differs from a native prostate tumor protein in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions, such that the immunogenicity of the polypeptide is not substantially diminished. In other words, the ability of a variant to react with antigen-specific antisera may be enhanced or unchanged, relative to the native protein, or may be diminished by less than 50%, and preferably less than 20%, relative to the native protein. Such variants may generally be identified by modifying one of the above polypeptide sequences and evaluating the reactivity of the modified polypeptide with antigen-specific antibodies or antisera as described herein. Preferred variants include those in which one or more portions, such as an N-terminal leader sequence or transmembrane domain, have been removed. Other preferred variants include variants in which a small portion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids) has been removed from the N- and/or C-terminal of the mature protein. Polypeptide variants preferably exhibit at least about 70%, more preferably at least about 90% and most

preferably at least about 95% identity (determined as described above) to the identified polypeptides.

Preferably, a variant contains conservative substitutions. A "conservative substitution" is one in which an amino acid is substituted for another amino acid that has similar properties, such that one skilled in the art of peptide chemistry would expect the secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide to be substantially unchanged. Amino acid substitutions may generally be made on the basis of similarity in polarity, charge, solubility, hydrophobicity, hydrophilicity and/or the amphipathic nature of the residues. For example, negatively charged amino acids include aspartic acid and glutamic acid; positively charged amino acids include lysine and arginine; and amino acids with uncharged polar head groups having similar hydrophilicity values include leucine, isoleucine and valine; glycine and alanine; asparagine and glutamine; and serine, threonine, phenylalanine and tyrosine. Other groups of amino acids that may represent conservative changes include: (1) ala, pro, gly, glu, asp, gln, asn, ser, thr; (2) cys, ser, tyr, thr; (3) val, ile, leu, met, ala, phe; (4) lys, arg, his; and (5) phe, tyr, trp, his. A variant may also, or alternatively, contain nonconservative changes. In a preferred embodiment, variant polypeptides differ from a native sequence by substitution, deletion or addition of five amino acids or fewer. Variants may also (or alternatively) be modified by, for example, the deletion or addition of amino acids that have minimal influence on the immunogenicity, secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide.

As noted above, polypeptides may comprise a signal (or leader) sequence at the N-terminal end of the protein which co-translationally or post-translationally directs transfer of the protein. The polypeptide may also be conjugated to a linker or other sequence for ease of synthesis, purification or identification of the polypeptide (*e.g.*, poly-His), or to enhance binding of the polypeptide to a solid support. For example, a polypeptide may be conjugated to an immunoglobulin Fc region.

Polypeptides may be prepared using any of a variety of well known techniques. Recombinant polypeptides encoded by DNA sequences as described above may be readily prepared from the DNA sequences using any of a variety of expression

vectors known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Expression may be achieved in any appropriate host cell that has been transformed or transfected with an expression vector containing a DNA molecule that encodes a recombinant polypeptide. Suitable host cells include prokaryotes, yeast and higher eukaryotic cells. Preferably, the host cells employed are *E. coli*, yeast or a mammalian cell line such as COS or CHO. Supernatants from suitable host/vector systems which secrete recombinant protein or polypeptide into culture media may be first concentrated using a commercially available filter. Following concentration, the concentrate may be applied to a suitable purification matrix such as an affinity matrix or an ion exchange resin. Finally, one or more reverse phase HPLC steps can be employed to further purify a recombinant polypeptide.

Portions and other variants having fewer than about 100 amino acids, and generally fewer than about 50 amino acids, may also be generated by synthetic means, using techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, such polypeptides may be synthesized using any of the commercially available solid-phase techniques, such as the Merrifield solid-phase synthesis method, where amino acids are sequentially added to a growing amino acid chain. See Merrifield, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 85:2149-2146, 1963. Equipment for automated synthesis of polypeptides is commercially available from suppliers such as Perkin Elmer/Applied BioSystems Division (Foster City, CA), and may be operated according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Within certain specific embodiments, a polypeptide may be a fusion protein that comprises multiple polypeptides as described herein, or that comprises at least one polypeptide as described herein and an unrelated sequence, such as a known tumor protein. A fusion partner may, for example, assist in providing T helper epitopes (an immunological fusion partner), preferably T helper epitopes recognized by humans, or may assist in expressing the protein (an expression enhancer) at higher yields than the native recombinant protein. Certain preferred fusion partners are both immunological and expression enhancing fusion partners. Other fusion partners may be selected so as to increase the solubility of the protein or to enable the protein to be

targeted to desired intracellular compartments. Still further fusion partners include affinity tags, which facilitate purification of the protein.

In certain embodiments, the present invention provides fusion proteins comprising a polypeptide disclosed herein together with at least one of the following known prostate antigens: prostate specific antigen (PSA); prostatic acid phosphatase (PAP); and prostate specific membrane antigen (PSMA). The protein sequences for PSMA, PAP and PSA are provided in SEQ ID NO: 473-475, respectively. In certain embodiments, the fusion proteins of the present invention comprise PSA, PAP and/or PSMA in combination with one or more of the following the inventive antigens: P501S (amino acid sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 113); P703P (amino acid sequences provided in SEQ ID NO: 327, 329, 331); P704P (cDNA sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 67); P712P (cDNA sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 308); P775P (cDNA sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 311); P776P (cDNA sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 354); P790P (cDNA sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 352). The amino acid sequence of a fusion protein of PSA, P703P and P501S is provided in SEQ ID NO: 476. In preferred embodiments, the inventive fusion proteins comprise one of the following combinations of antigens: PSA and P703P; PSA and P501S; PAP and P703P; PAP and P501S; PSMA and P703P; PSMA and P501S; PSA, PAP and P703P; PSA, PAP and P501S; PSA, PAP, PSMA and P703P, PSA, PAP, PSMA and P501S. One of skill in the art will appreciate that the order of polypeptides within a fusion protein can be altered without substantially changing the therapeutic, prophylactic or diagnostic properties of the fusion protein.

The fusion proteins described above are more immunogenic and will be effective in a greater number of prostate cancer patients than any of the individual components alone. The use of multiple antigens in the form of a fusion protein also lessens the likelihood of immunologic escape.

Fusion proteins may generally be prepared using standard techniques, including chemical conjugation. Preferably, a fusion protein is expressed as a recombinant protein, allowing the production of increased levels, relative to a non-fused protein, in an expression system. Briefly, DNA sequences encoding the polypeptide

components may be assembled separately, and ligated into an appropriate expression vector. The 3' end of the DNA sequence encoding one polypeptide component is ligated, with or without a peptide linker, to the 5' end of a DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide component so that the reading frames of the sequences are in phase. This permits translation into a single fusion protein that retains the biological activity of both component polypeptides.

A peptide linker sequence may be employed to separate the first and the second polypeptide components by a distance sufficient to ensure that each polypeptide folds into its secondary and tertiary structures. Such a peptide linker sequence is incorporated into the fusion protein using standard techniques well known in the art. Suitable peptide linker sequences may be chosen based on the following factors: (1) their ability to adopt a flexible extended conformation; (2) their inability to adopt a secondary structure that could interact with functional epitopes on the first and second polypeptides; and (3) the lack of hydrophobic or charged residues that might react with the polypeptide functional epitopes. Preferred peptide linker sequences contain Gly, Asn and Ser residues. Other near neutral amino acids, such as Thr and Ala may also be used in the linker sequence. Amino acid sequences which may be usefully employed as linkers include those disclosed in Maratea et al., *Gene* 40:39-46, 1985; Murphy et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 83:8258-8262, 1986; U.S. Patent No. 4,935,233 and U.S. Patent No. 4,751,180. The linker sequence may generally be from 1 to about 50 amino acids in length. Linker sequences are not required when the first and second polypeptides have non-essential N-terminal amino acid regions that can be used to separate the functional domains and prevent steric interference.

The ligated DNA sequences are operably linked to suitable transcriptional or translational regulatory elements. The regulatory elements responsible for expression of DNA are located only 5' to the DNA sequence encoding the first polypeptides. Similarly, stop codons required to end translation and transcription termination signals are only present 3' to the DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide.

Fusion proteins are also provided that comprise a polypeptide of the present invention together with an unrelated immunogenic protein. Preferably the immunogenic protein is capable of eliciting a recall response. Examples of such proteins include tetanus, tuberculosis and hepatitis proteins (*see*, for example, Stoute et al. *New Engl. J. Med.*, 336:86-91, 1997).

Within preferred embodiments, an immunological fusion partner is derived from protein D, a surface protein of the gram-negative bacterium *Haemophilus influenza B* (WO 91/18926). Preferably, a protein D derivative comprises approximately the first third of the protein (e.g., the first N-terminal 100-110 amino acids), and a protein D derivative may be lipidated. Within certain preferred embodiments, the first 109 residues of a Lipoprotein D fusion partner is included on the N-terminus to provide the polypeptide with additional exogenous T-cell epitopes and to increase the expression level in *E. coli* (thus functioning as an expression enhancer). The lipid tail ensures optimal presentation of the antigen to antigen presenting cells. Other fusion partners include the non-structural protein from influenzae virus, NS1 (hemagglutinin). Typically, the N-terminal 81 amino acids are used, although different fragments that include T-helper epitopes may be used.

In another embodiment, the immunological fusion partner is the protein known as LYTA, or a portion thereof (preferably a C-terminal portion). LYTA is derived from *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, which synthesizes an N-acetyl-L-alanine amidase known as amidase LYTA (encoded by the *LytA* gene; *Gene* 43:265-292, 1986). LYTA is an autolysin that specifically degrades certain bonds in the peptidoglycan backbone. The C-terminal domain of the LYTA protein is responsible for the affinity to the choline or to some choline analogues such as DEAE. This property has been exploited for the development of *E. coli* C-LYTA expressing plasmids useful for expression of fusion proteins. Purification of hybrid proteins containing the C-LYTA fragment at the amino terminus has been described (*see Biotechnology* 10:795-798, 1992). Within a preferred embodiment, a repeat portion of LYTA may be incorporated into a fusion protein. A repeat portion is found in the C-

terminal region starting at residue 178. A particularly preferred repeat portion incorporates residues 188-305.

In general, polypeptides (including fusion proteins) and polynucleotides as described herein are isolated. An "isolated" polypeptide or polynucleotide is one that is removed from its original environment. For example, a naturally-occurring protein is isolated if it is separated from some or all of the coexisting materials in the natural system. Preferably, such polypeptides are at least about 90% pure, more preferably at least about 95% pure and most preferably at least about 99% pure. A polynucleotide is considered to be isolated if, for example, it is cloned into a vector that is not a part of the natural environment.

BINDING AGENTS

The present invention further provides agents, such as antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof, that specifically bind to a prostate tumor protein. As used herein, an antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, is said to "specifically bind" to a prostate tumor protein if it reacts at a detectable level (within, for example, an ELISA) with a prostate tumor protein, and does not react detectably with unrelated proteins under similar conditions. As used herein, "binding" refers to a noncovalent association between two separate molecules such that a complex is formed. The ability to bind may be evaluated by, for example, determining a binding constant for the formation of the complex. The binding constant is the value obtained when the concentration of the complex is divided by the product of the component concentrations. In general, two compounds are said to "bind," in the context of the present invention, when the binding constant for complex formation exceeds about 10^3 L/mol. The binding constant may be determined using methods well known in the art.

Binding agents may be further capable of differentiating between patients with and without a cancer, such as prostate cancer, using the representative assays provided herein. In other words, antibodies or other binding agents that bind to a prostate tumor protein will generate a signal indicating the presence of a cancer in at least about 20% of patients with the disease, and will generate a negative signal

indicating the absence of the disease in at least about 90% of individuals without the cancer. To determine whether a binding agent satisfies this requirement, biological samples (*e.g.*, blood, sera, urine and/or tumor biopsies) from patients with and without a cancer (as determined using standard clinical tests) may be assayed as described herein for the presence of polypeptides that bind to the binding agent. It will be apparent that a statistically significant number of samples with and without the disease should be assayed. Each binding agent should satisfy the above criteria; however, those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that binding agents may be used in combination to improve sensitivity.

Any agent that satisfies the above requirements may be a binding agent. For example, a binding agent may be a ribosome, with or without a peptide component, an RNA molecule or a polypeptide. In a preferred embodiment, a binding agent is an antibody or an antigen-binding fragment thereof. Antibodies may be prepared by any of a variety of techniques known to those of ordinary skill in the art. *See, e.g.*, Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, antibodies can be produced by cell culture techniques, including the generation of monoclonal antibodies as described herein, or via transfection of antibody genes into suitable bacterial or mammalian cell hosts, in order to allow for the production of recombinant antibodies. In one technique, an immunogen comprising the polypeptide is initially injected into any of a wide variety of mammals (*e.g.*, mice, rats, rabbits, sheep or goats). In this step, the polypeptides of this invention may serve as the immunogen without modification. Alternatively, particularly for relatively short polypeptides, a superior immune response may be elicited if the polypeptide is joined to a carrier protein, such as bovine serum albumin or keyhole limpet hemocyanin. The immunogen is injected into the animal host, preferably according to a predetermined schedule incorporating one or more booster immunizations, and the animals are bled periodically. Polyclonal antibodies specific for the polypeptide may then be purified from such antisera by, for example, affinity chromatography using the polypeptide coupled to a suitable solid support.

Monoclonal antibodies specific for an antigenic polypeptide of interest may be prepared, for example, using the technique of Kohler and Milstein, *Eur. J. Immunol.* 6:511-519, 1976, and improvements thereto. Briefly, these methods involve the preparation of immortal cell lines capable of producing antibodies having the desired specificity (*i.e.*, reactivity with the polypeptide of interest). Such cell lines may be produced, for example, from spleen cells obtained from an animal immunized as described above. The spleen cells are then immortalized by, for example, fusion with a myeloma cell fusion partner, preferably one that is syngeneic with the immunized animal. A variety of fusion techniques may be employed. For example, the spleen cells and myeloma cells may be combined with a nonionic detergent for a few minutes and then plated at low density on a selective medium that supports the growth of hybrid cells, but not myeloma cells. A preferred selection technique uses HAT (hypoxanthine, aminopterin, thymidine) selection. After a sufficient time, usually about 1 to 2 weeks, colonies of hybrids are observed. Single colonies are selected and their culture supernatants tested for binding activity against the polypeptide. Hybridomas having high reactivity and specificity are preferred.

Monoclonal antibodies may be isolated from the supernatants of growing hybridoma colonies. In addition, various techniques may be employed to enhance the yield, such as injection of the hybridoma cell line into the peritoneal cavity of a suitable vertebrate host, such as a mouse. Monoclonal antibodies may then be harvested from the ascites fluid or the blood. Contaminants may be removed from the antibodies by conventional techniques, such as chromatography, gel filtration, precipitation, and extraction. The polypeptides of this invention may be used in the purification process in, for example, an affinity chromatography step.

Within certain embodiments, the use of antigen-binding fragments of antibodies may be preferred. Such fragments include Fab fragments, which may be prepared using standard techniques. Briefly, immunoglobulins may be purified from rabbit serum by affinity chromatography on Protein A bead columns (Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988) and digested

by papain to yield Fab and Fc fragments. The Fab and Fc fragments may be separated by affinity chromatography on protein A bead columns.

Monoclonal antibodies of the present invention may be coupled to one or more therapeutic agents. Suitable agents in this regard include radionuclides, differentiation inducers, drugs, toxins, and derivatives thereof. Preferred radionuclides include ^{90}Y , ^{123}I , ^{125}I , ^{131}I , ^{186}Re , ^{188}Re , ^{211}At , and ^{212}Bi . Preferred drugs include methotrexate, and pyrimidine and purine analogs. Preferred differentiation inducers include phorbol esters and butyric acid. Preferred toxins include ricin, abrin, diphtheria toxin, cholera toxin, gelonin, *Pseudomonas* exotoxin, *Shigella* toxin, and pokeweed antiviral protein.

A therapeutic agent may be coupled (*e.g.*, covalently bonded) to a suitable monoclonal antibody either directly or indirectly (*e.g.*, via a linker group). A direct reaction between an agent and an antibody is possible when each possesses a substituent capable of reacting with the other. For example, a nucleophilic group, such as an amino or sulfhydryl group, on one may be capable of reacting with a carbonyl-containing group, such as an anhydride or an acid halide, or with an alkyl group containing a good leaving group (*e.g.*, a halide) on the other.

Alternatively, it may be desirable to couple a therapeutic agent and an antibody via a linker group. A linker group can function as a spacer to distance an antibody from an agent in order to avoid interference with binding capabilities. A linker group can also serve to increase the chemical reactivity of a substituent on an agent or an antibody, and thus increase the coupling efficiency. An increase in chemical reactivity may also facilitate the use of agents, or functional groups on agents, which otherwise would not be possible.

It will be evident to those skilled in the art that a variety of bifunctional or polyfunctional reagents, both homo- and hetero-functional (such as those described in the catalog of the Pierce Chemical Co., Rockford, IL), may be employed as the linker group. Coupling may be effected, for example, through amino groups, carboxyl groups, sulfhydryl groups or oxidized carbohydrate residues. There are numerous references describing such methodology, *e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.

Where a therapeutic agent is more potent when free from the antibody portion of the immunoconjugates of the present invention, it may be desirable to use a linker group which is cleavable during or upon internalization into a cell. A number of different cleavable linker groups have been described. The mechanisms for the intracellular release of an agent from these linker groups include cleavage by reduction of a disulfide bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,489,710, to Spitler), by irradiation of a photolabile bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,625,014, to Senter et al.), by hydrolysis of derivatized amino acid side chains (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,638,045, to Kohn et al.), by serum complement-mediated hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.), and acid-catalyzed hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,569,789, to Blattler et al.).

It may be desirable to couple more than one agent to an antibody. In one embodiment, multiple molecules of an agent are coupled to one antibody molecule. In another embodiment, more than one type of agent may be coupled to one antibody. Regardless of the particular embodiment, immunoconjugates with more than one agent may be prepared in a variety of ways. For example, more than one agent may be coupled directly to an antibody molecule, or linkers which provide multiple sites for attachment can be used. Alternatively, a carrier can be used.

A carrier may bear the agents in a variety of ways, including covalent bonding either directly or via a linker group. Suitable carriers include proteins such as albumins (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,507,234, to Kato et al.), peptides and polysaccharides such as aminodextran (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,699,784, to Shih et al.). A carrier may also bear an agent by noncovalent bonding or by encapsulation, such as within a liposome vesicle (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent Nos. 4,429,008 and 4,873,088). Carriers specific for radionuclide agents include radiohalogenated small molecules and chelating compounds. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,735,792 discloses representative radiohalogenated small molecules and their synthesis. A radionuclide chelate may be formed from chelating compounds that include those containing nitrogen and sulfur atoms as the donor atoms for binding the metal, or metal oxide, radionuclide. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,673,562, to Davison et al. discloses representative chelating compounds and their synthesis.

A variety of routes of administration for the antibodies and immunoconjugates may be used. Typically, administration will be intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous or in the bed of a resected tumor. It will be evident that the precise dose of the antibody/immunoconjugate will vary depending upon the antibody used, the antigen density on the tumor, and the rate of clearance of the antibody.

T CELLS

Immunotherapeutic compositions may also, or alternatively, comprise T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein. Such cells may generally be prepared *in vitro* or *ex vivo*, using standard procedures. For example, T cells may be isolated from bone marrow, peripheral blood, or a fraction of bone marrow or peripheral blood of a patient, using a commercially available cell separation system, such as the CEPRATE™ system, available from CellPro Inc., Bothell WA (see also U.S. Patent No. 5,240,856; U.S. Patent No. 5,215,926; WO 89/06280; WO 91/16116 and WO 92/07243). Alternatively, T cells may be derived from related or unrelated humans, non-human mammals, cell lines or cultures.

T cells may be stimulated with a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor polypeptide and/or an antigen presenting cell (APC) that expresses such a polypeptide. Such stimulation is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the generation of T cells that are specific for the polypeptide. Preferably, a prostate tumor polypeptide or polynucleotide is present within a delivery vehicle, such as a microsphere, to facilitate the generation of specific T cells.

T cells are considered to be specific for a prostate tumor polypeptide if the T cells kill target cells coated with the polypeptide or expressing a gene encoding the polypeptide. T cell specificity may be evaluated using any of a variety of standard techniques. For example, within a chromium release assay or proliferation assay, a stimulation index of more than two fold increase in lysis and/or proliferation, compared to negative controls, indicates T cell specificity. Such assays may be performed, for example, as described in Chen et al., *Cancer Res.* 54:1065-1070, 1994. Alternatively,

detection of the proliferation of T cells may be accomplished by a variety of known techniques. For example, T cell proliferation can be detected by measuring an increased rate of DNA synthesis (*e.g.*, by pulse-labeling cultures of T cells with tritiated thymidine and measuring the amount of tritiated thymidine incorporated into DNA). Contact with a prostate tumor polypeptide (100 ng/ml - 100 µg/ml, preferably 200 ng/ml - 25 µg/ml) for 3 - 7 days should result in at least a two fold increase in proliferation of the T cells. Contact as described above for 2-3 hours should result in activation of the T cells, as measured using standard cytokine assays in which a two fold increase in the level of cytokine release (*e.g.*, TNF or IFN-γ) is indicative of T cell activation (*see* Coligan et al., Current Protocols in Immunology, vol. 1, Wiley Interscience (Greene 1998)). T cells that have been activated in response to a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or polypeptide-expressing APC may be CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺. Prostate tumor protein-specific T cells may be expanded using standard techniques. Within preferred embodiments, the T cells are derived from either a patient or a related, or unrelated, donor and are administered to the patient following stimulation and expansion.

For therapeutic purposes, CD4⁺ or CD8⁺ T cells that proliferate in response to a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or APC can be expanded in number either *in vitro* or *in vivo*. Proliferation of such T cells *in vitro* may be accomplished in a variety of ways. For example, the T cells can be re-exposed to a prostate tumor polypeptide, or a short peptide corresponding to an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, with or without the addition of T cell growth factors, such as interleukin-2, and/or stimulator cells that synthesize a prostate tumor polypeptide. Alternatively, one or more T cells that proliferate in the presence of a prostate tumor protein can be expanded in number by cloning. Methods for cloning cells are well known in the art, and include limiting dilution.

PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS AND VACCINES

Within certain aspects, polypeptides, polynucleotides, T cells and/or binding agents disclosed herein may be incorporated into pharmaceutical compositions

or immunogenic compositions (*i.e.*, vaccines). Pharmaceutical compositions comprise one or more such compounds and a physiologically acceptable carrier. Vaccines may comprise one or more such compounds and a non-specific immune response enhancer. A non-specific immune response enhancer may be any substance that enhances an immune response to an exogenous antigen. Examples of non-specific immune response enhancers include adjuvants, biodegradable microspheres (*e.g.*, polylactic galactide) and liposomes (into which the compound is incorporated; *see e.g.*, Fullerton, U.S. Patent No. 4,235,877). Vaccine preparation is generally described in, for example, M.F. Powell and M.J. Newman, eds., "Vaccine Design (the subunit and adjuvant approach)," Plenum Press (NY, 1995). Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines within the scope of the present invention may also contain other compounds, which may be biologically active or inactive. For example, one or more immunogenic portions of other tumor antigens may be present, either incorporated into a fusion polypeptide or as a separate compound, within the composition or vaccine.

A pharmaceutical composition or vaccine may contain DNA encoding one or more of the polypeptides as described above, such that the polypeptide is generated *in situ*. As noted above, the DNA may be present within any of a variety of delivery systems known to those of ordinary skill in the art, including nucleic acid expression systems, bacteria and viral expression systems. Numerous gene delivery techniques are well known in the art, such as those described by Rolland, *Crit. Rev. Therap. Drug Carrier Systems* 15:143-198, 1998, and references cited therein. Appropriate nucleic acid expression systems contain the necessary DNA sequences for expression in the patient (such as a suitable promoter and terminating signal). Bacterial delivery systems involve the administration of a bacterium (such as *Bacillus-Calmette-Guerrin*) that expresses an immunogenic portion of the polypeptide on its cell surface or secretes such an epitope. In a preferred embodiment, the DNA may be introduced using a viral expression system (*e.g.*, vaccinia or other pox virus, retrovirus, or adenovirus), which may involve the use of a non-pathogenic (defective), replication competent virus. Suitable systems are disclosed, for example, in Fisher-Hoch et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 86:317-321, 1989; Flexner et al., *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci.* 569:86-103, 1989; Flexner

et al., *Vaccine* 8:17-21, 1990; U.S. Patent Nos. 4,603,112, 4,769,330, and 5,017,487; WO 89/01973; U.S. Patent No. 4,777,127; GB 2,200,651; EP 0,345,242; WO 91/02805; Berkner, *Biotechniques* 6:616-627, 1988; Rosenfeld et al., *Science* 252:431-434, 1991; Kolls et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 91:215-219, 1994; Kass-Eisler et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90:11498-11502, 1993; Guzman et al., *Circulation* 88:2838-2848, 1993; and Guzman et al., *Cir. Res.* 73:1202-1207, 1993. Techniques for incorporating DNA into such expression systems are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. The DNA may also be "naked," as described, for example, in Ulmer et al., *Science* 259:1745-1749, 1993 and reviewed by Cohen, *Science* 259:1691-1692, 1993. The uptake of naked DNA may be increased by coating the DNA onto biodegradable beads, which are efficiently transported into the cells.

While any suitable carrier known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed in the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention, the type of carrier will vary depending on the mode of administration. Compositions of the present invention may be formulated for any appropriate manner of administration, including for example, topical, oral, nasal, intravenous, intracranial, intraperitoneal, subcutaneous or intramuscular administration. For parenteral administration, such as subcutaneous injection, the carrier preferably comprises water, saline, alcohol, a fat, a wax or a buffer. For oral administration, any of the above carriers or a solid carrier, such as mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, talcum, cellulose, glucose, sucrose, and magnesium carbonate, may be employed. Biodegradable microspheres (e.g., polylactate polyglycolate) may also be employed as carriers for the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention. Suitable biodegradable microspheres are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,897,268 and 5,075,109.

Such compositions may also comprise buffers (e.g., neutral buffered saline or phosphate buffered saline), carbohydrates (e.g., glucose, mannose, sucrose or dextrans), mannitol, proteins, polypeptides or amino acids such as glycine, antioxidants, chelating agents such as EDTA or glutathione, adjuvants (e.g., aluminum hydroxide) and/or preservatives. Alternatively, compositions of the present invention may be

formulated as a lyophilizate. Compounds may also be encapsulated within liposomes using well known technology.

Any of a variety of non-specific immune response enhancers may be employed in the vaccines of this invention. For example, an adjuvant may be included. Most adjuvants contain a substance designed to protect the antigen from rapid catabolism, such as aluminum hydroxide or mineral oil, and a stimulator of immune responses, such as lipid A, *Bordetella pertussis* or *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* derived proteins. Suitable adjuvants are commercially available as, for example, Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant and Complete Adjuvant (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI); Merck Adjuvant 65 (Merck and Company, Inc., Rahway, NJ); aluminum salts such as aluminum hydroxide gel (alum) or aluminum phosphate; salts of calcium, iron or zinc; an insoluble suspension of acylated tyrosine; acylated sugars; cationically or anionically derivatized polysaccharides; polyphosphazenes; biodegradable microspheres; monophosphoryl lipid A and quil A. Cytokines, such as GM-CSF or interleukin-2, -7, or -12, may also be used as adjuvants.

Within the vaccines provided herein, the adjuvant composition is preferably designed to induce an immune response predominantly of the Th1 type. High levels of Th1-type cytokines (e.g., IFN- γ , IL-2 and IL-12) tend to favor the induction of cell mediated immune responses to an administered antigen. In contrast, high levels of Th2-type cytokines (e.g., IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-10 and TNF- β) tend to favor the induction of humoral immune responses. Following application of a vaccine as provided herein, a patient will support an immune response that includes Th1- and Th2-type responses. Within a preferred embodiment, in which a response is predominantly Th1-type, the level of Th1-type cytokines will increase to a greater extent than the level of Th2-type cytokines. The levels of these cytokines may be readily assessed using standard assays. For a review of the families of cytokines, see Mosmann and Coffman, *Ann. Rev. Immunol.* 7:145-173, 1989.

Preferred adjuvants for use in eliciting a predominantly Th1-type response include, for example, a combination of monophosphoryl lipid A, preferably 3-de-O-acylated monophosphoryl lipid A (3D-MPL), together with an aluminum salt.

MPL adjuvants are available from Ribi ImmunoChem Research Inc. (Hamilton, MT; *see* US Patent Nos. 4,436,727; 4,877,611; 4,866,034 and 4,912,094). CpG-containing oligonucleotides (in which the CpG dinucleotide is unmethylated) also induce a predominantly Th1 response. Such oligonucleotides are well known and are described, for example, in WO 96/02555. Another preferred adjuvant is a saponin, preferably QS21, which may be used alone or in combination with other adjuvants. For example, an enhanced system involves the combination of a monophosphoryl lipid A and saponin derivative, such as the combination of QS21 and 3D-MPL as described in WO 94/00153, or a less reactogenic composition where the QS21 is quenched with cholesterol, as described in WO 96/33739. Other preferred formulations comprises an oil-in-water emulsion and tocopherol. A particularly potent adjuvant formulation involving QS21, 3D-MPL and tocopherol in an oil-in-water emulsion is described in WO 95/17210. Any vaccine provided herein may be prepared using well known methods that result in a combination of antigen, immune response enhancer and a suitable carrier or excipient.

The compositions described herein may be administered as part of a sustained release formulation (*i.e.*, a formulation such as a capsule or sponge that effects a slow release of compound following administration). Such formulations may generally be prepared using well known technology and administered by, for example, oral, rectal or subcutaneous implantation, or by implantation at the desired target site. Sustained-release formulations may contain a polypeptide, polynucleotide or antibody dispersed in a carrier matrix and/or contained within a reservoir surrounded by a rate controlling membrane. Carriers for use within such formulations are biocompatible, and may also be biodegradable; preferably the formulation provides a relatively constant level of active component release. The amount of active compound contained within a sustained release formulation depends upon the site of implantation, the rate and expected duration of release and the nature of the condition to be treated or prevented.

Any of a variety of delivery vehicles may be employed within pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines to facilitate production of an antigen-specific

immune response that targets tumor cells. Delivery vehicles include antigen presenting cells (APCs), such as dendritic cells, macrophages, B cells, monocytes and other cells that may be engineered to be efficient APCs. Such cells may, but need not, be genetically modified to increase the capacity for presenting the antigen, to improve activation and/or maintenance of the T cell response, to have anti-tumor effects *per se* and/or to be immunologically compatible with the receiver (*i.e.*, matched HLA haplotype). APCs may generally be isolated from any of a variety of biological fluids and organs, including tumor and peritumoral tissues, and may be autologous, allogeneic, syngeneic or xenogeneic cells.

Certain preferred embodiments of the present invention use dendritic cells or progenitors thereof as antigen-presenting cells. Dendritic cells are highly potent APCs (Banchereau and Steinman, *Nature* 392:245-251, 1998) and have been shown to be effective as a physiological adjuvant for eliciting prophylactic or therapeutic antitumor immunity (*see* Timmerman and Levy, *Ann. Rev. Med.* 50:507-529, 1999). In general, dendritic cells may be identified based on their typical shape (stellate *in situ*, with marked cytoplasmic processes (dendrites) visible *in vitro*) and based on the lack of differentiation markers of B cells (CD19 and CD20), T cells (CD3), monocytes (CD14) and natural killer cells (CD56), as determined using standard assays. Dendritic cells may, of course, be engineered to express specific cell-surface receptors or ligands that are not commonly found on dendritic cells *in vivo* or *ex vivo*, and such modified dendritic cells are contemplated by the present invention. As an alternative to dendritic cells, secreted vesicles antigen-loaded dendritic cells (called exosomes) may be used within a vaccine (*see* Zitvogel et al., *Nature Med.* 4:594-600, 1998).

Dendritic cells and progenitors may be obtained from peripheral blood, bone marrow, tumor-infiltrating cells, peritumoral tissues-infiltrating cells, lymph nodes, spleen, skin, umbilical cord blood or any other suitable tissue or fluid. For example, dendritic cells may be differentiated *ex vivo* by adding a combination of cytokines such as GM-CSF, IL-4, IL-13 and/or TNF α to cultures of monocytes harvested from peripheral blood. Alternatively, CD34 positive cells harvested from peripheral blood, umbilical cord blood or bone marrow may be differentiated into

dendritic cells by adding to the culture medium combinations of GM-CSF, IL-3, TNF α , CD40 ligand, LPS, flt3 ligand and/or other compound(s) that induce maturation and proliferation of dendritic cells.

Dendritic cells are conveniently categorized as "immature" and "mature" cells, which allows a simple way to discriminate between two well characterized phenotypes. However, this nomenclature should not be construed to exclude all possible intermediate stages of differentiation. Immature dendritic cells are characterized as APC with a high capacity for antigen uptake and processing, which correlates with the high expression of Fc γ receptor, mannose receptor and DEC-205 marker. The mature phenotype is typically characterized by a lower expression of these markers, but a high expression of cell surface molecules responsible for T cell activation such as class I and class II MHC, adhesion molecules (*e.g.*, CD54 and CD11) and costimulatory molecules (*e.g.*, CD40, CD80 and CD86).

APCs may generally be transfected with a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein (or portion or other variant thereof) such that the prostate tumor polypeptide, or an immunogenic portion thereof, is expressed on the cell surface. Such transfection may take place *ex vivo*, and a composition or vaccine comprising such transfected cells may then be used for therapeutic purposes, as described herein. Alternatively, a gene delivery vehicle that targets a dendritic or other antigen presenting cell may be administered to a patient, resulting in transfection that occurs *in vivo*. *In vivo* and *ex vivo* transfection of dendritic cells, for example, may generally be performed using any methods known in the art, such as those described in WO 97/24447, or the gene gun approach described by Mahvi et al., *Immunology and cell Biology* 75:456-460, 1997. Antigen loading of dendritic cells may be achieved by incubating dendritic cells or progenitor cells with the prostate tumor polypeptide, DNA (naked or within a plasmid vector) or RNA; or with antigen-expressing recombinant bacterium or viruses (*e.g.*, vaccinia, fowlpox, adenovirus or lentivirus vectors). Prior to loading, the polypeptide may be covalently conjugated to an immunological partner that provides T cell help (*e.g.*, a carrier molecule). Alternatively, a dendritic cell may be

pulsed with a non-conjugated immunological partner, separately or in the presence of the polypeptide.

CANCER THERAPY

In further aspects of the present invention, the compositions described herein may be used for immunotherapy of cancer, such as prostate cancer. Within such methods, pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines are typically administered to a patient. As used herein, a "patient" refers to any warm-blooded animal, preferably a human. A patient may or may not be afflicted with cancer. Accordingly, the above pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be used to prevent the development of a cancer or to treat a patient afflicted with a cancer. A cancer may be diagnosed using criteria generally accepted in the art, including the presence of a malignant tumor. Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered either prior to or following surgical removal of primary tumors and/or treatment such as administration of radiotherapy or conventional chemotherapeutic drugs.

Within certain embodiments, immunotherapy may be active immunotherapy, in which treatment relies on the *in vivo* stimulation of the endogenous host immune system to react against tumors with the administration of immune response-modifying agents (such as polypeptides and polynucleotides disclosed herein).

Within other embodiments, immunotherapy may be passive immunotherapy, in which treatment involves the delivery of agents with established tumor-immune reactivity (such as effector cells or antibodies) that can directly or indirectly mediate antitumor effects and does not necessarily depend on an intact host immune system. Examples of effector cells include T cells as discussed above, T lymphocytes (such as CD8⁺ cytotoxic T lymphocytes and CD4⁺ T-helper tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes), killer cells (such as Natural Killer cells and lymphokine-activated killer cells), B cells and antigen-presenting cells (such as dendritic cells and macrophages) expressing a polypeptide provided herein. T cell receptors and antibody receptors specific for the polypeptides recited herein may be cloned, expressed and transferred into other vectors or effector cells for adoptive immunotherapy. The

polypeptides provided herein may also be used to generate antibodies or anti-idiotypic antibodies (as described above and in U.S. Patent No. 4,918,164) for passive immunotherapy.

Effector cells may generally be obtained in sufficient quantities for adoptive immunotherapy by growth *in vitro*, as described herein. Culture conditions for expanding single antigen-specific effector cells to several billion in number with retention of antigen recognition *in vivo* are well known in the art. Such *in vitro* culture conditions typically use intermittent stimulation with antigen, often in the presence of cytokines (such as IL-2) and non-dividing feeder cells. As noted above, immunoreactive polypeptides as provided herein may be used to rapidly expand antigen-specific T cell cultures in order to generate a sufficient number of cells for immunotherapy. In particular, antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic, macrophage, monocyte, fibroblast or B cells, may be pulsed with immunoreactive polypeptides or transfected with one or more polynucleotides using standard techniques well known in the art. For example, antigen-presenting cells can be transfected with a polynucleotide having a promoter appropriate for increasing expression in a recombinant virus or other expression system. Cultured effector cells for use in therapy must be able to grow and distribute widely, and to survive long term *in vivo*. Studies have shown that cultured effector cells can be induced to grow *in vivo* and to survive long term in substantial numbers by repeated stimulation with antigen supplemented with IL-2 (*see, for example, Cheever et al., Immunological Reviews 157:177, 1997*).

Alternatively, a vector expressing a polypeptide recited herein may be introduced into antigen presenting cells taken from a patient and clonally propagated *ex vivo* for transplant back into the same patient. Transfected cells may be reintroduced into the patient using any means known in the art, preferably in sterile form by intravenous, intracavitary, intraperitoneal or intratumor administration.

Routes and frequency of administration of the therapeutic compositions disclosed herein, as well as dosage, will vary from individual to individual, and may be readily established using standard techniques. In general, the pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered by injection (*e.g., intracutaneous,*

intramuscular, intravenous or subcutaneous), intranasally (*e.g.*, by aspiration) or orally. Preferably, between 1 and 10 doses may be administered over a 52 week period. Preferably, 6 doses are administered, at intervals of 1 month, and booster vaccinations may be given periodically thereafter. Alternate protocols may be appropriate for individual patients. A suitable dose is an amount of a compound that, when administered as described above, is capable of promoting an anti-tumor immune response, and is at least 10-50% above the basal (*i.e.*, untreated) level. Such response can be monitored by measuring the anti-tumor antibodies in a patient or by vaccine-dependent generation of cytolytic effector cells capable of killing the patient's tumor cells *in vitro*. Such vaccines should also be capable of causing an immune response that leads to an improved clinical outcome (*e.g.*, more frequent remissions, complete or partial or longer disease-free survival) in vaccinated patients as compared to non-vaccinated patients. In general, for pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines comprising one or more polypeptides, the amount of each polypeptide present in a dose ranges from about 100 μ g to 5 mg per kg of host. Suitable dose sizes will vary with the size of the patient, but will typically range from about 0.1 mL to about 5 mL.

In general, an appropriate dosage and treatment regimen provides the active compound(s) in an amount sufficient to provide therapeutic and/or prophylactic benefit. Such a response can be monitored by establishing an improved clinical outcome (*e.g.*, more frequent remissions, complete or partial, or longer disease-free survival) in treated patients as compared to non-treated patients. Increases in preexisting immune responses to a prostate tumor protein generally correlate with an improved clinical outcome. Such immune responses may generally be evaluated using standard proliferation, cytotoxicity or cytokine assays, which may be performed using samples obtained from a patient before and after treatment.

METHODS FOR DETECTING CANCER

In general, a cancer may be detected in a patient based on the presence of one or more prostate tumor proteins and/or polynucleotides encoding such proteins in a biological sample (for example, blood, sera, urine and/or tumor biopsies) obtained from

the patient. In other words, such proteins may be used as markers to indicate the presence or absence of a cancer such as prostate cancer. In addition, such proteins may be useful for the detection of other cancers. The binding agents provided herein generally permit detection of the level of antigen that binds to the agent in the biological sample. Polynucleotide primers and probes may be used to detect the level of mRNA encoding a tumor protein, which is also indicative of the presence or absence of a cancer. In general, a prostate tumor sequence should be present at a level that is at least three fold higher in tumor tissue than in normal tissue

There are a variety of assay formats known to those of ordinary skill in the art for using a binding agent to detect polypeptide markers in a sample. *See, e.g.,* Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient may be determined by (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent; (b) detecting in the sample a level of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the level of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value.

In a preferred embodiment, the assay involves the use of binding agent immobilized on a solid support to bind to and remove the polypeptide from the remainder of the sample. The bound polypeptide may then be detected using a detection reagent that contains a reporter group and specifically binds to the binding agent/polypeptide complex. Such detection reagents may comprise, for example, a binding agent that specifically binds to the polypeptide or an antibody or other agent that specifically binds to the binding agent, such as an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or a lectin. Alternatively, a competitive assay may be utilized, in which a polypeptide is labeled with a reporter group and allowed to bind to the immobilized binding agent after incubation of the binding agent with the sample. The extent to which components of the sample inhibit the binding of the labeled polypeptide to the binding agent is indicative of the reactivity of the sample with the immobilized binding agent. Suitable polypeptides for use within such assays include full length prostate tumor proteins and portions thereof to which the binding agent binds, as described above.

The solid support may be any material known to those of ordinary skill in the art to which the tumor protein may be attached. For example, the solid support may be a test well in a microtiter plate or a nitrocellulose or other suitable membrane. Alternatively, the support may be a bead or disc, such as glass, fiberglass, latex or a plastic material such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride. The support may also be a magnetic particle or a fiber optic sensor, such as those disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent No. 5,359,681. The binding agent may be immobilized on the solid support using a variety of techniques known to those of skill in the art, which are amply described in the patent and scientific literature. In the context of the present invention, the term "immobilization" refers to both noncovalent association, such as adsorption, and covalent attachment (which may be a direct linkage between the agent and functional groups on the support or may be a linkage by way of a cross-linking agent). Immobilization by adsorption to a well in a microtiter plate or to a membrane is preferred. In such cases, adsorption may be achieved by contacting the binding agent, in a suitable buffer, with the solid support for a suitable amount of time. The contact time varies with temperature, but is typically between about 1 hour and about 1 day. In general, contacting a well of a plastic microtiter plate (such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride) with an amount of binding agent ranging from about 10 ng to about 10 μ g, and preferably about 100 ng to about 1 μ g, is sufficient to immobilize an adequate amount of binding agent.

Covalent attachment of binding agent to a solid support may generally be achieved by first reacting the support with a bifunctional reagent that will react with both the support and a functional group, such as a hydroxyl or amino group, on the binding agent. For example, the binding agent may be covalently attached to supports having an appropriate polymer coating using benzoquinone or by condensation of an aldehyde group on the support with an amine and an active hydrogen on the binding partner (*see, e.g.,* Pierce Immunotechnology Catalog and Handbook, 1991, at A12-A13).

In certain embodiments, the assay is a two-antibody sandwich assay. This assay may be performed by first contacting an antibody that has been immobilized

on a solid support, commonly the well of a microtiter plate, with the sample, such that polypeptides within the sample are allowed to bind to the immobilized antibody. Unbound sample is then removed from the immobilized polypeptide-antibody complexes and a detection reagent (preferably a second antibody capable of binding to a different site on the polypeptide) containing a reporter group is added. The amount of detection reagent that remains bound to the solid support is then determined using a method appropriate for the specific reporter group.

More specifically, once the antibody is immobilized on the support as described above, the remaining protein binding sites on the support are typically blocked. Any suitable blocking agent known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as bovine serum albumin or Tween 20™ (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO). The immobilized antibody is then incubated with the sample, and polypeptide is allowed to bind to the antibody. The sample may be diluted with a suitable diluent, such as phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) prior to incubation. In general, an appropriate contact time (*i.e.*, incubation time) is a period of time that is sufficient to detect the presence of polypeptide within a sample obtained from an individual with prostate cancer. Preferably, the contact time is sufficient to achieve a level of binding that is at least about 95% of that achieved at equilibrium between bound and unbound polypeptide. Those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that the time necessary to achieve equilibrium may be readily determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. At room temperature, an incubation time of about 30 minutes is generally sufficient.

Unbound sample may then be removed by washing the solid support with an appropriate buffer, such as PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20™. The second antibody, which contains a reporter group, may then be added to the solid support. Preferred reporter groups include those groups recited above.

The detection reagent is then incubated with the immobilized antibody-polypeptide complex for an amount of time sufficient to detect the bound polypeptide. An appropriate amount of time may generally be determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. Unbound detection reagent is then removed

and bound detection reagent is detected using the reporter group. The method employed for detecting the reporter group depends upon the nature of the reporter group. For radioactive groups, scintillation counting or autoradiographic methods are generally appropriate. Spectroscopic methods may be used to detect dyes, luminescent groups and fluorescent groups. Biotin may be detected using avidin, coupled to a different reporter group (commonly a radioactive or fluorescent group or an enzyme). Enzyme reporter groups may generally be detected by the addition of substrate (generally for a specific period of time), followed by spectroscopic or other analysis of the reaction products.

To determine the presence or absence of a cancer, such as prostate cancer, the signal detected from the reporter group that remains bound to the solid support is generally compared to a signal that corresponds to a predetermined cut-off value. In one preferred embodiment, the cut-off value for the detection of a cancer is the average mean signal obtained when the immobilized antibody is incubated with samples from patients without the cancer. In general, a sample generating a signal that is three standard deviations above the predetermined cut-off value is considered positive for the cancer. In an alternate preferred embodiment, the cut-off value is determined using a Receiver Operator Curve, according to the method of Sackett et al., *Clinical Epidemiology: A Basic Science for Clinical Medicine*, Little Brown and Co., 1985, p. 106-7. Briefly, in this embodiment, the cut-off value may be determined from a plot of pairs of true positive rates (*i.e.*, sensitivity) and false positive rates (100%-specificity) that correspond to each possible cut-off value for the diagnostic test result. The cut-off value on the plot that is the closest to the upper left-hand corner (*i.e.*, the value that encloses the largest area) is the most accurate cut-off value, and a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method may be considered positive. Alternatively, the cut-off value may be shifted to the left along the plot, to minimize the false positive rate, or to the right, to minimize the false negative rate. In general, a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method is considered positive for a cancer.

In a related embodiment, the assay is performed in a flow-through or strip test format, wherein the binding agent is immobilized on a membrane, such as nitrocellulose. In the flow-through test, polypeptides within the sample bind to the immobilized binding agent as the sample passes through the membrane. A second, labeled binding agent then binds to the binding agent-polypeptide complex as a solution containing the second binding agent flows through the membrane. The detection of bound second binding agent may then be performed as described above. In the strip test format, one end of the membrane to which binding agent is bound is immersed in a solution containing the sample. The sample migrates along the membrane through a region containing second binding agent and to the area of immobilized binding agent. Concentration of second binding agent at the area of immobilized antibody indicates the presence of a cancer. Typically, the concentration of second binding agent at that site generates a pattern, such as a line, that can be read visually. The absence of such a pattern indicates a negative result. In general, the amount of binding agent immobilized on the membrane is selected to generate a visually discernible pattern when the biological sample contains a level of polypeptide that would be sufficient to generate a positive signal in the two-antibody sandwich assay, in the format discussed above. Preferred binding agents for use in such assays are antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof. Preferably, the amount of antibody immobilized on the membrane ranges from about 25 ng to about 1 μ g, and more preferably from about 50 ng to about 500 ng. Such tests can typically be performed with a very small amount of biological sample.

Of course, numerous other assay protocols exist that are suitable for use with the tumor proteins or binding agents of the present invention. The above descriptions are intended to be exemplary only. For example, it will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art that the above protocols may be readily modified to use prostate tumor polypeptides to detect antibodies that bind to such polypeptides in a biological sample. The detection of such prostate tumor protein specific antibodies may correlate with the presence of a cancer.

A cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the presence of T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. Within certain methods, a biological sample comprising CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient is incubated with a prostate tumor polypeptide, a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide and/or an APC that expresses at least an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, and the presence or absence of specific activation of the T cells is detected. Suitable biological samples include, but are not limited to, isolated T cells. For example, T cells may be isolated from a patient by routine techniques (such as by Ficoll/Hypaque density gradient centrifugation of peripheral blood lymphocytes). T cells may be incubated *in vitro* for 2-9 days (typically 4 days) at 37°C with prostate tumor polypeptide (*e.g.*, 5 - 25 µg/ml). It may be desirable to incubate another aliquot of a T cell sample in the absence of prostate tumor polypeptide to serve as a control. For CD4⁺ T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating proliferation of the T cells. For CD8⁺ T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating cytolytic activity. A level of proliferation that is at least two fold greater and/or a level of cytolytic activity that is at least 20% greater than in disease-free patients indicates the presence of a cancer in the patient.

As noted above, a cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the level of mRNA encoding a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. For example, at least two oligonucleotide primers may be employed in a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) based assay to amplify a portion of a prostate tumor cDNA derived from a biological sample, wherein at least one of the oligonucleotide primers is specific for (*i.e.*, hybridizes to) a polynucleotide encoding the prostate tumor protein. The amplified cDNA is then separated and detected using techniques well known in the art, such as gel electrophoresis. Similarly, oligonucleotide probes that specifically hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein may be used in a hybridization assay to detect the presence of polynucleotide encoding the tumor protein in a biological sample.

To permit hybridization under assay conditions, oligonucleotide primers and probes should comprise an oligonucleotide sequence that has at least about 60%,

preferably at least about 75% and more preferably at least about 90%, identity to a portion of a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein that is at least 10 nucleotides, and preferably at least 20 nucleotides, in length. Preferably, oligonucleotide primers and/or probes will hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide disclosed herein under moderately stringent conditions, as defined above. Oligonucleotide primers and/or probes which may be usefully employed in the diagnostic methods described herein preferably are at least 10-40 nucleotides in length. In a preferred embodiment, the oligonucleotide primers comprise at least 10 contiguous nucleotides, more preferably at least 15 contiguous nucleotides, of a DNA molecule having a sequence recited in SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375 and 381. Techniques for both PCR based assays and hybridization assays are well known in the art (*see*, for example, Mullis et al., *Cold Spring Harbor Symp. Quant. Biol.*, 51:263, 1987; Erlich ed., *PCR Technology*, Stockton Press, NY, 1989).

One preferred assay employs RT-PCR, in which PCR is applied in conjunction with reverse transcription. Typically, RNA is extracted from a biological sample, such as biopsy tissue, and is reverse transcribed to produce cDNA molecules. PCR amplification using at least one specific primer generates a cDNA molecule, which may be separated and visualized using, for example, gel electrophoresis. Amplification may be performed on biological samples taken from a test patient and from an individual who is not afflicted with a cancer. The amplification reaction may be performed on several dilutions of cDNA spanning two orders of magnitude. A two-fold or greater increase in expression in several dilutions of the test patient sample as compared to the same dilutions of the non-cancerous sample is typically considered positive.

In another embodiment, the disclosed compositions may be used as markers for the progression of cancer. In this embodiment, assays as described above for the diagnosis of a cancer may be performed over time, and the change in the level of reactive polypeptide(s) or polynucleotide evaluated. For example, the assays may be performed every 24-72 hours for a period of 6 months to 1 year, and thereafter

performed as needed. In general, a cancer is progressing in those patients in whom the level of polypeptide or polynucleotide detected increases over time. In contrast, the cancer is not progressing when the level of reactive polypeptide or polynucleotide either remains constant or decreases with time.

Certain *in vivo* diagnostic assays may be performed directly on a tumor. One such assay involves contacting tumor cells with a binding agent. The bound binding agent may then be detected directly or indirectly via a reporter group. Such binding agents may also be used in histological applications. Alternatively, polynucleotide probes may be used within such applications.

As noted above, to improve sensitivity, multiple prostate tumor protein markers may be assayed within a given sample. It will be apparent that binding agents specific for different proteins provided herein may be combined within a single assay. Further, multiple primers or probes may be used concurrently. The selection of tumor protein markers may be based on routine experiments to determine combinations that results in optimal sensitivity. In addition, or alternatively, assays for tumor proteins provided herein may be combined with assays for other known tumor antigens.

DIAGNOSTIC KITS

The present invention further provides kits for use within any of the above diagnostic methods. Such kits typically comprise two or more components necessary for performing a diagnostic assay. Components may be compounds, reagents, containers and/or equipment. For example, one container within a kit may contain a monoclonal antibody or fragment thereof that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein. Such antibodies or fragments may be provided attached to a support material, as described above. One or more additional containers may enclose elements, such as reagents or buffers, to be used in the assay. Such kits may also, or alternatively, contain a detection reagent as described above that contains a reporter group suitable for direct or indirect detection of antibody binding.

Alternatively, a kit may be designed to detect the level of mRNA encoding a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. Such kits generally comprise

at least one oligonucleotide probe or primer, as described above, that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein. Such an oligonucleotide may be used, for example, within a PCR or hybridization assay. Additional components that may be present within such kits include a second oligonucleotide and/or a diagnostic reagent or container to facilitate the detection of a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein.

The following Examples are offered by way of illustration and not by way of limitation.

EXAMPLES

EXAMPLE 1

ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

This Example describes the isolation of certain prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library was constructed from prostate tumor poly A⁺ RNA using a Superscript Plasmid System for cDNA Synthesis and Plasmid Cloning kit (BRL Life Technologies, Gaithersburg, MD 20897) following the manufacturer's protocol. Specifically, prostate tumor tissues were homogenized with polytron (Kinematica, Switzerland) and total RNA was extracted using Trizol reagent (BRL Life Technologies) as directed by the manufacturer. The poly A⁺ RNA was then purified using a Qiagen oligotex spin column mRNA purification kit (Qiagen, Santa Clarita, CA 91355) according to the manufacturer's protocol. First-strand cDNA was synthesized using the NotI/Oligo-dT18 primer. Double-stranded cDNA was synthesized, ligated with EcoRI/BAXI adaptors (Invitrogen, San Diego, CA) and digested with NotI. Following size fractionation with Chroma Spin-1000 columns (Clontech, Palo Alto, CA), the cDNA was ligated into the EcoRI/NotI site of pCDNA3.1 (Invitrogen) and transformed into ElectroMax *E. coli* DH10B cells (BRL Life Technologies) by electroporation.

Using the same procedure, a normal human pancreas cDNA expression library was prepared from a pool of six tissue specimens (Clontech). The cDNA libraries were characterized by determining the number of independent colonies, the percentage of clones that carried insert, the average insert size and by sequence analysis. The prostate tumor library contained 1.64×10^7 independent colonies, with 70% of clones having an insert and the average insert size being 1745 base pairs. The normal pancreas cDNA library contained 3.3×10^6 independent colonies, with 69% of clones

having inserts and the average insert size being 1120 base pairs. For both libraries, sequence analysis showed that the majority of clones had a full length cDNA sequence and were synthesized from mRNA, with minimal rRNA and mitochondrial DNA contamination.

cDNA library subtraction was performed using the above prostate tumor and normal pancreas cDNA libraries, as described by Hara *et al.* (*Blood*, 84:189-199, 1994) with some modifications. Specifically, a prostate tumor-specific subtracted cDNA library was generated as follows. Normal pancreas cDNA library (70 µg) was digested with EcoRI, NotI, and SfuI, followed by a filling-in reaction with DNA polymerase Klenow fragment. After phenol-chloroform extraction and ethanol precipitation, the DNA was dissolved in 100 µl of H₂O, heat-denatured and mixed with 100 µl (100 µg) of Photoprobe biotin (Vector Laboratories, Burlingame, CA). As recommended by the manufacturer, the resulting mixture was irradiated with a 270 W sunlamp on ice for 20 minutes. Additional Photoprobe biotin (50 µl) was added and the biotinylation reaction was repeated. After extraction with butanol five times, the DNA was ethanol-precipitated and dissolved in 23 µl H₂O to form the driver DNA.

To form the tracer DNA, 10 µg prostate tumor cDNA library was digested with BamHI and XhoI, phenol chloroform extracted and passed through Chroma spin-400 columns (Clontech). Following ethanol precipitation, the tracer DNA was dissolved in 5 µl H₂O. Tracer DNA was mixed with 15 µl driver DNA and 20 µl of 2 x hybridization buffer (1.5 M NaCl/10 mM EDTA/50 mM HEPES pH 7.5/0.2% sodium dodecyl sulfate), overlaid with mineral oil, and heat-denatured completely. The sample was immediately transferred into a 68 °C water bath and incubated for 20 hours (long hybridization [LH]). The reaction mixture was then subjected to a streptavidin treatment followed by phenol/chloroform extraction. This process was repeated three more times. Subtracted DNA was precipitated, dissolved in 12 µl H₂O, mixed with 8 µl driver DNA and 20 µl of 2 x hybridization buffer, and subjected to a hybridization at 68 °C for 2 hours (short hybridization [SH]). After removal of biotinylated double-stranded DNA, subtracted cDNA was ligated into BamHI/XhoI site of chloramphenicol resistant pBCSK⁺ (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA 92037) and transformed into ElectroMax *E.*

coli DH10B cells by electroporation to generate a prostate tumor specific subtracted cDNA library (referred to as "prostate subtraction 1").

To analyze the subtracted cDNA library, plasmid DNA was prepared from 100 independent clones, randomly picked from the subtracted prostate tumor specific library and grouped based on insert size. Representative cDNA clones were further characterized by DNA sequencing with a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A (Foster City, CA). Six cDNA clones, hereinafter referred to as F1-13, F1-12, F1-16, H1-1, H1-9 and H1-4, were shown to be abundant in the subtracted prostate-specific cDNA library. The determined 3' and 5' cDNA sequences for F1-12 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 2 and 3, respectively, with determined 3' cDNA sequences for F1-13, F1-16, H1-1, H1-9 and H1-4 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 1 and 4-7, respectively.

The cDNA sequences for the isolated clones were compared to known sequences in the gene bank using the EMBL and GenBank databases (release 96). Four of the prostate tumor cDNA clones, F1-13, F1-16, H1-1, and H1-4, were determined to encode the following previously identified proteins: prostate specific antigen (PSA), human glandular kallikrein, human tumor expression enhanced gene, and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II. H1-9 was found to be identical to a previously identified human autonomously replicating sequence. No significant homologies to the cDNA sequence for F1-12 were found.

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of a full-length cDNA sequence for F1-12. This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 107, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 108.

To clone less abundant prostate tumor specific genes, cDNA library subtraction was performed by subtracting the prostate tumor cDNA library described above with the normal pancreas cDNA library and with the three most abundant genes in the previously subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library: human glandular kallikrein, prostate specific antigen (PSA), and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II. Specifically, 1 μ g each of human glandular kallikrein, PSA and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II cDNAs in pCDNA3.1 were added to the

driver DNA and subtraction was performed as described above to provide a second subtracted cDNA library hereinafter referred to as the "subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike".

Twenty-two cDNA clones were isolated from the subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike. The determined 3' and 5' cDNA sequences for the clones referred to as J1-17, L1-12, N1-1862, J1-13, J1-19, J1-25, J1-24, K1-58, K1-63, L1-4 and L1-14 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 8-9, 10-11, 12-13, 14-15, 16-17, 18-19, 20-21, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27 and 28-29, respectively. The determined 3' cDNA sequences for the clones referred to as J1-12, J1-16, J1-21, K1-48, K1-55, L1-2, L1-6, N1-1858, N1-1860, N1-1861, N1-1864 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 30-40, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to three of the five most abundant DNA species, (J1-17, L1-12 and N1-1862; SEQ ID NOS: 8-9, 10-11 and 12-13, respectively). Of the remaining two most abundant species, one (J1-12; SEQ ID NO:30) was found to be identical to the previously identified human pulmonary surfactant-associated protein, and the other (K1-48; SEQ ID NO:33) was determined to have some homology to *R. norvegicus* mRNA for 2-arylpropionyl-CoA epimerase. Of the 17 less abundant cDNA clones isolated from the subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike, four (J1-16, K1-55, L1-6 and N1-1864; SEQ ID NOS:31, 34, 36 and 40, respectively) were found to be identical to previously identified sequences, two (J1-21 and N1-1860; SEQ ID NOS: 32 and 38, respectively) were found to show some homology to non-human sequences, and two (L1-2 and N1-1861; SEQ ID NOS: 35 and 39, respectively) were found to show some homology to known human sequences. No significant homologies were found to the polypeptides J1-13, J1-19, J1-24, J1-25, K1-58, K1-63, L1-4, L1-14 (SEQ ID NOS: 14-15, 16-17, 20-21, 18-19, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27, 28-29, respectively).

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of full length cDNA sequences for J1-17, L1-12 and N1-1862 (SEQ ID NOS: 109-111, respectively). The corresponding predicted amino acid sequences are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 112-114. L1-12 is also referred to as P501S.

In a further experiment, four additional clones were identified by subtracting a prostate tumor cDNA library with normal prostate cDNA prepared from a pool of three normal prostate poly A+ RNA (referred to as "prostate subtraction 2"). The determined cDNA sequences for these clones, hereinafter referred to as U1-3064, U1-3065, V1-3692 and 1A-3905, are provided in SEQ ID NO: 69-72, respectively. Comparison of the determined sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to U1-3065.

A second subtraction with spike (referred to as "prostate subtraction spike 2") was performed by subtracting a prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike with normal pancreas cDNA library and further spiked with PSA, J1-17, pulmonary surfactant-associated protein, mitochondrial DNA, cytochrome c oxidase subunit II, N1-1862, autonomously replicating sequence, L1-12 and tumor expression enhanced gene. Four additional clones, hereinafter referred to as V1-3686, R1-2330, 1B-3976 and V1-3679, were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO:73-76, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to V1-3686 and R1-2330.

Further analysis of the three prostate subtractions described above (prostate subtraction 2, subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike, and prostate subtraction spike 2) resulted in the identification of sixteen additional clones, referred to as 1G-4736, 1G-4738, 1G-4741, 1G-4744, 1G-4734, 1H-4774, 1H-4781, 1H-4785, 1H-4787, 1H-4796, 1I-4810, 1I-4811, 1J-4876, 1K-4884 and 1K-4896. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 77-92, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to 1G-4741, 1G-4734, 1I-4807, 1J-4876 and 1K-4896 (SEQ ID NOS: 79, 81, 87, 90 and 92, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1G-4736, 1G-4738, 1G-4741, 1G-4744, 1H-4774, 1H-4781, 1H-4785, 1H-4787, 1H-4796, 1I-4807, 1J-4876, 1K-4884 and 1K-4896, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 179-188 and 191-193,

respectively, and to the determination of additional partial cDNA sequences for 1I-4810 and 1I-4811, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 189 and 190, respectively.

Additional studies with prostate subtraction spike 2 resulted in the isolation of three more clones. Their sequences were determined as described above and compared to the most recent GenBank. All three clones were found to have homology to known genes, which are Cysteine-rich protein, KIAA0242, and KIAA0280 (SEQ ID NO: 317, 319, and 320, respectively). Further analysis of these clones by Synteni microarray (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA) demonstrated that all three clones were over-expressed in most prostate tumors and prostate BPH, as well as in the majority of normal prostate tissues tested, but low expression in all other normal tissues.

An additional subtraction was performed by subtracting a normal prostate cDNA library with normal pancreas cDNA (referred to as "prostate subtraction 3"). This led to the identification of six additional clones referred to as 1G-4761, 1G-4762, 1H-4766, 1H-4770, 1H-4771 and 1H-4772 (SEQ ID NOS: 93-98). Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to 1G-4761 and 1H-4771 (SEQ ID NOS: 93 and 97, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1G-4761, 1G-4762, 1H-4766 and 1H-4772 provided in SEQ ID NOS: 194-196 and 199, respectively, and to the determination of additional partial cDNA sequences for 1H-4770 and 1H-4771, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 197 and 198, respectively.

Subtraction of a prostate tumor cDNA library, prepared from a pool of polyA⁺ RNA from three prostate cancer patients, with a normal pancreas cDNA library (prostate subtraction 4) led to the identification of eight clones, referred to as 1D-4297, 1D-4309, 1D.1-4278, 1D-4288, 1D-4283, 1D-4304, 1D-4296 and 1D-4280 (SEQ ID NOS: 99-107). These sequences were compared to those in the gene bank as described above. No significant homologies were found to 1D-4283 and 1D-4304 (SEQ ID NOS: 103 and 104, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1D-4309, 1D.1-4278, 1D-4288, 1D-4283, 1D-4304, 1D-4296 and 1D-4280, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 200-206, respectively.

cDNA clones isolated in prostate subtraction 1 and prostate subtraction 2, described above, were colony PCR amplified and their mRNA expression levels in prostate tumor, normal prostate and in various other normal tissues were determined using microarray technology (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA). Briefly, the PCR amplification products were dotted onto slides in an array format, with each product occupying a unique location in the array. mRNA was extracted from the tissue sample to be tested, reverse transcribed, and fluorescent-labeled cDNA probes were generated. The microarrays were probed with the labeled cDNA probes, the slides scanned and fluorescence intensity was measured. This intensity correlates with the hybridization intensity. Two clones (referred to as P509S and P510S) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate and expressed at low levels in all other normal tissues tested (liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, brain, breast, adrenal gland, bladder, testes, salivary gland, large intestine, kidney, ovary, lung, spinal cord, skeletal muscle and colon). The determined cDNA sequences for P509S and P510S are provided in SEQ ID NO: 223 and 224, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed some homology to previously identified ESTs.

Additional, studies led to the isolation of the full-length cDNA sequence for P509S. This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 332, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 339.

EXAMPLE 2

DETERMINATION OF TISSUE SPECIFICITY OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

Using gene specific primers, mRNA expression levels for the representative prostate tumor polypeptides F1-16, H1-1, J1-17 (also referred to as P502S), L1-12 (also referred to as P501S), F1-12 (also referred to as P504S) and N1-1862 (also referred to as P503S) were examined in a variety of normal and tumor tissues using RT-PCR.

Briefly, total RNA was extracted from a variety of normal and tumor tissues using Trizol reagent as described above. First strand synthesis was carried out using 1-2 μ g of total RNA with SuperScript II reverse transcriptase (BRL Life Technologies) at 42 °C for one hour. The cDNA was then amplified by PCR with gene-specific primers. To ensure the semi-quantitative nature of the RT-PCR, β -actin was used as an internal control for each of the tissues examined. First, serial dilutions of the first strand cDNAs were prepared and RT-PCR assays were performed using β -actin specific primers. A dilution was then chosen that enabled the linear range amplification of the β -actin template and which was sensitive enough to reflect the differences in the initial copy numbers. Using these conditions, the β -actin levels were determined for each reverse transcription reaction from each tissue. DNA contamination was minimized by DNase treatment and by assuring a negative PCR result when using first strand cDNA that was prepared without adding reverse transcriptase.

mRNA Expression levels were examined in four different types of tumor tissue (prostate tumor from 2 patients, breast tumor from 3 patients, colon tumor, lung tumor), and sixteen different normal tissues, including prostate, colon, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin, stomach, testes, bone marrow and brain. F1-16 was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor tissue, colon tumor and normal prostate, and at lower levels in normal liver, skin and testes, with expression being undetectable in the other tissues examined. H1-1 was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor, lung tumor, breast tumor, normal prostate, normal colon and normal brain, at much lower levels in normal lung, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin, small intestine, bone marrow, and was not detected in the other tissues tested. J1-17 (P502S) and L1-12 (P501S) appear to be specifically over-expressed in prostate, with both genes being expressed at high levels in prostate tumor and normal prostate but at low to undetectable levels in all the other tissues examined. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors and detectable in normal colon and kidney. The RT-PCR results thus indicate that F1-16, H1-1, J1-17 (P502S), N1-1862 (P503S) and L1-12 (P501S) are either prostate specific or are expressed at significantly elevated levels in prostate.

Further RT-PCR studies showed that F1-12 (P504S) is over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors, detectable in normal kidney but not detectable in all other tissues tested. Similarly, R1-2330 was shown to be over-expressed in 40% of prostate tumors, detectable in normal kidney and liver, but not detectable in all other tissues tested. U1-3064 was found to be over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors, and also expressed in breast and colon tumors, but was not detectable in normal tissues.

RT-PCR characterization of R1-2330, U1-3064 and 1D-4279 showed that these three antigens are over-expressed in prostate and/or prostate tumors.

Northern analysis with four prostate tumors, two normal prostate samples, two BPH prostates, and normal colon, kidney, liver, lung, pancreas, skeletal muscle, brain, stomach, testes, small intestine and bone marrow, showed that L1-12 (P501S) is over-expressed in prostate tumors and normal prostate, while being undetectable in other normal tissues tested. J1-17 (P502S) was detected in two prostate tumors and not in the other tissues tested. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be over-expressed in three prostate tumors and to be expressed in normal prostate, colon and kidney, but not in other tissues tested. F1-12 (P504S) was found to be highly expressed in two prostate tumors and to be undetectable in all other tissues tested.

The microarray technology described above was used to determine the expression levels of representative antigens described herein in prostate tumor, breast tumor and the following normal tissues: prostate, liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, brain, breast, adrenal gland, bladder, testes, salivary gland, large intestine, kidney, ovary, lung, spinal cord, skeletal muscle and colon. L1-12 (P501S) was found to be over-expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor, with some expression being detected in normal skeletal muscle. Both J1-12 and F1-12 (P504S) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor, with expression being lower or undetectable in all other tissues tested. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and at low levels in normal large intestine and normal colon, with expression being undetectable in all other tissues tested. R1-2330 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and to be expressed at lower levels in all other tissues tested. 1D-4279 was found to be over-

expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, expressed at lower levels in normal spinal cord, and to be undetectable in all other tissues tested.

Further microarray analysis to specifically address the extent to which P501S (SEQ ID NO: 110) was expressed in breast tumor revealed moderate over-expression not only in breast tumor, but also in metastatic breast tumor (2/31), with negligible to low expression in normal tissues. This data suggests that P501S may be over-expressed in various breast tumors as well as in prostate tumors.

The expression levels of 32 ESTs (expressed sequence tags) described by Vasmatzis *et al.* (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95:300-304, 1998) in a variety of tumor and normal tissues were examined by microarray technology as described above. Two of these clones (referred to as P1000C and P1001C) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and expressed at low to undetectable levels in all other tissues tested (normal aorta, thymus, resting and activated PBMC, epithelial cells, spinal cord, adrenal gland, fetal tissues, skin, salivary gland, large intestine, bone marrow, liver, lung, dendritic cells, stomach, lymph nodes, brain, heart, small intestine, skeletal muscle, colon and kidney. The determined cDNA sequences for P1000C and P1001C are provided in SEQ ID NO: 384 and 472, respectively. The sequence of P1001C was found to show some homology to the previously isolated Human mRNA for JM27 protein. No significant homologies were found to the sequence of P1000C.

The expression of the polypeptide encoded by the full length cDNA sequence for F1-12 (also referred to as P504S; SEQ ID NO: 108) was investigated by immunohistochemical analysis. Rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibodies were generated against the full length P504S protein by standard techniques. Subsequent isolation and characterization of the polyclonal antibodies were also performed by techniques well known in the art. Immunohistochemical analysis showed that the P504S polypeptide was expressed in 100% of prostate carcinoma samples tested (n=5).

The rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibody did not appear to label benign prostate cells with the same cytoplasmic granular staining, but rather with light nuclear staining. Analysis of normal tissues revealed that the encoded polypeptide was found to be expressed in some, but not all normal human tissues. Positive

cytoplasmic staining with rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibody was found in normal human kidney, liver, brain, colon and lung-associated macrophages, whereas heart and bone marrow were negative.

This data indicates that the P504S polypeptide is present in prostate cancer tissues, and that there are qualitative and quantitative differences in the staining between benign prostatic hyperplasia tissues and prostate cancer tissues, suggesting that this polypeptide may be detected selectively in prostate tumors and therefore be useful in the diagnosis of prostate cancer.

EXAMPLE 3

ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION

A cDNA subtraction library, containing cDNA from normal prostate subtracted with ten other normal tissue cDNAs (brain, heart, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, placenta, skeletal muscle, spleen and thymus) and then submitted to a first round of PCR amplification, was purchased from Clontech. This library was subjected to a second round of PCR amplification, following the manufacturer's protocol. The resulting cDNA fragments were subcloned into the vector pT7 Blue T-vector (Novagen, Madison, WI) and transformed into XL-1 Blue MRF' *E. coli* (Stratagene). DNA was isolated from independent clones and sequenced using a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A.

Fifty-nine positive clones were sequenced. Comparison of the DNA sequences of these clones with those in the gene bank, as described above, revealed no significant homologies to 25 of these clones, hereinafter referred to as P5, P8, P9, P18, P20, P30, P34, P36, P38, P39, P42, P49, P50, P53, P55, P60, P64, P65, P73, P75, P76, P79 and P84. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 41-45, 47-52 and 54-65, respectively. P29, P47, P68, P80 and P82 (SEQ ID NO: 46, 53 and 66-68, respectively) were found to show some degree of homology to

previously identified DNA sequences. To the best of the inventors' knowledge, none of these sequences have been previously shown to be present in prostate.

Further studies using the PCR-based methodology described above resulted in the isolation of more than 180 additional clones, of which 23 clones were found to show no significant homologies to known sequences. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 115-123, 127, 131, 137, 145, 147-151, 153, 156-158 and 160. Twenty-three clones (SEQ ID NO: 124-126, 128-130, 132-136, 138-144, 146, 152, 154, 155 and 159) were found to show some homology to previously identified ESTs. An additional ten clones (SEQ ID NO: 161-170) were found to have some degree of homology to known genes. Larger cDNA clones containing the P20 sequence represent splice variants of a gene referred to as P703P. The determined DNA sequence for the variants referred to as DE1, DE13 and DE14 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 171, 175 and 177, respectively, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 172, 176 and 178, respectively. The determined cDNA sequence for an extended spliced form of P703 is provided in SEQ ID NO: 225. The DNA sequences for the splice variants referred to as DE2 and DE6 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 173 and 174, respectively.

mRNA Expression levels for representative clones in tumor tissues (prostate (n=5), breast (n=2), colon and lung) normal tissues (prostate (n=5), colon, kidney, liver, lung (n=2), ovary (n=2), skeletal muscle, skin, stomach, small intestine and brain), and activated and non-activated PBMC was determined by RT-PCR as described above. Expression was examined in one sample of each tissue type unless otherwise indicated.

P9 was found to be highly expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor compared to all normal tissues tested except for normal colon which showed comparable expression. P20, a portion of the P703P gene, was found to be highly expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor, compared to all twelve normal tissues tested. A modest increase in expression of P20 in breast tumor (n=2), colon tumor and lung tumor was seen compared to all normal tissues except lung (1 of 2). Increased expression of P18 was found in normal prostate, prostate tumor and breast tumor

compared to other normal tissues except lung and stomach. A modest increase in expression of P5 was observed in normal prostate compared to most other normal tissues. However, some elevated expression was seen in normal lung and PBMC. Elevated expression of P5 was also observed in prostate tumors (2 of 5), breast tumor and one lung tumor sample. For P30, similar expression levels were seen in normal prostate and prostate tumor, compared to six of twelve other normal tissues tested. Increased expression was seen in breast tumors, one lung tumor sample and one colon tumor sample, and also in normal PBMC. P29 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor (5 of 5) and normal prostate (5 of 5) compared to the majority of normal tissues. However, substantial expression of P29 was observed in normal colon and normal lung (2 of 2). P80 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor (5 of 5) and normal prostate (5 of 5) compared to all other normal tissues tested, with increased expression also being seen in colon tumor.

Further studies resulted in the isolation of twelve additional clones, hereinafter referred to as 10-d8, 10-h10, 11-c8, 7-g6, 8-b5, 8-b6, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-g3, 8-h11, 9-f12 and 9-f3. The determined DNA sequences for 10-d8, 10-h10, 11-c8, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-h11, 9-f12 and 9-f3 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 207, 208, 209, 216, 217, 220, 221 and 222, respectively. The determined forward and reverse DNA sequences for 7-g6, 8-b5, 8-b6 and 8-g3 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 210 and 211; 212 and 213; 214 and 215; and 218 and 219, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to the sequence of 9-f3. The clones 10-d8, 11-c8 and 8-h11 were found to show some homology to previously isolated ESTs, while 10-h10, 8-b5, 8-b6, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-g3 and 9-f12 were found to show some homology to previously identified genes. Further characterization of 7-G6 and 8-G3 showed identity to the known genes PAP and PSA, respectively.

mRNA expression levels for these clones were determined using the micro-array technology described above. The clones 7-G6, 8-G3, 8-B5, 8-B6, 8-D4, 8-D9, 9-F3, 9-F12, 9-H3, 10-A2, 10-A4, 11-C9 and 11-F2 were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, with expression in other tissues tested being low or undetectable. Increased expression of 8-F11 was seen in prostate tumor

and normal prostate, bladder, skeletal muscle and colon. Increased expression of 10-H10 was seen in prostate tumor and normal prostate, bladder, lung, colon, brain and large intestine. Increased expression of 9-B1 was seen in prostate tumor, breast tumor, and normal prostate, salivary gland, large intestine and skin, with increased expression of 11-C8 being seen in prostate tumor, and normal prostate and large intestine.

An additional cDNA fragment derived from the PCR-based normal prostate subtraction, described above, was found to be prostate specific by both microarray technology and RT-PCR. The determined cDNA sequence of this clone (referred to as 9-A11) is provided in SEQ ID NO: 226. Comparison of this sequence with those in the public databases revealed 99% identity to the known gene HOXB13.

Further studies led to the isolation of the clones 8-C6 and 8-H7. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 227 and 228, respectively. These sequences were found to show some homology to previously isolated ESTs.

PCR and hybridization-based methodologies were employed to obtain longer cDNA sequences for clone P20 (also referred to as P703P), yielding three additional cDNA fragments that progressively extend the 5' end of the gene. These fragments, referred to as P703PDE5, P703P6.26, and P703PX-23 (SEQ ID NO: 326, 328 and 330, with the predicted corresponding amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 327, 329 and 331, respectively) contain additional 5' sequence. P703PDE5 was recovered by screening of a cDNA library (#141-26) with a portion of P703P as a probe. P703P6.26 was recovered from a mixture of three prostate tumor cDNAs and P703PX_23 was recovered from cDNA library (#438-48). Together, the additional sequences include all of the putative mature serine protease along with part of the putative signal sequence. Further studies using a PCR-based subtraction library of a prostate tumor pool subtracted against a pool of normal tissues (referred to as JP: PCR subtraction) resulted in the isolation of thirteen additional clones, seven of which did not share any significant homology to known GenBank sequences. The determined cDNA sequences for these seven clones (P711P, P712P, novel 23, P774P, P775P, P710P and P768P) are provided in SEQ ID NO: 307-311, 313 and 315, respectively.

The remaining six clones (SEQ ID NO: 316 and 321-325) were shown to share some homology to known genes. By microarray analysis, all thirteen clones showed three or more fold over-expression in prostate tissues, including prostate tumors, BPH and normal prostate as compared to normal non-prostate tissues. Clones P711P, P712P, novel 23 and P768P showed over-expression in most prostate tumors and BPH tissues tested (n=29), and in the majority of normal prostate tissues (n=4), but background to low expression levels in all normal tissues. Clones P774P, P775P and P710P showed comparatively lower expression and expression in fewer prostate tumors and BPH samples, with negative to low expression in normal prostate.

The full-length cDNA for P711P was obtained by employing the partial sequence of SEQ ID NO: 307 to screen a prostate cDNA library. Specifically, a directionally cloned prostate cDNA library was prepared using standard techniques. One million colonies of this library were plated onto LB/Amp plates. Nylon membrane filters were used to lift these colonies, and the cDNAs which were picked up by these filters were denatured and cross-linked to the filters by UV light. The P711P cDNA fragment of SEQ ID NO: 307 was radio-labeled and used to hybridize with these filters. Positive clones were selected, and cDNAs were prepared and sequenced using an automatic Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems sequencer. The determined full-length sequence of P711P is provided in SEQ ID NO: 382, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 383.

Using PCR and hybridization-based methodologies, additional cDNA sequence information was derived for two clones described above, 11-C9 and 9-F3, herein after referred to as P707P and P714P, respectively (SEQ ID NO: 333 and 334). After comparison with the most recent GenBank, P707P was found to be a splice variant of the known gene HoxB13. In contrast, no significant homologies to P714P were found.

Clones 8-B3, P89, P98, P130 and P201 (as disclosed in U.S. Patent Application No. 09/020,956, filed February 9, 1998) were found to be contained within one contiguous sequence, referred to as P705P (SEQ ID NO: 335, with the predicted

amino acid sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 336), which was determined to be a splice variant of the known gene NKX 3.1.

EXAMPLE 4

SYNTHESIS OF POLYPEPTIDES

Polypeptides may be synthesized on a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems 430A peptide synthesizer using Fmoc chemistry with HPTU (O-Benzotriazole-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate) activation. A Gly-Cys-Gly sequence may be attached to the amino terminus of the peptide to provide a method of conjugation, binding to an immobilized surface, or labeling of the peptide. Cleavage of the peptides from the solid support may be carried out using the following cleavage mixture: trifluoroacetic acid:ethanedithiol:thioanisole:water:phenol (40:1:2:2:3). After cleaving for 2 hours, the peptides may be precipitated in cold methyl-t-butyl-ether. The peptide pellets may then be dissolved in water containing 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) and lyophilized prior to purification by C18 reverse phase HPLC. A gradient of 0%-60% acetonitrile (containing 0.1% TFA) in water (containing 0.1% TFA) may be used to elute the peptides. Following lyophilization of the pure fractions, the peptides may be characterized using electrospray or other types of mass spectrometry and by amino acid analysis.

EXAMPLE 5

FURTHER ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION

A cDNA library generated from prostate primary tumor mRNA as described above was subtracted with cDNA from normal prostate. The subtraction was performed using a PCR-based protocol (Clontech), which was modified to generate larger fragments. Within this protocol, tester and driver double stranded cDNA were

separately digested with five restriction enzymes that recognize six-nucleotide restriction sites (MluI, MscI, PvuII, SalI and StuI). This digestion resulted in an average cDNA size of 600 bp, rather than the average size of 300 bp that results from digestion with RsaI according to the Clontech protocol. This modification did not affect the subtraction efficiency. Two tester populations were then created with different adapters, and the driver library remained without adapters.

The tester and driver libraries were then hybridized using excess driver cDNA. In the first hybridization step, driver was separately hybridized with each of the two tester cDNA populations. This resulted in populations of (a) unhybridized tester cDNAs, (b) tester cDNAs hybridized to other tester cDNAs, (c) tester cDNAs hybridized to driver cDNAs and (d) unhybridized driver cDNAs. The two separate hybridization reactions were then combined, and rehybridized in the presence of additional denatured driver cDNA. Following this second hybridization, in addition to populations (a) through (d), a fifth population (e) was generated in which tester cDNA with one adapter hybridized to tester cDNA with the second adapter. Accordingly, the second hybridization step resulted in enrichment of differentially expressed sequences which could be used as templates for PCR amplification with adaptor-specific primers.

The ends were then filled in, and PCR amplification was performed using adaptor-specific primers. Only population (e), which contained tester cDNA that did not hybridize to driver cDNA, was amplified exponentially. A second PCR amplification step was then performed, to reduce background and further enrich differentially expressed sequences.

This PCR-based subtraction technique normalizes differentially expressed cDNAs so that rare transcripts that are overexpressed in prostate tumor tissue may be recoverable. Such transcripts would be difficult to recover by traditional subtraction methods.

In addition to genes known to be overexpressed in prostate tumor, seventy-seven further clones were identified. Sequences of these partial cDNAs are provided in SEQ ID NO: 29 to 305. Most of these clones had no significant homology to database sequences. Exceptions were JTPN23 (SEQ ID NO: 231; similarity to pig

valosin-containing protein), JPTPN30 (SEQ ID NO: 234; similarity to rat mRNA for proteasome subunit), JPTPN45 (SEQ ID NO: 243; similarity to rat *norvegicus* cytosolic NADP-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase), JPTPN46 (SEQ ID NO: 244; similarity to human subclone H8 4 d4 DNA sequence), JP1D6 (SEQ ID NO: 265; similarity to *G. gallus* dynein light chain-A), JP8D6 (SEQ ID NO: 288; similarity to human BAC clone RG016J04), JP8F5 (SEQ ID NO: 289; similarity to human subclone H8 3 b5 DNA sequence), and JP8E9 (SEQ ID NO: 299; similarity to human Alu sequence).

Additional studies using the PCR-based subtraction library consisting of a prostate tumor pool subtracted against a normal prostate pool (referred to as PT-PN PCR subtraction) yielded three additional clones. Comparison of the cDNA sequences of these clones with the most recent release of GenBank revealed no significant homologies to the two clones referred to as P715P and P767P (SEQ ID NO: 312 and 314). The remaining clone was found to show some homology to the known gene KIAA0056 (SEQ ID NO: 318). Using microarray analysis to measure mRNA expression levels in various tissues, all three clones were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumors and BPH tissues. Specifically, clone P715P was over-expressed in most prostate tumors and BPH tissues by a factor of three or greater, with elevated expression seen in the majority of normal prostate samples and in fetal tissue, but negative to low expression in all other normal tissues. Clone P767P was over-expressed in several prostate tumors and BPH tissues, with moderate expression levels in half of the normal prostate samples, and background to low expression in all other normal tissues tested.

Further analysis, by microarray as described above, of the PT-PN PCR subtraction library and of a DNA subtraction library containing cDNA from prostate tumor subtracted with a pool of normal tissue cDNAs, led to the isolation of 27 additional clones (SEQ ID NO: 340-365 and 381) which were determined to be over-expressed in prostate tumor. The clones of SEQ ID NO: 341, 342, 345, 347, 348, 349, 351, 355-359, 361, 362 and 364 were also found to be expressed in normal prostate. Expression of all 26 clones in a variety of normal tissues was found to be low or undetectable, with the exception of P544S (SEQ ID NO: 356) which was found to be

expressed in small intestine. Of the 26 clones, 10 (SEQ ID NO: 340-349) were found to show some homology to previously identified sequences. No significant homologies were found to the clones of SEQ ID NO: 350-365.

EXAMPLE 6

PEPTIDE PRIMING OF MICE AND PROPAGATION OF CTL LINES

6.1. This Example illustrates the preparation of a CTL cell line specific for cells expressing the P502S gene.

Mice expressing the transgene for human HLA A2.1 (provided by Dr L. Sherman, The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA) were immunized with P2S#12 peptide (VLGWVAEL; SEQ ID NO: 306), which is derived from the P502S gene (also referred to herein as J1-17, SEQ ID NO: 8), as described by Theobald et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92:11993-11997, 1995 with the following modifications. Mice were immunized with 100 μ g of P2S#12 and 120 μ g of an I-A^b binding peptide derived from hepatitis B Virus protein emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Three weeks later these mice were sacrificed and using a nylon mesh single cell suspensions prepared. Cells were then resuspended at 6×10^6 cells/ml in complete media (RPMI-1640; Gibco BRL, Gaithersburg, MD) containing 10% FCS, 2mM Glutamine (Gibco BRL), sodium pyruvate (Gibco BRL), non-essential amino acids (Gibco BRL), 2×10^{-5} M 2-mercaptoethanol, 50U/ml penicillin and streptomycin, and cultured in the presence of irradiated (3000 rads) P2S#12-pulsed (5mg/ml P2S#12 and 10mg/ml β 2-microglobulin) LPS blasts (A2 transgenic spleens cells cultured in the presence of 7 μ g/ml dextran sulfate and 25 μ g/ml LPS for 3 days). Six days later, cells (5×10^5 /ml) were restimulated with 2.5×10^6 /ml peptide pulsed irradiated (20,000 rads) EL4A2Kb cells (Sherman et al, *Science* 258:815-818, 1992) and 3×10^6 /ml A2 transgenic spleen feeder cells. Cells were cultured in the presence of 20U/ml IL-2. Cells continued to be restimulated on a weekly basis as described, in preparation for cloning the line.

P2S#12 line was cloned by limiting dilution analysis with peptide pulsed EL4 A2Kb tumor cells (1×10^4 cells/ well) as stimulators and A2 transgenic spleen cells

as feeders (5×10^5 cells/ well) grown in the presence of 30U/ml IL-2. On day 14, cells were restimulated as before. On day 21, clones that were growing were isolated and maintained in culture. Several of these clones demonstrated significantly higher reactivity (lysis) against human fibroblasts (HLA A2.1 expressing) transduced with P502S than against control fibroblasts. An example is presented in Figure 1.

This data indicates that P2S #12 represents a naturally processed epitope of the P502S protein that is expressed in the context of the human HLA A2.1 molecule.

6.2. This Example illustrates the preparation of murine CTL lines and CTL clones specific for cells expressing the P501S gene.

This series of experiments were performed similarly to that described above. Mice were immunized with the P1S#10 peptide (SEQ ID NO: 337), which is derived from the P501S gene (also referred to herein as L1-12, SEQ ID NO: 110). The P1S#10 peptide was derived by analysis of the predicted polypeptide sequence for P501S for potential HLA-A2 binding sequences as defined by published HLA-A2 binding motifs (Parker, KC, *et al*, *J. Immunol.*, 152:163, 1994). P1S#10 peptide was synthesized as described in Example 4, and empirically tested for HLA-A2 binding using a T cell based competition assay. Predicted A2 binding peptides were tested for their ability to compete HLA-A2 specific peptide presentation to an HLA-A2 restricted CTL clone (D150M58), which is specific for the HLA-A2 binding influenza matrix peptide fluM58. D150M58 CTL secretes TNF in response to self-presentation of peptide fluM58. In the competition assay, test peptides at 100-200 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ were added to cultures of D150M58 CTL in order to bind HLA-A2 on the CTL. After thirty minutes, CTL cultured with test peptides, or control peptides, were tested for their antigen dose response to the fluM58 peptide in a standard TNF bioassay. As shown in Figure 3, peptide P1S#10 competes HLA-A2 restricted presentation of fluM58, demonstrating that peptide P1S#10 binds HLA-A2.

Mice expressing the transgene for human HLA A2.1 were immunized as described by Theobald *et al.* (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92:11993-11997, 1995) with the following modifications. Mice were immunized with 62.5 μg of P1S #10 and 120 μg

of an I-A^b binding peptide derived from Hepatitis B Virus protein emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Three weeks later these mice were sacrificed and single cell suspensions prepared using a nylon mesh. Cells were then resuspended at 6×10^6 cells/ml in complete media (as described above) and cultured in the presence of irradiated (3000 rads) P1S#10-pulsed ($2\mu\text{g/ml}$ P1S#10 and 10mg/ml $\beta 2$ -microglobulin) LPS blasts (A2 transgenic spleens cells cultured in the presence of $7\mu\text{g/ml}$ dextran sulfate and $25\mu\text{g/ml}$ LPS for 3 days). Six days later cells ($5 \times 10^5/\text{ml}$) were restimulated with $2.5 \times 10^6/\text{ml}$ peptide-pulsed irradiated (20,000 rads) EL4A2Kb cells, as described above, and $3 \times 10^6/\text{ml}$ A2 transgenic spleen feeder cells. Cells were cultured in the presence of 20 U/ml IL-2. Cells were restimulated on a weekly basis in preparation for cloning. After three rounds of *in vitro* stimulations, one line was generated that recognized P1S#10-pulsed Jurkat A2Kb targets and P501S-transduced Jurkat targets as shown in Figure 4.

A P1S#10-specific CTL line was cloned by limiting dilution analysis with peptide pulsed EL4 A2Kb tumor cells (1×10^4 cells/ well) as stimulators and A2 transgenic spleen cells as feeders (5×10^5 cells/ well) grown in the presence of 30U/ml IL-2. On day 14, cells were restimulated as before. On day 21, viable clones were isolated and maintained in culture. As shown in Figure 5, five of these clones demonstrated specific cytolytic reactivity against P501S-transduced Jurkat A2Kb targets. This data indicates that P1S#10 represents a naturally processed epitope of the P501S protein that is expressed in the context of the human HLA-A2.1 molecule.

EXAMPLE 7

ABILITY OF HUMAN T CELLS TO RECOGNIZE PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

This Example illustrates the ability of T cells specific for a prostate tumor polypeptide to recognize human tumor.

Human CD8⁺ T cells were primed *in vitro* to the P2S-12 peptide (SEQ ID NO: 306) derived from P502S (also referred to as J1-17) using dendritic cells according to the protocol of Van Tsai et al. (*Critical Reviews in Immunology* 18:65-75, 1998). The resulting CD8⁺ T cell microcultures were tested for their ability to recognize the P2S-12 peptide presented by autologous fibroblasts or fibroblasts which were transduced to express the P502S gene in a γ -interferon ELISPOT assay (*see* Lalvani et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 186:859-865, 1997). Briefly, titrating numbers of T cells were assayed in duplicate on 10⁴ fibroblasts in the presence of 3 μ g/ml human β_2 -microglobulin and 1 μ g/ml P2S-12 peptide or control E75 peptide. In addition, T cells were simultaneously assayed on autologous fibroblasts transduced with the P502S gene or as a control, fibroblasts transduced with HER-2/*neu*. Prior to the assay, the fibroblasts were treated with 10 ng/ml γ -interferon for 48 hours to upregulate class I MHC expression. One of the microcultures (#5) demonstrated strong recognition of both peptide pulsed fibroblasts as well as transduced fibroblasts in a γ -interferon ELISPOT assay. Figure 2A demonstrates that there was a strong increase in the number of γ -interferon spots with increasing numbers of T cells on fibroblasts pulsed with the P2S-12 peptide (solid bars) but not with the control E75 peptide (open bars). This shows the ability of these T cells to specifically recognize the P2S-12 peptide. As shown in Figure 2B, this microculture also demonstrated an increase in the number of γ -interferon spots with increasing numbers of T cells on fibroblasts transduced to express the P502S gene but not the HER-2/*neu* gene. These results provide additional confirmatory evidence that the P2S-12 peptide is a naturally processed epitope of the P502S protein. Furthermore, this also demonstrates that there exists in the human T cell repertoire, high affinity T cells which are capable of recognizing this epitope. These T cells should also be capable of recognizing human tumors which express the P502S gene.

EXAMPLE 8

PRIMING OF CTL *IN VIVO* USING NAKED DNA IMMUNIZATION WITH A PROSTATE ANTIGEN

The prostate tumor antigen L1-12, as described above, is also referred to as P501S. HLA A2Kb Tg mice (provided by Dr L. Sherman, The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA) were immunized with 100 µg VR10132-P501S either intramuscularly or intradermally. The mice were immunized three times, with a two week interval between immunizations. Two weeks after the last immunization, immune spleen cells were cultured with Jurkat A2Kb-P501S transduced stimulator cells. CTL lines were stimulated weekly. After two weeks of *in vitro* stimulation, CTL activity was assessed against P501S transduced targets. Two out of 8 mice developed strong anti-P501S CTL responses. These results demonstrate that P501S contains at least one naturally processed A2-restricted CTL epitope.

EXAMPLE 9

GENERATION OF HUMAN CTL *IN VITRO* USING WHOLE GENE PRIMING AND STIMULATION TECHNIQUES WITH PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN

Using *in vitro* whole-gene priming with P501S-retrovirally transduced autologous fibroblasts (see, for example, Yee et al, *The Journal of Immunology*, 157(9):4079-86, 1996), human CTL lines were derived that specifically recognize autologous fibroblasts transduced with P501S (also known as L1-12), as determined by interferon-γ ELISPOT analysis as described above. Using a panel of HLA-mismatched fibroblast lines transduced with P501S, these CTL lines were shown to be restricted HLA-A2 class I allele. Specifically, dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal human donors by growing for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml human GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml human IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected overnight with recombinant P501S vaccinia virus at a multiplicity of infection (M.O.I) of five, and matured

overnight by the addition of 3 µg/ml CD40 ligand. Virus was inactivated by UV irradiation. CD8+ T cells were isolated using a magnetic bead system, and priming cultures were initiated using standard culture techniques. Cultures were restimulated every 7-10 days using autologous primary fibroblasts retrovirally transduced with P501S. Following four stimulation cycles, CD8+ T cell lines were identified that specifically produced interferon-γ when stimulated with P501S-transduced autologous fibroblasts. The P501S-specific activity could be sustained by the continued stimulation of the cultures with P501S-transduced fibroblasts in the presence of IL-15. A panel of HLA-mismatched fibroblast lines transduced with P501S were generated to define the restriction allele of the response. By measuring interferon-γ in an ELISPOT assay, the P501S specific response was shown to be restricted by HLA-A2. These results demonstrate that a CD8+ CTL response to P501S can be elicited.

EXAMPLE 10

IDENTIFICATION OF A NATURALLY PROCESSED CTL EPITOPE CONTAINED WITHIN A PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN

The 9-mer peptide p5 (SEQ ID NO: 338) was derived from the P703P antigen (also referred to as P20). The p5 peptide is immunogenic in human HLA-A2 donors and is a naturally processed epitope. Antigen specific CD8+ T cells can be primed following repeated *in vitro* stimulations with monocytes pulsed with p5 peptide. These CTL specifically recognize p5-pulsed target cells in both ELISPOT (as described above) and chromium release assays. Additionally, immunization of HLA-A2 transgenic mice with p5 leads to the generation of CTL lines which recognize a variety of P703P transduced target cells expressing either HLA-A2Kb or HLA-A2. Specifically, HLA-A2 transgenic mice were immunized subcutaneously in the footpad with 100 µg of p5 peptide together with 140 µg of hepatitis B virus core peptide (a Th peptide) in Freund's incomplete adjuvant. Three weeks post immunization, spleen cells from immunized mice were stimulated *in vitro* with peptide-pulsed LPS blasts. CTL activity was assessed by chromium release assay five days after primary *in vitro*

stimulation. Retrovirally transduced cells expressing the control antigen P703P and HLA-A2Kb were used as targets. CTL lines that specifically recognized both p5-pulsed targets as well as P703P-expressing targets were identified.

Human *in vitro* priming experiments demonstrated that the p5 peptide is immunogenic in humans. Dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal human donors by culturing for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml human GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml human IL-4. Following culture, the DC were pulsed with p5 peptide and cultured with GM-CSF and IL-4 together with CD8+ T cell enriched PBMC. CTL lines were restimulated on a weekly basis with p5-pulsed monocytes. Five to six weeks after initiation of the CTL cultures, CTL recognition of p5-pulsed target cells was demonstrated.

EXAMPLE 11

EXPRESSION OF A BREAST TUMOR-DERIVED ANTIGEN IN PROSTATE

Isolation of the antigen B305D from breast tumor by differential display is described in US Patent Application No. 08/700,014, filed August 20, 1996. Several different splice forms of this antigen were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences for these splice forms are provided in SEQ ID NO: 366-375, with the predicted amino acid sequences corresponding to the sequences of SEQ ID NO: 292, 298 and 301-303 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 299-306, respectively.

The expression levels of B305D in a variety of tumor and normal tissues were examined by real time PCR and by Northern analysis. The results indicated that B305D is highly expressed in breast tumor, prostate tumor, normal prostate tumor and normal testes, with expression being low or undetectable in all other tissues examined (colon tumor, lung tumor, ovary tumor, and normal bone marrow, colon, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, skin, small intestine, stomach).

EXAMPLE 12

ELICITATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN-SPECIFIC CTL RESPONSES IN HUMAN BLOOD

This Example illustrates the ability of a prostate tumor antigen to elicit a CTL response in blood of normal humans.

Autologous dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal donors by growth for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml GMCSF and 30 ng/ml IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected overnight with recombinant P501S-expressing vaccinia virus at an M.O.I. of 5 and matured for 8 hours by the addition of 2 micrograms/ml CD40 ligand. Virus was inactivated by UV irradiation, CD8⁺ cells were isolated by positive selection using magnetic beads, and priming cultures were initiated in 24-well plates. Following five stimulation cycles, CD8⁺ lines were identified that specifically produced interferon-gamma when stimulated with autologous P501S-transduced fibroblasts. The P501S-specific activity of cell line 3A-1 could be maintained following additional stimulation cycles on autologous B-LCL transduced with P501S. Line 3A-1 was shown to specifically recognize autologous B-LCL transduced to express P501S, but not EGFP-transduced autologous B-LCL, as measured by cytotoxicity assays (⁵¹Cr release) and interferon-gamma production (Interferon-gamma Elispot; *see above and Lalvani et al., J. Exp. Med. 186:859-865, 1997*). The results of these assays are presented in Figures 6A and 6B.

EXAMPLE 13

IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

This Example describes the isolation of certain prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library as described above was screened using microarray analysis to identify clones that display at least a three fold over-expression in prostate tumor and/or normal prostate tissue, as compared to non-prostate normal tissues (not including testis). 372 clones were identified, and 319 were successfully sequenced. Table I presents a summary of these clones, which are shown in SEQ ID NOs:385-400. Of these sequences SEQ ID NOs:386, 389, 390 and 392 correspond to novel genes, and SEQ ID NOs: 393 and 396 correspond to previously identified sequences. The others (SEQ ID NOs:385, 387, 388, 391, 394, 395 and 397-400) correspond to known sequences, as shown in Table I.

Table I
Summary of Prostate Tumor Antigens

Known Genes	Previously identified Genes	Novel Genes
T-cell gamma chain	P504S	23379 (SEQ ID NO:389)
Kallikrein	P1000C	23399 (SEQ ID NO:392)
Vector	P501S	23320 (SEQ ID NO:386)
CGI-82 protein mRNA (23319; SEQ ID NO:385)	P503S	23381 (SEQ ID NO:390)
PSA	P510S	
Ald. 6 Dehyd.	P784P	
L-iditol-2 dehydrogenase (23376; SEQ ID NO:388)	P502S	
Ets transcription factor PDEF (22672; SEQ ID NO:398)	P706P	
hTGR (22678; SEQ ID NO:399)	19142.2, bangur.seq (22621; SEQ ID NO:396)	
KIAA0295(22685; SEQ ID NO:400)	5566.1 Wang(23404; SEQ ID NO:393)	
Prostatic Acid Phosphatase(22655; SEQ ID NO:397)	P712P	
transglutaminase (22611; SEQ ID NO:395)	P778P	
HDLBP (23508; SEQ ID NO:394)		
CGI-69 Protein(23367; SEQ ID NO:387)		
KIAA0122(23383; SEQ ID NO:391)		
TEEG		

CGI-82 showed 4.06 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as

compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 43% of prostate tumors, 25% normal prostate, not detected in other normal tissues tested. L-Iditol-2 dehydrogenase showed 4.94 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 90% of prostate tumors, 100% of normal prostate, and not detected in other normal tissues tested. Ets transcription factor PDEF showed 5.55 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 47% prostate tumors, 25% normal prostate and not detected in other normal tissues tested. hTGR1 showed 9.11 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 63% of prostate tumors and is not detected in normal tissues tested including normal prostate. KIAA0295 showed 5.59 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 47% of prostate tumors, low to undetectable in normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. Prostatic acid phosphatase showed 9.14 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 67% of prostate tumors, 50% of normal prostate, and not detected in other normal tissues tested. Transglutaminase showed 14.84 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 30% of prostate tumors, 50% of normal prostate, and is not detected in other normal tissues tested. High density lipoprotein binding protein (HDLBP) showed 28.06 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors, 75% of normal prostate, and is undetectable in all other normal tissues tested. CGI-69 showed 3.56 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It is a low abundant gene, detected in more than 90% of prostate tumors, and in 75% normal prostate tissues. The expression of this gene in normal tissues was very low. KIAA0122 showed 4.24 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 57% of prostate tumors, it was undetectable in all normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. 19142.2 bangur showed 23.25 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors and 100% of

normal prostate. It was undetectable in other normal tissues tested. 5566.1 Wang showed 3.31 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors, 75% normal prostate and was also over-expressed in normal bone marrow, pancreas, and activated PBMC. Novel clone 23379 showed 4.86 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was detectable in 97% of prostate tumors and 75% normal prostate and is undetectable in all other normal tissues tested. Novel clone 23399 showed 4.09 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 27% of prostate tumors and was undetectable in all normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. Novel clone 23320 showed 3.15 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was detectable in all prostate tumors and 50% of normal prostate tissues. It was also expressed in normal colon and trachea. Other normal tissues do not express this gene at high level.

EXAMPLE 14

IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY ELECTRONIC SUBTRACTION

This Example describes the use of an electronic subtraction technique to identify prostate tumor antigens.

Potential prostate-specific genes present in the GenBank human EST database were identified by electronic subtraction (similar to that described by Vasmatizis et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95:300-304, 1998). The sequences of EST clones (43,482) derived from various prostate libraries were obtained from the GenBank public human EST database. Each prostate EST sequence was used as a query sequence in a BLASTN (National Center for Biotechnology Information) search against the human EST database. All matches considered identical (length of matching sequence >100 base pairs, density of identical matches over this region > 70%) were grouped

(aligned) together in a cluster. Clusters containing more than 200 ESTs were discarded since they probably represented repetitive elements or highly expressed genes such as those for ribosomal proteins. If two or more clusters shared common ESTs, those clusters were grouped together into a "supercluster," resulting in 4,345 prostate superclusters.

Records for the 479 human cDNA libraries represented in the GenBank release were downloaded to create a database of these cDNA library records. These 479 cDNA libraries were grouped into three groups, Plus (normal prostate and prostate tumor libraries, and breast cell lines, in which expression was desired), Minus (libraries from other normal adult tissues, in which expression was not desirable), and Other (fetal tissue, infant tissue, tissues found only in women, non-prostate tumors and cell lines other than prostate cell lines, in which expression was considered to be irrelevant). A summary of these library groups is presented in Table II.

Table II
Prostate cDNA Libraries and ESTs

Library	# of Libraries	# of ESTs
Plus	25	43,482
Normal	11	18,875
Tumor	11	21,769
Cell lines	3	2,838
Minus	166	
Other	287	

Each supercluster was analyzed in terms of the ESTs within the supercluster. The tissue source of each EST clone was noted and used to classify the superclusters into four groups: Type 1- EST clones found in the Plus group libraries only; no expression detected in Minus or Other group libraries; Type 2- EST clones found in the Plus and Other group libraries only; no expression detected in the Minus group; Type 3- EST clones found in the Plus, Minus and Other group libraries, but the

expression in the Plus group is higher than in either the Minus or Other groups; and Type 4- EST clones found in Plus, Minus and Other group libraries, but the expression in the Plus group is higher than the expression in the Minus group. This analysis identified 4,345 breast clusters (*see* Table III). From these clusters, 3,172 EST clones were ordered from Research Genetics, Inc., and were received as frozen glycerol stocks in 96-well plates.

Table III
Prostate Cluster Summary

Type	# of Superclusters	# of ESTs Ordered
1	688	677
2	2899	2484
3	85	11
4	673	0
Total	4345	3172

The inserts were PCR-amplified using amino-linked PCR primers for Synteni microarray analysis. When more than one PCR product was obtained for a particular clone, that PCR product was not used for expression analysis. In total, 2,528 clones from the electronic subtraction method were analyzed by microarray analysis to identify electronic subtraction breast clones that had high tumor vs. normal tissue mRNA. Such screens were performed using a Synteni (Palo Alto, CA) microarray, according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:2150-2155, 1997). Within these analyses, the clones were arrayed on the chip, which was then probed with fluorescent probes generated from normal and tumor prostate cDNA, as well as various other normal tissues. The slides were scanned and the fluorescence intensity was measured.

Clones with an expression ratio greater than 3 (*i.e.*, the level in prostate tumor cDNA was at least three times the level in normal prostate cDNA) were

identified as prostate tumor-specific sequences (Table IV). The sequences of these clones are provided in SEQ ID NOs:401-453, with certain novel sequences shown in SEQ ID NOs:407, 413, 416-419, 422, 426, 427 and 450.

Table IV
Prostate-tumor Specific Clones

SEQ ID NO.	Sequence Designation	Comments
401	22545	previously identified P1000C
402	22547	previously identified P704P
403	22548	known
404	22550	known
405	22551	PSA
406	22552	prostate secretory protein 94
407	22553	novel
408	22558	previously identified P509S
409	22562	glandular kallikrein
410	22565	previously identified P1000C
411	22567	PAP
412	22568	B1006C (breast tumor antigen)
413	22570	novel
414	22571	PSA
415	22572	previously identified P706P
416	22573	novel
417	22574	novel
418	22575	novel
419	22580	novel
420	22581	PAP
421	22582	prostatic secretory protein 94
422	22583	novel
423	22584	prostatic secretory protein 94
424	22585	prostatic secretory protein 94
425	22586	known
426	22587	novel
427	22588	novel
428	22589	PAP
429	22590	known
430	22591	PSA
431	22592	known
432	22593	Previously identified P777P

433	22594	T cell receptor gamma chain
434	22595	Previously identified P705P
435	22596	Previously identified P707P
436	22847	PAP
437	22848	known
438	22849	prostatic secretory protein 57
439	22851	PAP
440	22852	PAP
441	22853	PAP
442	22854	previously identified P509S
443	22855	previously identified P705P
444	22856	previously identified P774P
445	22857	PSA
446	23601	previously identified P777P
447	23602	PSA
448	23605	PSA
449	23606	PSA
450	23612	novel
451	23614	PSA
452	23618	previously identified P1000C
453	23622	previously identified P705P

EXAMPLE 15

FURTHER IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS
BY MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

This Example describes the isolation of additional prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library as described above was screened using microarray analysis to identify clones that display at least a three fold over-expression in prostate tumor and/or normal prostate tissue, as compared to non-prostate normal tissues (not including testis). 142 clones were identified and sequenced. Certain of these clones are shown in SEQ ID NOs:454-467. Of these sequences SEQ ID NOs:459-461 correspond to novel genes. The others (SEQ ID NOs:454-458 and 461-467) correspond to known sequences.

EXAMPLE 16

FURTHER CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN P710P

This Example describes the full length cloning of P710P.

The prostate cDNA library described above was screened with the P710P fragment described above. One million colonies were plated on LB/Ampicillin plates. Nylon membrane filters were used to lift these colonies, and the cDNAs picked up by these filters were then denatured and cross-linked to the filters by UV light. The P710P fragment was radiolabeled and used to hybridize with the filters. Positive cDNA clones were selected and their cDNAs recovered and sequenced by an automatic ABI Sequencer. Four sequences were obtained, and are presented in SEQ ID NOs:468-471.

From the foregoing, it will be appreciated that, although specific embodiments of the invention have been described herein for the purposes of illustration, various modifications may be made without deviating from the spirit and scope of the invention. Accordingly, the present invention is not limited except as by the appended claims.

CLAIMS

1. An isolated polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(a) sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472;

(b) sequences that hybridize to any of the foregoing sequences under moderately stringent conditions; and

(c) complements of any of the sequence of (a) or (b).

2. An isolated polypeptide according to claim 1, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

3. An isolated polypeptide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 108, 112, 113, 114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 339 and 383.

4. An isolated polynucleotide encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof that differs in one or more

substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

5. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

6. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

7. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence that hybridizes, under moderately stringent conditions, to a sequence recited in any one of

SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

8. An isolated polynucleotide complementary to a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.

9. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.

10. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 9.

11. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according claim 8.

12. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 11.

13. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

14. A vaccine comprising a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

15. A vaccine according to claim 14, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

16. A vaccine according to claim 14, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

17. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 4, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

18. A vaccine comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 4, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

19. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

20. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

21. An isolated antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein that comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

22. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antibody or fragment thereof according to claim 18, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

23. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

24. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 23, wherein the antigen presenting cell is a dendritic cell or a macrophage.

25. A vaccine comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

26. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

27. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

28. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

29. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a polypeptide according to claim 1, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

30. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a polynucleotide according to claim 4, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

31. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antibody or antigen-

binding fragment thereof according to claim 21, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

32. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

33. A method according to claim 32, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

34. A method according to any one of claims 29-32, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.

35. A fusion protein comprising at least one polypeptide according to claim 1.

36. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises an expression enhancer that increases expression of the fusion protein in a host cell transfected with a polynucleotide encoding the fusion protein.

37. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises a T helper epitope that is not present within the polypeptide of claim 1.

38. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises an affinity tag.

39. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein according to claim 35.

40. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a fusion protein according to claim 32, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

41. A vaccine comprising a fusion protein according to claim 35, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

42. A vaccine according to claim 41, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

43. A vaccine according to claim 41, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

44. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 40, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

45. A vaccine comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 40, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

46. A vaccine according to claim 45, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

47. A vaccine according to claim 45, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

48. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 40 or claim 44.

49. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a vaccine according to claim 41 or claim 45.

50. A method for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; and

(ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;

wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the prostate tumor protein from the sample.

51. A method according to claim 50, wherein the biological sample is blood or a fraction thereof.

52. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated according to the method of claim 50.

53. A method for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of:

(i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;

(ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence provided in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;

(iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); and/or

(iv) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);

under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells.

54. An isolated T cell population, comprising T cells prepared according to the method of claim 53.

55. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population according to claim 54.

56. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

(i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;

(ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;

(iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); or

(iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);

such that T cells proliferate; and

(b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

57. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
- (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;
- (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); or
- (iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);

such that T cells proliferate;

- (b) cloning at least one proliferated cell; and
- (c) administering to the patient an effective amount of the cloned T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

58. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; and

(ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and

(c) comparing the amount of polypeptide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

59. A method according to claim 58, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.

60. A method according to claim 59, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

61. A method according to claim 58, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.

62. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent;

(c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and

(d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

63. A method according to claim 62, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.

64. A method according to claim 63, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

65. A method according to claim 62, wherein the cancer is a prostate cancer.

66. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and

(c) comparing the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

67. A method according to claim 66, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

68. A method according to claim 66, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

69. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor

protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide;

(c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and

(d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

70. A method according to claim 69, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

71. A method according to claim 69, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

72. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

- (a) one or more antibodies according to claim 21; and
- (b) a detection reagent comprising a reporter group.

73. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the antibodies are immobilized on a solid support.

74. A kit according to claim 73, wherein the solid support comprises nitrocellulose, latex or a plastic material.

75. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the detection reagent comprises an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or lectin.

76. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the reporter group is selected from the group consisting of radioisotopes, fluorescent groups, luminescent groups, enzymes, biotin and dye particles.

77. An oligonucleotide comprising 10 to 40 nucleotides that hybridize under moderately stringent conditions to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides.

78. A oligonucleotide according to claim 77, wherein the oligonucleotide comprises 10-40 nucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

79. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

- (a) an oligonucleotide according to claim 77; and
- (b) a diagnostic reagent for use in a polymerase chain reaction or hybridization assay.

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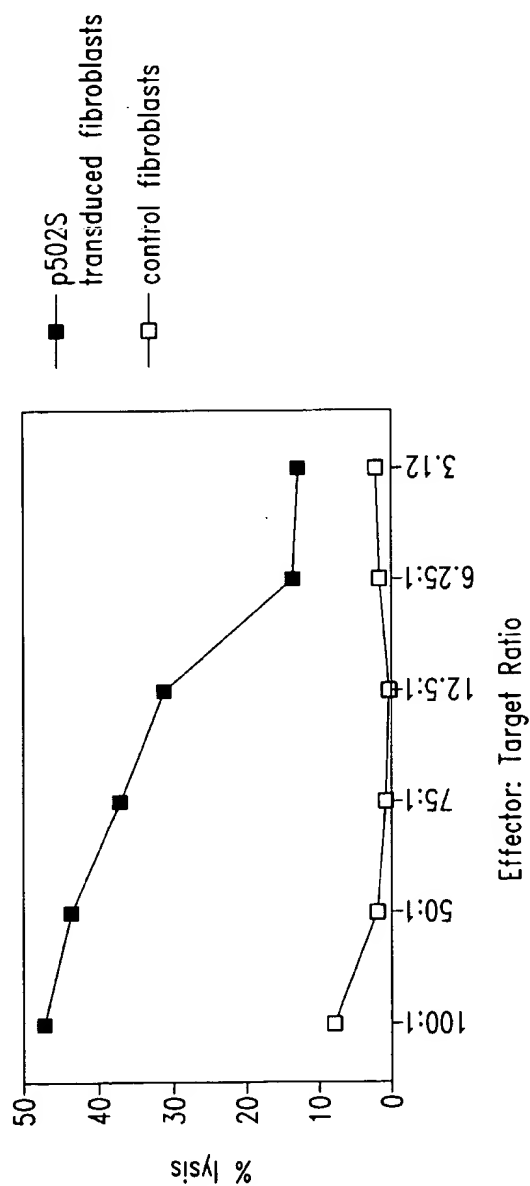
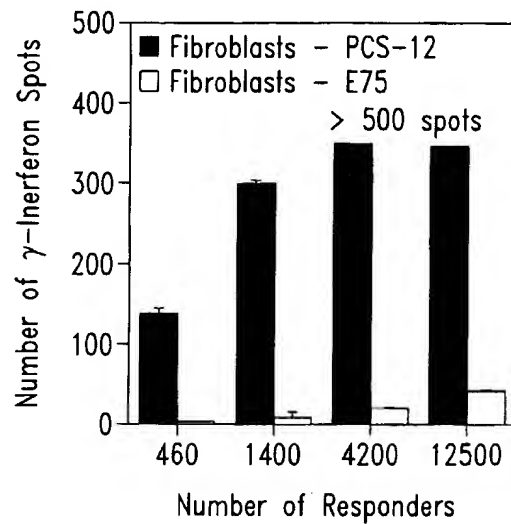
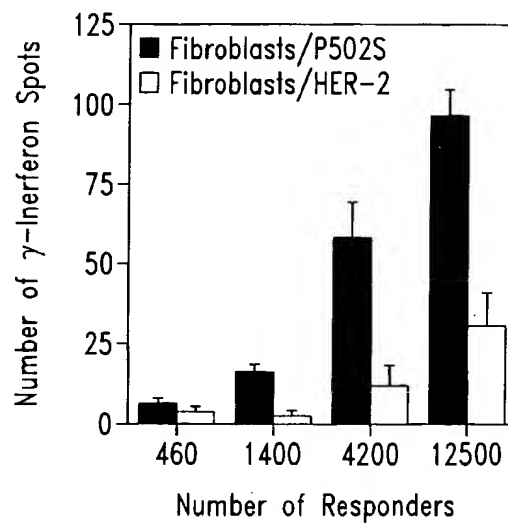


Fig. 1

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*Fig. 2A**Fig. 2B*

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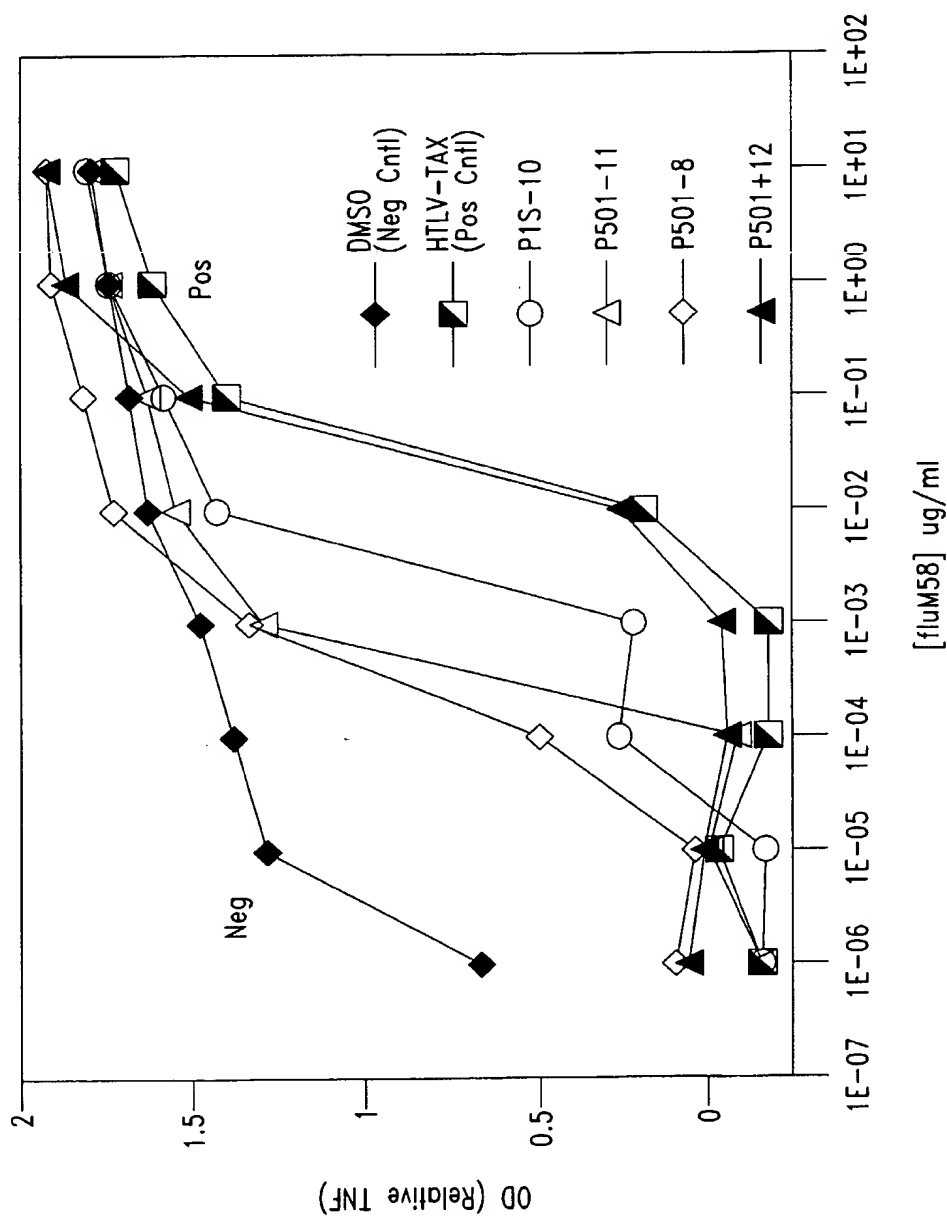


Fig. 3

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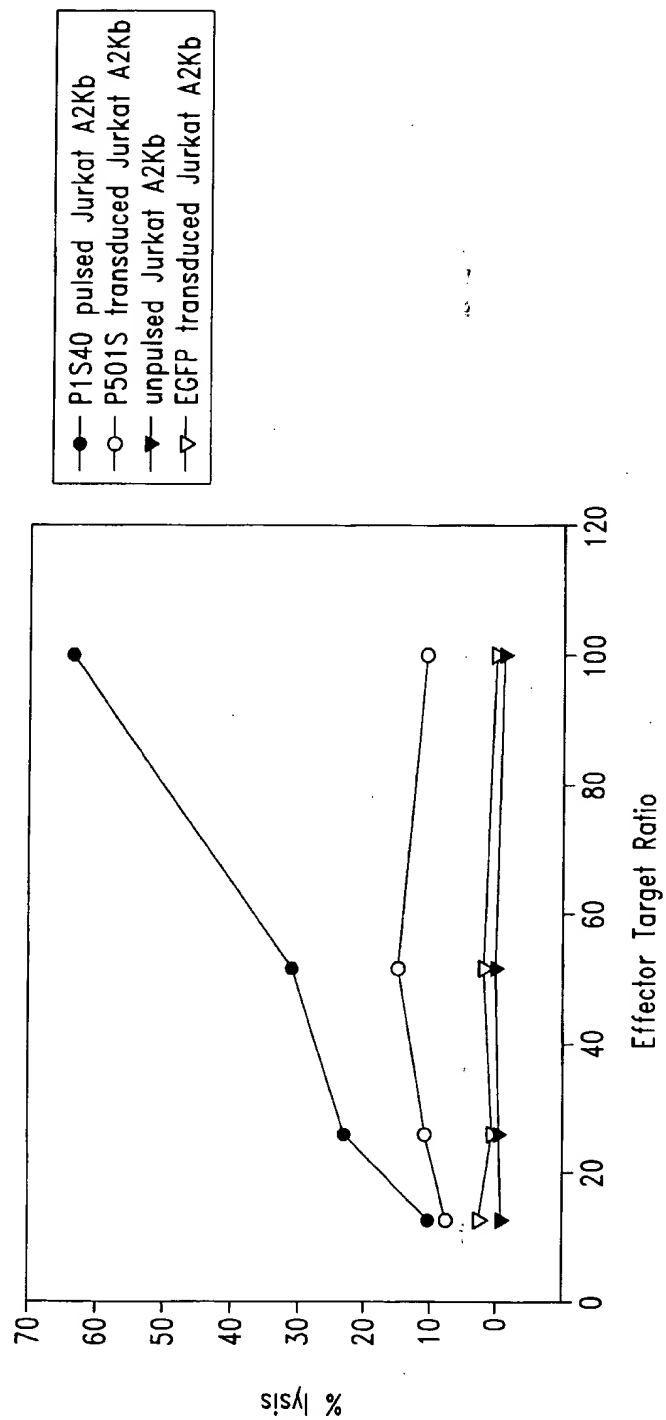


Fig. 4

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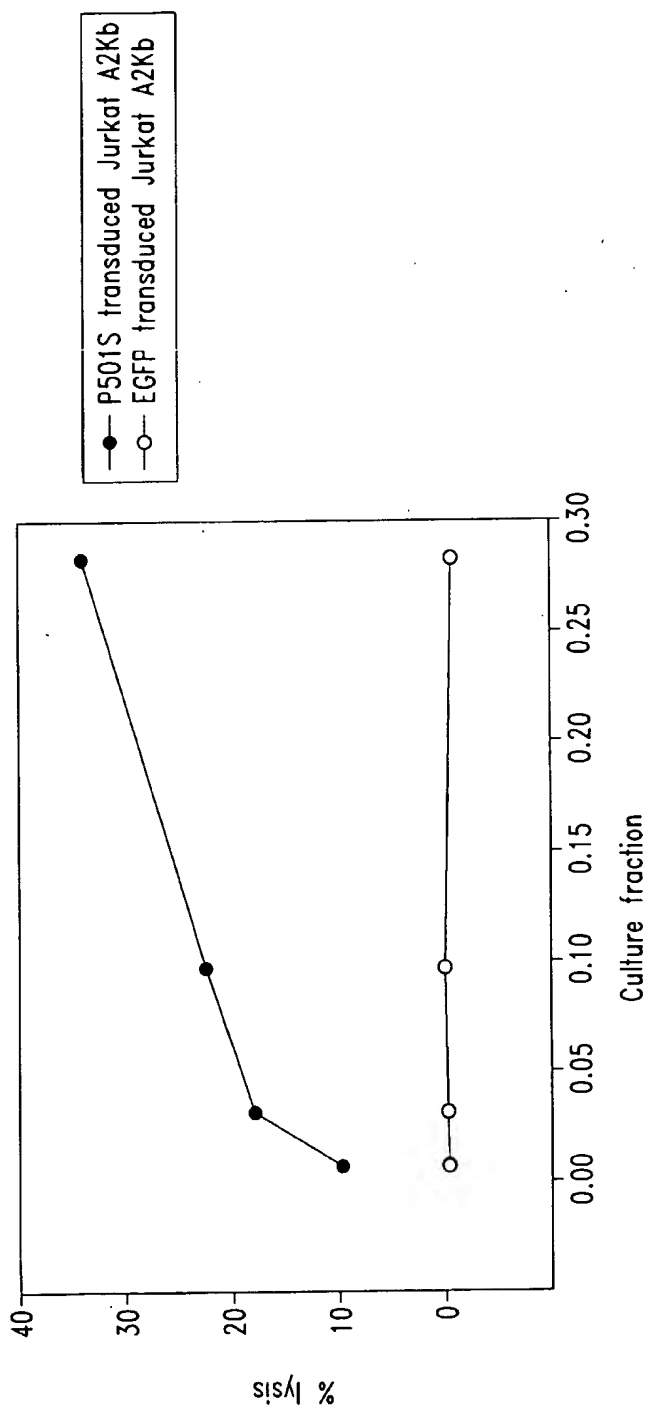
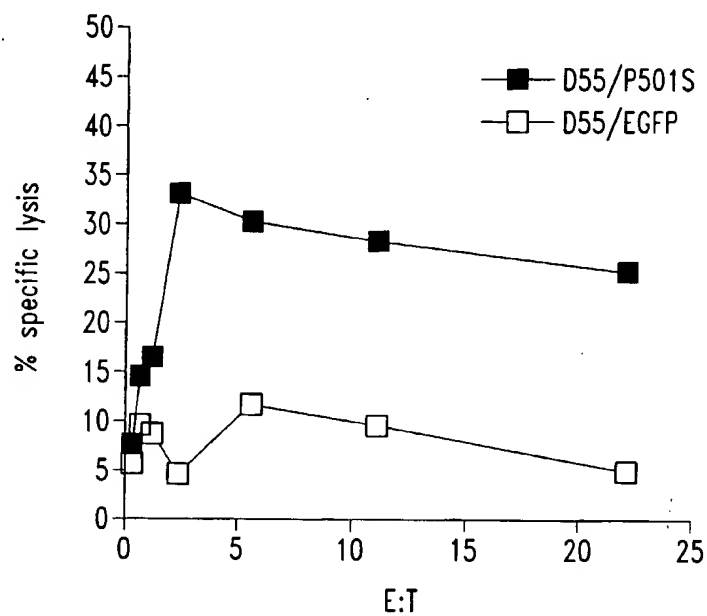
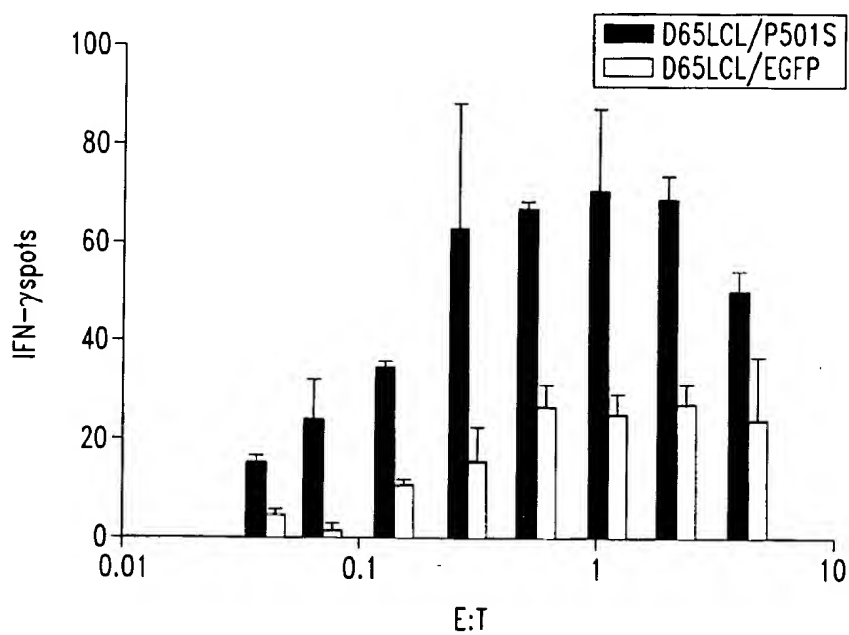


Fig. 5

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*Fig. 6A**Fig. 6B*

SEQUENCE LISTING

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DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER

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tcctcaaaag	tcagaaccgg	agtcacacag	gcatctgtgc	cgtcaaagat	ttgacaccac	180
tctgccttcg	tcttctttgc	aaatacatct	gcaaacttct	tcttcatttc	tgccaatca	240
tccatgctca	tctgattggg	aagtccatca	gactttagtc	canntccttt	gatcagcagc	300
tcgtagaact	ggggttctat	tgctccaaca	gccatgaatt	ccccatctgc	tgctcgttaa	360
gtcgtataga	aaggtgctcc	accatccaac	atgttctgtc	ctogaggggg	ggcccgggtac	420
ccaattcgcc	ctatantgag	tcgtattacg	cgcgctcact	ggcgcgtcgt	ttacaacgtc	480
gtgactggga	aaaccctggg	cgttaccaac	ttaatcgctt	tgagcacat	ccccctttcg	540
ccagctgggc	gtaatanca	aaaggcccgc	accgatcgcc	cttccaacag	ttgcgcacct	600
gaatgggnaa	atgggacccc	cctgttaccg	cgcattnaac	ccccgcnggg	tttngttgtt	660
acccccacnt	nnaccgctta	cactttgcca	ggcgcttanc	gcccgcctcc	tttcnccttt	720
cttcccttcc	tttcnncn	ctttcccccg	gggtttcccc	ontcaaaacc	cna	773

<210> 4
 <211> 828
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(828)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 4						
cctcctgagt	cctactgacc	tgtgctttct	ggtgtggagt	ccagggctgc	taggaaaagg	60
aatgggcaga	cacaggtgta	tgccaatggt	tctgaaatgg	gtataatttc	gtcctctcct	120
tcggaacact	ggctgtctct	gaagacttct	cgctcagttt	cagtgaggac	acacacaaag	180
acgtgggtga	ccatgttgtt	tgtgggggtgc	agagatggga	gggggtggggc	ccaccctgga	240
agagtggaca	gtgacacaag	gtggacactc	tctacagatc	actgaggata	agctggagcc	300
acaatgcatg	aggcacacac	acagcaagga	tgaenctgta	aacatagccc	acgtgtcct	360
gngggcactg	ggaagcctan	atnaggccgt	gagcanaaag	aaggggagga	tccactagtt	420
ctanagcggc	cgccaccgcg	gtgganctcc	anccttttgt	ccctttagtg	agggttaatt	480
gcgcgcttgg	cntaatcatg	gtcatanctn	tttctgtgtg	gaaattgtta	tccgctcaca	540
attccacaca	acatacganc	cggaacata	aantgtaaac	ctgggggtgc	taatgantga	600
ctaactcaca	ttaattgcgt	tgcgctcact	gcccgccttc	caatcnggaa	acctgtcttg	660
ccncttgcat	tnatgaatcn	gccaaacccc	ggggaagagc	gtttgcgttt	tgggcgctct	720
tccgcttctc	cnetcantta	ntccctnenc	tcggtcatte	cggtctgcngc	aaaccggttc	780
accncctcca	aaggggggat	tccggtttcc	ccnaatccgg	gganancc		828

<210> 5
 <211> 834
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(834)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 5

tttttttttt	tttttactga	tagatggaat	ttattaagct	tttcacatgt	gtagcacat	60
agttttaatt	gcaccaaag	tactaacaaa	aactctagca	atcaagaatg	gcagcatgtt	120
atttttataac	aatcaacacc	tgtggctttt	aaaatttgg	tttcataaga	taattttatac	180
tgaagtaaat	ctagccatgc	ttttaaaaaa	tgcttttaggt	cactccaagc	ttggcagtta	240
acatttggca	taaacaataa	taaaacaatc	acaatttaat	aaataacaaa	tacaacattg	300
taggccataa	tcatatacag	tataaggaaa	agggtgtagt	gttgagtaag	cagttattag	360
aatagaatac	cttggcctct	atgcaaatat	gtctagacac	tttgattcac	tcagccctga	420
cattcagttt	tcaaagtagg	agacaggttc	tacagtatca	ttttacagtt	tccaacacat	480
tgaaaaaaag	tagaaaatga	tgagttgatt	tttattaatg	cattacatcc	tcaagagtta	540
tcaccaaccc	ctcagttata	aaaaattttc	aagttatat	agtcataata	cttggtgtgc	600
ttatttttaa	ttagtgtctaa	atggattaag	tgaagacaac	aatggtcccc	taatgtgatt	660
gatattggtc	atttttacca	gcttctaaat	ctnaactttc	aggcttttga	actggaacat	720
tgnatnacag	tgttccanag	ttncaaccta	ctggaacatt	acagtggtgt	tgattcaaaa	780
tgttattttg	ttaaaaatta	aattttaacc	tggtggaaaa	ataatttgaa	atna	834

<210> 6
 <211> 818
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(818)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 6

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	aagaccctca	tcaatagatg	gagacataca	gaaatagtca	60
aaccacatct	acaaaatgcc	agtatcaggc	ggcggcttcg	aagccaaagt	gatgtttgga	120
tgtaaagtga	aatattagtt	ggcggatgaa	gcagatagtg	aggaaagtgt	agccaataat	180
gacgtgaagt	cggtggaagc	ctgtggctac	aaaaaatgtt	gagccgtaga	tgccgtcgga	240
aatggtgaag	ggagactcga	agtactctga	ggctttagtg	agggtaaaaat	agagaccag	300
taaaattgta	ataagcagtg	cttgaattat	ttggtttcgg	ttgttttcta	ttagactatg	360
gtgagctcag	gtgattgata	ctcctgatgc	gagtaatacg	gatgtgttta	ggagtgggac	420
ttctagggga	tttagcgggg	tgatgcctgt	tgggggccag	tgccctccta	gttggggggg	480
aggggctagg	ctggagtggg	aaaaggctca	gaaaaatcct	gcgaagaaaa	aaacttctga	540
ggtaataaat	aggattatcc	cgtatcgaag	gcctttttgg	acaggtggtg	tgtggtggcc	600
ttggtatgtg	ctttctcgtg	ttacatcgcg	ccatcattgg	tatatggtta	gtgtgttggg	660
ttantangg	ctantatgaa	gaacttttgg	antggaatta	aatcaatngc	ttggccggaa	720
gtcattanga	nggctnaaaa	ggccctgtta	ngggtctggg	ctnggtttta	cccnaccat	780
ggaatncccc	ccccggacna	ntgnatccct	attcttaa			818

<210> 7
 <211> 817
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(817)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 7

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cgggccctat	ttcaaagatt	tttaggggaa	ttaattctag	gacgatgggt	atgaaactgt	120
ggtttgctcc	acagatttca	gagcattgac	cgtagtatac	ccccggtcgt	gtagcgggtga	180

aagtggtttg	gtttagacgt	ccgggaattg	catctgtttt	taagccta	gtggggacag	240
ctcatgagtg	caagacgtct	tgtgatgtaa	ttattatacn	aatgggggct	tcaatcgga	300
gtactactcg	attgtcaacg	tcaaggagtc	gcaggtcgcc	tggttctagg	aataatggg	360
gaagtatgta	ggaattgaag	attaatccgc	cgtagtcggt	gttctcctag	gttcaatacc	420
attggtggcc	aattgatttg	atggtaaggg	gagggatcgt	tgaactcgtc	tgttatgtaa	480
aggatncctt	ngggatggga	aggcnatnaa	ggactangga	tnaatggcgg	gcangatatt	540
tcaaacngtc	tctanttcct	gaaacgtctg	aaatgttaat	aanaattaan	tttngttatt	600
gaatnttng	gaaaagggct	tacaggacta	gaaaccaa	angaaaanta	atnntaangg	660
cnttatcntn	aaaggtnata	accnctccta	tnatcccacc	caatngnatt	ccccacnenn	720
acnattggat	nccccanttc	canaaanggc	cncctcccg	tgnannccnc	cttttgttcc	780
cttnantgan	ggttattcnc	ccctngcntt	atcance			817

<210> 8

<211> 799

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(799)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 8

catttccggg	tttactttct	aaggaaagcc	gagcgggaagc	tgctaacgtg	ggaatcggtg	60
cataaggaga	actttctgct	ggcacgcgct	agggacaagc	gggagagcga	ctccgagcgt	120
ctgaagcgca	cgtcccagaa	ggtggacttg	gcactgaaac	agctgggaca	catccgcgag	180
tacgaacagc	gcctgaaagt	gctggagcgg	gaggtccagc	agtgtagccg	cgtcctgggg	240
tgggtggccg	angcctganc	cgtctgcctt	tgtgcccccc	angtgggccc	ccacccccctg	300
aactgcctgg	gtccaaacac	tgagccctgc	tggcggactt	caagganaac	ccccacangg	360
ggattttgct	cctanantaa	ggctcatctg	ggcctcggcc	ccccacactg	gttggccttg	420
tctttgangt	gagccccatg	tccatctggg	ccactgtcng	gaccaccttt	ngggagtgtt	480
ctccttacaa	ccacannatg	cccggctcct	cccggaaaac	antcccance	tgngaaggat	540
caagnccctg	atccactnnt	nctanaaccg	gcncncnccg	cngtggaaac	cnccttntgt	600
tccttttctg	tnagggttaa	tnnccgcttg	gccttnccan	ngtccnccnc	nttttccnnt	660
gttnaaattg	ttangcnccc	nccnntcccn	cnnnnnnan	cccgaaccnn	annttnnann	720
ncctgggggt	nccnnngat	tgaccnnc	nccctntant	tgcnttnggg	nncnntgccc	780
ctttccctct	nggganncg					799

<210> 9

<211> 801

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(801)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 9

acgccttgat	cctcccaggc	tgggactggt	tctgggagga	gccgggcatg	ctgtggtttg	60
taangatgac	actcccaaag	gtggtcctga	cagtggccca	gatggacatg	gggtcacctt	120
caaggacaag	gccaccaggt	gcggggggccg	aagccacat	gatccttact	ctatgagcaa	180
aatcccctgt	gggggcttct	ccttgaagtc	gcgccancag	gctcagtctt	tggacccang	240
caggtcatgg	ggttgtngnc	caactggggg	ccncaacgca	aaanggcnc	gggcctcngn	300
cacccatccc	angacggcgc	tacactnctg	gacctccnc	tccaccactt	tcatgcgctg	360
ttcntacccg	cgnatntgtc	ccanctgttt	cngtgcenac	tccancttct	nggacgtgcg	420
ctacatacgc	cggantcnc	ntcccgcctt	tgteccctatc	cacgtncan	caacaaattt	480
cncntantg	cacnattcc	cacttttnc	agntttccnc	nncgncttc	cttntaaaag	540
ggttganccc	cggaagaatnc	cccaaagggg	gggggccnng	tacccaactn	ccccctnata	600
gctgaantcc	ccatnaccnn	gnctcnatgg	ancntccnt	tttaannacn	ttctnaactt	660
gggaanance	ctcgnccntn	ccccnttaa	tccncccttg	cnangnnct	ccccnntcc	720
ncccnntng	gcntntnann	cnaaaaaggc	cnnnancaa	tctcctnnen	cctcanttcg	780

ccanccctcg aaatcgccn c

801

<210> 10
 <211> 789
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien
 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(789)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 10
 cagtctatnt ggccagtgtg gcagctttcc ctgtggctgc cgggtgccaca tgccctgtccc 60
 acagtgtggc cgtggtgaca gcttcagccg ccctcaccgg gtccaccttc tcagccctgc 120
 agatccctgcc ctacacactg gcctccctct accacgggga gaagcagggtg ttcctgcccc 180
 aataccgagg ggacactgga ggtgctagca gtgaggacag cctgatgacc agcttcctgc 240
 caggccctaa ggcctggagct ccctccctta atggacacgt ggggtgctgga ggcagtggcc 300
 tgctcccacc tccacccgcg ctctgccggg cctctgcctg tgatgtctcc gtacgtgtgg 360
 tgggtgggtga gccaccgan gccagggtgg ttcggggccg gggcatctgc ctggacctgc 420
 ccacccctgga tagtgcttcc tgctgtccca ngtgccccca tccctgttta tgggtcccat 480
 tgtccagctc agccagtctg tcactgccta tatggtgtct gccgcaggcc tgggtctggt 540
 cccatttact ttgctacaca ggtantattt gacaagaacg anttgccaa atactcagcg 600
 ttaaaaaatt ccagcaacat tgggggtgga aggcctgcct cactgggtcc aactccccgc 660
 tcctgttaac cccatggggc tgccggcttg gccgccatt tctgttgctg ccaaantnat 720
 gtggtctctc gctgccacct gttgctggct gaagtgcnta cngcncantc nggggggtng 780
 gngttccc 789

<210> 11
 <211> 772
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien
 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(772)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 11
 cccaccctac ccaaatatta gacaccaaca cagaaaagct agcaatggat tcccttctac 60
 tttgttaaatt aataagttta aatattttaa tgcctgtgtc tctgtgatgg caacagaagg 120
 accaacaggc cacatcctga taaaaggtaa gaggggggtg gatcagcaaa aagacagtgc 180
 tgtgggctga ggggacctgg ttcttgtgtg ttgcccctca ggactcttcc cctacaaata 240
 actttcatat gttcaaattc catggaggag tgtttcatcc tagaaactcc catgcaagag 300
 ctacattaaa cgaagctgca ggttaagggg cttanagatg ggaaaccagg tgactgagtt 360
 tattcagctc ccaaaaaccc ttctctaggt gtgtctcaac taggaggcta gctgttaacc 420
 ctgagcctgg gtaatccacc tgcagagtcc ccgcattcca gtgcatggaa ccttcttggc 480
 ctccctgtat aagtccagac tgaaaccccc ttggaaggnc tccagtccagg cagccctana 540
 aactggggaa aaaagaaaag gacgccccan ccccagctg tgcantacg cacctcaaca 600
 gcacagggtg gcagcaaaaa aaccacttta ctttggcaca aacaaaaact ngggggggca 660
 accccggcac cccnangggg gttaacagga ancngggnaa cntggaacc aattnaggca 720
 ggcccnccac ccnaatntt gctgggaaat ttttctcccc ctaaattntt tc 772

<210> 12
 <211> 751
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien
 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(751)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 12

gcccccaattc	cagctgccac	accacccacg	gtgactgcat	tagttcggat	gtcatacaaa	60
agctgattga	agcaaccctc	tacttttttg	tcgtgagcct	tttgcttggt	gcagggttca	120
ttggctgtgt	tggtgacgtt	gtcattgcaa	cagaatgggg	gaaaggcact	gttctctttg	180
aagtanggtg	agtcctcaaa	atccgtatag	ttggtgaagc	cacagcactt	gagccctttc	240
atggtggtgt	tccacacttg	agtgaagtct	tcctgggaac	cataatcttt	cttgatggca	300
ggcactacca	gcaacgtcag	ggaagtgtc	agccattgtg	gtgtacacca	aggcgaccac	360
agcagctgcn	acctcagcaa	tgaagatgan	gaggangatg	aagaagaacg	tcncgagggc	420
acacttgctc	tcagtcttan	caccatanca	gcccntgaaa	accaananca	aagaccacna	480
cnccggtgc	gatgaagaaa	tnaccccneg	ttgacaaact	tgcatggcac	tggganccac	540
agtggcccn	aaaatcttca	aaaaggatgc	cccatcnatt	gaccccccaa	atgccactg	600
ccaacagggg	ctgccccacn	cncnnaacga	tgancnatt	gnacaagatc	tncttggtct	660
tnatnaacnt	gaacctgcn	tngtggctcc	gtttcaggnc	cnnngcctga	cttctnaann	720
aangaactcn	gaagncccca	cngganannc	g			751

<210> 13

<211> 729

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(729)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 13

gagccaggcg	tcctctgcc	tgccactca	gtggcaacac	ccgggagctg	ttttgtcctt	60
tgtggancct	cagcagtncc	ctctttcaga	actcantgcc	aagancctg	aacaggagcc	120
accatgcagt	gcttcagctt	cattaagacc	atgatgatcc	tcttcaattt	gtcatctttt	180
ctgtgtggtg	cagccctgtt	ggcagtgggc	atctgggtgt	caatcgatgg	ggcatccttt	240
ctgaagatct	tcgggccact	gtcgtccagt	gccatgcagt	ttgtcaacgt	gggtacttcc	300
ctcatcgcg	ccggcggtgt	ggtcttagct	ctaggtttcc	tgggctgcta	tggtgctaag	360
actgagagca	agtgtgccct	cgtgacgttc	ttcttcatcc	tcctcctcat	cttcattgct	420
gaggttgcaa	tgtgtgtgtc	gccttggtgt	acaccacaat	ggctgagcac	ttcctgacgt	480
tgtgtgtaat	gcctgccatc	aanaaaagat	tatgggttcc	caggaanact	tcactcaagt	540
ggttgaacac	caccatgaaa	gggtcgaagt	gctgtggctt	cnnccaacta	tacggatttt	600
gaagantcac	ctacttcaaa	gaaaanagtg	cctttccccc	atttctgttg	caattgacaa	660
acgtccccaa	cacagccaat	tgaaaacctg	cacccaaccc	aaangggtec	ccaaccanaa	720
attnaaggg						729

<210> 14

<211> 816

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(816)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 14

tgtcttctct	caaagtgtgt	cttgttgcca	taacaaccac	cataggtaaa	gcgggcgag	60
tgttcgctga	aggggttgta	gtaccagcgc	gggatgtctt	ccttgacagag	tcctgtgtct	120
ggcagggtcca	cgcagtgcgc	tttgtcactg	gggaaatgga	tgcgctggag	ctcgtcaaaag	180
ccactcgtgt	atttttcaca	ggcagcctcg	tcgcagcgt	cggggcagtt	gggggtgtct	240
tcactctcca	ggaaactgtc	natgcagcag	ccattgtctg	agcggaactg	ggtgggtcta	300
cangtgccag	agcacactgg	atggcgctt	tcctatgnan	gggccctgng	ggaaagtccc	360
tganceccan	anctgcctct	caaaangcccc	accctgcaca	ccccgacagg	ctagaatgga	420
atcttcttcc	cgaaggttag	ttnttcttgt	tgcccaancc	anccccntaa	acaaactctt	480
gcanatctgc	tcgngggggg	tentantacc	ancgtgggaa	aagaacccca	ggcngcgaac	540
caancttgtt	tggnatncgaa	gcnataatct	ncnttctctg	ttggtggaca	gcaccantna	600

ctgtnnanct	ttagnccntg	gtccctcntgg	gttgnncttg	aacctaatcn	ccnntcaact	660
gggacaagg	aantngccnt	cctttnaatt	cccnancntn	ccccctgggt	tggggttttn	720
cncnctccta	ccccagaaan	nccgtgttcc	cccccaacta	ggggccnaaa	ccnnttnttc	780
cacaaccctn	ccccacccac	gggttcngnt	ggttng			816

<210> 15
 <211> 783
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(783)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 15						
ccaaggcctg	ggcaggcata	nacttgaagg	tacaacccca	ggaacccctg	gtgctgaagg	60
atgtggaaaa	cacagattgg	cgctactgc	ggggtgacac	ggatgtcagg	gtagagagga	120
aagacccaaa	ccaggtggaa	ctgtggggac	tcaaggaang	cacctacctg	ttccagctga	180
cagtgaactag	ctcagaccac	ccagaggaca	cgccaacgt	cacagtcact	gtgctgtcca	240
ccaagcagac	agaagactac	tgctcgcac	ccaacaangt	gggtcgtgc	cggggctctt	300
tcccacgctg	gtactatgac	cccacggagc	agatctgcaa	gagtttcgtt	tatggaggct	360
gcttggggcaa	caagaacaac	taccttcggg	aagaagagtg	cattctancc	tgtcnggggtg	420
tgcaagggtg	gcctttgana	ngcanctctg	gggtcangc	gactttcccc	cagggcccct	480
ccatggaaag	gcgccatcca	ntgttctctg	gcacctgtca	gccccaccag	ttccgctgca	540
ncaatggctg	ctgcatcnac	antttcctng	aattgtgaca	acacccccca	ntgcccccaa	600
ccctcccaac	aaagcttccc	tgtnaaaaaa	tacnccantt	ggcttttnac	aaacncccg	660
cncctccttt	ttcccnntn	aacaaagggc	nctngcnttt	gaactgcccn	aaccnnggaa	720
tctnccnngg	aaaaantncc	ccccctgggt	cctnnaancc	cctccnnaa	anctncccc	780
ccc						783

<210> 16
 <211> 801
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(801)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 16						
gccccaatc	cagctgccac	accacccacg	gtgactgcat	tagttcggat	gtcatataaa	60
agctgattga	agcaaccctc	tacttttttg	tcgtgagcct	tttgcttgg	gcaggtttca	120
ttggctgtgt	tggtgacgtt	gtcattgcaa	cagaatgggg	gaaaggcact	gttctctttg	180
aagttaggtg	agtcctcaaa	atccgtatag	ttggtgaagc	cacagcactt	gagccctttc	240
atggtggtgt	tcacacttg	agtgaagtct	tcctgggaac	cataatcttt	cttgatggca	300
ggcactacca	gcaacgtcag	gaagtgtctc	gccattgttg	tgtacaccaa	ggcgaccaca	360
gcagctgcaa	cctcagcaat	gaagatgagg	aggaggatga	agaagaacgt	cncgagggca	420
cacttgctct	cgctcttagc	accatagcag	cccangaaac	caagagcaaa	gaccacaacg	480
ccngctgoga	atgaaagaaa	ntacccacgt	tgacaaaactg	catggccact	ggacgacagt	540
tgggccgaan	atcttcagaa	aagggatgcc	ccatcgattg	aacaccana	tgcccactgc	600
cnacagggct	gcncnncn	gaaagaatga	gccattgaag	aaggatcnc	ntgggtcttaa	660
tgaactgaaa	ccntgcatgg	tggccctgt	tcagggtctct	tggcagtga	ttctganaaa	720
aagggaacngc	ntnagcccc	ccaaangana	aaacaccccc	gggtgttgcc	ctgaattggc	780
ggccaaggan	ccctgccccn	g				801

<210> 17
 <211> 740
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(740)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 17
 gtgagagcca ggcgtccctc tgccctgccca ctcaagtggca acaccgggga gctgttttgt 60
 cctttgtgga gcctcagcag ttccctcttt cagaactcac tgccaagagc cctgaacagg 120
 agccaccatg cagtgcctca gcttcattaa gaccatgatg atcctcttca atttgctcat 180
 ctttctgtgt ggtgcagccc tgttggcagt gggcatcttg gtgtcaatcg atggggcatc 240
 ctttctgaag atcttcgggc cactgtcgtc cagtgccatg cagtttgtca acgtgggcta 300
 ctctctcatc gcagccggcg ttgtgggtctt tgcctcttgg ttccctgggct gctatgggtc 360
 taagacggag agcaagtgtg ccctcgtgac gttcttcttc atcctctctc tcattctcat 420
 tgctgaagt ttgcagctgtg tggctgcctt ggtgtacacc acaatggctg aaccattcct 480
 gacgttgctg gtantgctg ccatcaanaa agattatggg ttcccaggaa aaattcactc 540
 aantntggaa caccnccatg aaaagggctc caatttctgn tggcttcccc aactataccg 600
 gaattttgaa agantcncct tacttccaaa aaaaaanant tgcctttnc cccnttctgt 660
 tgcaatgaaa acntcccaan acngccaatn aaaacctgcc cnnncaaaaa ggntcncaaa 720
 caaaaaaant nnaagggttn 740

<210> 18
 <211> 802
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(802)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 18
 ccgctggttg cgctggtcca gngnagccac gaagcacgtc agcatacaca gcctcaatca 60
 caaggtcttc cagctgccgc acattacgca gggcaagagc ctccagcaac actgcatatg 120
 ggatacactt tacttttagca gccagggtga caactgagag gtgtcgaagc ttattcttct 180
 gagcctctgt tagtgaggga agattccggg cttcagctaa gtatgcagcg tatgtcccat 240
 aagcaaacac tgtgagcagc cggaaggtag aggcaaagtc actctcagcc agctctctaa 300
 cattgggcat gtccagcagt tctccaaaca cgtagacacc agnggcctcc agcacctgat 360
 ggatgagtgt ggcagcgct gcccccttgg ccgacttggc taggagcaga aattgctcct 420
 ggttctgccc tgtcaccttc acttccgcac tcatcactgc actgagtgtg ggggacttgg 480
 gctcaggatg tccagagacg tggttccgcc cctcncctta atgacaccgn ccanncaacc 540
 gtcggctccc gccgantgng ttctgtcgtc ctgggtcagg gtctgttggc cnetacttgc 600
 aancttcgtc nggccatgga aattcaccnc accggaactn gtangatcca ctnnttctat 660
 aaccgngcgc caccgcnntt ggaactccac tcttnttnc tttacttgag ggttaaggtc 720
 acccttncg ttaccttggg ccaaaccntn cctgtgtgog anantngnaa tcngnccna 780
 tnccancnc atangaagcc ng 802

<210> 19
 <211> 731
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(731)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 19
 cnaagcttcc aggtnacggg ccgcnancc tgaccnagg tancanaang cagnncgagg 60
 gagccaccg tcacngngng gngtctttat nggagggggc ggagccacat cnetggacnt 120
 cntgaccca actcccncc ncnantgca gtgatgagt cagaactgaa ggtnacgtgg 180
 caggaaacaa gancaaannc tgctccntc caagtccgcn nagggggcgg ggctggccac 240
 gncatccnt cnagtgtgn aaagcccn cctgtctact tgtttggaga acngcnnga 300

catgccccagn	ggtanataac	nggcngagag	tnantttgcc	tctcccttcc	ggctgcgcan	360
cgngtntgct	tagnggacat	aacctgacta	cttaactgaa	cccnngaate	tnccnccctt	420
ccactaagct	cagaacaaaa	aacttcgaca	ccactcantt	gtcacctgnc	tgctcaagta	480
aagtgtaccc	catncccaat	gtntgctnga	ngctctgncc	tgcnttangt	tcggctctgg	540
gaagacctat	caattnaagc	tatgtttctg	actgcctctt	gtcccttgna	acaancnacc	600
cnnccntcca	aggggggggnc	ggcccccaat	ccccccaacc	ntnaattnan	tttancccn	660
ccccnggcc	cggcctttta	cnancntcnn	nnacngggna	aaaccnnngc	tttncccaac	720
nnaatccncc	t					731

<210> 20
 <211> 754
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc feature
 <222> (1)...(754)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 20						
tttttttttt	tttttttttt	taaaaacccc	ctccattnaa	tgnaaacttc	cgaaattgtc	60
caacccccct	ntccaaatnn	ccntttccgg	gnngggggtc	caaacccean	ttanntttgg	120
annttaaatt	aaatnttntt	tgnggggnna	anccnaatgt	nangaaagtt	naaccanta	180
tnancttnaa	tnccctggaaa	ccngtngntt	ccaaaaatnt	ttaaccctta	antccctccg	240
aaatngttna	nggaaaaccc	aanntctcnt	aagggtgttt	gaaggntnaa	tnaaaanccc	300
nnccaattgt	ttttngccac	gcctgaatta	attggnntcc	gntgttttcc	nttaaaanaa	360
ggnnancccc	ggttantnaa	tccccccnnc	cccaattata	ccganttttt	ttngaattgg	420
gancccnccg	gaattaacgg	ggnnnttccc	tnntgggggg	cnggnncccc	ccccntcggg	480
ggttngggnc	aggnccnaat	tgtttaaggg	tccgaaaaat	ccctccnaga	aaaaaanctc	540
ccaggntgag	nnntnggggtt	cccccccccc	cangggccct	ctcgnaaggt	tggggtttgg	600
ggggcctggg	attttntttc	ccctntttcc	tcccccccc	ccnggganag	aggttngngt	660
tttgnctnnc	ggccccnccn	aaganctttt	ccganttnan	ttaaatccnt	gcctnggcga	720
agtcnnttgn	agggntaaan	ggccccctnn	cggg			754

<210> 21
 <211> 755
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc feature
 <222> (1)...(755)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 21						
atcancccat	gaccccnac	nngggaccnc	tcanccggnc	nnncnacnc	cggecnatca	60
nngtnagnnc	actncnnttn	natcacnccc	cncnactac	gcccncnanc	cnacgcncta	120
nncanatncc	actganngcg	cgangtngan	ngagaaanct	nataccanag	ncaccanacn	180
ccagctgtcc	nanaangcct	nnnatacngg	nnnatccaat	ntgnancctc	cnaagtattn	240
nncnncanat	gattttcctn	anccgattac	ccntncccc	tanccctcc	cccccaacna	300
cgaaggenct	ggncncaagg	nngcgncc	ccgctagntc	cccncaagt	cncnnccta	360
aactcanccn	nattacnccg	ttcntgagta	tactccccg	aatctcacc	tactcaactc	420
aaaaanactn	gatacaaaat	aatncaagcc	tgnttatnac	actntgactg	ggtctctatt	480
ttagnngtcc	ntnaancntc	ctaatacttc	cagtctncc	tcnccaattt	ccnaangget	540
ctttcngaca	gcatnttttg	gttcccnnnt	gggttcttan	ngaattgcc	ttcntngaac	600
gggtcctct	tttccctcgg	ttanccctgg	ttcnnccggc	cagttattat	ttccntttt	660
aaattcctnc	cntttanttt	tggccttcna	aacccccggc	cttgaaaaag	gccccctggt	720
aaaagggtgt	tttganaaaa	ttttgtttt	gttcc			755

<210> 22
 <211> 849
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(849)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 22

tttttttttt	tttttangtg	tngtcgtgca	ggtagaggct	tactacaant	gtgaanacgt	60
acgctnggan	taangcgacc	cgantttctag	gannncnccct	aaaatcanac	tgtgaagatn	120
atcctgnnna	cggaanggtc	accggnngat	nntgctaggg	tgncnctcc	cannncnttn	180
cataactong	nggcctgcc	caccaccttc	ggcgccccng	ngnccgggcc	cgggtcattn	240
gnnttaaccn	cactnngcna	ncggtttccn	nccccnncng	accnnggcga	tccggggtn	300
tctgtcttcc	cctgnagncn	anaaantggg	ccnccggnccc	ctttaccct	nnacaagcca	360
cngcctteta	ncnccngccc	cccctccant	nngggggact	gccnanngt	ccgttncnng	420
nnaccccnnn	gggtncctcg	gttgcgagnt	cnaccgnang	ccanggatc	cnaaggaagg	480
tgcgttnttg	gcccctaccc	ttcgctncgg	nncaaccttc	ccgaananga	nccgctccc	540
cncnncgnng	cctcncctcg	caacacccgc	ncntctngt	ncggnnnccc	ccccacccgc	600
ncctcncnc	ngnccgnancn	ctcncncnc	gtctcannca	ccaccccgcc	ccgccaggcc	660
ntcanccacn	ggnnagcnng	nagcncnttc	gcncgcgcgn	gcgnccct	cgccncngaa	720
ctnctcngg	ccantnnccg	tcaancnna	cnaaacgcgc	ctgcgcggcc	cgnagcgncc	780
ncctcncga	gtcctcccgn	cttcnacc	angnnttccn	cgaggacacn	nnaccccgcc	840
nncangcg						849

<210> 23

<211> 872

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(872)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 23

gcgcaaaacta	tacttcgctc	gnactcgtgc	gcctcgtcnc	tcttttctc	cgcaaccatg	60
tctgaananc	ccgattnggc	ngatatacnan	aagntcganc	agtccaaact	gantaacaca	120
cacacnncan	aganaaatcc	nctgccttcc	anagtanacn	attgaacnng	agaaccangc	180
nggcgaatcg	taatnaggcg	tgcgcgcga	atntgtcnc	gtttattntn	ccagctcnc	240
ctnccnacc	tacntctttn	nagctgtcnn	acccctngtn	cgnaccccc	naggtcggga	300
tcgggtttnn	nntgaccng	cnnccctcc	ccctctccat	nacganccnc	ccgcaccacc	360
nanngcncgc	nccccgnnct	cttcgcnc	ctgtcctntn	ccctgtngc	ctggcncngn	420
accgcattga	ccctgcgcnn	ctnccnngaaa	ncgnanacgt	ccgggttggn	annancgctg	480
tgggnnngcg	tctgcncgc	gttccttccn	ncncttcca	ccatcttct	tacnggtct	540
ccnccgcctc	tcnnncaenc	cctgggacgc	tntcctntgc	cccccttnac	ccccccctt	600
cgncgtgncc	cgccccacc	ntcatttnca	nacgntcttc	acaannncct	ggntnncctc	660
cnancngnnc	gtcanccnag	ggaagggngg	ggnnccnntg	nttgacgtg	ngngangtc	720
cgaanantcc	tcnccntcan	cnetacccct	cgggcgnnct	ctcngttnc	aacttancaa	780
ntctcccccg	ngngcncntc	tcagcctcnc	ccncccnct	ctctgcantg	tncctcgtc	840
tnaccnntac	gantnttcgn	cncctctt	cc			872

<210> 24

<211> 815

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(815)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 24

gcatgcaagc	ttgagtattc	tatagngtca	cctaaatanc	ttggcntaat	catggtcnta	60
nctgncttcc	tgtgtcaaat	gtatacnaa	tanatatgaa	tctnatntga	caagannnga	120
tctntcatta	gtaacaantg	tnntgtccat	cctgtcngan	canattccca	tnnattnnng	180
cgcattcnnc	gncantatn	taatngggaa	ntcnntnnnn	ncaccnnnat	ctatcntncc	240
gncccctgac	tggagagat	ggatnanttc	tnntntgacc	nacatgttca	tcttgagatn	300
aanancccc	cgngnccac	cggttngnng	cnagccnntc	ccaagacctc	ctgtggaggt	360
aacctgcgtc	aganncatca	aacntgggaa	acccgcnncc	angtnnaagt	ngnnncanan	420
gatcccgctc	aggnttnacc	atcccttenc	agcgccccct	ttngtgcctt	anagnnagc	480
gtgtccnanc	cnetcaacat	ganacgcgcc	agnccanccg	caattnggca	caatgtcgnc	540
gaaccccccta	gggggagnta	tncaaanccc	caggattgtc	cncncangaa	atcccnanc	600
ccnccctac	ccnnctttgg	gacngtgacc	aantcccgga	gtncaggtcc	ggcngnctc	660
ccccaccggt	nnccntgggg	gggtgaanct	cngnntcanc	cngncgaggn	ntcgnaagga	720
accggnccctn	ggncgaanng	ancnntcnga	agngccnctn	cgtataaacc	cccccncca	780
nccnacngnt	agntcccccc	cngggtnccg	aangg			815

<210> 25
 <211> 775
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc feature
 <222> (1)...(775)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 25						
cagagatgtc	tcgtccggtg	gccttagctg	tgctcgcgct	actctctctt	tctggcctgg	60
aggctatcca	gcgtactcca	aagattcagg	tttactcacg	tcattccagca	gagaatggaa	120
agtcaaat	cctgaattgc	tatgtgtctg	ggtttcatcc	atccgacatt	gaanttgact	180
tactgaagaa	tgganagaga	attgaaaaag	tggagcattc	agacttgtct	ttcagcaagg	240
actggtcttt	ctatctontg	tactacactg	aattcacc	cactgaaaaa	gatgagatg	300
cctgcggtgt	gaaccatgtg	actttgtcac	agcccaagat	agttaagtgg	gatcgagaca	360
tgtaagcagn	cnncatggaa	gtttgaagat	gccgcatttg	gattggatga	attccaaatt	420
ctgcttgctt	gcntttta	antgatatgc	ntatacacc	taccctttat	gnccccaat	480
tgtaggggtt	acatnantgt	tcnctnngga	catgatcttc	ctttataant	ccnccnttcg	540
aattgcccgt	cnccngttn	ngaattgttc	cnnaaccacg	gttggtctcc	ccaggtcncc	600
tcttacggaa	gggcctgggc	cnctttncaa	ggttggggga	accnaaaatt	tcncttntgc	660
ccncccncca	cnntcttng	nnncanttt	ggaacccttc	cnattccctt	tggcctenna	720
nccttnncta	anaaaacttn	aaancgtngc	naaanntttt	acttcccccc	ttacc	775

<210> 26
 <211> 820
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc feature
 <222> (1)...(820)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 26						
anattantac	agtgtaatct	tttcccagag	gtgtgtanag	ggaacggggc	ctagaggcat	60
cccanagata	ncttatanca	acagtgcctt	gaccaagagc	tgctgggcac	atttctgca	120
gaaaagggtg	cgttccccat	cactcctcct	ctcccatagc	catcccagag	gggtgagtag	180
ccatcangcc	ttcgggtgga	gggagtcang	gaaacaacan	accacagagc	anacagacca	240
ntgatgacca	tgggcgggag	cgagcctctt	ccctgnaccg	gggtggcana	nganagccta	300
nctgaggggt	cacactataa	acgttaacga	ccnagatnan	cacctgcctc	aagtgcaccc	360
ttcctacctg	acnaccagn	accnnnaact	gcngcctggg	gacagcnetg	ggancagcta	420
acnnagcact	cacctgcccc	cccatggccg	tnccgntccc	tggtcctgnc	aagggaagct	480
ccctgtttga	attncgggga	naccaaggga	nccccctcct	ccanctgtga	aggaaaaann	540
gatggaattt	tncccttcg	gcnntcccc	tcttcttta	cacgccccct	ntactcntc	600
tccctctntt	ntcctgnnc	acttttnacc	ccnnnatctc	ccttnattga	tcggannctn	660

ganattccac tnncgctnc cntcnatcng naanacnaaa nactntctna ccnnggggat 720
 gggnnccctcg ntcacccctct ctttttncct accnccnntt ctttgcctct ccttngatca
 780tccaaccntc gntggccntn ccccccnnn tcttttncce
 820

<210> 27
 <211> 818
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(818)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 27
 tctgggtgat ggcctcttcc tctcagggga cctctgactg ctctgggcca aagaatctct 60
 tgtttcttct ccgagcccca ggcagcgggtg attcagccct gcccaacctg attctgatga 120
 ctgcggatgc tgtgacggac ccaaggggca aataggggtcc cagggtccag ggaggggagc 180
 ctgctgagca cttccgcccc tcacctgcc cagccctgc catgagctct gggctgggtc 240
 tccgctcca gggttctgct ctccangca ngccancaag tggcgtggg ccacactggc 300
 ttcttctgct cccctccctg gctctganc tctgtcttcc tgcctgtgc angcnccttg 360
 gatctcagtt tccctcctc anngaactct gttctgann tcttcantta actntgantt 420
 tatnaccnan tggncgtgnc tgtcnnactt taatgggcon gaccggctaa tccctccctc 480
 nctcccttcc anttcnnna accngcttnc cntctctcc ccntancccg ccngggaanc 540
 ctcccttgcc ctnaccangg gccnnnaccg cccntnctn ggggggcnng gtnnctncnc 600
 ctgntncccc cctcncnnt tncctcgtcc cnnccnccn nngcannttc ncngtcccn 660
 tnnctcttct ngntcgnaa ngntcncntn tnnnnngn ngtntntcn tccctctcnc 720
 cnnntgnang tnnttnnnnc ncngncccc nnnccnnnn nggnntntnn tctnccngc 780
 cccncccc ngnattaagg cctcncntct ccggccnc 818

<210> 28
 <211> 731
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(731)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 28
 aggaaggcg gagggatatt gtangggatt gagggatagg agnataangg gggaggtgtg 60
 tccaacatg anggtgnngt tctcttttga angagggttg ngtttttann ccnggtgggt 120
 gattnaaccc cattgtatgg agnnaaagg tttnagggt ttttcggtc ttatcagtat 180
 ntanattcct gtnaatcgga aaatnatnt tcnncnggaa aatnttgct ccacccgnaa 240
 attnctccc ggtagtcat nttnnggggn cngccangtt tcccaggtc ctanaatcgt 300
 actaaagnt naagtgggan tncaaatgaa aacctnnac agagnatccn taccgactg 360
 tnnttnct tgcctctntg actctgcnn agcccaatac ccnngnngat gtcncccn 420
 nnnccgnc tgaannnnnc tcnnggctnn gancatcang gggtttcgca tcaaaagcnn 480
 cgtttcncat naaggcact tngcctcct caaccnctng cctcnncca ttnngcgtc 540
 nggttncct acgctntng cncctnnntn ganatttnc ccgctnggg naancctcct 600
 gnaatggga gggncctntc ttttnaccnn gnggtntact aatcnnctnc acgctnctt 660
 tctnaccct ccccttttt caatccanc ggcnaatggg gtctcccn cgangggggg 720
 nnnccann c 731

<210> 29
 <211> 822
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(822)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 29
actagtccag tgtgggtggaa ttccattgtg ttggggncnc ttctatgant antnttagat      60
cgctcanacc tcacancctc ccnacnangc ctataangaa nannaataga nctgtncnnt      120
atntntacnc tcatanncct cnnnaccacac tccctcttaa cccntactgt gcctatngcn      180
tnnctantct ntgcgcctn cnanccaccn gtgggcnac cncnngnatt ctcnatctcc      240
tcnccatntn gcctananta ngtnacatacc ctatacctac nccaatgcta nnnctaancn      300
tccatnantt annntaacta ccactgacnt ngactttcnc atnanctcct aatttgaatc      360
tactctgact cccacngcct annnattagc ancntcccc nacnatntct caaccaaadc      420
ntcaacaacc tatctantct ttncaccaacc nttncctccg atccccnnac aacccccctc      480
ccaaataccc nccacctgac ncctaaccn caccatcccg gcaagccnan ggcatttan      540
ccactggaat cacnatngga naaaaaaac ccnaactctc tancncnnat ctccctaana      600
aatnctctn naatttactn ncantnccat caancccaen tgaaacnnaa cccctgtttt      660
tanatccctt ctttcgaaaa ccnacccttt annncccaac ctttngggcc ccccnctnc      720
ccnaatgaag gncncccaat cnangaaacg nccntgaaaa ancnaggcna anannntccg      780
canatcctat cccctanttn ggggncctt nccnngggcc cc      822
  
```

<210> 30
 <211> 787
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(787)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 30
cggcgcctg ctctggcaca tgccctcctga atggcatcaa aagtgatgga ctgcccattg      60
ctagagaaga cttctctcc tactgtcatt atggagccct gcagactgag ggctcccctt      120
gtctgcagga tttgatgtct gaagtcgtgg agtggtgctt ggagctctc atctacatna      180
gttggaagcc ctggaggggc tctctcgcca gcctccccct tctctccacg ctctccangg      240
acaccagggg ctccaggcag cccattatcc ccagnangac atgggtgttc tccacgcgga      300
cccatggggc ctgnaaggcc aggtctcct ttgacaccat ctctccgctc ctgcttgcca      360
ggcctgggga tccactantt ctanaacggn cgccaccncg gtgggagctc cagcttttgt      420
tccnttaat gaaggttaat tgcnegcttg gcgtaatcat nggtcanaac tnttccctgt      480
gtgaaattgt ttntccccctc ncnatccnc ncnacatacn aacccggaan cataaagtgt      540
taaagcctgg ggtngcctn nngaataaac tnaactcaat taattgcgtt ggctcatggc      600
ccgctttccn ttcnngaaaa ctgtentccc ctgcnttntt gaatcggcc ccccnnggg      660
aaaagcggtt tgcnttttng ggggntcctt ccncttcccc cctcnctaan cccnccgct      720
cggtcggttc nggtngcggg gaangggnat nnnctccnc naagggggng agnnngntat      780
ccccaaa
  
```

<210> 31
 <211> 799
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(799)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 31
ttttttttt tttttttggc gatgctactg ttttaattgca ggaggtgggg gtgtgtgtac      60
catgtaccag ggctattaga agcaagaagg aaggaggag ggagagcgc cctgctgagc      120
aacaaggagc tctgtcagcc ttctctgtct gtctcttggc gcaggcacat ggggaggcct      180
cccgagggtt gggggccacc agtccagggt tgggagcact acanggggtg ggagtgggtg      240
gtggctggtn cnaatggcct gncacanatc cctacgattc ttgacacctg gatttcacca      300
  
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ggggaccttc	tgttctccca	nggnaacttc	ntnnatctcn	aaagaacaca	actgtttctt	360
cngcanttct	ggctgttcat	ggaaagcaca	ggtgtccnat	ttnggctggg	acttggtaca	420
tatggttccg	gccacacctc	ccntcnaaan	aagtaattca	ccccccccc	ccntctnttg	480
cctgggccct	taantaccca	caccggaact	canttantta	ttcatcttng	gntgggcttg	540
ntnatcnccn	cctgaangcg	ccaagttgaa	aggccacgcc	gtncnccnctc	cccatagnan	600
ntttttnnct	canctaattg	ccccccnggc	aacnatccaa	tccccccccc	tggggggcccc	660
agccccangc	ccccgnetcg	ggnnnccngn	cncgnantcc	ccaggntctc	ccantcngnc	720
ccnnngcncc	cccgcacgca	gaacanaagg	ntngagccnc	cgcannnnnn	nggttnncac	780
ctcgcccccc	ccnnccgng					799

<210> 32
 <211> 789
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(789)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 32						
tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	60
tttttncnag	ggcagggtta	ttgacaacct	cncgggacac	aancaggctg	gggacaggac	120
ggcaacaggc	tccggcgggc	gcggcgggcg	ccctacctgc	ggtaccaa	ntgcagcctc	180
cgtccccgct	tgatnttcc	ctgcagctgc	aggatgccnt	aaaacagggc	ctcgcccntn	240
ggtgggcacc	ctgggatttn	aatttccacg	ggcacaatgc	ggtcgcancc	cctcaccacc	300
nattaggaat	agtggtnnta	ccnccncccg	ttggencact	ccccntggaa	accacttntc	360
gcggctccgg	catctgggtc	taaaccttgc	aaacnctggg	gcctcttttt	tggttantnt	420
ncnccgca	atcatnactc	agactggcnc	gggctggccc	caaaaaan	ccccaaaacc	480
ggncatgtc	ttnnccgggt	tgctgcnatn	tncatcacct	cccgggcnca	ncaggncaac	540
ccaaaagttc	ttngggcccn	caaaaaanct	ccggggggnc	ccagtttcaa	caaagtcac	600
ccccctggcc	cccaaatcct	ccccccgntt	nctgggtttg	ggaaccacag	cctctnnctt	660
tggnnggcaa	gntggntccc	ccttcgggcc	cccggtgggc	ccnctctaa	ngaaaaacnc	720
ntcctnnnca	ccatcccccc	nngnnaacgnc	tancaangna	tccctttttt	tanaaacggg	780
ccccccnccg						789

<210> 33
 <211> 793
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(793)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 33						
gacagaacat	gttggatggt	ggagcacctt	tctatacgac	ttacaggaca	gcagatgggg	60
aattcatggc	tgttggagca	atanaacccc	agttctacga	gctgctgac	aaaggacttg	120
gactaaagtc	tgatgaactt	cccaatcaga	tgagcatgga	tgattggcca	gaaatgaana	180
agaaagtttg	agatgtat	gcaaaaga	cgaaggcaga	gtggtgtcaa	atctttgacg	240
gcacagatgc	ctgtgtgact	ccggttctga	cttttgagga	ggttgttcat	catgatcaca	300
acaangaacg	gggctcggtt	atcaccantg	aggagcagga	cgtgagcccc	cgccctgcac	360
ctctgctgtt	aaacaccccc	gccatccctt	ctttcaaaa	ggatccacta	cttctagagc	420
ggncgccacc	gcggtggagc	tccagctttt	gttcccttta	gtgaggggta	attgcgcgct	480
tggcgtaatc	atggtcatan	ctgtttcctg	tgtgaaattg	ttatccgctc	acaattccac	540
acaacatacg	anccggaagc	atnaaatatt	aaagcctgg	ggtngcctaa	tgantgaact	600
nactcacatt	aatggccttt	gcgctcactg	cccgctttcc	agtccggaaa	acctgtcctt	660
gccagctgcc	nttaatgaat	cnggccaccc	cccggggaaa	aggcngtttg	cttnttgggg	720
cgcncctccc	gctttctcgc	ttcctgaant	ccttcccccc	ggtctttcgg	cttgccgcna	780
acggtatcna	cct					793

<210> 34
 <211> 756
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(756)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 34
 gccgcgaccg gcatgtacga gcaactcaag ggcgagtga accgtaaaag ccccaatctt 60
 ancaagtgcg gggaanagct gggtcgactc aagctagtct ttctggagct caacttcttg 120
 ccaaccacag ggaccaagct gaccaaacag cagctaattc tggcccggtga catactggag 180
 atcgggggccc aatggagcat cctacgcaan gacatccctt ccttcgagcg ctacatggcc 240
 cagctcaaat gctactactt tgattacaan gagcagctcc ccgagtcagc ctatatgcac 300
 cagctcttgg gcctcaacct cctcttcttg ctgtcccaga accgggtggc tgantnccac 360
 acgganttgg ancggtctgc tgcccanga aatacanacc aatgtctaca tcnaccacca 420
 gtgtcctgga gcaatactga tgganggcag ctaccncaaa gtnttctctg ccnagggtaa 480
 catccccgcg cgagagctac accttcttca ttgacatcct gctcgacact atcagggatg 540
 aaaatcgcn ggttgctcca gaaaggctnc aanaanatcc ttttcnctga aggcccccgg 600
 atncnctagt nctagaatcg gcccgccatc gcggtgganc ctccaacctt tcgttnccct 660
 ttactgaggg ttnattgccg cccttggcgt tatcatggc acncnngttn cctgtgttga 720
 aattnttaac ccccacaaat tccacgcena cattnng 756

<210> 35
 <211> 834
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(834)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 35
 ggggatctct anactnacct gnatgcatgg ttgtcgggtg ggtcgtctgc gatgaanatg 60
 aacaggatct tgcccttgaa gctctcggtt gctgtnttta agttgctcag tctgccgtca 120
 tagtcagaca cncctctggg caaaaaacan caggatntga gtcttgattt cacctccaat 180
 aatcttcngg gctgtctgct cgggtgaactc gatgacnang ggcagctggg tgtgtntgat 240
 aaantocanc angttctcct tggtagacct cccttcaaag ttgttccggc cttcatcaaa 300
 cttctnnaan angannancc canctttgtc gagctggnat ttgganaaca cgtcactgtt 360
 ggaaactgat cccaaatggg atgtcatcca tcgcctctgc tgccctgcaa aaacttgctt 420
 ggcncaaaac cgactccccc tccttgaaaag aagccnatca cccccccctc cctggactcc 480
 nncaangact ctncgcgtnc ccntccnng cagggttggg ggcanncgg gcccntgcgc 540
 ttcttcagcc agttcaenat nttcatcagc cctctgcca gctgtntat tccttggggg 600
 ggaanccgtc tctcccttcc tgaannaact ttgaccgtng gaatagccgc gcntcnccnt 660
 acntnctggg ccgggttcaa antccctccn ttgnennten cctcgggcca ttctggattt 720
 nccnaacttt ttccttcccc cnccccncgg ngtttggntt ttcatnngg ccccaactct 780
 gctnttggcc antcccctgg gggcntntan cnccccctnt ggtcccntng ggcc 834

<210> 36
 <211> 814
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(814)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 36

cgngcgettt	ccngccgcgc	cccgtttcca	tgaacnaaggc	teccttcang	ttaaatacn	60
cctagnaaac	attaatgggt	tgtctacta	atacatcata	cnaaccagta	agcctgcca	120
naacgccaac	tcaggccatt	cctaccaaag	gaagaaaggc	tggtctctcc	acccctgta	180
ggaaaggcct	gccttgtaag	acaccacaat	ncggctgaat	ctnaagtctt	gtgttttact	240
aatggaaaaa	aaaaataaac	aanaggtttt	gttctcatgg	ctgcccaccg	cagcctggca	300
ctaaaacanc	ccagcgctca	cttctgcttg	ganaaatatt	ctttgctctt	ttggacatca	360
ggcttgatgg	tatcactgcc	acntttccac	ccagctgggc	nccttcccc	catntttgtc	420
antganctgg	aaggcctgaa	ncttagtctc	caaaagtctc	ngcccacaag	accggccacc	480
aggggagntc	ntttncagt	gatctgccaa	anantaccn	tatcatcnnt	gaataaaaaag	540
gcccctgaac	ganatgcttc	cancancctt	taagacccat	aatcctngaa	ccatggtgcc	600
cttcgggtct	gatccnaaag	gaatgttcct	gggtcccant	ccctcctttg	ttncctacgt	660
tgtnttggac	ccntgctngn	atnaccnaan	tganatcccc	ngaagcacc	tnccctggc	720
atttganttt	cntaaattct	ctgccctacn	nctgaaagca	cnattccctn	ggcncnaan	780
ggngaactca	agaaggtctn	ngaaaaacca	cncn			814

<210> 37
 <211> 760
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(760)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 37						
gcacgtctgt	cttctcaaaa	gttgttcttg	ttgccataac	aaccaccata	ggtaaagcgg	60
gcgcagtggt	cgtggaagg	gtttagtagt	cagcgcgga	tgctctcctt	gcagagtcct	120
gtgtctggca	gggtccacga	atgccctttg	tactgggga	aatggatgcg	ctggagctcg	180
tcnaanccac	tcgtgtattt	ttcacangca	gcctcctccg	aagcctccgg	gcagttgggg	240
gtgtcgtcac	actccactaa	actgtcgatn	cancagccca	ttgctgcagc	ggaactgggt	300
gggctgacag	gtgccagaac	acactggatn	ggcctttcca	tggaaaggcc	tgggggaaat	360
cncctnancc	caaactgcct	ctcaaaggcc	acottgcaca	ccccgacagg	ctagaaatgc	420
actcttcttc	ccaaaggtag	ttgttcttgt	tgcccaagca	ncctccanca	aacccaaaanc	480
ttgcaaaatc	tgctccgtgg	gggtcatnnn	taccanggtt	ggggaaaana	acccggcnng	540
ganccncctt	gtttgaatgc	naaggnaata	atcctcctgt	cttgcttggg	tggaaanagca	600
caattgaact	gttaacnttg	ggccnggttc	cncntnggtg	gtctgaaact	aatcacgcgc	660
actggaaaaa	ggtangtgcc	ttccttgaat	tcccaaannt	cccctngntt	tgggtntttt	720
ctcctctncc	ctaaaaatcg	tnttcccccc	centanggcg			760

<210> 38
 <211> 724
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(724)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 38						
tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttaaaaa	ccccctccat	tgaatgaaaa	60
cttcnnaaat	tgtccaaccc	cctcnnccaa	atnnccattt	ccgggggggg	gttcctaaacc	120
caaattaatt	ttgganttta	aattaaatnt	tnattngggg	aanaanccaa	atgtnaagaa	180
aatttaaccc	attatnaact	taaatncctn	gaaacccntg	gnttccaaaa	atttttaacc	240
cttaaatccc	tccgaaattg	ntaanggaaa	accaaattcn	cctaaggctn	tttgaaggtt	300
ngatttaaac	ccccttnant	tnttttnacc	cnngnctnaa	ntatttngnt	tccggtgttt	360
tcctnttaan	cntnggtaac	tcccgnntat	gaannnccct	aanccaatta	aaccgaattt	420
tttttgaatt	ggaaattccn	ngggaattna	ccgggggttt	tccnttttgg	gggccatncc	480
ccncttttcg	gggtttgggn	ntaggttgaa	tttttnnang	ncccaaaaaa	ncccccaana	540
aaaaaactcc	caagnnttaa	ttngaantnc	ccccctccca	ggccttttgg	gaaaggnngg	600
ttnttggggg	ccngggantt	cnttcccccn	ttncncccc	cccccnnggt	aaanggttat	660

ngnnttttgggt ttttggggccc cttnangggac cttccggatn gaaattaaat ccccggnncg 720
gccg 724

<210> 39
<211> 751
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(751)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 39
tttttttttt tttttctttg ctcacattta atttttattt tgattttttt taatgctgca 60
caacacaata tttatttcat ttgtttcttt tatttcattt tatttgtttg ctgctgctgt 120
tttattttatt tttactgaaa gtgagaggga acttttgggg ccttttttcc tttttctgta 180
ggccgcctta agctttctaa atttggaaac tctaagcaag ctgaanggaa aaggggggtt 240
cgcaaaatca ctggggggaa nggaaagggt gctttgttaa tcatgcccta tgggtgggtga 300
ttaactgctt gtacaattac ntttcacttt taattaattg tgctnaangc ttttaattana 360
cttgggggtt ccttccccc accaaccctt ctgacaaaaa gtgccngccc tcaaatnatg 420
tccccgcnnnt cnttgaaaaca cacngcngaa ngttctcatt ntcccnccnc caggtnaaaa 480
tgaagggtta ccatntttta cncacactcc acntggcnnn gcctgaatcc tcnaaaancn 540
ccctcaancn aattnctnng ccccggtcnc gcntnngtcc cncccgggct ccgggaantn 600
cacccccnga annccntnnc naacnaaatt ccgaaaatat tcccnntcnc tcaattcccc 660
cnnagactnt cctcnnncan cncaattttc ttttnntcac gaacncgnnc cnaaaatgn 720
nnnncnctc cncnngtcn naatcnccan c 751

<210> 40
<211> 753
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(753)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 40
gtgggtatttt ctgtaagatc aggtgttcct ccctcgtagg tttagaggaa acaccctcat 60
agatgaaaaac ccccccgaga cagcagcact gcaactgcca agcagccggg gtaggagggg 120
cgccctatgc acagctgggc ccttgagaca gcagggttc gatgtcaggc tcgatgtcaa 180
tgggtctggaa gcggcggtg tacctgcgta ggggcacacc gtcagggcc accaggaaact 240
tctcaaagtt ccaggcaacn tggttgcgac acaccggaga ccagggtgatn agcttgggggt 300
cggtcataa cggggtggcg tggctgctgg gagctggcag ggcctcccgc aggaaggcna 360
ataaaagggt gcgccccgca ccgttcant cgcacttctc naanaccatg angttggggt 420
cnaaccacc accannccg acttccttga nggaattccc aaatctcttc gntcttgggc 480
ttctnctgat gccctanctg gttgccnngn atgccaanca nccccaancc ccggggtcct 540
aaancaccn cctcctctt tcatctgggt tnttntcccc ggacntgggt tcctctcaag 600
ggancccata tctcnaccan tactcacnt nccccccnt gnnaccanc cttctanngn 660
tcccccccg nccctctggc cntcaaan gcttncaena cctgggtctg ctttcccccc 720
tnccctatct gnaccccn tttgtctcan tnt 753

<210> 41
<211> 341
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 41
actatatcca tcacaacaga catgcttcat cccatagact tcttgacata gcttcaaagt 60
agtgaacca tccttgattt atatacatat atgttctcag tattttggga gcctttccac 120
ttctttaaac cttgttcatt atgaacactg aaaataggaa tttgtgaaga gttaaaaagt 180

tatagcttgt	ttacgtagta	agtttttgaa	gtctacattc	aatccagaca	cttagttgag	240
tgttaaactg	tgatttttta	aaaatatcat	ttgagaatat	tctttcagag	gtattttcat	300
ttttactttt	tgattaattg	tgttttatat	attagggtag	t		341

<210> 42
 <211> 101
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 42						
acttactgaa	tttagttctg	tgctcttcct	tatttagtgt	tgtatcataa	atactttgat	60
gtttcaaaca	ttctaaataa	ataattttca	gtggcttcat	a		101

<210> 43
 <211> 305
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 43						
acatctttgt	tacagtctaa	gatgtgttct	taaatcacca	ttccttcctg	gtcctcaccc	60
tccagggtgg	tctcacactg	taattagagc	tattgaggag	tctttacagc	aaattaagat	120
tcagatgcct	tgctaagtct	agagttctag	agttatgttt	cagaaagtct	aagaaaccca	180
cctcttgaga	ggtcagtaaa	gaggacttaa	tatttcatat	ctacaaaatg	accacaggat	240
tggatacaga	acgagagtta	tcctggataa	ctcagagctg	agtacctgcc	cgggggcccgc	300
tcgaa						305

<210> 44
 <211> 852
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(852)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 44						
acataaatat	cagagaaaaag	tagtctttga	aatatttacg	tccaggagtt	ctttgtttct	60
gattatttgg	tgtgtgtttt	ggtttgtgtc	caaagtattg	gcagcttcag	ttttcatttt	120
ctctccatcc	tcgggcattc	ttcccaaatt	tatataccag	tcttcgtcca	tccacacgct	180
ccagaatttc	tctttttag	taatatctca	tagctcggct	gagcttttca	taggtcatgc	240
tgctgttgtt	cttcttttta	cccatagct	gagccactgc	ctctgatttc	aagaacctga	300
agacgcccctc	agatcgggtct	tcccatttta	ttaatcctgg	gttcttgtct	gggttcaaga	360
ggatgtcgcg	gatgaattcc	cataagttag	tccctctcgg	gttgtgcttt	ttgggtgggc	420
acttggcagg	ggggtcttgc	tcctttttca	tatcagggtga	ctctgcaaca	ggaagggtgac	480
tggtgggtgt	catggagatc	tgagcccggc	agaaagtttt	gctgtccaac	aaatctactg	540
tgctaccata	gttgggtgtca	tataaatagt	tctngtcttt	ccagggtgtc	atgatggaag	600
gctcagtttg	ttcagtcctg	acaatgacat	tgtgtgtgga	ctggaacagg	tcactactgc	660
actggccggt	ccacttcaga	tgctgcaagt	tgctgtagag	gagntgcccc	gccgtccctg	720
ccgcccgggt	gaactcctgc	aaactcatgc	tgcaaagggt	ctcgccgttg	atgtcgaaact	780
cntggaaagg	gatacaattg	gcattccagct	ggttgggtgc	caggagggtga	tggagccact	840
cccacacctg	gt					852

<210> 45
 <211> 234
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 45						
acaacagacc	cttgctcgct	aacgacctca	tgctcatcaa	gttggacgaa	tccgtgtccg	60
agtctgacac	catccggagc	atcagcattg	cttcgcagtg	ccctaccgcg	gggaactctt	120
gcctcgtttc	tggtctgggt	ctgctggcga	acggcagaat	gcctaccgtg	ctgcagtgcg	180

tgaacgtgtc ggtggtgtct gaggaggtct gcagtaagct ctatgacccg ctgt 234

<210> 46
 <211> 590
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(590)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 46
 acttttttatt taaatgttta taaggcagat ctatgagaat gatagaaaac atggtgtgta 60
 atttgatagc aatatttttg agattacaga gttttagtaa ttaccaatta cacagttaaa 120
 aagaagataa tatattccaa gcanatacaa aatatctaat gaaagatcaa ggcaggaaaa 180
 tgantataac taattgacaa tggaaaatca attttaatgt gaattgcaca ttatccttta 240
 aaagctttca aaanaaanaa ttattgcagt ctanttaatt caaacagtgt taaatggtat 300
 caggataaan aactgaaggc canaaagaat taattttcac ttcatgtaac ncacccanat 360
 ttacaatggc ttaaatgcan ggaaaaagca gtggaagtag ggaagtantc aagggtctttc 420
 tggctctctaa tctgccttac tctttgggtg tggctttgat cctctggaga cagctgccag 480
 ggctcctggt atattccaaa tcccagcagc aagatgaagg gatgaaaaag gacacatgct 540
 gccttccttt gaggagactt catctcactg gccaacactc agtcacatgt 590

<210> 47
 <211> 774
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(774)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 47
 acaagggggc ataatgaagg agtgggggana gatttttaaag aaggaaaaaa aacgaggccc 60
 tgaacagaat tttcctgnac aacggggcctt caaaataatt ttcttgggga ggttcaagac 120
 gcttcaactgc ttgaaactta aatggatgtg ggacanaatt ttctgtaatg accctgaggg 180
 cattacagac gggactctgg gaggaaggat aaacagaaag gggacaaagg ctaatcccaa 240
 aacatcaaag aaaggaaggt ggcgtcatac ctcccagcct acacagttct ccagggtctt 300
 cctcatccct ggaggacgac agtggaggaa caactgacca tgtccccagg ctctgtgtg 360
 ctggctcctg gtcttcagcc ccagctctg gaagcccacc ctctgctgat cctgcgtggc 420
 ccacactcct tgaacacaca tcccaggtt atattcctgg acatggctga acctcctatt 480
 cctacttccg agatgccttg ctccctgcag cctgtcaaaa tcccactcac cctccaaacc 540
 acggcatggg aagcctttct gacttgcttg attactccag catcttgga caatccctga 600
 ttccccactc cttagaggca agataggggtg gtttaagagta gggctggacc acttgagacc 660
 aggctgctgg cttcaaattn tggctcattt acgagctatg ggacctggg caagtnatct 720
 tcactttctat gggcntcatt ttgttctacc tgcaaaatgg gggataataa tagt 774

<210> 48
 <211> 124
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(124)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 48
 canaaattga aattttataa aaaggcattt ttctcttata tccataaaat gatataattt 60
 ttgcaantat anaaatgtgt cataaattat aatgttcctt aattacagct caacgcaact 120

tggt 124

<210> 49
 <211> 147
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(147)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 49
 gccgatgcta ctatcttatt gcaggaggtg ggggtgtttt tattattctc tcaacagctt 60
 tgtgggtaca ggtggtgtct gactgcatna aaaanttttt tacgggtgat tgcaaaaatt 120
 ttagggcacc catatcccaa gcantgt 147

<210> 50
 <211> 107
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 50
 acattaaatt aataaaaagga ctgttggggt tctgctaaaa cacatggctt gatattttgc 60
 atggtttgag gttaggagga gttaggcata tgttttggga gaggggt 107

<210> 51
 <211> 204
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 51
 gtcttaggaa gtctagggga cacacgactc tggggtcacg gggccgacac acttgcacgg 60
 cgggaaggaa aggcagagaa gtgacaccgt cagggggaaa tgacagaaag gaaaatcaag 120
 gccttgcaag gtcagaaaagg ggactcaggg cttccaccac agccctgcc cacttgcca 180
 cctccctttt gggaccagca atgt 204

<210> 52
 <211> 491
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(491)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 52
 acaaagataa catttatctt ataacaaaaa tttgatagtt ttaaaggtta gtattgtgta 60
 ggggtatttc caaaagacta aagagataac tcaggtaaaa agttagaaat gtataaaaca 120
 ccatcagaca ggttttttaa aaacaacata ttacaaaatt agacaatcat ccttaaaaaa 180
 aaaacttctt gtatcaattt cttttgttca aaatgactga ctttaantatt tttaaatatt 240
 tcanaaacac ttcctcaaaa attttcaana tggtagcttt canatgtnc ctcagtccca 300
 atgttgctca gataaataaa tctcgtgaga acttaccacc caccacaagc tttctggggc 360
 atgcaacagt gtcttttctt tnccttttct tttttttttt ttacaggcac agaaactcat 420
 caattttatt tggataacaa aggttctcca aatttatatt aaaaataaat ccaagttaat 480
 atcactcttg t 491

<210> 53
 <211> 484
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(484)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 53
 acataattta gcagggctaa ttaccataag atgctattta ttaanaggtn tatgatctga 60
 gtattaacag ttgctgaagt ttgggtatttt tatgcagcat tttctttttg ctttgataac 120
 actacagaac ccttaaggac actgaaaatt agtaagtaaa gttcagaaac attagctgct 180
 caatcaaate tctacataac actatagtaa ttaaaacggt aaaaaaaagt gttgaaatct 240
 gcactagtat anaccgctcc tgtcaggata anactgcttt ggaacagaaa gggaaaaanc 300
 agctttgant ttctttgtgc tgatangagg aaaggctgaa ttacctgtt gcctctccct 360
 aatgattggc aggtcnggta aatnccaaaa catattccaa ctcaacactt cttttccncc 420
 tancttgant ctgtgtattc caggancagg cggatggaat gggccagccc ncggatgttc 480
 cant 484

<210> 54
 <211> 151
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 54
 actaaacctc gtgcttgtga actccataca gaaaacgggtg ccatccctga acacggctgg 60
 ccactgggta tactgtgtgac aaccgcaaca acaaaaacac aaatccctgg cactggctag 120
 tctatgtect ctcaagtgcc tttttgtttg t 151

<210> 55
 <211> 91
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 55
 acctggcttg tctccgggtg gttcccggcg cccccacgg tccccagaac ggacactttc 60
 gccctccagt ggatactcga gccaaagtgg t 91

<210> 56
 <211> 133
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 56
 gccggatgtg cggttggttat atacaaatat gtcattttat gtaagggact tgagtatact 60
 tggatttttg gtatctgtgg gttgggggga cgggtccagga accaataccc catggatacc 120
 aagggacaac tgt 133

<210> 57
 <211> 147
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(147)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 57
 actctggaga acctgagccg ctgctccgcc tctgggatga ggtgatgcan gcngtggcgc 60
 gactgggagc tgagcccttc cctttgcgcc tgctcagag gattgttgcc gacntgcana 120
 tctcantggg ctggatncat gcagggt 147

<210> 58

<211> 198
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(198)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 58
 acagggatat aggtttnaag ttattgtnat tgtaaaatac attgaatttt ctgtatactc 60
 tgattacata catttatcct ttaaaaaaga tgtaaatcctt aatttttatg ccatctatta 120
 attaccaat gagttacctt gtaaatgaga agtcatgata gcaactgaatt ttaactagtt 180
 ttgacttcta agtttggt 198

<210> 59
 <211> 330
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 59
 acaacaaatg ggttgtagg aagtcttatac agcaaaaactg gtgatggcta ctgaaaagat 60
 ccattgaaaa ttatcattaa tgattttaaa tgacaagtta tcaaaaactc actcaatttt 120
 cacctgtgct agcttgctaa aatgggagtt aactctagag caaatatagt atcttctgaa 180
 tacagtcaat aaatgacaaa gccagggcct acaggtggtt tccagacttt ccagaccag 240
 cagaaggaat ctattttatac acatggatct ccgtctgtgc tcaaaatacc taatgatatt 300
 tttcgtcttt attggacttc tttgaagagt 330

<210> 60
 <211> 175
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 60
 accgtgggtg ccttctacat tcctgacggc tccttcacca acatctgggt ctacttcggc 60
 gtcgtgggt ccttctcctt catcctcatc cagctgggtc tgctcatcga ctttgcgcac 120
 tcctggaacc agcgggtggc gggcaaggcc gaggagtgcg attcccgtgc ctggt 175

<210> 61
 <211> 154
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 61
 accccacttt tcctcctgtg agcagtcctg acttctcact gctacatgat gaggggtgagt 60
 ggttggtgct cttcaacagt atcctcccct ttccggatct gctgagccg acagcagtg 120
 tggactgcac agccccggg ctccacattg ctgt 154

<210> 62
 <211> 30
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 62
 cgctcgagcc ctatagtgag tcgtattaga 30

<210> 63
 <211> 89
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 63

acaagtcatt tcagcacccct ttgctcttca aaactgacca tcttttatat ttaatgcttc 60
ctgtatgaat aaaaatgggt atgtcaagt 89

<210> 64
<211> 97
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 64
accggagtaa ctgagtcggg acgctgaatc tgaatccacc aataaataaa ggttctgcag 60
aatcagtgca tccaggattg gtccttggat ctggggt 97

<210> 65
<211> 377
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(377)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 65
acaacaanaa ntcccttctt taggccaactg atggaaacct ggaaccccct tttgatggca 60
gcatggcgtc ctaggccttg acacagcggc tggggtttgg gctntcccaa accgcacacc 120
ccaaccctgg tctaccaca nttctggcta tgggctgtct ctgccactga acatcagggt 180
tcggtcataa natgaaatcc caanggggac agaggtcagt agaggaagct caatgagaaa 240
ggtgctgttt gctcagccag aaaacagctg cctggcattc gccgctgaac tatgaacccg 300
tgggggtgaa ctaccccccag gaggaatcat gcctgggcga tgcaanggtg ccaacaggag 360
gggcgggagg agcatgt 377

<210> 66
<211> 305
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 66
acgcctttcc ctcagaattc agggaagaga ctgtgcctg ccttcctccg ttgttgcggtg 60
agaaccctgt tgccccttcc caccatatcc accctcgctc catctttgaa ctcaaacacg 120
aggaaactaac tgcaccctgg tctcttcccc agtccccagt tcaccctcca tccctcacct 180
tctccactc taagggatat caaactgcc cagcacaggg gccctgaatt tatgtgggtt 240
ttatatattt tttataaaga tgcactttat gtcatTTTTT aataaagtct gaagaattac 300
tggtt 305

<210> 67
<211> 385
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 67
actacacaca ctccacttgc ccttgtgaga cactttgtcc cagcacttta ggaatgctga 60
ggtcggacca gccacatctc atgtgcaaga ttgccagca gacatcaggt ctgagagttc 120
cccttttaaa aaaggggact tgcttaaaaa agaagtctag ccacgattgt gtagagcagc 180
tgtgtgtgtc tggagattca cttttgagag agttctctc tgagacctga tctttagagg 240
ctgggcagtc ttgcacatga gatggggctg gtctgatctc agcactcctt agtctgcttg 300
cctctcccag ggccccagcc tggccacacc tgcttacagg gcactctcag atgccatac 360
catagtttct gtgctagtgg accgt 385

<210> 68
<211> 73
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 68
acttaaccag atatattttt accccagatg gggatattct ttgtaaaaaa tgaaaataaa 60
gttttttttaa tgg 73

<210> 69
<211> 536
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(536)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 69
actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggggctc tcaccctcct ctctgcagc 60
tccagctttg tgctctgcct ctgaggagac catggcccag catctgagta ccctgctgct 120
cctgctggcc accctagctg tggccctggc ctggagcccc aaggaggagg ataggataat 180
cccgggtggc atctataacg cagacctcaa tgatgagtgg gtacagcgtg cccttcactt 240
cgccatcagc gagtataaca aggccaccaa agatgactac tacagacgtc cgctgcgggg 300
actaagagcc aggcacacaga ccgttggggg ggtgaattac ttcttcgacg tagaggtggg 360
ccgaaccata tgtaccaagt cccagcccaa cttggacacc tgtgccttcc atgaacagcc 420
agaactgcag aagaacacgt tgtgctcttt cgagatctac gaagtccct ggggagaaca 480
gaangtcctt gggtgaaac caggtgtcaa gaaatcctan ggatctgttg ccaggc 536

<210> 70
<211> 477
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 70
atgaccccta acagggggcc tctcagccct cctaattgacc tccggcctag ccatgtgatt 60
tcacttcac tccataacgc tctcataact aggcctacta accaacacac taaccatata 120
ccaatgatgg cgcgatgtaa cagagaaaag cacataccaa ggccaccaca caccacctgt 180
ccaaaaaggc cttcgatacg ggataatcct atttattacc tcagaagttt ttttcttcgc 240
agggattttt ctgagccttt taccactcca gcctagcccc taccceccaa ctaggagggc 300
actggcccc aacaggcatc acccgcctaa atcccctaga agtcccactc ctaaacacat 360
ccgtattact cgcacagga gtatcaatca cctgagctca ccatagtcta atagaaaaca 420
accgaaacca aattattcaa agcactgctt attacaattt tactgggtct ctatttt 477

<210> 71
<211> 533
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(533)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 71
agagctatag gtacagtgtg atctcagctt tgcaaacaca ttttctacat agatagtact 60
aggatattaat agatatgtaa agaaagaaat cacaccatta ataatggtaa gattggttta 120
tgtgatttta gtggtatttt tggcaccctt atatattgtt tccaaacttt cagcagtgat 180
attattttcca taacttaaaa agtgagtttg aaaaagaaaa tctccagcaa gcatctcatt 240
taataaaagg tttgtcatct ttaaaaatac agcaatatgt gactttttta aaaagctgtc 300
aaatagggtg gaccctacta ataattatta gaaatacatt taaaaacatc gagtacctca 360
agtcagtttg ccttgaaaaa tatcaaatat aactcttaga gaaatgtaca taaaagaatg 420
cttcgtaatt ttggagtang aggttccttc ctcaattttg tattttttaa aagtacatgg 480
taaaaaaaa aattcacaac agtatataag gctgtaaaa gaagaattct gcc 533

<210> 72

<211> 511
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(511)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 72
 tattacggaa aaacacacca cataattcaa ctancaaaga anactgcttc agggcgtgta 60
 aaatgaaagg cttccaggca gttatctgat taaagaacac taaaagaggg acaaggctaa 120
 aagccgcagg atgtctacac tatancaggc gctatattggg ttggctggag gagctgtgga 180
 aaacatggan agattgggtgc tgganatcgc cgtggctatt cctcattgtt attacanagt 240
 gaggttctct gtgtgcccac tggtttgaaa accgttctnc aataatgata gaatagtaca 300
 cacatgagaa ctgaaatggc ccaaaccagc aaagaaagcc caactagatc ctcagaanac 360
 gcttctaggg acaataaccg atgaagaaaa gatggcctcc ttgtgcccc gtctgttatg 420
 atttctctcc attgcagcna naaaccggtt cttctaagca aacncagggtg atgatggcna 480
 aaatacacc cctcttgaag naccnggagg a 511

<210> 73
 <211> 499
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(499)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 73
 cagtgccagc actggtgccg gtaccagtac caataacagt gccagtgccg gtgccagcac 60
 cagtgggtggc ttcagtgtcg gtgccagcct gaccgccact ctacatttg ggctcttcgc 120
 tggccttggt ggagctgggt ccagcaccag tggcagctct ggtgcctgtg gtttctccta 180
 caagtgagat tttagatatt gttaatcctg ccagtctttc tcttcaagcc aggggtgcac 240
 ctcagaaacc tactcaacac agcactctag gcagccacta tcaatcaatt gaagttgaca 300
 ctctgcatta aatctatttg ccatttctga aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaggc cggccgctcg 360
 antctagagg gcccggtttaa acccgctgat cagcctcgac tgtgccttct anttgccagc 420
 catctgttgt ttgccctcc cccgntgcct tcttgacctc tggaaagtgc cactccact 480
 gtcctttcct aantaaat 499

<210> 74
 <211> 537
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(537)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 74
 tttcatagga gaacacactg aggagatact tgaagaattt ggattcagcc gcgaagagat 60
 ttatcagctt aactcagata aaatcattga aagtaataag gtaaaagcta gtctctaact 120
 tccaggccca cggctcaagt gaatttgaat actgcattta cagtgtagag taacacataa 180
 cattgtatgc atggaaacat ggaggaacag tattacagtg tctaccact ctaatcaaga 240
 aaagaattac agactctgat tctacagtga tgattgaatt ctaaaaatgg taatcattag 300
 ggcttttgat ttataanact ttgggtactt atactaaatt atggtagtta tactgccttc 360
 cagtttgctt gatataattg ttgatattaa gattcttgac ttatatattg aatgggttct 420
 actgaaaaan gaatgatata ttcttgaaga catcgatata catttattta cactcttgat 480
 tctacaatgt agaaaatgaa ggaaatgcc caaattgtat ggtgataaaa gtccccgt 537

<210> 75
 <211> 467
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(467)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 75
 caaanacaat tgttcaaaag atgcaaatga tacactactg ctgcagctca caaacacctc 60
 tgcattattac acgtacctcc tcctgctcct caagtagtgt ggtctatatt gccatcatca 120
 cctgctgtct gcttagaaga acggctttct gctgcaangg agagaaatca taacagacgg 180
 tggcacaagg aggccatctt ttccctcatcg gttattgtcc ctagaagcgt cttctgagga 240
 tctagtggg ctttctttct gggtttgggc catttcantt ctcatgtgtg tactattcta 300
 tcattattgt ataacggttt tcaaacngt gggcacncag agaacctcac tctgtaataa 360
 caatgaggaa tagccacggg gatctccagc accaaatctc tccatgttnt tccagagctc 420
 ctccagccaa cccaaatagc cgctgctatn gtgtagaaca tccctgn 467

<210> 76
 <211> 400
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(400)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 76
 aagctgacag cattcggggc gagatgtctc gctccgtggc cttagctgtg ctgcgcctac 60
 tctctctttc tggcctggag gctatccagc gtactccaaa gattcagggt tactcacgtc 120
 atccagcaga gaattggaag tcaaatttcc tgaattgcta tgtgtctggg ttcatccat 180
 ccgacattga agttgactta ctgaagaatg gagagagaat tgaaaaagtg gagcattcag 240
 acttgtcttt cagcaaggac tggcttttct atctcttgta ctacactgaa ttacccccca 300
 ctgaaaaaga tgagtatgcc tgccgtgtga accatgtgac tttgtcacag cccaagatng 360
 ttnagtggga tcganacatg taagcagcan catgggagggt 400

<210> 77
 <211> 248
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 77
 ctggagtgcc ttggtgtttc aagcccctgc aggaagcaga atgcaccttc tgaggcacct 60
 ccagctgccc cggcggggga tgcgaggctc ggagcacctc tgcccggctg tgattgctgc 120
 caggcactgt tcattctcagc ttttctgtcc ctttgcctcc ggcaagcgt tctgctgaaa 180
 gttcatatct ggagcctgat gtcttaacga ataaaggctc catgtctcac ccgaaaaaaa 240
 aaaaaaaa 248

<210> 78
 <211> 201
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 78
 actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggcccac cacaatggct acctttaaca 60
 tcacccagac cccgccctgc ccgtgcccac cgctgtgctg aacgacagta tgatgcttac 120
 tctgtactc ggaaactatt tttatgtaat taatgtatgc tttcttgtt ataaatgctc 180
 gatttaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a 201

<210> 79
 <211> 552
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(552)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 79
 tccttttgtt aggtttttga gacaacccta gacctaaact gtgtcacaga cttctgaatg 60
 tttaggcagt gctagtaatt tcctcgtaat gattctgtta ttactttcct attctttatt 120
 cctctttctt ctgaagatta atgaagttga aaattgaggt ggataaatac aaaaaggtag 180
 tgtgatagta taagtatcta agtgcagatg aaagtgtgtt atatatatcc attcaaaatt 240
 atgcaagtta gtaattactc aggggttaact aaattacttt aatatgctgt tgaacctact 300
 ctgttccttg gctagaaaaa attataaaca ggactttgtt agtttgggaa gccaaattga 360
 taatattcta tgttctaaaa gttgggctat acataaanta tnaagaaata tgggaatttta 420
 ttcccaggaa tatgggggtt atttatgaat antacccggg anagaagttt tgantnaaac 480
 cngttttggt taatacgtta atatgtcctn aatnaacaag gcntgactta tttccaaaaa 540
 aaaaaaaaaa aa 552

<210> 80
 <211> 476
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(476)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 80
 acagggattt gagatgctaa ggccccagag atcgtttgat ccaaccctct tattttcaga 60
 ggggaaaaatg gggcctagaa gttacagagc atctagctgg tgcgctggca cccctggcct 120
 cacacagact cccgagtagc tgggactaca ggacacagct cactgaagca ggccctgttt 180
 gcaattcacg ttgccacctc caacttaaac attcttcata tgtgatgtcc ttagtacta 240
 aggttaaaact ttcccaccca gaaaaggcaa cttagataaa atcttagagt actttcatac 300
 tcttctaagt cctcttccag cctcactttg agtctctcct ggggggtgat aggaantntc 360
 tcttggtttt ctcaataaaa tctctatcca tctcatgttt aatttggtag gcntaaaaat 420
 gctgaaaaaa ttaaaatggt ctggtttcnc tttaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 476

<210> 81
 <211> 232
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(232)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 81
 tttttttttg tatgcctcnc ctgtggngtt attgttgctg ccaccctgga ggagcccagt 60
 ttctttctgta tctttctttt ctgggggatc ttcttgctc tgccctcca ttcccagcct 120
 ctcatcccca tcttgacttt ttgctagggt tggaggcgtc ttcttggtag cccctcagag 180
 actcagtcag cgggaataag tcttaggggt ggggggtgtg gcaagccggc ct 232

<210> 82
 <211> 383
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(383)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 82
 aggcgggagc agaagctaaa gccaaagccc aagaagagtg gcagtgccag cactgggtgcc 60
 agtaccagta ccaataacat gccagtgccg gtgccagcac cagtgggtggc ttcagtgtctg 120
 gtgccagcct gaccgccact ctcacatttg ggctcttcgc tggccttggg ggagctgggtg 180
 ccagcaccag tggcagctct ggtgcctgtg gtttctccta caagtgagat tttagatatt 240
 gttaatcctg ccagtcttct tcttcaagcc aggggtgcac ctcagaaacc tactcaacac 300
 agcactctng gcagccacta tcaatcaatt gaagttgaca ctctgcatta aatctatttg 360
 ccatttcaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaa 383

<210> 83
 <211> 494
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(494)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 83
 accgaattgg gaccgtggc ttataagcga tcatgtcttc cagtattacc tcaacgagca 60
 gggagatcga gtctatacgc tgaagaaatt tgacccgatg ggacaacaga cctgtctcagc 120
 ccattcctgct cggttctccc cagatgacaa atactctcga caccgaatca ccatcaagaa 180
 acgcttcaag gtgctcatga ccagcaacc gcgccctgtc ctctgagggg ccttaaactg 240
 atgtcttttc tgccacctgt taccctctcg agactccgta accaaactct tcggactgtg 300
 agccctgatg cctttttgcc agccatactc tttggcntcc agtctctcgt ggcgattgat 360
 tatgcttgtg tgaggcaatc atggtggcat caccatnaa gggaacacat ttganttttt 420
 tttcncatat tttaaattac naccagaata nttcagaata aatgaattga aaaactctta 480
 aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 494

<210> 84
 <211> 380
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(380)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 84
 gctggtagcc tatggcgtgg ccaaggangg gctcctgagg cacgggacag tgacttccca 60
 agtatectgc gccgcgtctt ctaccgtccc tacctgcaga tcttcgggca gattccccag 120
 gaggacatgg acgtggccct catggagcac agcaactgct cgctggagcc cggcttcttg 180
 gcacaccctc ctggggccca ggccgggacc tgcgtctccc agtatgccaa ctggctgggtg 240
 gtgctgtctc tcgtcatctt cctgctcgtg gccaacatcc tgctgggtcac ttgctcattg 300
 ccattgttcag ttacacattc ggcaaagtac agggcaacag cnatctctac tgggaaggcc 360
 agcgttnccg cctcatccgg 380

<210> 85
 <211> 481
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(481)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 85

gagttagctc	ctccacaacc	ttgatgaggt	cgtctgcagt	ggcctctcgc	ttcataccgc	60
tnccatcgtc	atactgtagg	tttgccacca	cctcctgcat	cttggggcgc	ctaatatcca	120
ggaaactctc	aatcaagtca	ccgtcnatna	aaactgtggc	tggttctgtc	ttccgctcgc	180
tgtgaaagga	tctccagaag	gagtgtctga	tcttccccac	acttttgatg	actttattga	240
gtcgattctg	catgtccagc	aggaggttgt	accagctctc	tgacagttag	gtcaccagcc	300
ctatcatgcc	nttgaacgtg	ccgaagaaca	ccgagccttg	tgtggggggg	gnagtctcac	360
ccagattctg	cattaccaga	nagccgtggc	aaaaganatt	gacaactcgc	ccaggnggaa	420
aaagaacacc	tcttggaagt	gctngccgct	cctcgctcnt	tggtggnnng	gcntnecctt	480
t						481

<210> 86

<211> 472

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(472)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 86

aacatcttcc	tgtataatgc	tgtgtaatat	cgatccgatn	ttgtctgctg	agaattcatt	60
agttggaaaa	gcaacttnaa	gcctggacac	tggtattaaa	attcacaata	tgcaacactt	120
taaacagtgt	gtcaatctgc	tcccttactt	tgatcatcacc	agtctgggaa	taagggtatg	180
ccctattcac	acctgttaaa	agggcgctaa	gcatttttga	ttcaacatct	ttttttttga	240
cacaagtccg	aaaaaagcaa	aagtaaacag	ttnttaattt	gtagccaat	tcactttctt	300
catgggacag	agccatttga	tttaaaaagc	aaattgcata	atattgagct	ttgggagctg	360
atatntgagc	ggaagantag	cctttctact	tcaccagaca	caactccttt	catattggga	420
tgttnacnaa	agttatgtct	cttacagatg	ggatgctttt	gtggcaattc	tg	472

<210> 87

<211> 413

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(413)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 87

agaaaccagt	atctctnaaa	acaacctctc	ataccttgtg	gacctaat	ttgtgtgcgtg	60
tgtgtgtg	cgcatattat	atagacaggc	acatcttttt	tacttttgta	aaagcttatg	120
cctcttttgt	atctatatct	gtgaaagttt	taatgatctg	ccataatgtc	ttggggacct	180
ttgtcttctg	tgtaaattgt	actagagaaa	acacctatnt	tatgagtcaa	tctagttngt	240
tttattcgac	atgaaggaaa	tttccagatn	acaacactna	caaactctcc	cttgactagg	300
ggggacaaaag	aaaagcnaaa	ctgaacatna	gaaacaattn	cctggtgaga	aattncataa	360
acagaaattg	ggtngtatat	tgaaanannng	catcattnaa	acgttttttt	ttt	413

<210> 88

<211> 448

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(448)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 88
 cgcagcgggt cctctctatc tagctccagc ctctcgctg cccactccc cgcgtcccgc 60
 gtcctagccn accatggccg ggccccgtg cgccccgtg ctctgtgtg ccatcctggc 120
 cgtggccctg gccgtgagcc ccgcggccgg ctccagtccc ggcaagccgc cgcgctggt 180
 gggaggccca tggaccccg gtggaagaag aaggtgtgcg gcgtgcactg gactttgccg 240
 tcggcnanta caacaaaccc gcaacnactt ttacnagcn cgcgtgcag gttgtgccgc 300
 cccaancaaa ttgttactng gggtaantaa ttcttggag ttgaacctgg gccaaacnng 360
 tttaccagaa ccnagccaat tngaacaatt nccccccat aacagcccct tttaaaaagg 420
 gaancantcc tgntcttttc caaat ttt 448

<210> 89
 <211> 463
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(463)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 89
 gaattttgtg cactggccac tgtgatggaa ccattgggccc aggatgcttt gagtttatca 60
 gtagtgattc tgccaaagtt ggtgttgtaa catgagtatg taaaatgtca aaaaattagc 120
 agaggtctag gtctgcatat cagcagacag tttgtccgtg tattttgtag ccttgaagtt 180
 ctcaagtaca agttnnttct gatgcgaagt tctnattcca gtgttttagt cctttgcac 240
 tttnatgttn agacttgccct ctntnaaatt gcttttgtnt tctgcaggta ctatctgtgg 300
 tttaacaaaa tagaannact tctctgcttn gaanatttga atatcttaca tctnaaaatn 360
 aattctctcc ccatannaaa acccangccc ttgggganaat ttgaaaaang gntccttcnn 420
 aattcnana anttcagntn tcatacaaca naacngganc ccc 463

<210> 90
 <211> 400
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(400)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 90
 agggattgaa ggtctnttnt actgtcggac tgttcancca ccaactctac aagttgctgt 60
 cttccactca ctgtctgtaa gcntnttaac ccagactgta tcttcataaa tagaacaat 120
 tcttcaccag tcacatcttc taggaccttt ttggattcag ttagtataag ctcttccact 180
 tcctttgtta agacttcac tcggtaaagtc ttaagttttg tagaaaggaa ttttaattgct 240
 cgttctctaa caatgtcctc tccttgaagt atttggctga acaaccacc tnaagtcct 300
 ttgtgcatcc attttaata tacttaatag ggcattggtg cactagggtta aattctgcaa 360
 gagtcatctg tctgcaaaag ttgcgttagt atatctgcc 400

<210> 91
 <211> 480
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(480)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 91
 gagctcggat ccaataatct ttgtctgagg gcagcacaca tatncagtgc catggnaact 60


```

gggtctacccc acatgggagc agcatgccgt agntatataa gggtcattccc tgagtcagac      120
atgcctcttt gactaccgtg tgccagtgtt ggtgattctc acacacctcc nncgcgtctt      180
tgtggaaaaa ctggcacttg nctggaaacta gcaagacatc acttacaaat tcacccacga      240
gacacttgaa aggtgtaaca aagcgactct tgcattgtct tttgtccctc cggcaccagt      300
tgtcaatact aaccgcgtgg tttgcctcca tcacatttgt gatctgtagc tctggataca      360
tctcctgaca gtactgaaga acttcttctt ttgtttcaaa agcaactctt ggtgcctgtt      420
ngatcagggt cccatttccc agtccgaatg ttcacatggc atatnttact tcccacaaaa      480

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<210> 92
<211> 477
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(477)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

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```

<400> 92
atacagccca natcccacca cgaagatgcg cttgttgact gagaacctga tgcggtcact      60
gggtcccgctg tagcccccagc gactctccac ctgctggaag cggttgatgc tgcaactcctt      120
cccacgcagg cagcagcggg gccggtcaat gaactccact cgtggcttgg ggttgacggg      180
taantgcagg aagaggctga ccacctgcg gtccaccagg atgcccagc gtgcgggacc      240
tgcagcgaaa ctctctgatg gtcatgagcg ggaagcgaat gangcccagg gccttgccca      300
gaaccttccg cctgttctct ggcgtcacct gcagctgctg ccgctnacac tcggcctcgg      360
accagcggac aaacggcggt gaacagccgc acctcacgga tgccantgt gtgcgctcc      420
aggaacggcn ccagcgtgtc caggtcaatg tcggtgaanc ctccgcggtt aatggcg      477

```

```

<210> 93
<211> 377
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

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<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(377)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 93
gaacggctgg accttgctc gcattgtgct gctggcagga ataccttggc aagcagctcc      60
agtcggagca gcccagacc gctgccgccc gaagctaagc ctgcctctgg ccttcccctc      120
cgctcaatg cagaaccant agtgggagca ctgtgttttag agttaagagt gaacactgtt      180
tgattttact tgggaatttc ctctgttata tagcttttcc caatgctaatt ttccaaacaa      240
caacaacaaa ataactgtt tgctgtttna gttgtataaa agtangtgat tctgtatnta      300
aagaaaatat tactgttaca tatactgctt gcaanttctg tattttattg tncctctggaa      360
ataaatatat tattaata

```

```

<210> 94
<211> 495
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

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<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(495)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 94
ccctttgagg ggtaggggtc cagttcccag tgggaagaaac aggccaggag aantgcgtgc      60
cgagctgang cagatttccc acagtgaccc cagagccctg ggctatagtc tctgacctct      120
ccaaggaaaag accaccttct ggggacatgg gctggagggc aggacctaga ggcaccaagg      180
gaaggcccca ttccggggct gttccccgag gaggaaggga aggggctctg tgtgcccccc      240

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acgaggaana	ggccctgant	cctgggatca	nacacccctt	cacgtgtatc	cccacacaaa	300
tgcaagctca	ccaaggtccc	ctctcagtc	cttccctaca	ccctgaacgg	ncactggccc	360
acacccaccc	agancancca	cccgccatgg	ggaatgtnc	caaggaatcg	cngggcaacg	420
tggactctng	tcccnnaagg	gggcagaatc	tccaatagan	gganngaacc	cttgctnana	480
aaaaaaaaana	aaaaa					495

<210> 95
 <211> 472
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(472)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 95						
ggttacttgg	tttcattgcc	accacttagt	ggatgtcatt	tagaaccatt	ttgtctgctc	60
cctctggaag	ccttgccgag	agcggacttt	gtaattgttg	gagaataact	gctgaatttt	120
tagctgtttt	gagttgattc	gcaccaactgc	accacaactc	aatatgaaaa	ctatttnact	180
tatttattat	cttgtgaaaa	gtatacaatg	aaaattttgt	tcatactgta	tttatcaagt	240
atgatgaaaa	gcaatagata	tattattcttt	tattatgttn	aattatgatt	gccattatta	300
atcggcacaaa	tgtggagtgt	atgtttcttt	cacagtaata	tatgcctttt	gtaacttcac	360
ttggttattt	tattgtaaat	gaattacaaa	attcttaatt	taagaaaatg	gtangttata	420
tttanttcan	taatttcttt	ccttggtttac	gttaattttg	aaaagaatgc	at	472

<210> 96
 <211> 476
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(476)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 96						
ctgaagcatt	tcttcaaact	tntctacttt	tgctcattgat	acctgtagta	agttgacaat	60
gtggtgaaat	ttcaaaaatta	tatgtaactt	ctactagtgt	tactttctcc	cccaagcttt	120
ttttaactca	tgattttttac	acacacaatc	cagaacttat	tatatagcct	ctaagtcttt	180
attcttcaca	gtagatgatg	aaagagtcct	ccagtgtctt	gngcanaatg	ttctagntat	240
agctggatac	atacngtggg	agttctataa	actcatacct	cagtgggact	naaccacaaat	300
tgtgttagtc	tcaattccta	ccacactgag	ggagcctccc	aaatcactat	attcttatct	360
gcagggtactc	ctccagaaaa	acngacaggg	caggccttgca	tgaaaaagtn	acatctgcgt	420
tacaaagtct	atcttcctca	nangtctgt	aaggaacaat	ttaatcttct	agcttt	476

<210> 97
 <211> 479
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(479)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 97						
actctttcta	atgctgatat	gatcttgagt	ataagaatgc	atatgtcact	agaatggata	60
aaataatgct	gcaaaacttaa	tgttcttatg	caaaatggaa	cgctaatagaa	acacagctta	120
caatcgcaaa	tcaaaactca	caagtgtctca	tctgtttag	atttagtgta	ataagactta	180
gattgtgctc	cttcggatat	gattgtttct	canatcttgg	gcaatnttcc	ttagtcaa	240
caggctacta	gaattctgtt	attggatatn	tgagagcatg	aaatttttaa	naatacactt	300

gtgattatna aattaatcac aaatttcact tatacctgct atcagcagct agaaaaacat	360
ntnnttttta natcaaagta ttttgtgttt ggaantgttn aaatgaaatc tgaatgtggg	420
ttcnatctta ttttttcccn gacnactant tnttttttta gggncatttc tganccatc	479

<210> 98
 <211> 461
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 98	
agtgacttgt cctccaacaa aacccttga tcaagtttgt ggcaactgaca atcagaccta	60
tgctagtcc tgtcatctat tcgctactaa atgcagactg gaggggacca aaaaggggca	120
tcaactccag ctggattatt ttggagcctg caaatctatt cctacttgta cggactttga	180
agtgattcag tttcctctac ggatgagaga ctggctcaag aatatcctca tgcagcttta	240
tgaagccact ctgaacacgc ttggttatcta gatgagaaca gagaaataaa gtcagaaaat	300
ttacctggag aaaagagggt ttggctgggg accatcccat tgaaccttct ctttaaggact	360
ttaagaaaaa ctaccacatg ttgtgtatcc ttgtgcccgc cgtttatgaa ctgaccaccc	420
tttgaataa tcttgacgct cctgaacttg ctctctgcg a	461

<210> 99
 <211> 171
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 99	
gtggccgcgc gcaggtgttt cctcgtaaccg cagggccccc tcccttcccc aggcgtccct	60
cggcgctct gcgggccga ggaggagcgg ctggcgggtg gggggagtgt gaccacccct	120
cggtgagaaa agccttctct agcgatctga gaggcgtgcc ttgggggtac c	171

<210> 100
 <211> 269
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 100	
cggccgcaag tgcaactcca gctggggcgc tgccgacgaa gattctgcca gcagttggtc	60
cgactgcgac gacggcgccg gcgacagtcg caggtgcagc gcgggcgcct ggggtcttgc	120
aaggctgagc tgacgcgcga gaggtcgtgt cacgtcccac gacctgacg ccgtcgggga	180
cagccggaac agagcccggg gaagcgggag gcctcgggga gcccctcggg aagggcggcc	240
cgagagatac gcaggtgcag gtggccgc	269

<210> 101
 <211> 405
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 101	
ttttttttt ttttgaatc tactgcgagc acagcaggtc agcaacaagt ttattttgca	60
gctagcaagg taacagggtg gggcatggtt acatgttcag gtcaacttcc ttgtcgtgg	120
ttgattggtt tgtctttatg ggggcggggt ggggtagggg aaacgaagca aataacatgg	180
agtgggtgca cctcctctgt agaacctggt tacaagctt ggggcagttc acctggtctg	240
tgaccgtcat tttcttgaca tcaatgttat tagaagtcag gatattcttt agagagtcca	300
ctgttctgga gggagattag gggttcttgc caaatccaac aaaatccact gaaaaagtgt	360
gatgatcagt acgaataccg aggcattatc tcatatcggt ggcca	405

<210> 102
 <211> 470
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 102	
ttttttttt ttttttttt ttttttttt ttttttttt ttttttttt	60

ggcacttaat	ccatttttat	ttcaaaatgt	ctacaaatth	aatcccatta	tacgggtattt	120
tcaaaatcta	aattattcaa	attagccaaa	tccttaccaa	ataataccca	aaaatcaaaa	180
atatacttct	ttcagcaaac	ttgttacata	aattaaaaaa	atatatacgg	ctgggtgtttt	240
caaagtacaa	ttatcttaac	actgcaaaaca	ttttaaggaa	ctaaaataaa	aaaaaacact	300
ccgcaaaggt	taaagggaac	aacaaattct	tttacaacac	cattataaaa	atcatatctc	360
aaatcttagg	ggaatatata	cttcacacgg	gatcttaact	tttactcact	ttgtttattt	420
ttttaaacca	ttgtttgggc	ccaacacaat	ggaatcccc	ctggactagt		470

<210> 103
 <211> 581
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 103						
tttttttttt	ttttttttga	ccccctctt	ataaaaaaca	agttaccatt	ttattttact	60
tacacatatt	tattttataa	ttggtattag	atattcaaaa	ggcagctttt	aaaatcaaac	120
taaatggaaa	ctgccttaga	tacataattc	ttaggaatta	gcttaaaaatc	tgccataaagt	180
gaaaatcttc	tctagctctt	ttgactgtaa	atttttgact	cttgtaaaac	atccaaattc	240
atttttcttg	tctttaaaat	tatctaattc	ttccattttt	tccttattcc	aagtcaattt	300
gcttctctag	cctcatttcc	tagctcttat	ctactattag	taagtggcct	ttttcctaaa	360
agggaaaaca	ggaagagaaa	tggcacacaa	aacaaacatt	ttatattcat	atttctacct	420
acgttaataa	aatagcattt	tgtgaagcca	gctcaaaaaga	aggcttagat	cctttttatgt	480
ccatttttagt	cactaaacga	tatcaaagt	ccagaatgca	aaagggttgt	gaacatttat	540
tcaaaagcta	atataagata	tttcacatac	tcacttttct	g		581

<210> 104
 <211> 578
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 104						
tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttctctt	cttttttttt	gaaatgagga	tcgagttttt	60
cactctctag	atagggcatg	aagaaaactc	atctttccag	ctttaaaata	acaatcaaat	120
ctcttatgct	atatcatatt	ttaagttaaa	ctaagtgagtc	actggcttat	cttctcctga	180
aggaaatctg	ttcattcttc	tcattcatat	agttatatca	agtactacct	tgcatattga	240
gagggttttc	ttctctattt	acacatatat	ttccatgtga	atttgtatca	aacctttatt	300
ttcatgcaaa	ctagaaaata	atgtttcttt	tgcataagag	aagagaacaa	tatagcatta	360
caaaactgct	caaattgttt	gttaagtatt	ccattataat	tagttggcag	gagctaatac	420
aaatcacatt	tacgacagca	ataataaaac	tgaagtacca	gttaaatatc	caaaataatt	480
aaaggaacat	ttttagcctg	ggtataatta	gctaattcac	tttacaagca	tttattagaa	540
tgaattcaca	tggtattatt	cctagcccaa	cacaatgg			578

<210> 105
 <211> 538
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 105						
tttttttttt	tttttcagta	ataatcagaa	caatatttat	ttttatattt	aaaattcata	60
gaaaagtgcc	ttacatttaa	taaaagtgtg	tttctcaaag	tgatcagagg	aattagatat	120
gtcttgaaca	ccaatattaa	tttgaggaaa	atacaccaaa	atacattaag	taaattattt	180
aagatcatag	agcttgtaag	tgaaaagata	aaatttgacc	tcagaaaactc	tgagcattaa	240
aaatccacta	ttagcaaata	aattactatg	gacttcttgc	tttaattttg	tgatgaatat	300
ggggtgtcac	tggtaaaacca	acacattctg	aaggatacat	tacttagtga	tagattctta	360
tgtactttgc	taatacgtgg	atatgagttg	acaagtttct	ctttcttcaa	tcttttaagg	420
ggcgagaaat	gaggaagaaa	agaaaaggat	tacgcatact	gttctttcta	tggaaggatt	480
agatatgttt	cctttgccaa	tattaaaaaa	ataataatgt	ttactactag	tgaaacct	538

<210> 106
 <211> 473
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 106

tttttttttt	tttttttagtc	aagttttctat	ttttattata	attaaagtct	tggtcatttc	60
atttatttagc	tctgcaactt	acatatttta	attaaagaaa	cgtttttagac	aactgtacaa	120
tttataaatg	taaggtgcca	ttattgagta	atataattcct	ccaagagtgg	atgtgtccct	180
tctcccacca	actaatgaac	agcaacatta	gtttaatttt	attagtagat	atacactgct	240
gcaaacgccta	attctcttct	ccatccccat	gtgatattgt	gtatatgtgt	gagttggtag	300
aatgcatcac	aatctacaat	caacagcaag	atgaagctag	gctgggcttt	cggtgaaaat	360
agactgtgtc	tgtctgaatc	aaatgatctg	acctatcttc	ggtggcaaga	actcttcgaa	420
ccgcttcctc	aaaggcgctg	ccacatttgt	ggctctttgc	acttgtttca	aaa	473

<210> 107

<211> 1621

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 107

cgccatggca	ctgcagggca	tctcgggtcat	ggagctgtcc	ggcctggccc	cgggcccgtt	60
ctgtgctatg	gtcctggctg	acttcggggc	gcgtgtggta	cgctgggacc	ggcccggctc	120
ccgctacgac	gtgagccgct	tgggcccggg	caagcgctcg	ctagtgtctg	acctgaagca	180
gccgcggggc	gccgcgctgc	tgcggcgctc	gtgcaagcgg	tcggatgtgc	tgtctggagcc	240
cttcgcgcgc	ggtgtcatgg	agaaactcca	gctgggcccc	gagattctgc	agcgggaaaa	300
tccaaggctt	atttatgccca	ggctgagtg	atttggccag	tcaggaagct	tctgccggtt	360
agctggccac	gatatcaact	atttggtctt	gtcaggtgtt	ctctcaaaaa	ttggcagaag	420
tggtgagaat	ccgtatgccc	cgctgaatct	cctggctgac	tttgtctgtg	gtggccttat	480
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cattgatgca	aatatgggtg	aaggaacagc	atatttaagt	tcttttctgt	ggaaaactca	600
gaaatcgagt	ctgtgggaag	cacctcgagg	acagaacatg	ttggatggtg	gagcaccttt	660
ctatacgact	tacaggacag	cagatgggga	attcatggct	gttggagcaa	tagaacccca	720
gtttacagag	ctgctgatca	aaggacttgg	actaaagtct	gatgaacttc	ccaatcagat	780
gagcatggat	gattggccag	aaatgaagaa	gaagtttgca	gatgtatttg	caaagaagac	840
gaaggcagag	tgtgtcmeta	tctttgacgg	cacagatgcc	tgtgtgactc	cggttctgac	900
ttttgaggag	gttggttcac	atgatcmeta	caagggaacg	ggctcgttta	tcaccagtga	960
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cagccgcgaa	gagattttatc	agcttaactc	agataaaatc	attgaaagta	ataaggtaaa	1140
agctagtctc	taacttccag	gcccacggct	caagtgaatt	tgaatactgc	atttacagt	1200
tagagtaaca	cataacattg	tatgcatgga	aacatggagg	aacagtatta	cagtgtccta	1260
ccactctaata	caagaaaaga	attacagact	ctgattctac	agtgatgatt	gaattctaaa	1320
aatgggttatc	attagggctt	ttgattttata	aaactttggg	tacttatact	aaattatggt	1380
agttattctg	ccttccagtt	tgtttgatata	atttgttgat	attaagattc	ttgacttata	1440
ttttgaatgc	gttctagtga	aaaaggaatg	atatattctt	gaagacatcg	atatacattt	1500
atttcaactc	ttgattctac	aatgtagaaa	atgaggaaat	gccacaaatt	gtatggtgat	1560
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a						1621

<210> 108

<211> 382

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 108

Met	Ala	Leu	Gln	Gly	Ile	Ser	Val	Met	Glu	Leu	Ser	Gly	Leu	Ala	Pro
1				5				10					15		
Gly	Pro	Phe	Cys	Ala	Met	Val	Leu	Ala	Asp	Phe	Gly	Ala	Arg	Val	Val
		20					25					30			
Arg	Val	Asp	Arg	Pro	Gly	Ser	Arg	Tyr	Asp	Val	Ser	Arg	Leu	Gly	Arg
		35				40					45				
Gly	Lys	Arg	Ser	Leu	Val	Leu	Asp	Leu	Lys	Gln	Pro	Arg	Gly	Ala	Ala
	50				55				60						
Val	Leu	Arg	Arg	Leu	Cys	Lys	Arg	Ser	Asp	Val	Leu	Leu	Glu	Pro	Phe
65				70					75					80	

Arg Arg Gly Val Met Glu Lys Leu Gln Leu Gly Pro Glu Ile Leu Gln
 85 90 95
 Arg Glu Asn Pro Arg Leu Ile Tyr Ala Arg Leu Ser Gly Phe Gly Gln
 100 105 110
 Ser Gly Ser Phe Cys Arg Leu Ala Gly His Asp Ile Asn Tyr Leu Ala
 115 120 125
 Leu Ser Gly Val Leu Ser Lys Ile Gly Arg Ser Gly Glu Asn Pro Tyr
 130 135 140
 Ala Pro Leu Asn Leu Leu Ala Asp Phe Ala Gly Gly Gly Leu Met Cys
 145 150 155 160
 Ala Leu Gly Ile Ile Met Ala Leu Phe Asp Arg Thr Arg Thr Asp Lys
 165 170 175
 Gly Gln Val Ile Asp Ala Asn Met Val Glu Gly Thr Ala Tyr Leu Ser
 180 185 190
 Ser Phe Leu Trp Lys Thr Gln Lys Ser Ser Leu Trp Glu Ala Pro Arg
 195 200 205
 Gly Gln Asn Met Leu Asp Gly Gly Ala Pro Phe Tyr Thr Thr Tyr Arg
 210 215 220
 Thr Ala Asp Gly Glu Phe Met Ala Val Gly Ala Ile Glu Pro Gln Phe
 225 230 235 240
 Tyr Glu Leu Leu Ile Lys Gly Leu Gly Leu Lys Ser Asp Glu Leu Pro
 245 250 255
 Asn Gln Met Ser Met Asp Asp Trp Pro Glu Met Lys Lys Lys Phe Ala
 260 265 270
 Asp Val Phe Ala Lys Lys Thr Lys Ala Glu Trp Cys Gln Ile Phe Asp
 275 280 285
 Gly Thr Asp Ala Cys Val Thr Pro Val Leu Thr Phe Glu Glu Val Val
 290 295 300
 His His Asp His Asn Lys Glu Arg Gly Ser Phe Ile Thr Ser Glu Glu
 305 310 315 320
 Gln Asp Val Ser Pro Arg Pro Ala Pro Leu Leu Leu Asn Thr Pro Ala
 325 330 335
 Ile Pro Ser Phe Lys Arg Asp Pro Phe Ile Gly Glu His Thr Glu Glu
 340 345 350
 Ile Leu Glu Glu Phe Gly Phe Ser Arg Glu Glu Ile Tyr Gln Leu Asn
 355 360 365
 Ser Asp Lys Ile Ile Glu Ser Asn Lys Val Lys Ala Ser Leu
 370 375 380

<210> 109

<211> 1524

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 109

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 cagtgcgacc tagtggtctt cacttgcttc ctctgggcg tgggctgccg gctgaccccg 180
 ggtttgatcc acctgggccc cactgtcttc tgcctcgact tcatggtttt cacgggtgcgg 240
 ctgcttcaca tcttcacggt caacaaacag ctggggccca agatcgatcat cgtgagcaag 300
 atgatgaagg acgtgttctt cttcctcttc ttcctcgccg tgtggctggt agcctatggc 360
 gtggccacgg aggggctcct gaggccacgg gacagtgact tcccaagtat cctgcgccgc 420
 gtcttctacc gtccttacct gcagatcttc gggcagattc cccaggagga catggacgtg 480
 gccctcatgg agcacagcaa ctgctcgctc gagcccggtt tctgggcaca ccctcctggg 540
 gccaggcggt gcacctgctt ctcccagtat gccaactggc tgggtggtgct gctcctcgtc 600
 atcttctctg tctgtggccaa catcctgctg gtcaacttgc tcattgccat gttcagttac 660
 acattcggca aagtacaggg caacagcgat ctctactgga aggcgcagcg ttaccgcctc 720
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 cgctcctgct tcaggcaatt gtgcaggcga ccccgagcgc cccagccgct ctcccgggcc 840
 ctcgagcatt tccgggttta cctttctaag gaagccgagc ggaagctgct aacgtgggaa 900
 tcggtgcata aggagaactt tctgctggca cgcgctaggg acaagcggga gagcgactcc 960
 gagcgtctga agcgcacgtc ccagaaggtg gacttggtcac tgaaacagct gggacacatc 1020

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ctgggggtggg	tggccgaggc	cctgagccgc	tctgccttgc	tgccccagc	tgggcccga	1140
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ccacagggga	ttttgtcct	agagtaaggc	tcatctgggc	ctcgcccccc	gcacctggtg	1260
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gtgtcatcct	tacaaaccac	agcatgccc	gctcctccca	gaaccagtcc	cagcctggga	1380
ggatcaaggc	ctggatccc	ggccgttatc	catctggagg	ctgcagggtc	cttggggtaa	1440
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cagaggaaaa	aaaaaaaaa	aaaa				1524

<210> 110
 <211> 3410
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 110	
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ggtagagccg	ctgctgcggc
tggcctggag	gtgtgttttg
ggggtagag	gagaagttca
ctgtgtccc	ctcctaggct
gcccttcac	tgggcaactgt
cggctggcta	tgccggctgc
cctggcgctg	gggctgctgg
gctctctgac	ctctccggg
catgatcagt	cttgggggct
tgccttgcc	ccctacctgg
cttctcacc	tgccgtagcag
cgagccagca	gaagggctgt
ccgcttggt	ttccggaacc
catgccccgc	acctgcgcgc
gaccttcacg	ctgttttaca
agctgagccg	ggcaccgagg
ggggctgttc	ctgcagtgcg
gcagcgattc	ggcactcgag
cgggtgccaca	tgctgtccc
gttcaccttc	tcagccctgc
gaagcaggtg	ttctgcacca
cctgatgacc	agcttcctgc
gggtgctgga	ggcagtgccc
tgatgtctcc	gtacgtgtgg
gggcatctgc	ctggacctcg
atccctgttt	atgggctcca
tgccgcaggc	ctgggtctgg
cgacttgccc	aaatactcag
cactgggtcc	cagctccccg
ttctgttgc	gccaaagtaa
actgacagc	tggggctgg
actggaggcc	ttccaagggg
atgactgga	atgcggggac
ctcctagttg	agacacacct
gtttcccatc	tctaagcccc
tttctagat	gtaaacctcc
gtcctgagg	gcaacacaca
gatccacccc	cctcttacct
cagagacaca	ggcattttaa
tgctagcttt	tctgtgttgg
ggtcccctga	gatagctggt
tggtctccgg	tgtgtccggg
tgacagccgc	tgacagccgc
cacagcagca	ggtgttgagc
aatgggcgcc	tggctgattc
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ccgctctgc	tgctggaagt
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ggacgctatg	gccgcgcgcg
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tttggcctgc	tcacctcat
gaggcagcgc	tgggccccac
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ctgcaccagc	tgtgctgccg
tgccagctgga	tggcactcat
ctgtaccagg	gcgtgccag
ggcgttcgga	tgggcagcct
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gctcagggtt	aacagctagc
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gacttatttg	taggggaaga
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tggctcctct	gttgccatca
caaagtagaa	gggaatccat
tgggggatcc	ccaacaatca
gaatcttctt	ctcctggggt

ctggcccccc	aaaatgccta	accagggacc	ttggaaatcc	tactcatccc	aatgataat	2820
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cccaacttcc	ccctaccccc	aactttcccc	accagctcca	caacctgtt	tggagctact	3060
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tagcgggggtg	aattattttat	actgtaagt	agcaatcaga	gtataatggt	tatgggtgaca	3300
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aaaaaaaaara	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaataa	aaaaaaaaaa		3410

<210> 111

<211> 1289

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 111

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ccatgcagtg	cttcagcttc	attaagacca	tgatgatcct	cttcaatttg	ctcatctttc	180
tgtgtggtgc	agccctgttg	gcagtgggca	tctgggtgtc	aatcgatggg	gcaccccttc	240
tgaagatctt	cgggccactg	tcgtccagt	ccatgcagtt	tgtcaacgtg	ggctacttcc	300
tcacgcgagc	cggcggttg	gtctttgtc	ttggtttcc	gggtgctat	gggtgctaaga	360
ctgagagcaa	gtgtgccctc	gtgacgttct	tcttcacct	cctcctcctc	ttcattgctg	420
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tgctggtagt	gcctgccatc	aagaaagatt	atggttccca	ggaagacttc	actcaagtgt	540
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acccctggcaa	gcagcagtga	ttgggggagg	ggacaggatc	taacaatgtc	acttgggcca	960
gaatggacct	gccctttctg	ctccagactt	ggggctagat	agggaccact	ccttttagcg	1020
atgctgact	ttccttccat	tgggtgggtg	atgggtgggg	ggcattccag	agcctctaag	1080
gtagccagtt	ctgttgccca	ttccccag	ctattaaacc	cttgatatgc	cccctaggcc	1140
tagtggtag	cccagtgctc	tactggggga	tgagagaaag	gcattttata	gcctgggcat	1200
aagtgaatc	agcagagcct	ctgggtggat	gtgtagaagg	cacttcaaaa	tgcataaacc	1260
tgttacaatg	ttaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaa				1289

<210> 112

<211> 315

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 112

Met	Val	Phe	Thr	Val	Arg	Leu	Leu	His	Ile	Phe	Thr	Val	Asn	Lys	Gln
1				5					10					15	
Leu	Gly	Pro	Lys	Ile	Val	Ile	Val	Ser	Lys	Met	Met	Lys	Asp	Val	Phe
			20					25					30		
Phe	Phe	Leu	Phe	Phe	Leu	Gly	Val	Trp	Leu	Val	Ala	Tyr	Gly	Val	Ala
			35				40					45			
Thr	Glu	Gly	Leu	Leu	Arg	Pro	Arg	Asp	Ser	Asp	Phe	Pro	Ser	Ile	Leu
			50				55				60				
Arg	Arg	Val	Phe	Tyr	Arg	Pro	Tyr	Leu	Gln	Ile	Phe	Gly	Gln	Ile	Pro
65					70					75				80	
Gln	Glu	Asp	Met	Asp	Val	Ala	Leu	Met	Glu	His	Ser	Asn	Cys	Ser	Ser
				85					90					95	
Glu	Pro	Gly	Phe	Trp	Ala	His	Pro	Pro	Gly	Ala	Gln	Ala	Gly	Thr	Cys
				100					105				110		
Val	Ser	Gln	Tyr	Ala	Asn	Trp	Leu	Val	Val	Leu	Leu	Leu	Val	Ile	Phe

115	120	125
Leu Leu Val Ala Asn Ile	Leu Leu Val Asn Leu	Leu Ile Ala Met Phe
130	135	140
Ser Tyr Thr Phe Gly Lys	Val Gln Gly Asn Ser	Asp Leu Tyr Trp Lys
145	150	155
Ala Gln Arg Tyr Arg Leu	Ile Arg Glu Phe His	Ser Arg Pro Ala Leu
165	170	175
Ala Pro Pro Phe Ile Val	Ile Ser His Leu Arg	Leu Leu Leu Arg Gln
180	185	190
Leu Cys Arg Arg Pro Arg	Ser Pro Gln Pro Ser	Ser Pro Ala Leu Glu
195	200	205
His Phe Arg Val Tyr Leu	Ser Lys Glu Ala Glu	Arg Lys Leu Leu Thr
210	215	220
Trp Glu Ser Val His Lys	Glu Asn Phe Leu Leu	Ala Arg Ala Arg Asp
225	230	235
Lys Arg Glu Ser Asp Ser	Glu Arg Leu Lys Arg	Thr Ser Gln Lys Val
245	250	255
Asp Leu Ala Leu Lys Gln	Leu Gly His Ile Arg	Glu Tyr Glu Gln Arg
260	265	270
Leu Lys Val Leu Glu Arg	Glu Val Gln Gln Cys	Ser Arg Val Leu Gly
275	280	285
Trp Val Ala Glu Ala Leu	Ser Arg Ser Ala Leu	Leu Pro Pro Gly Gly
290	295	300
Pro Pro Pro Pro Asp Leu	Pro Gly Ser Lys Asp	
305	310	315

<210> 113
 <211> 553
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 113
Met Val Gln Arg Leu Trp Val Ser Arg Leu Leu Arg His Arg Lys Ala
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Gln Leu Leu Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Thr Phe Gly Leu Glu Val Cys Leu
20 25 30
Ala Ala Gly Ile Thr Tyr Val Pro Leu Leu Leu Glu Val Gly Val
35 40 45
Glu Glu Lys Phe Met Thr Met Val Leu Gly Ile Gly Pro Val Leu Gly
50 55 60
Leu Val Cys Val Pro Leu Leu Gly Ser Ala Ser Asp His Trp Arg Gly
65 70 75 80
Arg Tyr Gly Arg Arg Arg Pro Phe Ile Trp Ala Leu Ser Leu Gly Ile
85 90 95
Leu Leu Ser Leu Phe Leu Ile Pro Arg Ala Gly Trp Leu Ala Gly Leu
100 105 110
Leu Cys Pro Asp Pro Arg Pro Leu Glu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ile Leu Gly
115 120 125
Val Gly Leu Leu Asp Phe Cys Gly Gln Val Cys Phe Thr Pro Leu Glu
130 135 140
Ala Leu Leu Ser Asp Leu Phe Arg Asp Pro Asp His Cys Arg Gln Ala
145 150 155 160
Tyr Ser Val Tyr Ala Phe Met Ile Ser Leu Gly Gly Cys Leu Gly Tyr
165 170 175
Leu Leu Pro Ala Ile Asp Trp Asp Thr Ser Ala Leu Ala Pro Tyr Leu
180 185 190
Gly Thr Gln Glu Glu Cys Leu Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Leu Ile Phe Leu
195 200 205
Thr Cys Val Ala Ala Thr Leu Leu Val Ala Glu Glu Ala Ala Leu Gly
210 215 220
Pro Thr Glu Pro Ala Glu Gly Leu Ser Ala Pro Ser Leu Ser Pro His
225 230 235 240

Cys Cys Pro Cys Arg Ala Arg Leu Ala Phe Arg Asn Leu Gly Ala Leu
 245 250 255
 Leu Pro Arg Leu His Gln Leu Cys Cys Arg Met Pro Arg Thr Leu Arg
 260 265 270
 Arg Leu Phe Val Ala Glu Leu Cys Ser Trp Met Ala Leu Met Thr Phe
 275 280 285
 Thr Leu Phe Tyr Thr Asp Phe Val Gly Glu Gly Leu Tyr Gln Gly Val
 290 295 300
 Pro Arg Ala Glu Pro Gly Thr Glu Ala Arg Arg His Tyr Asp Glu Gly
 305 310 315 320
 Val Arg Met Gly Ser Leu Gly Leu Phe Leu Gln Cys Ala Ile Ser Leu
 325 330 335
 Val Phe Ser Leu Val Met Asp Arg Leu Val Gln Arg Phe Gly Thr Arg
 340 345 350
 Ala Val Tyr Leu Ala Ser Val Ala Ala Phe Pro Val Ala Ala Gly Ala
 355 360 365
 Thr Cys Leu Ser His Ser Val Ala Val Val Thr Ala Ser Ala Ala Leu
 370 375 380
 Thr Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ala Leu Gln Ile Leu Pro Tyr Thr Leu Ala
 385 390 395 400
 Ser Leu Tyr His Arg Glu Lys Gln Val Phe Leu Pro Lys Tyr Arg Gly
 405 410 415
 Asp Thr Gly Gly Ala Ser Ser Glu Asp Ser Leu Met Thr Ser Phe Leu
 420 425 430
 Pro Gly Pro Lys Pro Gly Ala Pro Phe Pro Asn Gly His Val Gly Ala
 435 440 445
 Gly Gly Ser Gly Leu Leu Pro Pro Pro Pro Ala Leu Cys Gly Ala Ser
 450 455 460
 Ala Cys Asp Val Ser Val Arg Val Val Val Gly Glu Pro Thr Glu Ala
 465 470 475 480
 Arg Val Val Pro Gly Arg Gly Ile Cys Leu Asp Leu Ala Ile Leu Asp
 485 490 495
 Ser Ala Phe Leu Leu Ser Gln Val Ala Pro Ser Leu Phe Met Gly Ser
 500 505 510
 Ile Val Gln Leu Ser Gln Ser Val Thr Ala Tyr Met Val Ser Ala Ala
 515 520 525
 Gly Leu Gly Leu Val Ala Ile Tyr Phe Ala Thr Gln Val Val Phe Asp
 530 535 540
 Lys Ser Asp Leu Ala Lys Tyr Ser Ala
 545 550

<210> 114
 <211> 241
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 114
 Met Gln Cys Phe Ser Phe Ile Lys Thr Met Met Ile Leu Phe Asn Leu
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 Leu Ile Phe Leu Cys Gly Ala Ala Leu Leu Ala Val Gly Ile Trp Val
 20 25 30
 Ser Ile Asp Gly Ala Ser Phe Leu Lys Ile Phe Gly Pro Leu Ser Ser
 35 40 45
 Ser Ala Met Gln Phe Val Asn Val Gly Tyr Phe Leu Ile Ala Ala Gly
 50 55 60
 Val Val Val Phe Ala Leu Gly Phe Leu Gly Cys Tyr Gly Ala Lys Thr
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Ser Lys Cys Ala Leu Val Thr Phe Phe Phe Ile Leu Leu Leu Ile
 85 90 95
 Phe Ile Ala Glu Val Ala Ala Ala Val Val Ala Leu Val Tyr Thr Thr
 100 105 110
 Met Ala Glu His Phe Leu Thr Leu Leu Val Val Pro Ala Ile Lys Lys

	115		120		125
Asp	Tyr Gly Ser Gln Glu	Asp Phe Thr Gln Val	Trp Asn Thr Thr Met		
130		135	140		
Lys Gly Leu Lys Cys Cys	Gly Phe Thr Asn Tyr	Thr Asp Phe Glu Asp			
145	150	155	160		
Ser Pro Tyr Phe	Lys Glu Asn Ser Ala Phe	Pro Pro Phe Cys Cys Asn			
	165	170	175		
Asp Asn Val Thr Asn Thr	Ala Asn Glu Thr Cys Thr	Lys Gln Lys Ala			
	180	185	190		
His Asp Gln Lys Val Glu Gly	Cys Phe Asn Gln Leu	Leu Tyr Asp Ile			
	195	200	205		
Arg Thr Asn Ala Val Thr	Val Gly Gly Val Ala	Ala Gly Ile Gly Gly			
	210	215	220		
Leu Glu Leu Ala Ala Met	Ile Val Ser Met Tyr	Leu Tyr Cys Asn Leu			
225	230	235	240		
Gln					

<210> 115
 <211> 366
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 115
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 ttggtttgtg aatccatctt gctttttccc cattggaact agtcattaac ccatctctga 180
 actggtagaa aaacatctga agagctagtc tatcagcatc tgacagggtga attggatggt 240
 tctcagaacc atttcacca gacagcctgt ttctatcctg ttaataaat tagtttgggt 300
 tctctacatg cataacaaac cctgctccaa tctgtcacat aaaagtctgt gacttgaagt 360
 ttagtc 366

<210> 116
 <211> 282
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(282)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 116
 acaaagatga accatttcct atattatagc aaaattaaaa tctacccgta ttctaattatt 60
 gagaaatgag atnaaacaca atnttataaa gtctacttag agaagatcaa gtgacctcaa 120
 agactttact attttcatat tttaagacac atgattttatc ctatttttagt aacctgggtc 180
 atacgttaaa caaaggataa tgtgaacagc agagaggatt tgttggcaga aaatctatgt 240
 tcaatctnga actatctana tcacagacat ttctattcct tt 282

<210> 117
 <211> 305
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(305)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 117
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 tattttacct cctccttgaa acaattgcaa aataanacaa aatatatgaa acaattgcaa 120

aataaggcaa aatatatgaa acaacaggtc tcgagatatt ggaaatcagt caatgaagga	180
tactgatccc tgatcactgt cctaatagcag gatgtgggaa acagatgagg tcacctctgt	240
gactgcccga gcttactgcc tgtagagagt ttctangctg cagttcagac agggagaaat	300
tgggt	305

<210> 118
 <211> 71
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(71)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 118	
accaaggtgt ntgaatctct gacgtgggga tctctgattc ccgcacaatc tgagtggaaa	60
aantcctggg t	71

<210> 119
 <211> 212
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(212)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 119	
actccggttg gtgtcagcag cacgtggcat tgaacatngc aatgtggagc ccaaaccaca	60
gaaaatgggg tgaaattggc caactttcta tnaacttatg ttggcaantt tgccaccaac	120
agtaagctgg cccttctaataaaaagaaaaat tgaaaggttt ctcactaanc ggaattaant	180
aatggantca aganactccc aggcctcagc gt	212

<210> 120
 <211> 90
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(90)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 120	
actcgttgca natcaggggc cccccagagt caccgttgca ggagtccttc tggctcttgcc	60
ctccgccggc gcagaacatg ctgggggtggt	90

<210> 121
 <211> 218
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(218)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 121	
tgtancgtga anacgacaga nagggttggtc aaaaatggag aanccttgaa gtcattttga	60
gaataagatt tgctaaaaga tttggggcta aaacatgggtt attgggagac atttctgaag	120

atatncangt aaattangga atgaattcat ggttcttttg ggaattcctt tacgatngcc 180
agcatanact tcatgtgggg atancagcta cccttgta 218

<210> 122
<211> 171
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 122
taggggtgta tgcaactgta aggacaaaaa ttgagactca actggcttaa ccaataaagg 60
catttgtag ctcatggaac aggaagtcgg atgggtgggc atcttcagtg ctgcatgagt 120
caccaccccg gcgggggtcat ctgtgccaca ggtccctgtt gacagtgcgg t 171

<210> 123
<211> 76
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(76)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 123
tgtagcgtga agacnacaga atgggtgtgtg ctgtgctatc caggaacaca tttattatca 60
ttatcaanta ttgtgt 76

<210> 124
<211> 131
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 124
acctttcccc aaggccaatg tctgtgtgac taaactggccg gctgcaggac agctgcaatt 60
caatgtgctg ggtcatatgg aggggaggag actctaaaat agccaatttt attctcttgg 120
ttaagatttg t 131

<210> 125
<211> 432
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 125
actttatcta ctggctatga aatagatggt ggaaaattgc gttaccaact ataccactgg 60
cttgaaaaag aggtgatagc tcttcagagg acttgtgact tttgctcaga tgctgaagaa 120
ctacagtctg catttggcag aaatgaagat gaatttggat taaatgagga tgctgaagat 180
ttgcctcacc aaacaaaagt gaaacaactg agagaaaatt ttcaggaaaa aagacagtgg 240
ctcttgaagt atcagtcact tttgagaatg tttcttagtt actgcatact tcatggatcc 300
catgggtggg gtcttgcacg tgtaagaatg gaattgattt tgcttttgca agaattctag 360
caggaaacat cagaaccact attttctagc cctctgtcag agcaaaccctc agtgcctctc 420
ctctttgctt gt 432

<210> 126
<211> 112
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 126
acacaacttg aatagtaaaa tagaaactga gctgaaattt ctaattcact ttctaaccat 60
agtaagaatg atatttcccc ccagggatca ccaaatttt ataaaaattt gt 112

<210> 127

<211> 54
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 127
accacgaaac cacaacaag atggaagcat caatccactt gccaaagcaca gcag 54

<210> 128
<211> 323
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 128
acctcattag taattgtttt gttgtttcat ttttttctaa tgtctccct ctaccagctc 60
acctgagata acagaatgaa aatggaagga cagccagatt tctcctttgc tctctgctca 120
ttctctctga agtctagggt acccattttg gggacccatt ataggcaata aacacagttc 180
ccaaagcatt tggacagttt cttgttgtgt tttagaatgg ttttcctttt tcttagcctt 240
ttcctgcaaa aggtcactc agtcccttgc ttgtcagtg gactgggctc cccagggcct 300
aggtgcctt cttttccatg tcc 323

<210> 129
<211> 192
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(192)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 129
acatacatgt gtgtatatatt ttaaataatca cttttgtatc actctgactt tttagcatac 60
tgaaaacaca ctaacataat ttntgtgaac catgatcaga tacaacccaa atcattcatc 120
tagcacattc atctgtgata naaagatagg tgagtttcat ttccttcacg ttggccaatg 180
gataaaca aa gt 192

<210> 130
<211> 362
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(362)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 130
ccctttttta tggaaatgagt agactgtatg tttgaanatt tanccacaac ctctttgaca 60
tataatgacg caacaaaaag gtgctgttta gtcctatggg tcagtttatg cccctgacaa 120
gtttccattg tgttttgccg atcttctggc taatcgtggg atcctccatg ttattagtaa 180
ttctgtattc ctttttgta acgcttggt gatgtaacct gctangaggc taactttata 240
cttatttaaa agctcttatt ttgtgggtcat taaaatggca atttatgtgc agcactttat 300
tgcagcagga agcacgtgtg gggtgggtgt aaagctctt gctaactcta aaaagtaatg 360
gg 362

<210> 131
<211> 332
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(332)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 131

ctttttgaaa gatcgtgtcc actcctgtgg acatcttggt ttaatggagt ttcccatgca	60
gtangactgg tatggttgca gctgtccaga taaaaacatt tgaagagctc caaatgaga	120
gttctcccag gttcgccctg ctgctccaag tctcagcagc agcctctttt aggaggcatc	180
ttctgaacta gattaaggca gcttgtaa atctgatgtgat ttggtttatt atccaactaa	240
cttccatctg ttatcactgg agaaagccca gactcccan gacnggtacg gattgtgggc	300
atanaaggat tgggtgaagc tggcgttgtg gt	332

<210> 132

<211> 322

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(322)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 132

acttttgcca ttttgtatat ataaacaatc ttgggacatt ctctgaaaa ctaggtgtcc	60
agtggctaag agaactcgat ttcaagcaat tctgaaagga aaaccagcat gacacagaat	120
ctcaaatcc caaacagggg ctctgtggga aaaatgaggg aggacctttg tatctcgggt	180
tttagcaagt taaaatgaan atgacaggaa aggccttatt atcaacaaag agaagagttg	240
ggatgcttct aaaaaaact ttggtagaga aaataggaat gctnaatcct agggaagcct	300
gtaacaatct acaattggtc ca	322

<210> 133

<211> 278

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(278)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 133

acaagccttc acaagtttaa ctaaattggg attaatcttt ctgtanttat ctgcataatt	60
cttggttttc tttccatctg gctcctgggt tgacaatttg tggaacaac tctattgcta	120
ctatttaaaa aaaatcacaa atctttccct ttaagctatg ttnaattcaa actattcctg	180
ctattcctgt ttgtcaaaag aaattatatt ttcaaaaata tgtntatttg tttgatgggt	240
cccacgaaac actaataaaa accacagaga ccagcctg	278

<210> 134

<211> 121

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(121)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 134

gtttanaaaa cttgttttagc tccatagagg aaagaatggt aaactttgta ttttaaaaca	60
tgattctctg aggttaaaact tgggtttcaa atgttatatt tacttgtatt ttgcttttgg	120
t	121

<210> 135

<211> 350
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(350)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 135
 acttanaacc atgcctagca catcagaatc cctcaaagaa catcagtata atcctataacc 60
 atancaagtg gtgactgggt aagcgtgcga caaagggtcag ctggcacatt acttgtgtgc 120
 aaacttgata cttttgttct aagtaggaac tagtatacag tncctaggan tgggtactcca 180
 ggggtgcccc caactcctgc agccgctcct ctgtgccagn ccctgnaagg aactttcgct 240
 ccacctcaat caagccctgg gccatgctac ctgcaattgg ctgaacaaac gtttgctgag 300
 ttcccaagga tgcaaagcct ggtgctcaac tctgggggcg tcaactcagt 350

<210> 136
 <211> 399
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(399)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 136
 tgtaccgtga agacgacaga agttgcatgg cagggacagc gcagggccga ggccagggtt 60
 gctgtgattg tatccgaata ntctctgtga gaaaagataa tgagatgacg tgagcagcct 120
 gcagacttgt gtctgccttc aanaagccag acaggaaggc cctgcctgcc ttggctctga 180
 cctggcggcc agccagccag ccacagggtg gcttcttctt tttgtggtga caacnccaag 240
 aaaactgcag agggccaggg tcagggtgna gtgggtangt gaccataaaa caccagggtg 300
 tcccaggaac ccgggcaaag gccatcccca cctacagcca gcatgcccac tggcgtgatg 360
 ggtgcagang gatgaagcag ccagntgttc tgctgtggt 399

<210> 137
 <211> 165
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(165)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 137
 actggtgtgg tngggggtga tgctgtggtg anaagttgan gtgacttcan gatggtgtgt 60
 ggaggaagtg tgtgaacgta gggatgtaga ngttttggcc gtgctaaatg agcttcggga 120
 ttggctggtc ccactggtgg tcaactgtcat tgggtggggt cctgt 165

<210> 138
 <211> 338
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(338)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 138


```

actcactgga atgccacatt cacaacagaa tcagaggtct gtgaaaacat taatggctcc      60
ttaacttctc cagtaagaat cagggacttg aaatggaaac gttaacagcc acatgcccac      120
tgctgggcag tctcccatgc cttccacagt gaaagggctt gagaaaaatc acatccaatg      180
tcatgtgttt ccagccacac caaaaggtgc ttgggggtgga gggctggggg catananggt      240
cangcctcag gaagcctcaa gtccattca gctttgccac tgtacattcc ccatntttaa      300
aaaaactgat gccttttttt tttttttttg taaaattc

```

```

<210> 139
<211> 382
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 139
gggaatcttg gtttttggca tctggtttgc ctatagccga ggccactttg acagaacaaa      60
gaaagggact tcgagtaaga aggtgattta agccagcct agtgcccga gtaaggaga      120
attcaaacag acctcgatcat tctgggtgtg agcctggctg gctcaccgac tatcatctgc      180
atttgcttta ctcaggtgct accggactct ggccctgat gtctgtagt tcacaggatg      240
ccttatttgt cttctacacc ccacagggcc cctacttct tcggatgtgt ttttaataat      300
gtcagctatg tgcccatcc tcttcatgc cctccctccc tttcctacca ctgctgagt      360
gcctggaact tgtttaaagt gt

```

```

<210> 140
<211> 200
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(200)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 140
accaaanctt ctttctgttg tgttngattt tactataggg gtttngcttn ttctaaanat      60
acttttcatt taacancttt tgttaagtgt caggctgcac tttgctccat anaattattg      120
ttttcacatt tcaacttgta tgtgtttgtc tcttanagca ttggtgaaat cacatatttt      180
atattcagca taaaggagaa

```

```

<210> 141
<211> 335
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(335)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 141
actttatttt caaaacactc atatgttgca aaaaacacat agaaaaataa agtttgggtg      60
gggtgctgac taaacttcaa gtcacagact tttatgtgac agattggagc agggtttgtt      120
atgcatgtag agaaccacaa ctaatttatt aaacaggata gaaacaggct gtctgggtga      180
aatggttctg agaaccatcc aattcacctg tcagatgctg atanactagc tcttcagatg      240
ttttctacc agttcagaga tnggttaatg actanttcca atgggggaaa agcaagatgg      300
attcacaac caagtaattt taaacaaaga cactt

```

```

<210> 142
<211> 459
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature

```

<222> (1)...(459)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 142

accagggttaa	tattgccaca	tatatccttt	ccaattgctg	gctaaacaga	cgtgtattta	60
gggttggtta	aagacaaccc	agcttaatat	caagagaaat	tgtgaccttt	catggagtat	120
ctgatggaga	aaacactgag	ttttgacaaa	tcttatttta	ttcagatagc	agtctgatca	180
cacatgggtcc	aacaacactc	aaataataaa	tcaaataatna	tcagatgtta	aagattgggtc	240
ttcaaaccatc	atagccaatg	atgccccgct	tgcctataat	ctctccgaca	taaaaccaca	300
tcaaacacctc	agtggccacc	aaaccattca	gcacagcttc	cttaactgtg	agctgtttga	360
agctaccagt	ctgagcacta	ttgactatnt	ttttcangct	ctgaatagct	ctagggatct	420
cagcanggggt	gggaggaacc	agctcaacct	tggcgtant			459

<210> 143

<211> 140

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 143

acatttcctt	ccaccaagtc	aggactcctg	gcttctgtgg	gagttcttat	cacctgaggg	60
aaatccaaac	agtctctcct	agaaaggaat	agtgtcacca	accccaccca	tctccctgag	120
accatccgac	ttccctgtgt					140

<210> 144

<211> 164

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(164)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 144

acttcagtaa	caacatacaa	taacaacatt	aagtgtatat	tgccatcttt	gtcattttct	60
atctatacca	ctctcccttc	tgaaaacaan	aatcactanc	caatcactta	tacaaatttg	120
aggcaattaa	tccatatttg	ttttcaataa	ggaaaaaaag	atgt		164

<210> 145

<211> 303

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(303)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 145

acgtagacca	tccaactttg	tatttgtaat	ggcaaaccatc	cagnagcaat	tcctaaacaa	60
actggagggt	atttataccc	aattatccca	ttcattaaca	tgccctcctc	ctcaggctat	120
gcaggacagc	tatcataagt	cggccccaggc	atccagatac	taccatttgt	ataaaactta	180
gtaggggagt	ccatccaagt	gacaggtcta	atcaaaggag	gaaatggaac	ataagcccag	240
tagtaaaatn	ttgcttagct	gaaacagcca	caaaaagactt	accgccgtgg	tgattaccat	300
caa						303

<210> 146

<211> 327

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(327)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 146
 actgcagctc aattagaagt ggtctctgac ttctcatcanc ttctccctgg gctccatgac 60
 actggcctgg agtgactcat tgctctggtt ggttgagaga gctcccttgc caacaggcct 120
 ccaagtcagg gctgggattt gtttcctttc cacattctag caacaatatg ctggccactt 180
 cctgaacagg gaggggtggga ggagccagca tggaaacaagc tgccactttc taaagtagcc 240
 agacttgccc ctgggcctgt cacacctact gatgaccttc tgtgcctgca ggatggaatg 300
 taggggtgag ctgtgtgact ctatggt 327

<210> 147
 <211> 173
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(173)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 147
 acattgtttt tttgagataa agcattgana gagctctcct taacgtgaca caatggaagg 60
 actggaacac ataccacat ctttgttctg agggataatt ttctgataaa gtcttgctgt 120
 atattcaagc acatatgtta tatattattc agttccatgt ttatagccta gtt 173

<210> 148
 <211> 477
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(477)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 148
 acaaccactt tatctcatcg aattttttaac ccaaactcac tcaactgtgcc tttctatcct 60
 atgggatata ttatttgatg ctccatttca tcacacatat atgaataata cactcatact 120
 gccctactac ctgctgcaat aatcacattc ctttctgtc ctgaccctga agccattggg 180
 gtggtcctag tggccatcag tccangcctg caccttgagc ccttgagctc cattgctcac 240
 nccanccac ctccaccgacc ccactctctt acacagctac ctcttgctc tctaacccca 300
 tagattatnt ccaaattcag tcaattaagt tactattaac actctaccg acatgtccag 360
 caccactggg aagccttctc cagccaacac acacacacac acacncacac acacacatat 420
 ccaggcacag gctacctcat cttcacaatc acccctttaa ttaccatgct atgggtgg 477

<210> 149
 <211> 207
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 149
 acagttgtat tataatatca agaaataaac ttgcaatgag agcatttaag agggaagaac 60
 taacgtatth tagagagcca aggaaggtht ctgtggggag tgggatgtaa ggtggggcct 120
 gatgataaat aagagtcagc caggtaagtg ggtggtgtgg tatgggcaca gtgaagaaca 180
 tttcaggcag aggggaacagc agtgaaa 207

<210> 150
 <211> 111
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(111)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 150
 accttgattt cattgctgct ctgatggaaa cccaactatc taatttagct aaaacatggg 60
 cacttaaattg tggtcagtgt ttggacttgt taactantgg catctttggg t 111

<210> 151
 <211> 196
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 151
 agcgcggcag gtcatttga acattccaga tacctatcat tactcgatgc tgttgataac 60
 agcaagatgg ctttgaactc agggtcacca ccagctattg gaccttacta tgaaaaccat 120
 ggataccaac cggaaaaccc ctatcccgca cagcccactg tggccccac tgtctacgag 180
 gtgcatccgg ctgagt 196

<210> 152
 <211> 132
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 152
 acagcacttt cacatgtaag aaggagaaaa ttocataatg taggagaaa ataacagaac 60
 cttccctttt tcatctagt gtggaaacct gatgctttat gttgacagga atagaaccag 120
 gagggagttt gt 132

<210> 153
 <211> 285
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(285)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 153
 acaanacca nganaggcca ctggccgtgg tgtcatggcc tccaaacatg aaagtgtcag 60
 cttctgctct tatgtctca tctgacaact ctttaccatt tttatcctcg ctgagcagga 120
 gcacatcaat aaagtccaaa gtcttgact tggccttggc ttggaggaag tcatcaaac 180
 cctggctagt gaggggtgagg cgccgtcctt ggatgacggc atctgtgaag tctgacacca 240
 gtctgcaggc cctgtggaag cgccgtccac acggagtnag gaatt 285

<210> 154
 <211> 333
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 154
 accacagtcc tgttgggcca gggcttcatg accctttctg tgaaaagcca tattatcacc 60
 accccaaatt tttccttaaa tatctttaac tgaaggggtc agcctcttga ctgcaaagac 120
 cctaagccgg ttacacagct aactccact ggccctgatt tgtgaaattg ctgctgctg 180
 attggcacag gagtgaagg tgttcagctc cctcctccg tggaacgaga ctctgatttg 240
 agtttcacaa attctcgggc cacctcgtca ttgctcctct gaaataaaat ccggagaatg 300
 gtcaggcctg tctcatccat atggatcttc cgg 333

<210> 155

<211> 308
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(308)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 155
 actggaaata ataaaaccca catcacagtg ttgtgtcaaa gatcatcagg gcatggatgg 60
 gaaagtgcct tgggaactgt aaagtgccta acacatgata gatgatTTTT gttataatat 120
 ttgaatcacg gtgcatacaa actctcctgc ctgctcctcc tgggccccag cccagcccc 180
 atcacagctc actgctctgt tcatccaggc ccagcatgta gtggctgatt cttcttggt 240
 gcttttagcc tccanaagtt tctctgaagc caaccaaacc tctangtga aggcattgctg 300
 gccctggt 308

<210> 156
 <211> 295
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 156
 accttgctcg gtgcttgga catattagga actcaaaata tgagatgata acagtgccta 60
 ttattgatta ctgagagaac tgtagacat ttagttgaag attttctaca caggaaactga 120
 gaataggaga ttatgtttgg cctcatatt ctctcctatc ctcttgcct cattctatgt 180
 ctaatatatt ctcaatcaaa taaggttagc ataatcagga aatcgaccaa ataccaatat 240
 aaaaccagat gtctatcctt aagattttca aatagaaaac aaattaacag actat 295

<210> 157
 <211> 126
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 157
 acaagtttaa atagtgtgt cactgtgcat gtgctgaaat gtgaaatcca ccacatttct 60
 gaagagcaaa acaaattctg tcatgtaac tctatcttgg gtcgtgggta tatctgtccc 120
 cttagt 126

<210> 158
 <211> 442
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(442)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 158
 acccactggt cttggaaca cccatcctta atacgatgat ttttctgtcg tgtgaaaatg 60
 aanccagcag gctgccccta gtcagtcctt ccttcagag aaaaagagat ttgagaaagt 120
 gcctgggtaa ttcaccatta atttctccc ccaaactctc tgagtcttcc cttaatatatt 180
 ctggtggttc tgaccaaagc aggtcatggt ttgttgagca tttgggatcc cagtgaagta 240
 natgtttgta gccttgcata cttagccctt cccacgcaca aacggagtgg cagagtgggtg 300
 ccaacctgt tttccagtc cacgtagaca gattcacagt gcggaattct ggaagctgga 360
 nacagacggg ctctttgcag agccgggact ctgagangga catgagggcc tctgcctctg 420
 tgttcattct ctgatgtcct gt 442

<210> 159
 <211> 498
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(498)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 159

acttccaggt	aacgttggtg	tttccggtga	gectgaactg	atgggtgacg	ttgtagggtc	60
tccaacaaga	actgaggttg	cagagcgggt	aggggaagagt	gctgttccag	ttgcacctgg	120
gctgctgtgg	actgttggtg	attcctcact	acggcccaag	gttgtggaac	tggcanaaag	180
gtgtgtgtgt	gganttgagc	tcgggcggct	gtggtagggt	gtgggctctt	caacaggggc	240
tgctgtggtg	ccgggangtg	aangtggtgt	gtcacttgag	cttggccagc	tctggaaagt	300
antanattct	tcctgaaggc	cagcgcttgt	ggagctggca	ngggtcantg	ttgtgtgtaa	360
cgaaccagtg	ctgctgtggg	tgggtgtana	tcctccacaa	agcctgaagt	tatgggtgcn	420
tcaggtana	atgtggtttc	agtgtccctg	ggcngctgtg	gaaggttgta	nattgtcacc	480
aaggaataa	gctgtggt					498

<210> 160

<211> 380

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(380)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 160

acctgcatcc	agcttccctg	ccaaactcac	aaggagacat	caacctctag	acagggaaac	60
agcttcagga	tacttccagg	agacagagcc	accagcagca	aaacaaatat	tcccatgcct	120
ggagcatggc	atagaggaag	ctganaaatg	tggggtctga	ggaagccatt	tgagtctggc	180
cactagacat	ctcatcagcc	acttgtgtga	agagatgccc	catgacccca	gatgcctctc	240
ccacccttac	ctccatctca	cacacttgag	ctttccactc	tgtataattc	taacatcctg	300
gagaaaaatg	gcagtttgac	cgaacctgtt	cacaacggta	gaggctgatt	tctaacgaaa	360
cttgtagaat	gaagcctgga					380

<210> 161

<211> 114

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 161

actccacatc	ccctctgagc	aggcgggtgt	cgttcaaggt	gtatttggcc	ttgcctgtca	60
cactgtccac	tggcccctta	tccacttggt	gcttaatccc	tcgaaagagc	atgt	114

<210> 162

<211> 177

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 162

actttctgaa	tcgaatcaaa	tgatacttag	tgtagtttta	atatacctcat	atatatcaaa	60
gttttactac	tctgataatt	ttgtaaacca	ggtaaccaga	acatccagtc	atacagcttt	120
tgggtatata	taacttggca	ataaccagtc	ctggtgatac	ataaaactac	tcactgt	177

<210> 163

<211> 137

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(137)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 163
 catttataca gacagggcgtg aagacattca cgacaaaaaac gcgaaattct atccccgtgac 60
 canagaaggc agctacggct actcctacat cctggcgtgg gtggccttcg cctgcacctt 120
 catcagcggc atgatgt 137

<210> 164
 <211> 469
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(469)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 164
 cttatcacaa tgaatgttct cctgggcagc gttgtgatct ttgccacctt cgtgacttta 60
 tgcaatgcat catgctattt catacctaata gagggagttc caggagattc aaccaggaaa 120
 tgcattggatc tcaaaggaaa caaacaccca ataaactcgg agtggcagac tgacaactgt 180
 gagacatgca cttgctacga aacagaaatt tcatgttgca cccttgtttc tacacctgtg 240
 ggttatgaca aagacaactg ccaaagaatc ttcaagaagg aggactgcaa gtatatcgtg 300
 gtggagaaga aggacccaaa aaagacctgt tctgtcagtg aatggataat ctaatgtgct 360
 tctagtggc acagggctcc caggccaggc ctcatctcc tctggcctct aatagtcaat 420
 gattgtgtag ccattgcctat cagtaaaaag atntttgagc aaacacttt 469

<210> 165
 <211> 195
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(195)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 165
 acagtttttt atanatatcg acattgccgg cacttgtggt cagtttcata aagctgggtg 60
 atccgctgtc atccactatt ccttggttag agtaaaaatt attcttatag cccatgtccc 120
 tgcaggccgc ccgccgtag ttctcgttcc agtcgtcttg gcacacaggg tgccaggact 180
 tcctctgaga tgagt 195

<210> 166
 <211> 383
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(383)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 166
 acatcttagt agtgtggcac atcagggggc catcagggtc acagtcactc atagcctcgc 60
 cgaggtcgga gtccacacca ccggtgtagg tgtgtcaaat cttgggcttg gcgcccacct 120
 tlggagaagg gatattgtgc acacacatgt ccacaaagcc lgtgaactcg ccaaagaatt 180
 tttgcagacc agcctgagca aggggcggat gttcagcttc agctcctcct tcgtcagggtg 240
 gatgccaacc tcgtctangg tccgtgggaa gctggtgtcc acntcaccta caacctgggc 300
 gangatctta taaagaggct ccnagataaa ctccacgaaa cttctctggg agctgctagt 360

nggggccttt ttggtgaact ttc

383

<210> 167
<211> 247
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(247)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 167
acagagccag accttggcca taaatgaanc agagattaag actaaacccc aagtcganat 60
tggagcagaa actggagcaa gaagtgggcc tggggctgaa gtagagacca aggccactgc 120
tatanccata cacagagcca actctcaggc caaggcnatg gttggggcag anccagagac 180
tcaatctgan tccaaagtgg tggctggaac actggctcatg acanaggcag tgactctgac 240
tganctc 247

<210> 168
<211> 273
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(273)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 168
acttctaagt tttctagaag tggaaggatt gtantcatcc tgaaaatggg tttacttcaa 60
aatccctcan ccttggtctt cactactgtc tatactgana gtgtcatgtt tccacaaagg 120
gctgacacct gagcctgnat tttactcat ccctgagaag ccctttccag taggggtggc 180
aattcccaac ttccttgcca caagcttccc aggccttctc ccctggaaaa ctccagcttg 240
agtcccagat acactcatgg gctgccctgg gca 273

<210> 169
<211> 431
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(431)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 169
acagccttgg cttcccaaaa ctccacagtc tcagtgcaga aagatcatct tccagcagtc 60
agctcagacc agggtaaaag gatgtgacat caacagtttc tggtttcaga acaggttcta 120
ctactgtcaa atgacccccc atacttcctc aaaggctgtg gtaagttttg cacagggtgag 180
ggcagcagaa agggggtant tactgatgga caccatcttc tctgtatact ccacactgac 240
cttgccatgg gcaaaaggccc ctaccacaaa aacaatagga tcaactgctgg gcaccagctc 300
acgcacatca ctgacaaccg ggatggaaaa agaantgcc aacttcatac atccaactgg 360
aaagtgatct gatactggat tcttaattac cttcaaaagc ttctgggggc catcagctgc 420
tcgaacactg a 431

<210> 170
<211> 266
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(266)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 170
 acctgtgggc tgggctgtta tgcctgtgcc ggctgctgaa agggagttca gaggtggagc 60
 tcaaggagct ctgcaggcat ttgccaanc ctctccanag canagggagc aacctacact 120
 ccccgctaga aagacaccag attggagctc tgggagggg agttgggggtg ggcatttgat 180
 gtatacttgt cacctgaatg aangagccag agaggaanga gacgaanatg anattggcct 240
 tcaaagctag ggtctggca ggtgga 266

<210> 171
 <211> 1248
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(1248)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 171
 ggcagccaaa tcataaacgg cgaggactgc agcccgact cgcagccctg gcaggcgga 60
 ctggtcatgg aaaacgaatt gttctgctcg ggcgctctgg tgcattccga gtgggtgctg 120
 tcagccgcac actgtttcca gaagtgaagt cagagctcct acaccatcgg gctgggcctg 180
 cacagtcttg aggcgcacca agagccaggg agccagatgg tggaggccag cctctccgta 240
 cggcaccagc agtacaacag acccttgctc gctaacgacc tcatgctcat caagttggac 300
 gaatccgtgt ccgagctctga caccatccgg agcatcagca ttgcttcgca gtgccctacc 360
 gcggggaaact cttgcctcgt ttctggctgg ggtctgctgg cgaacggcag aatgcctacc 420
 gtgctgcagt gcgtgaacgt gtcgggtgtg tctgaggagg tctgcagtaa gctctatgac 480
 ccgctgtacc accccagcat gttctgcgcc ggccggaggc aagaccagaa ggactcctgc 540
 aacgggtgact ctggggggcc cctgatctgc aacgggtact tgcagggcct tgtgtctttc 600
 ggaaaagccc cgtgtggcca agttggcgtg ccaggtgtct acaccaacct ctgcaaattc 660
 actgagtggga tagagaaaac cgtccaggcc agttaactct ggggactggg aacctatgaa 720
 attgaccccc aaatacatcc tgcggaagga attcaggaat atctgttccc agcccctcct 780
 ccctcaggcc caggagtcca ggccccagc ccctcctccc tcaaaccaag ggtacagatc 840
 cccagccctc cctccctcag acccaggagt ccagaccccc cagccctccc tccctcagac 900
 ccaggagtcc agcccctcct ccctcagacc caggagtcca gacccccag cccctcctcc 960
 ctcagaccca ggggtccagg cccccaaccc ctctcctc agactcagag gtccaagccc 1020
 ccaaccntc attccccaga cccagaggtc caggtcccag cccctctccc ctcagaccca 1080
 gcggtccaat gccacctaga ctntccctgt acacagtgcc cccttggtggc acgttgaccc 1140
 aaccttacca gttggttttt catttttngt ccctttcccc tagatccaga aataaagttt 1200
 aagagaagng caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaa 1248

<210> 172
 <211> 159
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> VARIANT
 <222> (1)...(159)
 <223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 172
 Met Val Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro
 1 5 10 15
 Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser
 20 25 30
 Glu Ser Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr
 35 40 45
 Ala Gly Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly

50	55	60
Arg Met Pro Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu		
65	70	75
Glu Val Cys Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe		
	85	90
Cys Ala Gly Gly Gly Gln Xaa Gln Xaa Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser		
	100	105
Gly Gly Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe		
	115	120
Gly Lys Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn		
	130	135
Leu Cys Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser		
145	150	155

<210> 173
 <211> 1265
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(1265)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 173

ggcagcccg	actgcagcc	ctggcaggcg	gcactgggtca	tggaaaaacga	attgtttctgc	60
tggggcgctcc	tggtgcatcc	gcagtgggtg	ctgtcagccg	cacactgttt	ccagaactcc	120
tacaccatcg	ggctgggcct	gcacagtctt	gaggccgacc	aagagccagg	gagccagatg	180
gtggaggcca	gcctctccgt	acggcaccca	gagtacaaca	gaccttgc	cgtaacgac	240
ctcatgtca	tcaagttgga	cgaatccgtg	tccgagtctg	acaccatccg	gagcatcagc	300
attgtctgc	agtgcctac	cgcggggaac	tcttgctctg	tttctggctg	gggtctgctg	360
gcgaacggtg	agctcacggg	tgtgtgtctg	ccctcttcaa	ggaggtcctc	tgcccagtcg	420
cgggggctga	cccagagctc	tgcgtcccag	gcagaatgcc	taccgtgctg	cagtgcgtga	480
acgtgtcgg	ggtgtctgag	gaggtctgca	gtaagctcta	tgaccgctg	taccacccca	540
gcatgttctg	cgccggcgga	gggcaagacc	agaaggactc	ctgcaacggg	gactctgggg	600
ggccctgat	ctgcaacggg	tacttgagg	gccttgtgtc	tttcggaaaa	gccccgtgtg	660
gccaagtgg	cgtgccagg	gtctacacca	acctctgcaa	attactgag	tgatagaga	720
aaaccgtcca	ggccagttaa	ctctggggac	tggaaccca	tgaattgac	ccccaaatac	780
atcctgcgga	aggaattcag	gaatatctgt	tcccagcccc	tcctccctca	ggcccaggag	840
tccaggcccc	cagccctcc	tcctcaaac	caagggtaca	gatccccagc	ccctcctccc	900
tcagaccag	gagtcagac	ccccagccc	ctctccctc	agaccagga	gtccagcccc	960
tcctccntca	gaccaggag	tccagacccc	ccagccctc	ctccctcaga	cccagggtt	1020
gaggcccca	acccctcctc	cttcagagtc	agaggcca	gcccccaacc	cctcgttccc	1080
cagaccaga	ggttnaggtc	ccagccctc	ttccntcaga	cccagnggtc	caatgccacc	1140
tagattttcc	ctgnacacag	tgcccccttg	tggnangttg	acccaacctt	accagttggt	1200
ttttcatttt	tngtcccttt	cccctagatc	cagaaataaa	gtttaagaga	ngngcaaaaa	1260
aaaaa						1265

<210> 174
 <211> 1459
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(1459)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 174

ggtcagccgc	acactgtttc	cagaagtgg	tgcagagctc	ctacaccatc	gggctgggccc	60
tgcacagtct	tgaggccgac	caagagccag	ggagccagat	ggtggaggcc	agcctctccg	120
tacggcacccc	agagtacaac	agacccttgc	tcgctaacga	cctcatgctc	atcaagttgg	180

acgaatccgt	gtccgagttct	gacaccatcc	ggagcatcag	cattgcttcg	cagtgcctta	240
ccgcggggaa	ctcttgccctc	gtttctggct	ggggtctgct	ggcgaacggt	gagctcacgg	300
gtgtgtgtct	gccctcttca	aggaggtcct	ctgcccagtc	gcgggggctg	acccagagct	360
ctgcgtccca	ggcagaatgc	ctaccgtgct	gcagtgcgtg	aacgtgtcgg	tgggtgtctga	420
ngaggtctgc	antaagctct	atgacccgct	gtaccacccc	ancatgttct	gcgccggcgg	480
agggcaagac	cagaaggact	cctgcaacgt	gagagagggg	aaaggggagg	gcaggcgact	540
caggggaagg	tggagaagg	ggagacagag	acacacagg	ccgcatggcg	agatgcagag	600
atggagagac	acacagggag	acagtgacaa	ctagagagag	aaactgagag	aaacagagaa	660
ataaacacag	gaataaagag	aagcaaagga	agagagaaac	agaaacagac	atggggaggc	720
agaaacacac	acacatagaa	atgcagttga	ccttccaaca	gcatggggcc	tgagggcggt	780
gacctccacc	caatagaaaa	tectcttata	acttttgact	ccccaaaaac	ctgactagaa	840
atagcctact	gttgacgggg	agccttacca	ataacataaa	tagtcgattt	atgcatacgt	900
tttatgcatt	catgatatac	ctttgttga	attttttgat	atttctaagc	tacacagttc	960
gtctgtgaat	ttttttaaat	tgttgcaact	ctcctaaaat	ttttctgatg	tgtttattga	1020
aaaaatccaa	gtataagtgg	acttgtgcat	tcaaaccagg	gttggttcaag	ggtcaactgt	1080
gtacccagag	ggaaacagtg	acacagattc	atagaggtga	aacacgaaga	gaaacaggaa	1140
aaatcaagac	tctacaaaga	ggctgggcag	ggtggctcat	gcctgtaatc	ccagcacttt	1200
gggaggcgag	gcaggcagat	cacttgaggt	aaggagttca	agaccagcct	ggccaaaatg	1260
gtgaaatcct	gtctgtacta	aaaatacaaa	agttagctgg	atatggtggc	aggcgcctgt	1320
aatcccagct	acttgggagg	ctgagggcag	agaattgctt	gaatatggga	ggcagaggtt	1380
gaagtgaagt	gagatcacac	cactatactc	cagctggggc	aacagagtaa	gactctgtct	1440
caaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaa					1459

<210> 175
 <211> 1167
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(1167)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 175						
gcgcagccct	ggcaggcggc	actgggtcatg	gaaaacgaat	tgttctgctc	gggcgtcctg	60
gtgcatccgc	agtgggtgct	gtcagccgca	cactgtttcc	agaactccta	caccatcggg	120
ctgggacctg	acagtcttga	ggccgaccaa	gagccaggga	gccagatggg	ggaggccagc	180
ctctccgtac	ggcaccagga	gtacaacaga	ctcttgctcg	ctaaccacct	catgtctatc	240
aagttggacg	aatccgtgtc	cgagtctgac	accatccgga	gcatcagcat	tgtcttcgag	300
tgccctaccg	cggggaaactc	ttgcctcgtn	tctggctggg	gtctgctggc	gaacggcaga	360
atgcctaccg	tgtctgactg	cgtgaacgtg	tccgtggtgt	ctgaggangt	ctgcagtaag	420
ctctatgacc	cgtgtacca	cccagcatg	ttctgcgccg	gcggagggca	agaccagaag	480
gactcctgca	acggtgactc	tggggggccc	ctgatctgca	acgggtactt	gcagggcctt	540
gtgtctttcg	gaaaagcccc	gtgtggccaa	cttggcgtgc	caggtgtcta	caccaacctc	600
tgcaaattca	ctgagtggat	agagaaaacc	gtccagncca	gttaactctg	gggactggga	660
acccatgaaa	ttgaccccca	aatacatcct	gcggaangaa	ttcaggaata	tctgttccca	720
gcccctcctc	cctcaggccc	aggagtccag	gccccagcc	cctcctccct	caaaccaagg	780
gtacagatcc	ccagccctc	ctccctcaga	cccaggagtc	cagacccccc	agccctcnt	840
ccntcagacc	caggagtcca	gcccctcctc	cntcagacgc	aggagtccag	acccccagc	900
ccntcntccg	tcagaccag	gggtgcaggc	ccccaaaccc	tcntccntca	gagtcagagg	960
tccaagcccc	caacccctcg	ttccccagac	ccagaggtn	aggtcccage	ccctcctccc	1020
tcagaccag	cgggtcaatg	ccacctagan	ntccctgta	cacagtgcc	ccttggtggca	1080
ngttgaccca	accttaccag	ttggtttttc	attttttgct	cctttccct	agatccagaa	1140
ataaagtnta	agagaagcgc	aaaaaaa				1167

<210> 176
 <211> 205
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> VARIANT

<222> (1)...(205)

<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 176

```

Met Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp
 1          5          10          15
Val Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu
 20          25          30
Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val
 35          40          45
Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Leu Leu Leu
 50          55          60
Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser
 65          70          75          80
Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly
 85          90          95
Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Met
 100          105          110
Pro Thr Val Leu His Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Xaa Val
 115          120          125
Cys Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala
 130          135          140
Gly Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly
 145          150          155          160
Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys
 165          170          175
Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Leu Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Cys
 180          185          190
Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Xaa Ser
 195          200          205

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<210> 177

<211> 1119

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 177

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ggcgactcgc agccctggca ggccggcactg gtcattggaaa acgaattgtt ctgctcgggc 60
gtcctgggtgc atccgcagtg ggtgctgtca gccgcacact gtttccagaa ctccctacacc 120
atcgggctgg gcctgcacag tcttgaggcc gaccaagagc cagggagcca gatggtggag 180
gccagcctct ccgtacggca cccagagtac aacagaccct tgctcgctaa cgacctcatg 240
ctcatcaagt tggacgaatc cgtgtccgag tctgacacca tccggagcat cagcattgct 300
tcgcagtgcc ctaccgcggg gaactcttgc ctcgtttctg gctggggtct gctggcgaac 360
gatgctgtga ttgccatcca gtcccagact gtgggaggct gggagtgtga gaagctttcc 420
caaccctggc agggttgtac catttcggca acttccagtg caaggacgtc ctgctgcata 480
ctcactgggt gctcactact gctcactgca tcacccgga cactgtgatc aactagccag 540
caccatagtt ctccgaagtc agactatcat gattactgtg ttgactgtgc tgtctattgt 600
actaaccatg ccgatgttta ggtgaaatta gcgtcacttg gcctcaacca tcttggtatc 660
cagttatcct cactgaattg agatttctg cttcagtgtc agccattccc acataatttc 720
tgacctacag aggtgagggg tcatatagct cttcaaggat gctggtactc ccctcacaaa 780
ttcatttctc ctgtttagt gaaaggtgcg cctctggag cctcccaggg tgggtgtgca 840
ggtcacaaatg atgaatgtat gatcgtgttc ccattaccca aagcctttaa atccctcatg 900
ctcagtacac cagggcaggt ctacgatttc ttcathtagt gtatgctgtc cattcatgca 960
accacctcag gactcctgga ttctctgcct agttgagctc ctgcatgctg cctccttggg 1020
gaggtgaggg agagggccca tggttcaatg ggatctgtgc agttgtaaca cattaggtgc 1080
ttaataaaca gaagctgtga tgttaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1119

```

<210> 178

<211> 164

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> VARIANT
 <222> (1)...(164)
 <223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 178
 Met Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp
 1 5 10 15
 Val Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu
 20 25 30
 Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val
 35 40 45
 Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu
 50 55 60
 Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser
 65 70 75 80
 Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly
 85 90 95
 Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Ala Val
 100 105 110
 Ile Ala Ile Gln Ser Xaa Thr Val Gly Gly Trp Glu Cys Glu Lys Leu
 115 120 125
 Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Gly Cys Thr Ile Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Ala Arg
 130 135 140
 Thr Ser Cys Cys Ile Leu Thr Gly Cys Ser Leu Leu Leu Thr Ala Ser
 145 150 155 160
 Pro Gly Thr Leu

<210> 179
 <211> 250
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 179
 ctggagtgcc ttggtgtttc aagcccctgc aggaagcaga atgcaccttc tgaggcacct 60
 ccagctgccc ccggccgggg gatgcgaggc tcggagcacc cttgcccggc tgtgattgct 120
 gccaggcact gttcatctca gcttttctgt ccctttgttc ccggcaagcg cttctgctga 180
 aagttcatat ctggagcctg atgtcttaac gaataaaggt cccatgctcc acccgaaaaa 240
 aaaaaaaaaa 250

<210> 180
 <211> 202
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 180
 actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggcccac cacaatgggt acctttaaca 60
 tcacccagac ccgcccctg cccgtgccc acgtgtctgc taacgacagt atgatgctta 120
 ctctgtact cggaactat ttttatgtaa ttaatgtatg ctttcttggt tataaatgcc 180
 tgatttaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aa 202

<210> 181
 <211> 558
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(558)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 181
 tccytttkt naggtttkkg agacamccck agacctwaan ctgtgtcaca gacttcyngg 60
 aatgttttagg cagtgtctagt aatttcytcg taatgattct gttattactt tctnattct 120
 ttattcctct ttcttctgaa gattaatgaa gttgaaaatt gaggtggata aatacaaaaa 180
 ggtagtgtga tagtataagt atctaagtgc agatgaaagt gtgttatata tatccattca 240
 aaattatgca agttagtaat tactcagggt taactaaatt actttaatat gctgttgaac 300
 ctactctgtt ccttggctag aaaaaattat aaacaggact ttgttagttt gggaagccaa 360
 attgataata ttctatgttc taaaagttgg gctatacata aattattaag aaatatggaw 420
 ttttattccc aggaatatgg kgttcatttt atgaatatta cscrggatag awgtwtgagt 480
 aaaaycagtt ttggtwaata ygtwaatatg tcmtaaataa acaakgcttt gacttatttc 540
 caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaa 558

<210> 182
 <211> 479
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(479)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 182
 acagggttk grgatgcta agscccrga rwtggtttga tccaacctg gcttwttttc 60
 agaggggaaa atggggccta gaagttacag mscatytagy tgggtgcgmg gcacctctgg 120
 cstcacacag astcccaggt agctgggact acaggcacac agtactgaa gcaggccctg 180
 ttwgcaattc acgttgccac ctccaactta aacattcttc atatgtgatg tccttagtca 240
 ctaaggttaa actttccac ccagaaaagg caacttagat aaaatcttag agtactttca 300
 tactmttcta agtcctcttc cagcctcact kkgagtctm cytgggggtt gataggaant 360
 ntctcttggc tttctcaata aartctctat ycatctcatg ttttaatttg tacgcata 420
 awtgstgara aaattaaaat gttctggtty mactttaaaa araaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 479

<210> 183
 <211> 384
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 183
 aggcgggagc agaagctaaa gccaaagccc aagaagagtg gcagtgccag cactgggtgcc 60
 agtaccagta ccaataacag tgccagtgcc agtgccagca ccagtgggtg ctccagtgtc 120
 ggtgccagcc tgaccgccac tctcacattt gggctcttcg ctggccttgg tggagctggt 180
 gccagcacca gtggcagctc tgggtccctgt ggtttctcct acaagtgaga ttttagatat 240
 tgtaaatcct gccagtcttt ctcttcaagc cagggtgcat cctcagaaac ctactcaaca 300
 cagcactcta ggcagccact atcaatcaat tgaagttgac actctgcatt aracttattt 360
 gccatttcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 384

<210> 184
 <211> 496
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(496)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 184
 accgaattgg gaccgctggc ttataagcga tcatgttynt ccrgtatkac ctcaacgagc 60
 agggagatcg agtctatacg ctgaagaaat ttgacctgat gggacaacag acctgtctag 120
 cccatcctgc tcggttctcc ccagatgaca aatactctsg acaccgaatc accatcaaga 180
 aacgcttcaa ggtgctcatg acccagcaac cgcgcctgt cctctgaggg tcccttaaac 240
 tgatgtcttt tctgccacct gttacccctc ggagactccg taaccaaact ctctggactg 300

tgagccctga	tgcctttttg	ccagccatac	tctttggcat	ccagtctctc	gtggcgattg	360
atttatgcttg	tgtgaggcaa	tcatgggtggc	atcacccata	aagggaacac	atttgacttt	420
tttttctcat	attttaaatt	actacmagaw	tattwmagaw	waaatgawtt	gaaaaactst	480
taaaaaaaaa	aaaaaa					496

<210> 185
 <211> 384
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 185						
gctggtagcc	tatggcgkgy	cccacggagg	ggctcctgag	gccacggrac	agtgacttcc	60
caagtatcyt	gcgcsgegtc	ttctaccgtc	cctacctgca	gatcttcggg	cagattcccc	120
aggaggacat	ggacgtggcc	ctcatggagc	acagcaactg	ytctgctggag	cccggttct	180
gggcacaccc	tcctggggcc	caggcgggca	cctgcgtctc	ccagtatgcc	aactggctgg	240
tggtgctgct	cctcgtcctc	ttcctgctcg	tggccaacat	cctgctggtc	aacttgctca	300
ttgccatggt	cagttacaca	ttcggcaaa	tacagggcaa	cagcgatctc	tactgggaag	360
gcgcagcgtt	accgcctcat	ccgg				384

<210> 186
 <211> 577
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(577)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 186						
gagttagctc	ctccacaacc	ttgatgaggt	cgtctgcagt	ggcctctcgc	ttcataccgc	60
tnccatcgtc	atactgtagg	tttgccacca	cytcctggca	tcttggggcg	gcntaatatt	120
ccaggaaact	ctcaatcaag	tcaccgtcga	tgaaacctgt	gggctgggtc	tgtcttccgc	180
tcggtgtgaa	aggatctccc	agaaggagtg	ctcgatcttc	cccacacttt	tgatgacttt	240
attgagtcga	ttctgcatgt	ccagcaggag	gttgtagccag	ctctctgaca	gtgaggtcac	300
cagccctatc	atgccgttga	mogtgccgaa	garcaccgag	ccttgtgtgg	gggkkgaa	360
ctcacccaga	ttctgcatta	ccagagagcc	gtggcaaaag	acattgacaa	actcgcccag	420
gtggaaaaag	amcamctcct	ggargtgctn	gccgctctc	gtcmgttgg	ggcagcgctw	480
tccttttgac	acacaaacaa	gttaaaggca	ttttcagccc	ccagaaaant	gtcatcatcc	540
aagatntcgc	acagcactna	tccagttggg	attaaat			577

<210> 187
 <211> 534
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(534)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 187						
aacatcttcc	tgtataatgc	tgtgtaatat	cgatccgatn	ttgtctgstg	agaatycatw	60
actkggaaaa	gmaacattaa	agcctggaca	ctgggtattaa	aattcacaat	atgcaacact	120
ttaaacagtg	tgtcaatctg	ctcccyynac	tttgtcatca	ccagtctggg	aakaagggtg	180
tgccctattc	acacctgtta	aaagggcgct	aagcattttt	gattcaacat	cttttttttt	240
gacacaagtc	cgaaaaaagc	aaaagtaaac	agttatyaat	ttgttagcca	attcactttc	300
ttcatgggac	agagccatyt	gatttaaaaa	gcaaattgca	taatatggag	cttygggagc	360
tgatatttga	gcggaagagt	agcctttcta	cttcaccaga	cacaactccc	tttcatattg	420
ggatgttnac	naaagtwatg	tctctwacag	atgggatgct	tttgtggcaa	ttctgttctg	480
aggatctccc	agtttattta	ccacttgcac	aagaaggcgt	tttcttcctc	aggc	534

<210> 188
<211> 761
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(761)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 188
agaaaccagt atctctnaaa acaacctctc ataccttggt gacctaatTT tgtgtgcgtg 60
tgtgtgtgcg cgcataattat atagacaggc acatcttttt tactttttgta aaagcttatg 120
cctcttttgg atctatatct gtgaaagtTT taatgatctg ccataatgtc ttggggacct 180
ttgtcttctg tgtaaagtgt actagagaaa acacctatnt tatgagtcaa tctagttngt 240
tttattcgac atgaaggaaa tttccagatn acaacactna caaactctcc ctkgackarg 300
ggggacaaaag aaaagcaaaa ctgamcataa raaacaatwa cctggtgaga arttgcataa 360
acagaaatwr ggtagtatat tgaarnacag catcattaaa rmgtttwtktt wttctccctt 420
gcaaaaaaaca tgtacngact tcccgttgag taatgccaag ttgttttttt tatnataaaa 480
cttgcccttc attacatgtt tnaaagtggg gtgggtgggcc aaaatattga aatgatggaa 540
ctgactgata aagctgtaca aataagcagt gtgcctaaca agcaacacag taatgttgac 600
atgcttaatt cacaaatgct aatttcatta taaatgtttg ctaaaataca ctttgaacta 660
ttttctgtgTn ttcccagagc tgagatntta gattttatgt agtatnaagt gaaaaantac 720
gaaaaataata acattgaaga aaaaananaa aanaaaaaaa a 761

<210> 189
<211> 482
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(482)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 189
tttttttttt ttgtccgatn ctactatTTT attgcaggan gtgggggtgt atgcaccgca 60
caccgggggt atnagaagca agaaggaagg agggagggca cagccccttg ctgagcaaca 120
aagccgcctg ctgccttctc tgtctgtctc ctggtgcagg cacatgggga gaccttcccc 180
aaggcagggg ccaccagtcc aggggtggga atacaggggg tgggangtgt gcataagaag 240
tgataggcac aggccacccg gtacagaccc ctgcgctcct gacaggtnga tttcgaccag 300
gtcattgtgc cctgccagg cacagcgtan atctggaaaa gacagaatgc tttccttttc 360
aaatttggt ngtcatngaa ngggcanttt tccaantng gctnggtcct ggtacnctg 420
gttcggccca gctccnctg caaaaantat tcaccennct ccnaattgct tgcnggnccc 480
cc 482

<210> 190
<211> 471
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(471)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 190
tttttttttt ttttaaaaca gtttttcaca acaaaattta ttagaagaat agtggttttg 60
aaaactctcg catccagtga gaactaccat acaccacatt acagctngga atgtntctca 120
aatgtctggT caaatgatac aatggaacca ttcaatctta cacatgcacg aaagaacaag 180
cgcttttgac atacaatgca caaaaaaaa aggggggggg gaccacatgg attaaaattt 240
taagtactca tcacatacat taagacacag ttctagtcca gtcnaaaatc agaactgcnt 300

tgaaaaattt	catgtatgca	atccaaccaa	agaacttnat	tggtgatcat	gantncteta	360
ctacatcnac	cttgcatt	gccaggaacn	aaaagttnaa	ancacncngt	acaaaaanaa	420
tctgtaattn	anttcaacct	ccgtacngaa	aaatnttntt	tatacactcc	c	471

<210> 191

<211> 402

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(402)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 191

gagggattga	aggtctgttc	tastgtcggm	ctgttcagcc	accaaactcta	acaagttgct	60
gtcttccact	cactgtctgt	aagcttttta	acccagacwg	tatcttcata	aatagaacaa	120
attcttcacc	agtcacatct	tctaggacct	ttttggattc	agttagtata	agctcttcca	180
cttcctttgt	taagacttca	tctggtaaag	tcttaagttt	tgtagaaagg	aattyaattg	240
ctcgttctct	aacaatgtcc	tctccttgaa	gtatttggct	gaacaaccca	cctaaagtcc	300
ctttgtgcat	ccattttaaa	tatacttaat	agggcattgk	tnactagggt	taaattctgc	360
aagagtcac	tgctcgcaaa	agttgcgtta	gtatatctgc	ca		402

<210> 192

<211> 601

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(601)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 192

gagctcggat	ccaataatct	ttgtctgagg	gcagcacaca	tatncagtgc	catggnaact	60
ggtctacccc	acatgggagc	agcatgccgt	agntatataa	ggtcattccc	tgagtcagac	120
atgcytyttt	gaytacggtg	tgccaagtgc	tggtgattct	yaacacacyt	ccatcccgt	180
cttttgtgga	aaaactggca	cttktctgga	actagcarga	catcacttac	aaattcaccc	240
acgagacact	tgaaggtgt	aacaaagcga	ytcttgcat	gctttttgtc	cctccggcac	300
cagttgtcaa	tactaacccg	ctggtttgcc	tccatcacat	ttgtgatctg	tagctctgga	360
tacatctcct	gacagtactg	aagaacttct	tcttttgttt	caaaagcarg	tcttggtgcc	420
tgttggatca	ggttccatt	tccagtcyg	aatgttcaca	tggcataatt	wacttcccac	480
aaaacattgc	gatttgaggc	tcagcaacag	caaatcctgt	tccggcattg	gctgcaagag	540
cctcgatgta	gccggccagc	gccaaaggcag	gcgccgtgag	ccccaccagc	agcagaagca	600
g						601

<210> 193

<211> 608

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(608)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 193

atacagccca	nateccacca	cgaagatgcg	cttgttgact	gagaacctga	tgcggtcact	60
ggtcccgtcg	tagccccagc	gactctccac	ctgctggaag	cggttgatgc	tgcaactcyt	120
cccaacgcag	gcagmagcgg	gscgggtcaa	tgaactccay	tcgtaggctg	gggtkgacgg	180
tkaagtgcag	gaagaggctg	accacctcgc	ggtccaccag	gatgcccgac	tgtgcgggac	240
ctgcagcgaa	actcctcgat	ggtcatgagc	gggaagcgaa	tgaggcccag	ggccttgccc	300

```

agaaccttcc gcctgttctc tggcgctcacc tgcagctgct gccgctgaca ctcggcctcg      360
gaccagcggg caaacggcrt tgaacagccg cacctcacgg atgcccagtg tgtegcgctc      420
caggammgsc accagcgtgt ccaggtcaat gtccgtgaag ccctccgcgg gtrattggcg      480
ctgcagtgtt tttgtcgatg ttctccaggc acaggtggc cagctgcggg tcatcgaaga      540
gtcgcgcctg cgtgagcagc atgaaggcgt tgtcggctcg cagttcttct tcaggaaactc      600
cacgcaat                                     608

```

```

<210> 194
<211> 392
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(392)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 194
gaacggctgg acctgcctc gcattgtgct tgctggcagg gaataccttg gcaagcagyt      60
ccagtcagag cagcccccaga ccgctgccgc ccgaagctaa gcctgcctct ggccttcccc      120
tccgcctcaa tgcagaacca gtagtgggag cactgtgttt agagttaaga gtgaacactg      180
tttgatttta cttgggaatt tctctgttta tatagctttt cccaatgcta atttccaaac      240
aacaacaaca aaataacatg tttgcctgtt aagttgtata aaagtaggtg attctgtatt      300
taaagaaaat attactgtta catatactgc ttgcaatttc tgtatttatt gktnctstgg      360
aaataaatat agttattaaa ggttgtcant cc                                     392

```

```

<210> 195
<211> 502
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(502)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 195
ccsttkgagg ggtkaggkyc cagttyccga gtggaagaaa caggccagga gaagtgcgtg      60
ccgagctgag gcagatgttc ccacagtgc cccagagccc stgggstata gtytctgacc      120
cctcncaagg aaagaccacs ttctggggac atgggctgga gggcaggacc tagaggcacc      180
aaggggaagg cccattccgg ggstgttccc cgaggaggaa ggggaaggggc tctgtgtgcc      240
ccccagagg aagaggccct gagtccctgg atcagacacc ccttcacgtg tatcccaca      300
caaatgcaag ctcaccaagg tccccctca gtccccctcc stacaccctg amcggccact      360
gscscacacc caccagagc acgccaccgc ccattgggag tgtgctcaag gartcgcnng      420
gcarcgtgga catctngtcc cagaaggggg cagaatctcc aatagangga ctgarcmstt      480
gctnanaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aa                                     502

```

```

<210> 196
<211> 665
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(665)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 196
ggttacttgg tttcattgcc accacttagt ggatgtcatt tagaaccatt ttgtctgctc      60
cctctggaag ccttgccgag agcggacttt gtaattgttg gagaataact gctgaatttt      120
wagctgtttk gagttgatts gcaccactgc acccacaact tcaatatgaa aacyawttga      180
actwatttat tatcttgtga aaagtataac aatgaaaatt ttgttcatac tgtattkac      240

```

```

aagtatgatg aaaagcaawa gatatatatt cttttattat gttaaattat gattgccatt 300
attaatcggc aaaaatgtgga gtgtatgttc ttttcacagt aatatatgcc ttttgtaact 360
tcacttggtt attttattgt aaatgartta caaaattctt aatttaagar aatggatgt 420
watatttatt tcattaatth ctttcctkgt ttacgtwaat tttgaaaaga wtgcattgatt 480
tcttgacaga aatcgatctt gatgctgtgg aagtagtttg acccacatcc ctatgagttt 540
ttcttagaat gtataaagg ttagagccat cnaacttcaa agaaaaaat gaccacatac 600
tttgcaatca ggctgaaatg tggcatgctn ttctaattcc aactttataa actagcaaan 660
aagtg 665

```

```

<210> 197
<211> 492
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(492)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 197
tttnttttt ttttttttgc aggaaggatt ccatttattg tggatgcatt ttcacaatat 60
atgtttattg gagcgatcca ttatcagtga aaagtatcaa gtgtttataa natttttagg 120
aaggcagatt cacagaacat gctngtcngc ttgcagtttt acctcgtaana gatnacagag 180
aattatagtc naaccagtaa acnaggaatt tacttttcaa aagattaaat ccaaactgaa 240
caaaattcta ccctgaaact tactccatcc aaatatgtga ataanagtca gcagtgtatc 300
attctcttct gaacttttaga ttttctagaa aaatatgtaa tagtgatcag gaagagctct 360
tgttcaaaag tacaacnaag caatgttccc ttaccatagg ccttaattca aactttgatc 420
catttcactc ccacacagg agtcaatgct acctgggaca cttgtatttt gttcatnctg 480
ancntggctt aa 492

```

```

<210> 198
<211> 478
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(478)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 198
tttnttttgn atttcantct gtannaanta ttttcattat gtttattana aaaatatnaa 60
tgtntccacn acaaatcatn ttacnagat aagaggccan ctacattgta caacatacac 120
tgagtatatt ttgaaaagga caagtttaaa gtanacncat attgccganc atancacatt 180
tatacatggc ttgattgata ttttagcacag canaaactga gtgagttacc agaaaanaat 240
natatatgtc aatcngattt aagatacaaa acagatccta tggtagatan catcntgtag 300
gagttgtggc tttatgttta ctgaaagtea atgcagttcc tgtacaaaga gatggccgta 360
agcattctag tacctctact ccattggttaa gaatcgtaca cttatgttta catatgtnc 420
gggtaagaat tgtgttaagt naanttatgg agaggccan gagaaaaatt tgatncaa 478

```

```

<210> 199
<211> 482
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(482)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 199
agtgacttgt cctccaacaa aacccttga tcaagtttgt ggcactgaca atcagaccta 60

```

```

tgctagttcc tgtcatctat tcgctactaa atgcagactg gagggggacca aaaaggggca 120
tcaactccag ctggattatt ttggagcctg caaatctatt cctacttgta cggactttga 180
agtgattcag ttctctctac ggatgagaga ctggctcaag aatatcctca tgcagcttta 240
tgaagccnac tctgaacacg ctggttatct nagatgagaa ncagagaaat aaagtcnaga 300
aaatttacct ggangaaaag aggccttngg ctggggacca tccattgaa ccttctctta 360
anggacttta agaanaaact accacatgtn tgtngtatcc tggtgccngg ccgtttantg 420
aacntngaen ncacccttnt ggaatanant cttgacngcn tcctgaactt gctcctctgc 480
ga 482

```

```

<210> 200
<211> 270
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(270)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 200
cgcccgcaag tgcaactcca gctggggccg tgcggacgaa gattctgcca gcagttggtc 60
cgactgcgac gacggcgccg ggcacagtcg cagggtgcagc gcgggcgccct ggggtcttgc 120
aaggctgagc tgacgccgca gaggtcgtgt cacgtccac gacctgacg ccgtcgggga 180
cagccggaac agagcccggt gaangcgga ggcctcgagg agccctcgag gaaggcgagg 240
ccgagagata cgcaggtgca ggtggccgcc 270

```

```

<210> 201
<211> 419
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(419)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 201
tttttttttt ttttggaaac tactgcgagc acagcaggtc agcaacaagt ttatttttgc 60
gctagcaagg taacagggtg gggcatggtt acatgttcag gtcaacttcc tttgtcgtgg 120
ttgattggtt tgtctttatg ggggcggggg ggggtagggg aaancgaagc anaantaaca 180
tggagtgggt gcacctccc tgtagaacct ggttacnaaa gcttggggca gttcacctgg 240
tctgtgaccg tcattttctt gacatcaatg ttattagaag tcaggatato ttttagagag 300
tccactgtnt ctggaggagg attagggttt cttgccaana tccaancaa atccacntga 360
aaaagttgga tgatncangt acngaatacc ganggcatan ttctcatant cggtgcca 419

```

```

<210> 202
<211> 509
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(509)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 202
ttnttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt 60
tggcacttaa tccattttta ttcaaaaatg tctacaaant ttnaatncnc cattatacng 120
gtnatTTTTNC aaaatctaaa nnttattcaa atntnagcca aantccttac ncaaatnnaa 180
tacnncaaaa aatcaaaaat ataentntct ttcagcaaac ttngttacat aaattaaaaa 240
aatatatacg gctgggtgtt tcaaagtaca attatcttaa cactgcaaac atnttttnaa 300
ggaactaaaa taaaaaaaaa cactnccgca aagggttaaag ggaacaacaa attcntttta 360

```

```

caacancnnc nattataaaa atcatatctc aaatcttagg ggaatatata cttcacacng 420
ggatcttaac ttttactnca ctttgtttat ttttttanaa ccattgtntt gggcccaaca 480
caatggnaat nccnccnncn tggactagt 509

```

```

<210> 203
<211> 583
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(583)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 203
tttttttttt ttttttttga cccccctctt ataaaaaaca agttaccatt ttatttttact 60
tacacatatt ttttttataa ttggtattag atattcaaaa ggcagctttt aaaatcaaac 120
taaatggaaa ctgccttaga tacataattc ttaggaatta gcttaaaatc tgcctaaagt 180
gaaaatcttc tctagctctt ttgactgtaa atttttgact cttgtaaaac atccaaattc 240
atttttcttg tctttaaaat tatctaactt ttccattttt tccctattcc aagtcaattt 300
gcttctctag cctcatttcc tagctcttat ctactattag taagtggctt ttttcctaaa 360
agggaaaaca ggaagagana atggcacaca aaacaaacat tttatattca tatttctacc 420
tacgttaata aaatagcatt ttgtgaagcc agctcaaaag aaggcttaga tccttttatg 480
tccattttag tcaactaaacg atatcnaaag tgccagaatg caaaagggtt gtgaacattt 540
attcaaaagc taatataaga tatttcacat actcatcttt ctg 583

```

```

<210> 204
<211> 589
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(589)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 204
ttttttttnt tttttttttt ttttttntct ttcttttttt ttganaatga ggatcgagtt 60
tttactcttc tagatagggc atgaagaaaa ctcatctttc cagcttttaa ataacaatca 120
aatctcttat gctatatcat attttaagtt aaactaatga gtcactggct tatcttctcc 180
tgaaggaaat ctgttcattc ttctcattca tatagttata tcaagtacta ccttgcatat 240
tgagagggtt ttcttctcta ttacacata tatttccatg tgaatttgta tcaaaccctt 300
attttcatgc aaactagaaa ataatgtntt cttttgcata agagaagaga acaatatnag 360
cattacaaaa ctgctcaaat tgtttggtta gnttatccat tataattagt tnggcaggag 420
ctaatacaaa tcacatttac ngacnagcaa taataaaact gaagtaccag ttaaatatcc 480
aaaataatta aaggacatt tttagcctgg gtataattag ctaattcact ttacaagcat 540
ttattnagaa tgaattcaca tgttattatt ccntagccca acacaatgg 589

```

```

<210> 205
<211> 545
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(545)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 205
ttttnttttt ttttttcagt aataatcaga acaatattta tttttatatt taaaattcat 60
agaaaagtg cttacattta ataaaagttt gtttctcaaa gtgatcagag gaattagata 120
tngtcttgaa caccaatatt aatttgagga aaatacacca aaatacatta agtaaattat 180

```

```

ttaagatcat agagcttgta agtgaaaaga taaaatttga cctcagaaac tctgagcatt 240
aaaaatccac tattagcaaa taaattacta tggacttctt gctttaattt tgtgatgaat 300
atgggggtgtc actggtaaac caacacattc tgaaggatac attacttagt gatagattct 360
tatgtacttt gctanatnac gtggatatga gttgacaagt ttctctttct tcaatctttt 420
aaggggcnaga ngaaatgagg aagaaaagaa aaggattacg catactgttc tttctatngg 480
aaggattaga tatgtttcct ttgccaatat taaaaaata ataatgttta ctactagtga 540
aacc 545

```

```

<210> 206
<211> 487
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(487)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 206
tttttttttt ttttttagtc aagtttctna tttttattat aattaaagtc ttggtcattt 60
catttattag ctctgcaact tacatattta aattaaagaa acgttnttag acaactgtna 120
caatttataa atgtaagggt ccattattga gtanatatat tctccaaga gtggatgtgt 180
cccttctccc accaactaat gaancagcaa cattagttaa attttattag tagatnatac 240
actgctgcaa acgctaattc tcttctccat ccccatgtng atattgtgta tatgtgtgag 300
ttggtnagaa gtcatcanca atctnacaat caacagcaag atgaagctag gcntgggctt 360
tcggtgaaaa tagactgtgt ctgtctgaat caaatgatct gacctatcct cgggtggcaa 420
aactcttcga accgcttcct caaaggcnag tgccacattt gtggcntctn ttgcacttgt 480
ttcaaaa 487

```

```

<210> 207
<211> 332
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(332)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 207
tgaattggct aaaagactgc atttttanaa ctagcaactc ttatttcttt cctttaaaaa 60
tacatagcat taaatcccaa atcctattta aagacctgac agcttgagaa ggtcactact 120
gcatttatag gaccttctgg tggttctgct gttacntttg aantctgaca atccttgana 180
atccttgcat gcagaggagg taaaaggat tggattttca cagaggaana acacagcgca 240
gaaatgaagg ggccaggctt actgagcttg tccactggag ggctcatggg tgggacatgg 300
aaaagaaggc agcctaggcc ctggggagcc ca 332

```

```

<210> 208
<211> 524
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(524)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 208
agggcggtgt ggcggggcg ttactgtttt gtctcagtaa caataaatac aaaaagactg 60
gttgtgttcc ggccccatcc aaccacgaag ttgatttctc ttgtgtgcag agtgactgat 120
tttaaaggac atggagcttg tcacaatgtc acaatgtcac agtgtgaagg gcacactcac 180
tcccgcgtga ttcacattta gcaaccaaca atagctcatg agtcatact tgtaaatact 240

```

```

tttggcagaa tacttnttga aacttgcaga.tgataactaa gatccaagat atttcccaaa      300
gtaaaatagaa gtgggtcata atattaatta cctgttcaca tcagcttcca tttacaagtc      360
atgagcccag acactgacat caaactaagc ccacttagac tcctcaccac cagtctgtcc      420
tgtcatcaga caggaggctg tcaccttgac caaattctca ccagtcacac atctatccaa      480
aaaccattac ctgatccact tccggtaatg caccaccttg gtga                          524

```

```

<210> 209
<211> 159
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 209
gggtgaggaa atccagagtt gccatggaga aaattccagt gtcagcattc ttgctccttg      60
tgggcctctc ctacactctg gccagagata ccacagtcaa acctggagcc aaaaaggaca      120
caagggactc tcgacccaaa ctgccccaga ccctctcca                          159

```

```

<210> 210
<211> 256
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(256)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 210
actccctggc agacaaaggc agaggagaga gctctgttag ttctgtgttg ttgaactgcc      60
actgaatttc tttccacttg gactattaca tgccanttga gggactaatg gaaaaacgta      120
tggggagatt ttanccaatt tangtntgta aatggggaga ctggggcagg cgggagagat      180
ttgcagggtg naaatgggan ggctggtttg ttanatgaac agggacatag gaggtaggca      240
ccaggatgct aaatca                          256

```

```

<210> 211
<211> 264
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(264)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 211
acattgtttt tttagataaa agcattgaga gagctctcct taacgtgaca caatggaagg      60
actggaacac ataccacat ctttgttctg agggataatt ttctgataaa gtcttgctgt      120
atattcaagc acatatgta tatattattc agttccatgt ttatagccta gttaaggaga      180
ggggagatac attcngaaag aggactgaaa gaaatactca agtnggaaaa cagaaaaaga      240
aaaaaaggag caaatgagaa gcct                          264

```

```

<210> 212
<211> 328
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(328)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 212
acccaaaaat ccaatgctga atatttggtc tcattattcc canattcttt gattgtcaaa      60

```

ggattttaatg	ttgtctcagc	ttgggcactt	cagttaggac	ctaaggatgc	cagccggcag	120
gtttatatat	gcagcaacaa	tattcaagcg	cgacaacagg	ttattgaact	tgcccgccag	180
ttnaatttca	ttccattga	cttgggatcc	ttatcatcag	ccagagagat	tgaaaattta	240
ccoctacnac	tctttactct	ctgganaggg	ccagtgggtg	tagctataag	cttggccaca	300
tttttttttc	ctttattcct	ttgtcaga				328

<210> 213
 <211> 250
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(250)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 213						
acttatgagc	agagcgacat	atccnagtgt	agactgaata	aaactgaatt	ctctccagtt	60
taaagcattg	ctcactgaag	ggatagaagt	gactgccagg	agggaaagta	agccaaggct	120
cattatgcca	aagganatat	acatttcaat	tctccaaact	tcttcctcat	tccaagagtt	180
ttcaatattt	gcatgaacct	gctgataanc	catgttaana	aacaaatata	tctctnacct	240
tctcatcggt						250

<210> 214
 <211> 444
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(444)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 214						
accagaatc	caatgctgaa	tatttggtt	cattattccc	agattctttg	attgtcaaag	60
gattttaatg	tgtctcagct	tgggcacttc	agttaggacc	taaggatgcc	agccggcagg	120
tttatatatg	cagcaacaat	attcaagcgc	gacaacagg	tattgaactt	gcccggcagg	180
tgaatttcat	tcccattgac	ttgggatcct	tatcatcagc	canagagatt	gaaaatttac	240
ccctacgact	ctttactctc	tggagagggc	cagtgggtgt	agctataaag	ttggccacat	300
ttttttttcc	tttattcctt	tgtcagagat	gcgattcatc	catatgctan	aaaccaacag	360
agtgactttt	acaaaattcc	tataganatt	gtgaataaaa	ccttacctat	agttgccatt	420
actttgctct	ccctaataata	cctc				444

<210> 215
 <211> 366
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(366)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 215						
acttatgagc	agagcgacat	atccaagtgt	anactgaata	aaactgaatt	ctctccagtt	60
taaagcattg	ctcactgaag	ggatagaagt	gactgccagg	agggaaagta	agccaaggct	120
cattatgcca	aagganatat	acatttcaat	tctccaaact	tcttcctcat	tccaagagtt	180
ttcaatattt	gcatgaacct	gctgataagc	catgttgaga	aacaaatata	tctctgacct	240
tctcatcggt	aagcagaggc	tgtaggcaac	atggaccata	gcgaanaaaa	aacttagtaa	300
tccaagctgt	tttctacact	gtaaccagg	ttccaaccaa	ggtggaaatc	tcctatactt	360
ggtgcc						366

<210> 216
 <211> 260
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(260)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 216
 ctgtataaac agaactccac tgcangaggg agggccgggc caggagaatc tccgcttgtc 60
 caagacaggg gcctaaggag ggtctccaca ctgctnntaa gggctnttnc atttttttat 120
 taataaaaag tnnaaaaggc ctcttctcaa cttttttccc ttnggctgga aaatttataa 180
 atcaaaaatt tcctnaagtt ntcaagctat catatatact ntatcctgaa aaagcaacat 240
 aattcttctt tccctctttt 260

<210> 217
 <211> 262
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(262)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 217
 acctacgtgg gtaagtttan aaatgttata atttcaggaa naggaacgca tataattgta 60
 tcttgccat aattttctat ttttaataagg aaatagcaaa ttgggggtggg gggaatgtag 120
 ggcatctac agtttgagca aaatgcaatt aaatgtggaa ggacagcact gaaaaatttt 180
 atgaataatc tgtatgatta tatgtctcta gagtagattt ataattagcc acttacccta 240
 atatccttca tgcttgtaaa gt 262

<210> 218
 <211> 205
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(205)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 218
 accaaggtgg tgcattaccg gaantggatc aangacacca tctgtggcaa cccctgagca 60
 cccctatcaa ctcctttttg tagtaaaactt ggaaccttgg aaatgaccag gccaaagactc 120
 aggcctcccc agttctactg acctttgtcc ttangntna ngtccagggt tgctaggaaa 180
 anaaatcagc agacacaggt gtaaa 205

<210> 219
 <211> 114
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 219
 tactgttttg tctcagtaac aataaatata aaaagactgg ttgtgttccg gccccatcca 60
 accacgaagt tgatttctct tgtgtgcaga gtgactgatt ttaaaggaca tgga 114

<210> 220
 <211> 93
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 220

actagccagc	acaaaaggca	gggtagcctg	aattgctttc	tgctctttac	atttctttta	60
aaataagcat	ttagtgctca	gtccctactg	agt			93

<210> 221

<211> 167

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(167)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 221

actangtgca	ggtgcgcaca	aattttgtc	gatattccct	tcattcttga	ttccatgagg	60
tcttttgccc	agcctgtggc	tctactgtag	taagtctctg	ctgatgagga	gccagnatgc	120
ccccactac	cttccctgac	gctccccana	aatcacccaa	cctctgt		167

<210> 222

<211> 351

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 222

agggcggtgt	gcgaggcg	gtactgaact	cattagtagg	aggatgcatt	ctggcacc	60
gttcttcacc	tgtcccccaa	tccttaaaag	gccatactgc	ataaagtcaa	caacagataa	120
atgtttgtcg	aattaaagga	tggtgaaaa	aaattaataa	tgaatttttg	cataatccaa	180
ttttctcttt	tatatttcta	gaagaagttt	ctttgagcct	attagatccc	gggaatcttt	240
taggtgagca	tgattagaga	gcttgtaggt	tgcttttaca	tatatctggc	atatttgagt	300
ctcgtatcaa	aacaatagat	tggtaaaggt	ggtattattg	tattgataag	t	351

<210> 223

<211> 383

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(383)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 223

aaaacaaaca	aacaaaaaaa	acaattcttc	attcagaaaa	attatcttag	ggactgatat	60
tggttaattat	ggtcaattta	atwrtttkt	ggggcatttc	cttacattgt	cttgacaaga	120
ttaaaatgtc	tgtgccaaaa	ttttgtattt	tatttgagga	cttcttatca	aaagtaatgc	180
tgccaaagga	agtctaagga	attagtagtg	ttcccmcac	ttgtttggag	tgtgctattc	240
taaaagattt	tgatttctcg	gaatgacaat	tatattttaa	ctttggtggg	ggaaanagtt	300
ataggaccac	agtcttcact	tctgatactt	gtaaattaat	cttttattgc	acttgttttg	360
accattaagc	tatatgttta	aaa				383

<210> 224

<211> 320

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 224

cccctgaagg	cttcttggtta	gaaaatagta	cagttacaac	caataggaac	aacaaaaaga	60
aaaagtttgt	gacattgtag	tagggagtgt	gtacccctta	ctcccatca	aaaaaaaaat	120
ggatacatgg	ttaaaggata	raagggaat	attttatcat	atgttctaaa	agagaaggaa	180

gagaaaaatac tacttttctcr	aaatggaagc	ccttaaaggt	gctttgatac	tgaaggacac	240
aaatgtggcc gtccatcctc	ctttaragtt	gcatgacttg	gacacggtaa	ctgttgacgt	300
tttaractcm gcattgtgac					320

<210> 225

<211> 1214

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 225

gaggactgca gcccgcactc	gcagccctgg	caggcggcac	tggatcatgga	aaacgaattg	60
ttctgctogg gcgtcctggg	gcataccgag	tgggtgctgt	cagccgcaca	ctgtttccag	120
aaactctaca ccatacgggt	gggcctgcac	agtcttgagg	ccgaccaaga	gccaggggagc	180
cagatgggtg aggcacgct	ctccgtacgg	caccagaggt	acaacagacc	cttgctcgct	240
aacgacctca tgcctatcaa	gttggacgaa	tccgtgtccg	agtctgacac	catccggagc	300
atcagcattg ctccgcagtg	ccctacccgg	gggaactctt	gcctcgtttc	tggctggggg	360
ctgctggcga acggcagaat	gcctaccgtg	ctgcagtgcg	tgaacgtgtc	ggtggtgtct	420
gaggaggtct gcagtaagct	ctatgacccg	ctgtaccacc	ccagcatgtt	ctgcgccggc	480
ggagggcaag accagaagga	ctcctgcaac	ggtgactctg	gggggcccct	gatctgcaac	540
gggtacttgc agggccttgt	gtctttcgga	aaagccccgt	gtggccaagt	tggcgtgcca	600
ggtgtctaca ccaacctctg	ca'aattcact	gagtggatag	agaaaaccgt	ccaggccagt	660
taactctggg gactgggaac	ccatgaaatt	gacccccaaa	tacatcctgc	ggaaggaatt	720
caggaatatc tgttcccagc	ccctcctccc	tcaggcccag	gagtcaggc	ccccagcccc	780
tcctccctca aaccaagggt	acagatcccc	agccccctct	ccctcagacc	caggagtcca	840
gacccccag cccctcctcc	ctcagaccca	ggagtccagc	ccctcctccc	tcagacccag	900
gagtccagac cccccagccc	ctcctccctc	agacccaggg	gtccaggccc	ccaacccctc	960
ctccctcaga ctcagaggtc	caagccccca	accctcctt	ccccagacc	agagggtccag	1020
gtcccagccc ctcctccctc	agacccagcg	gtccaatgcc	acctagactc	tcctgtaca	1080
cagtgcctcc ttgtggcacg	ttgacccaac	cttaccagtt	ggtttttcat	tttttgtccc	1140
tttcccctag atccagaaat	aaagtctaag	agaagcgcaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	1200
aaaaaaaaaa aaaa					1214

<210> 226

<211> 119

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 226

accagtatg tgcagggaga	cggaacccca	tgtgacagcc	cactccacca	gggttcccaa	60
agaacctggc ccagtcataa	tcattcatcc	tgacagtggc	aataatcacg	ataaccagt	119

<210> 227

<211> 818

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 227

acaattcata gggacgacca	atgaggacag	ggaatgaacc	cggctctccc	ccagccctga	60
tttttgctac atatggggtc	ccttttcatt	ctttgcaaaa	acactgggtt	ttctgagaac	120
acggacgggt cttagcacia	tttgtgaaat	ctgtgtaraa	ccgggctttg	caggggagat	180
aattttcctc ctctggagga	aaggtggtga	ttgacaggca	gggagacagt	gacaaggcta	240
gagaaagcca cgctcggcct	tctctgaacc	aggatggaac	ggcagacccc	tgaaaacgaa	300
gcttgtcccc ttccaatcag	ccacttctga	gaacccccat	ctaacttctt	actggaaaag	360
agggcctcct caggagcagt	ccaagagttt	tcaaagataa	cgtgacaact	accatctaga	420
ggaaagggtg caccctcagc	agagaagccg	agagcttaac	tctggtcgtt	tccagagaca	480
acctgctggc tgtcttggga	tgcgcccagc	ctttgagagg	ccactacccc	atgaacttct	540
gcatccact ggacatgaag	ctgaggacac	tgggcttcaa	cactgagttg	tcatgagagg	600
gacaggctct gccctcaagc	cggctgaggg	cagcaaccac	tctcctcccc	tttctcagc	660
aaagccattc ccacaaatcc	agaccatacc	atgaagcaac	gagacccaaa	cagtttggct	720
caagaggata tgaggactgt	ctcagcctgg	ctttgggctg	acaccatgca	cacacacaag	780
gtccacttct aggttttcag	cctagatggg	agtcgtgt			818

<210> 228
 <211> 744
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 228
 actggagaca ctgttgaact tgatcaagac ccagaccacc ccaggtctcc ttcgtgggat 60
 gtcattgacgt ttgacatacc tttggaacga gcctcctcct tggaagatgg aagaccgtgt 120
 tcgtggccga cctggcctct cctggcctgt ttcttaagat gcggagtcac atttcaatgg 180
 taggaaaagt ggcttcgtaa aatagaagag cagtcactgt ggaactacca aatggcgaga 240
 tgctcgggtgc acattgggggt gctttgggat aaaagattta tgagccaact attctctggc 300
 accagattct aggccagttt gttccactga agcttttccc acagcagtc acctctgcag 360
 gctggcagct gaatggcttg ccggtggctc tgtggcaaga tcacactgag atcgatgggt 420
 gagaaggcta ggatgcttgt ctagtgttct tagctgtcac gttggctcct tccaggttgg 480
 ccagacgggtg ttggccactc ccttctaaaa cacaggcgcc ctctctggtga cagtgaccgc 540
 ccgtgggtatg ccttggccca ttccagcagt ccagttatg catttcaagt ttggggtttg 600
 ttcttttctg taatgttctt ctgtgttctc agctgtcttc atttctggg ctaagcagca 660
 ttgggagatg tggaccagag atccactcct taagaaccag tggcgaaaga cactttcttt 720
 cttcactctg aagtagctgg tgggt 744

<210> 229
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 229
 cgagtctggg ttttgtctat aaagtttgat ccctcctttt ctcatccaaa tcatgtgaac 60
 cattacacat cgaaataaaa gaaagtggtc agacttgccc aacgcaggc tgacatgtgc 120
 tgcagggttg ttgtttttta attattattg ttgaaacgt caccacagc ccctgttaat 180
 ttgtatgtga cagccaactc tgagaaggtc ctatttttcc acctgcagag gatccagtct 240
 cactaggctc ctcttgccc tcacactgga gtctccgcca gtgtgggtgc ccactgacat 300

<210> 230
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 230
 cagcagaaca aatacaata tgaagagtgc aaagatctca taaaatctat gctgaggaat 60
 gagcgacagt tcaaggagga gaagcttgca gagcagctca agcaagctga ggagctcagg 120
 caatataaag tctgtgttca cactcaggaa cgagagctga ccaggttaag ggagaagttg 180
 cggaaggga gagatgcctc cctctcattg aatgagcatc tccaggccct cctcactccg 240
 gatgaaccgg acaagtccca ggggcaggac ctccaagaa cagacctcgg ccgcgaccac 300
 g 301

<210> 231
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 231
 gcaagcacgc tggcaaatct ctgtcaggtc agctccagag aagccattag tcatttttagc 60
 caggaactcc aagtccacat ccttggaac tggggacttg cgcaggttag ccttgaggat 120
 ggcaacacgg gacttctcat caggaagtgg gatgtagatg agctgatcaa gacggccagg 180
 tctgaggatg gcaggatcaa tgatgtcagg ccggttggtg ccgccaatga tgaacacatt 240
 tttttttgtg gacatgccat ccatttctgt caggatctgg ttgatgactc ggtcagcagc 300
 c 301

<210> 232
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 232
 agtaggtatt tcgtgagaag ttcaacacca aaactggaac atagttctcc ttcaagtgtt 60
 ggcgacagcg gggcttcctg attctggaat ataactttgt gtaaattaac agccacctat 120
 agaagagtcc atctgctgtg aaggagagac agagaactct gggttccgtc gtccgtgtcca 180
 cgtgctgtac caagtgtgtg tgccagcctg ttacctgttc tccactgaaaa tctgggctaatt 240
 gctcttgtgt atcacttctg attctgacaa tcaatcaatc aatggcctag agcactgact 300
 g 301

<210> 233
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 233
 atgactgact tcccagtaag gctctctaag gggtaagtag gaggatccac aggatttgag 60
 atgctaaggc cccagagatc gtttgatcca accctcttat tttcagaggg gaaaatgggg 120
 cctagaagtt acagagcatc tagctgggtg gctggcaccc ctggcctcac acagactccc 180
 gagttagctg gactacaggc acacagtcac tgaagcaggc cctgttagca attctatgcg 240
 taaaaattaa catgagatga gtagagactt tattgagaaa gcaagagaaa atcctatcaa 300
 c 301

<210> 234
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 234
 aggtcctaca catcgagact catccatgat tgatatgaat ttaaaaatta caagcaaaga 60
 cattttattc atcatgatgc tttcttttgc ttcttctttt cgttttcttc tttttctttt 120
 tcaatttcag caacatactt ctcaatttct tcaggattta aaatcttgag ggattgatct 180
 cgctcatga cagcaagttc aatgtttttg ccacctgact gaaccacttc caggagtgcc 240
 ttgatcacca gcttaatggg cagatcatct gttcaatgg ctctgtcagt atagttcttc 300
 t 301

<210> 235
 <211> 283
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 235
 tggggctgtg catcaggcgg gtttgagaaa tattcaattc tcagcagaag ccagaatttg 60
 aattccctca tcttttaggg aatcatttac caggtttga gaggattcag acagctcagg 120
 tgctttcact aatgtctctg aacttctgtc cctctttgtt catggatagt ccaataaata 180
 atgttatctt tgaactgatg ctcataggag agaataaag aactctgagt gatatcaaca 240
 ttagggattc aaagaaatat tagatttaag ctccactgg tca 283

<210> 236
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 236
 aggtcctcca ccaactgcct gaagcacggt taaaattggg aagaagtata gtgcagcata 60
 aatactttta atcgcagcag atttccctaa cccacatgca atcttcttca ccagaagagg 120
 tcggagcagc atcattaata ccaagcagaa tgcgtaatag ataaatacaa tggatatag 180
 tgggtagacg gcttcatgag tacagtgtac tgtggtatcg taatctggac ttgggttgta 240
 aagcatcgtg taccagtcag aaagcatcaa tactcgacat gaacgaatat aaagaacacc 300
 a 301

<210> 237
 <211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 237

cagtggtagt	ggtgggtggac	gtggcggttg	tcgtggtgcc	ttttttggtg	cccgtcacaa	60
actcaatttt	tgttcgctcc	tttttggcct	tttccaattt	gtccatctca	attttctggg	120
ccttggctaa	tgctcatag	taggagtcct	cagaccagcc	atggggatca	aacatatcct	180
ttgggtagtt	ggtgccaaagc	tcgtcaatgg	cacagaatgg	atcagcttct	cgtaaatacta	240
gggttccgaa	attctttctt	cctttggata	atgtagtcca	tatccattcc	ctcctttatc	300
t						301

<210> 238

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 238

gggcagggtt	tttttttttt	ttttttgatg	gtgcagaccc	ttgctttatt	tgtctgactt	60
gttcacagtt	cagccccctg	ctcagaaaac	caacggggcca	gctaaggaga	ggaggaggca	120
ccttgagact	tccggagtgc	aggctctcca	gggttcccca	gcccatcaat	cattttctgc	180
acccctgcc	tggaagcag	ctccctgggg	ggtgggaatg	ggtgactaga	agggatttca	240
gtgtgggacc	cagggtctgt	tcttcacagt	aggaggtgga	agggatgact	aatttcttta	300
t						301

<210> 239

<211> 239

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 239

ataagcagct	aggggaattct	ttatttagta	atgtccctaac	ataaaagtcc	acataactgc	60
ttctgtcaaa	ccatgatact	gagctttgtg	acaaccacaga	aataactaag	agaaggcaaa	120
cataatacct	tagagatcaa	gaaacattta	cacagttcaa	ctgtttaaaa	atagctcaac	180
attcagccag	tgagttaggt	gtgaatgcc	gcatacacag	tatacaggtc	cttcaggga	239

<210> 240

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 240

ggtcctaagt	aagcagcagc	ttccacattt	taacgcaggt	ttacgggtgat	actgtccttt	60
gggatctgcc	ctccagtgg	accttttaag	gaagaagtgg	gcccgaagcta	agttccacat	120
gctgggtgag	ccagatgact	tctgttccct	ggtcactttc	ttcaatgggg	cgaatggggg	180
ctgccagggt	tttaaaatca	tgttccatct	tgaagcacac	ggtcacttca	ccctcctcac	240
gctgtgggtg	tactttgatg	aaaataccca	ctttgttggc	ctttctgaag	ctataatgtc	300

<210> 241

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 241

gaggtctggt	gctgaggtct	ctgggctagg	aagaggagtt	ctgtggagct	ggaagccaga	60
cctcttttga	ggaaactcca	gcagctatgt	tggtgtctct	gagggaaatgc	aacaaggctg	120
ctcctccatg	tattggaaaa	ctgcaaactg	gactcaactg	gaagggaagt	ctgctgccag	180
tgtgaagaac	cagcctgagg	tgacagaaac	ggaagcaaac	aggaacagcc	agtcttttct	240
tcctcctcct	gtcatacggg	ctctctcaag	catcctttgt	tgtcaggggc	ctaaaaggga	300
g						301

<210> 242

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 242

ccgagggtcct	gggatgcaac	caatcactct	gtttcacgtg	acttttatca	ccatacaatt	60
tgtggcattt	cctcattttc	tacattgtag	aatcaagagt	gtaaataaat	gtatatcgat	120
gtcttcaaga	atatatcatt	cctttttcac	tagaacccat	tcaaaatata	agtcaagaat	180
cttaatatca	acaaatata	caagcaaaact	ggaaggcaga	ataactacca	taatttagta	240
taagtaccca	aagttttata	aatcaaaagc	cctaatagata	accattttta	gaattcaatc	300
a						301

<210> 243

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 243

aggtaagtcc	cagtttgaag	ctcaaaagat	ctgggtatgag	cataggctca	tcgacgacat	60
ggtggcccaa	gctatgaaat	cagagggagg	cttcatctgg	gcctgtaaaa	actatgatgg	120
tgacgtgcag	tcggactctg	tggcccaagg	gtatggctct	ctggcatga	tgaccagcgt	180
gctggtttgt	ccagatggca	agacagtaga	agcagaggct	gcccacggga	ctgtaacccg	240
tcactaccgc	atgttccaga	aaggacagga	gacgtccacc	aatcccattg	cttccatttt	300
t						301

<210> 244

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 244

gctggtttgc	aagaatgaaa	tgaatgattc	tacagctagg	acttaacctt	gaaatggaaa	60
gtcatgcaat	cccatttgca	ggatctgtct	gtgcacatgc	ctctgtagag	agcagcattc	120
ccagggaacct	tggaaacagt	tgacactgta	aggtgcttgc	tccccaagac	acatcctaaa	180
aggtgttgta	atggtgaaaa	cgtcttccct	ctttattgcc	ccttcttatt	tatgtgaaca	240
actgtttgtc	ttttgtgtat	cttttttaaa	ctgtaaagtt	caattgtgaa	aatgaatatc	300

<210> 245

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 245

gtctgagtat	ttaaaatggt	attgaaatta	tccccaacca	atgttagaaa	agaaagaggt	60
tatatactta	gataaaaaat	gaggtgaatt	actatccatt	gaaatcatgc	tcttagaatt	120
aaggccagga	gatattgtca	ttaatgtara	cttcaggaca	ctagagtata	gcagccctat	180
gttttcaaag	agcagagatg	caattaaata	ttgtttagca	tcaaaaaggc	cactcaatac	240
agctaataaa	atgaaagacc	taatttctaa	agcaattctt	tataatttac	aaagttttta	300
g						301

<210> 246

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 246

ggtctgtcct	acaatgcctg	cttcttgaaa	gaagtcggca	ctttctagaa	tagctaaata	60
acctgggctt	attttaaaga	actatttgta	gtcagatttg	gttttcctat	ggctaaaaata	120
agtgttctt	gtgaaaatta	aataaaaacag	ttaattcaaa	gccttgatat	atgttaccac	180
taacaatcat	actaaatata	ttttgaagta	caaagtttga	catgctctaa	agtgacaacc	240
caaagtgtgc	ttacaaaaca	cgttcctaac	aaggtatgct	ttacactacc	aatgcagaaa	300
c						301

<210> 247
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 247
 aggtcctttg gcagggetca tggatcagag ctcaaactgg agggaaaggc atttcgggta 60
 gcctaagagg gcgactggcg gcagcacaac caaggaaggc aaggttgttt cccccacgct 120
 gtgtcctgtg ttcagggtgc acacacaatc ctcatgggaa caggatcacc catgcgctgc 180
 ccttgatgat caaggttggg gcttaagtgg attaagggag gcaagttctg gggtccttgc 240
 cttttcaaac catgaagtca ggctctgtat ccctcctttt cctaactgat attctaacta 300
 a 301

<210> 248
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 248
 aggtccttgg agatgccatt tcagccgaag gactcttctw ttcggaagta caccctcaact 60
 attaggaaga ttcttagggg taatttttct gaggaaggag aactagccaa cttaagaatt 120
 acaggaagaa agtggttttg aagacagcca aagaaataaa agcagattaa attgtatcag 180
 gtacattcca gcctgttggc aactccataa aaacatttca gattttaate ccgaatttag 240
 ctaatgagac tggatttttg ttttttatgt tgtgtgtcgc agagctaaaa actcagttcc 300
 c 301

<210> 249
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 249
 gtccagagga agcacctggt gctgaactag gcttgccctg ctgtgaactt gcacttgag 60
 ccctgacgct gctgttctcc ccgaaaaacc cgaccgacct ccgcgatctc cgtcccgcoc 120
 ccagggagac acagcagtga ctacagactg gtgcacact gtgcctccct cctcaccgcc 180
 catcgtaatg aattattttg aaaattaatt ccaccatcct ttcagattct ggatggaaag 240
 actgaatctt tgactcagaa ttgtttgctg aaaagaatga tgtgactttc ttagtcattt 300
 a 301

<210> 250
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 250
 gggtctgtgac aaggacttgc aggctgtggg aggcaagtga cccttaacac tacacttctc 60
 cttatcttta ttggcttgat aaacataatt atttctaaca ctagcttatt tccagttgcc 120
 cataagcaca tcagtacttt tctctggctg gaatagtaaa ctaaaagtatg gtacatctac 180
 ctaaaagact actatgtgga ataatacata ctaatgaagt attacatgat ttaaagacta 240
 caataaaacc aaacatgctt ataacattaa gaaaaacaat aaagatacat gattgaaacc 300
 a 301

<210> 251
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 251
 gccgaggtcc tacatttggc ccagtttccc cctgcctcct ctccagggcc cctgcctcat 60
 agacaacctc atagagcata ggagaactgg ttgccttggg gccaggggga ctgtctggat 120
 gccaggggtc ctcaaaaatg ccactgtcac tgccaggaaa tgcttctgag cagtacacct 180
 cattgggatc aatgaaaagc ttcaagaaat cttcaggctc actctcttga aggcccgga 240

cctctggagg ggggcagtgg aatcccagct ccaggacgga tccgtgcgaa aagatatacct 300
c 301

<210> 252
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 252
gcaaccaatc actctgtttc acgtgacttt tatcaccata caatttgtgg catttcctca 60
ttttctacat tgtagaatca agagtgtaaa taaatgtata tcgatgtctt caagaatata 120
tcattccttt ttcactagga acccattcaa aatataagtc aagaatctta atatcaacaa 180
atatatcaag caaactggaa ggcagaataa ctaccataat ttagtataag tacccaaagt 240
tttataaatc aaaagcccta atgataacca tttttagaat tcaatcatca ctgtagaatc 300
a 301

<210> 253
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 253
ttccctaaga agatgtttatt ttgttgggtt ttgttccccc tccatctcga ttctcgtacc 60
caactaaaaa aaaaaataa agaaaaaatg tgctgcgttc tgaaaaataa ctccctagct 120
tggtctgatt gttttcagac cttaaaatat aaacttgttt cacaagcttt aatccatgtg 180
gatttttttt cttagagaac caaaaacat aaaaggagca agtcggactg aatacctgtt 240
tccatagtgc ccacagggtg ttcctcacat tttctccata ggaaaatgct ttttcccaag 300
g 301

<210> 254
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 254
cgctgcgcct ttcccttggg ggaggggcaa ggccagaggg ggtccaagtg cagcacgagg 60
aacttgacca attcccttga agcgggtggg ttaaaccctg taaatgggaa caaaatcccc 120
ccaaatctct tcatcttacc ctggtggact cctgactgta gaattttttg gttgaaacaa 180
gaaaaaataa agcttttga cttttcaagg ttgcttaaca ggtactgaaa gactggcctc 240
acttaactg agccaggaaa agctgcagat ttattaatgg gtgtgttagt gtgcagtgcc 300
t 301

<210> 255
<211> 302
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 255
agcttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt ttcattaaaa aatagtgtct tttattataa 60
attactgaaa tgtttctttt ctgaatataa atataaatat gtgcaaagt ttgacttgat 120
tgggattttt ttgagttctt caagcatctc ctaataccct caagggcctg agtagggggg 180
aggaaaaagg actggagggt gaatctttat aaaaaacaag agtgattgag gcagattgta 240
aacattatta aaaaacaaga aacaaacaaa aaaatagaga aaaaaaccac cccaacacac 300
aa 302

<210> 256
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 256

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gttcagaaaa acattgaagg tggcttccca aagtctaact agggataccc cctctagcct    60
aggaccctcc tccccacacc tcaatccacc aaaccatcca taatgcaccc agataggccc    120
acccccaaaa gcctggacac cttgagcaca cagttatgac caggacagac tcactcttat    180
aggcaaatag ctgctggcaa actggcatta cctggtttgt ggggatgggg gggcaagtgt    240
gtggcctctc ggccctggta gcaagaacat tcagggtagg cctaagttaa tcgtgttagt    300
t                                                    301

```

<210> 257

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 257

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gttgtggagg aactctggct tgctcattaa gtctactga ttttactat cccctgaatt    60
tccccactta tttttgtctt tcactatcgc aggccttaga agaggcttac ctgcctccag    120
tcttacctag tccagtctac cccctggagt tagaatggcc atcctgaagt gaaaagtaat    180
gtcacattac tcccttcagt gatttcttgt agaagtgcc atccctgaat gccaccaaga    240
tcttaatctt cacatcttta atcttatctc tttagactct ctttacaccg gagaaggctc    300
c                                                    301

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<210> 258

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 258

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cagcagtagt agatgccgta tgccagcacg cccagcactc ccaggatcag caccagcacc    60
agggggcccag ccaccaggcg cagaagcaag ataaacagta ggctcaagac cagagcccacc    120
cccagggcaa caagaatcca ataccaggac tgggcaaaat cttcaaagat cttaacactg    180
atgtctcggg catttaggct gtcaataana cgctgatccc ctgctgtatg gtggtgtcat    240
tggtgatccc tgggagcgcc ggtggagtaa cgttggtcca tggaaagcag cgcccacaac    300
t                                                    301

```

<210> 259

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 259

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tcatatatgc aaacaaatgc agactangcc tcaggcagag actaaaggac atctcttggg    60
gtgtcctgaa gtgatttgga cccttgaggg cagacaccta agtaggaatc ccagtgggaa    120
gcaaagccat aagggaagccc aggattcctt gtgatcagga agtgggccag gaaggtctgt    180
tccagctcac atctcatctg catgcagcac ggaccggatg cgcccactgg gtcttggttt    240
ccctcccata ttctcaagca gtgtccttgt tgagccattt gcatccttgg ctccagggtg    300
c                                                    301

```

<210> 260

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 260

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ttttttttct ccctaaggaa aaagaaggaa caagtctcat aaaaccaa at aagcaatggt      60
aagggtgtctt aacttgaaaa agattaggag tcaactggtt acaagttata attgaatgaa      120
agaactgtaa cagccacagt tggccatttc atgccaatgg cagcaaacia caggattaac      180
tagggcaaaa taaataagtg tgtggaagcc ctgataagtg cttataaac agactgattc      240
actgagacat cagtacctgc ccgggcggcc gctcgagccg aattctgcag atatccatca      300
c                                                                    301

```

<210> 261

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 261

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aaatattcga gcaaatcctg taactaatgt gtctccataa aaggctttga actcagtga      60
tctgcttcca tccacgattc tagcaatgac ctctcggaca tcaaagctcc tcttaagggt      120
agcaccact attccataca attcatcagc aggaataaaa ggctcttcag aagggttcaat      180
ggtgacatcc aatttcttct gataatttag attcctcaca accttcctag ttaagtgaag      240
ggcatgatga tcatccaaag ccagtggtc acttactcca gactttctgc aatgaagatc      300
a                                                                    301

```

<210> 262

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 262

```

gaggagagcc tggtacagca tttgtaagca cagaatactc caggagtatt tgtaattgtc      60
tgtgagcttc ttgccgcaag tctctcagaa atttaaaaag atgcaaatcc ctgagtcacc      120
cctagacttc ctaaaccaga tctcttgggg ctggaacctg gcaactctga tttgtaatga      180
gggctttctg gtgcacacct aattttgtgc atctttgccc taaatcctgg attagtgcc      240
catcattacc cccacattat aatgggatag attcagagca gatactctcc agcaaagaat      300
c                                                                    301

```

<210> 263

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 263

```

tttagcttgt ggtaaatgac tcacaaaact gattttaaaa tcaagttaat gtgaattttg      60
aaaattacta cttaatccta attcacaata acaatggcat taaggtttga cttgagttgg      120
ttcttagtat tatttatggt aaataggctc ttaccacttg caaataactg gccacatcat      180
taatgactga cttccagta aggctctcta aggggtaagt angaggatcc acaggatttg      240
agatgctaag gccccagaga tcgtttgatc caacctctt attttcagag gggaaaatgg      300
g                                                                    301

```

<210> 264

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 264

```

aaagacgtta aaccactcta ctaccacttg tggaactctc aaagggtaaa tgacaaascc      60

```

```

aatgaatgac tctaaaaaca atattttacat ttaatggttt gtagacaata aaaaaacaag 120
gtggatagat ctagaattgt aacattttta gaaaaccata scatttgaca gatgagaaag 180
ctcaattata gatgcaaagt tataactaaa ctactatagt agtaaagaaa tacatttcac 240
acccttcata taaattcact atcttggett gaggcactcc ataaaatgta tcacgtgcat 300
a 301

```

```

<210> 265
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 265
tgcccaagtt atgtgtaagt gtatccgcac ccagaggtaa aactacactg tcattctttgt 60
cttcttgtga cgcagtattt cttctctggg gagaagccgg gaagtcttct cctggctcta 120
catattcttg gaagtctcta atcaactttt gttccatttg tttcatttct tcaggaggga 180
ttttcagttt gtcaacatgt tctctaaca cacttgccca tttctgtaaa gaatccaaag 240
cagtccaagg ctttgacatg tcaacaacca gcataactag agtatccttc agagatacgg 300
c 301

```

```

<210> 266
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 266
tacogtctgc ccttcctccc atccaggcca tctgcgaatc tacatgggtc ctccatttcg 60
acaccagatc actctttcct ctaccacag gcttgctatg agcaagagac acaacctcct 120
ctcttctgtg ttccagcttc ttttctgtt cttcccacc ctttaagttct attcctgggg 180
atagagacac caatacccat aacctctctc ctaagcctcc ttataacca ggggtgcacag 240
cacagactcc tgacaactgg taaggccaat gaactgggag ctcacagctg gctgtgcctg 300
a 301

```

```

<210> 267
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 267
aaagagcaca ggccagctca gcctgccctg gccatctaga ctacagcctgg ctccatgggg 60
gttctcagtg ctgagtccat ccaggaaaag ctacacctaga ccttctgagg ctgaatcttc 120
atcctcacag gcagcttctg agagcctgat attcctagcc ttgatggtct ggagtaaagc 180
ctcattctga ttctctcct tcttttctt caagttggct ttcttcacat cctctgttc 240
aattcgcttc agcttgctg ctttagccct catttcaga agcttcttct ctttggcatc 300
t 301

```

```

<210> 268
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 268
aatgtctcac tcaactactt cccagcctac cgtggcctaa ttctgggagt tttcttctta 60
gatcttggga gagctgggtc ttctaaggag aaggaggaag gacagatgta actttggatc 120
tcgaagagga agtctaattg aagtaattag tcaacggtcc ttgttttagac tcttgaata 180
tgctgggttg ctcagtgagc ccttttgagg aaagcaagta ttattcttaa ggagtaacca 240
cttccattg ttctactttc taccatcatc aattgtatat tatgtattct ttggagaact 300
a 301

```

```

<210> 269
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

<400> 269
 taacaatata cactagctat ctttttaact gtccatcatt agcaccaatg aagattcaat 60
 aaaattacct ttattcacac atctcaaaac aattctgcaa attcttagtg aagtttaact 120
 atagtcacag accttaaata ttcacattgt tttctatgtc tactgaaaat aagttcacta 180
 cttttctgga tattctttac aaaatcttat taaaattcct ggtattatca cccccaatta 240
 tacagtagca caaccacctt atgtagtttt tacatgatag ctctgtagaa gtttcacatc 300
 t 301

<210> 270
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 270
 cattgaagag cttttgcgaa acatcagaac acaagtgtt ataaaaattaa ttaagcotta 60
 cacaagaata catattcctt ttatttctaa ggagttaaac atagatgtag ctgatgtgga 120
 gagcttgctg gtgcagtgca tattggataa cactattcat ggccgaattg atcaagtcaa 180
 ccaactcctt gaactggatc atcagaagaa ggggtgtgca cgatatactg cactagataa 240
 tggaccaacc aactaaattc tctcaccagg ctgtatcagt aaactggctt aacagaaaac 300
 a 301

<210> 271
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 271
 aaaaggttct cataagatta acaattttaa taaatatttg atagaacatt ctttctcatt 60
 tttatagctc atcttttagg ttgatattca gtccatgtt cccttgctgt tcttgatcca 120
 gaattgcaat cacttcatca gcctgtattc gctccaattc tctataaagt gggteccaagg 180
 tgaaccacag agccacagca cacctctttc ccttggtgac tgccttcacc ccatganggt 240
 tctctctcc agatganaac tgatcatgcy cccacatttt gggttttata gaagcagtca 300
 c 301

<210> 272
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 272
 taaattgcta agccacagat aacaccaatc aaatggaaca aatcactgtc ttcaaattgc 60
 ttatcagaaa accaaatgag cctggaatct tcataatacc taaacatgcc gtatttagga 120
 tccaataatt ccctcatgat gagcaagaaa aattctttgc gcaccctcc tgcattccaca 180
 gcatcttctc caacaaatat aaccttgagt ggcttcttgc aatctatgtt ctttggtttc 240
 ctaaggactt ccattgcac tcctacaata ttttctctac gcaccactag aattaagcag 300
 g 301

<210> 273
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 273

```

acatgtgtgt atgtgtatct ttgggaaaaan aanaagacat cttgtttayt attttttttg      60
agagangctg ggacatggat aatcacwtaa tttgctayta tyactttaat ctgactygaa      120
gaaccgtcta aaaataaaat ttaccatgtc dtatatcct ttagtatgc ttatttcacc      180
ttytttctgt ccagagagag tatcagtgac ananatttma ggggtgaamac atgmattggg      240
gggactntny tttacngagm accctgcccg sgcgccctcg makcngantt ccgcsananc      300
t                                                                                   301

```

<210> 274

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 274

```

cttatatact ctttctcaga ggcaaaagag gagatgggta atgtagacaa ttctttgagg      60
aacagtaaatt gattattaga gagaangaat ggaccaagga gacagaaatt aacttgtaaa      120
tgattctctt tggaatctga atgagatcaa gaggccagct ttagcttggt gaaaagtcca      180
tctaggtagt gttgcattct cgtcttcttt tctgcagtag ataatgaggt aaccgaaggc      240
aattgtgctt cttttgataa gaagctttct tggtcatatc aggaaattcc aganaaaagtc      300
c                                                                                   301

```

<210> 275

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 275

```

tcgggtgtcag cagcacgtgg cattgaacat tgcaatgtgg agcccaaacc acagaaaatg      60
gggtgaaatt ggccaacttt ctattaactt atgttggcaa ttttgccacc aacagtaagc      120
tgcccttctt aataaaagaa aattgaaagg tttctcacta aacggaatta agtagtgagg      180
tcaagagact cccaggcctc agcgtacctg cccggggcggc cgctcgaagc cgaattctgc      240
agatatccat cacactggcg gncgctcgan catgcatcta gaaggnccaa ttgcgcctat      300
a                                                                                   301

```

<210> 276

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 276

```

tgtacacata ctcaataaat aaatgactgc attgtgggtat tattactata ctgattatat      60
ttatcatgtg acttctaatt agaaaatgta tccaaaagca aaacagcaga tatacaaaat      120
taaagagaca gaagatagac attaacagat aaggcaactt atacattgag aatccaaatc      180
caatacattt aaacatttgg gaaatgaggg ggacaaatgg aagccagatc aaatttgtgt      240
aaaactattc agtatgtttc ctttgcttca tgtctgagaa ggctctcctt caatggggat      300
g                                                                                   301

```

<210> 277

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 277
 ttgtgtgatg tcagtatttt attactttgcg ttatgagtgc tcacctggga aattctaaag 60
 atacagagga cttggaggaa gcagagcaac tgaatttaat ttaaaagaag gaaaacattg 120
 gaatcatggc actcctgata ctttcccaaa tcaacactct caatgccccca ccctcgtcct 180
 caccatagtg gggagactaa agtggccacg gatttgcctt angtgtgcag tgcgttctga 240
 gttcncgtgc gattacatct gaccagtctc ctttttccga agtcntccg ttcaatcttg 300
 c 301

<210> 278
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 278
 taccactaca ctccagcctg ggcaacagag caagacctgt ctcaaagcat aaaatggaat 60
 aacatatcaa atgaaacagg gaaaatgaag ctgacaattt atggaagcca gggcttgtca 120
 cagtctctac tgttattatg cattacctgg gaatttataat aagcccttaa taataatgcc 180
 aatgaacatc tcatgtgtgc tcacaatgtt ctggcactat tataagtgtc tcacaggttt 240
 tatgtgttct tcgtaacttt atggantagg tactcggccg cgaacacgct aagccgaatt 300
 c 301

<210> 279
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 279
 aaagcaggaa tgacaaagct tgcttttctg gtatgttcta ggtgtattgt gacttttact 60
 gttatattaa ttgccaatat aagtaaataat agattatata tgtatagtgt ttcacaaagc 120
 ttagaccttt accttccagc caccacacag tgcttgatat ttcagagtca gtcattgggt 180
 atacatgtgt agttccaaag cacataagct agaanaanaa atatttctag ggagcactac 240
 catctgtttt cacatgaaat gccacacaca tagaactcca acatcaattt cattgcacag 300
 a 301

<210> 280
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 280
 ggtactggag ttttctccc ctgtgaaaac gtaactactg ttgggagtga attgaggatg 60
 tagaaagggt gtggaaccaaa attgtgggtc atggaaatag gagaatatgg ttctcactct 120
 tgagaaaaaa acctaaagat agcccaggta gttgcctgta acttcagttt ttctgcctgg 180
 gtttgatata gtttagggtt ggggttagat taagatctaa attacatcag gacaaagaga 240
 cagactatta actccacagt taattaagga ggtatgttcc atgtttattt gttaaagcag 300
 t 301

<210> 281
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 281
 aggtacaaga aggggaatgg gaaagagctg ctgctgtggc attgttcaac ttggatattc 60
 gccgagcaat ccaaatectg aatgaagggg catcttctga aaaaggagat ctgaatctca 120
 atgttgtagc aatggcttta tcgggttata cggatgagaa gaactccctt tggagagaaa 180
 tgtgtagcac actgcgatta cagctaaata acccgatatt gtgtgtcatg tttgcatttc 240
 tgacaagtga aacaggatct tacgatggag ttttgtatga aaacaaagt gcagtacctc 300
 g 301

<210> 282
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 282
 cagggtactac agaattaaaa tactgacaag caagtagttt cttggcgtgc acgaattgca 60
 tccagaaccc aaaaattaaag aaattcaaaa agacattttg tgggcacctg ctagcacaga 120
 agcgacagaag caaagcccag gcagaacat gctaacctta cagctcagcc tgcacagaag 180
 cgcagaagca aagcccaggc agaaccatgc taaccttaca gctcagcctg cacagaagcg 240
 cagaagcaaa gcccaggcag aacatgctaa ccttacagct cagcctgcac agaagcacag 300
 a 301

<210> 283
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 283
 atctgtatac ggcagacaaa ctttatarag tgtagagagg tgagcgaaag gatgcaaaag 60
 cactttgagg gctttataat aatatgctgc ttgaaaaaaa aaatgtgtag ttgatactca 120
 gtgcattccc agacatagta aggggttgct ctgaccaatc aggtgatcat tttttctatc 180
 acttcccagg ttttatgcaa aaattttgtt aaattctata atggtgatat gcatctttta 240
 ggaaacatat acatttttaa aaatctattt tatgtaagaa ctgacagacg aatttgcttt 300
 g 301

<210> 284
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 284
 cagggtacaaa acgctattaa gtggcttaga atttgaacat ttgtggtctt tatttacttt 60
 gcttcgtgtg tgggcaaagc aacatcttcc ctaaatatat attaccaaga aaagcaagaa 120
 gcagattagg tttttgacaa aacaaacagg ccaaaaaggg gctgacctgg agcagagcat 180
 ggtgagaggc aaggcatgag agggcaagtt tgttgtggac agatctgtgc ctactttatt 240
 actggagtaa aagaaaacaa agttcattga tgtogaagga tatatacagt gtagaaatt 300
 a 301

<210> 285
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 285
 acatcaccat gatcggatcc cccacccatt atacgttgta tgtttacata aatactcttc 60
 aatgatcatt agtgttttta aaaaaatact gaaaactcct tctgcatccc aatctctaac 120
 caggaaagca aatgctatctt acagacctgc aagccctccc tcaaacnaaa ctatttctgg 180
 attaaatatg tctgacttct tttgagggtca cacgactagg caaatgctat ttacgatctg 240
 caaaagctgt ttgaagagtc aaagccccc tgtgaacacg atttctggac cctgtaacag 300
 t 301

<210> 286
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 286
 taccactgca ttccagcctg ggtgacagag tgagactccg tctccaaaaa aaactttgct 60
 tgatatattat ttttgccctta cagtggatca ttctagtagg aaaggacagt aagatttttt 120
 atcaaaatgt gtcatgccag taagagatgt tatattcttt tctcatttct tccccacca 180
 aaaataagct accatatagc ttataagtct caaatttttg ccttttacta aaatgtgatt 240
 gtttctgttc attgtgtatg cttcatcacc tatattaggc aaattccatt tttcccttg 300
 t 301

<210> 287
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 287
 tacagatctg ggaactaaat attaaaaatg agtgtggctg gatatatgga gaatgttggg 60
 cccagaagga acgtagagat cagatattac aacagctttg ttttgagggt tagaaatatg 120
 aaatgatttg gttatgaacg cacagtttag gcagcagggc cagaatcctg accctctgcc 180
 ccgtgggtat ctcctcccca gcttggctgc ctcagtgtat cacagtattc cattttgttt 240
 gttgcatgtc ttgtgaagcc atcaagattt tctcgtctgt tttcctctca ttggtaatgc 300
 t 301

<210> 288
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 288
 gtacacctaa ctgcaaggac agctgaggaa tgtaatgggc agccgctttt aaagaagtag 60
 agtcaatagg aagacaaatt ccagttccag ctcagtctgg gtatctgcaa agctgcaaaa 120
 gatcttttaa gacaatttca agagaatatt tccttaaagt tggcaatttg gagatcatal 180
 aaaagcatct gcttttgtga tttaatttag ctcactctgg cactggaaga atccaaacag 240
 tctgccttaa ttttgatga atgcatgatg gaaattcaat aatttagaaa gttaaaaaaa 300
 a 301

<210> 289
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 289
 ggtacactgt ttccatgtta tgtttctaca cattgctacc tcagtgtcc tggaaactta 60
 gcttttgatg tctccaagta gtccaccttc atttaactct ttgaaactgt atcatctttg 120
 ccaagtaaga gtgggtggcct atttcagctg ctttgacaaa atgactggct cctgacttaa 180

cgttctataa atgaatgtgc tgaagcaaag tgcccatggt ggcggcgaan aagagaaaga 240
 tgtgttttgt ttggactct ctgtggcccc ttccaatgct gtgggtttcc aaccagnnga 300
 a 301

<210> 290
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 290
 acactgagct cttcttgata aatatacaga atgcttggca tatacaagat tctatactac 60
 tgactgatct gttcattttct ctacacagctc ttacccocaa aagcttttcc accctaagtg 120
 ttctgacctc cttttctaata cacagtaggg atagaggcag anccacctac aatgaacatg 180
 gagttctatc aagaggcaga aacagcacag aatcccagtt ttaccattcg ctacgagtgc 240
 tgcttgaac aaaaacattt ctccatgtct catthttcttc atgcctcaag taacagtga 300
 a 301

<210> 291
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 291
 caggtagcaa tttcttctat cctagaaaca tttcatttta tgttgttgaa acataacaac 60
 tatatcagct agattttttt tctatgcttt acctgctatg gaaaatttga cacattctgc 120
 tttactcttt tgtttatagg tgaatcacia aatgtatttt tatgtattct gtagttcaat 180
 agccatggct gtttacttca ttttaatttat ttagcataaa gacattatga aaaggcctaa 240
 acatgagctt cacttcccca ctaactaatt agcatctgtt atttcttaac cgtaatgcct 300
 a 301

<210> 292
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 292
 accttttagt agtaatgtct aataataaat aagaaatcaa ttttataagg tccatatagc 60
 tgtattaaat aattttttaag tttaaaagat aaaataccat cattttaaat gttggtattc 120
 aaaaccaaag natataaccg aaaggaaaaa cagatgagac ataaaatgat ttgcnagatg 180
 ggaaatatag tasttyatga atgttnatta aattccagtt ataatagtgg ctacacacto 240
 tcactacaca cacagacccc acagtcctat atgccacaaa cacatttcca taacttgaaa 300
 a 301

<210> 293
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 293
 ggtaccaagt gctgggtgcca gcctgttacc tgtttctact gaaaagtctg gctaatgctc 60
 ttgtgtagtc acttctgatt ctgacaatca atcaatcaat ggcctagagc actgactgtt 120
 aacacaaacg tcactagcaa agtagcaaca gctttaagtc taaatacaaa gctgttctgt 180

gtgagaat tttaaaaggc tacttgtata ataacccttg tcatttttaa tgtacctcgg 240
ccgcgaccac gctaagccga attctgcaga tatccatcac actggcggcc gctcgagcat 300
g 301

<210> 294
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 294
tgaccataa caatatacac tagctatctt tttaaactgtc catcattagc accaatgaag 60
attcaataaa attaccttta ttcacacatc tcaaaacaat tctgcaaatt cttagtgaag 120
tttaactata gtcacaganc ttaaataatc acattgtttt ctatgtctac tgaaaataag 180
ttcactactt ttctgggata ttctttacaa aatcttatta aaattcctgg tattatcacc 240
ccaattata cagtagcaca accaccttat gtagttttta catgatagct ctgtagaggt 300
t 301

<210> 295
<211> 305
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 295
gtactctttc tctccctcc tctgaattta attctttcaa cttgcaattt gcaaggatta 60
cacatttcac tgtgatgtat attgtgttgc aaaaaaaaaa gtgtctttgt ttaaaattac 120
ttggtttgtg aatccatctt gctttttccc cattggaact agtcattaac ccattctctga 180
actggtagaa aaacrtctga agagctagtc tatcagcatc tgacaggta attggatggt 240
tctcagaacc atttcaccca gacagcctgt ttctatcctg ttttaataaat tagtttggtt 300
tctct 305

<210> 296
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 296
aggctactatg ggaagctgct aaaataatat ttgatagtaa aagtatgtaa tgtgctatct 60
cacctagtag taaactaaaa ataaactgaa actttatgga atctgaagtt attttccttg 120
attaaataga attaataaac caatatgagg aaacatgaaa ccatgcaatc tactatcaac 180
tttgaaaaag tgattgaacg aaccacttag ctttcagatg atgaacactg ataagtcatt 240
tgtcattact ataaatttta aaatctgtta ataagatggc ctatagggag gaaaaagggg 300
c 301

<210> 297
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(300)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 297
actgagtttt aactggacgc caagcaggca aggctggaag gttttgctct ctttgtgcta 60
aaggttttga aaaccttgaa ggagaatcat ttgacaaga agtacttaag agtctagaga 120
acaaagangt gaaccagctg aaagctctcg ggggaanctt acatgtgttg ttaggcctgt 180

tccatcattg ggagtgcact ggccatccct caaaatttgt ctgggctggc ctgagtggtc	240
accgcacctc ggccgcgacc acgctaagcc gaattctgca gatatccatc aactggcg	300

<210> 298
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 298	
tatgggggttt gtcacccaaa agctgatgct gagaaaggcc tccctggggc ccctcccgcg	60
ggcatctgag agacctggtg ttccagtgtt tctggaaatg ggtcccagtg ccgccggctg	120
tgaagctctc agatcaatca cgggaagggc ctggcggtgg tggccacctg gaaccaccct	180
gtcctgtctg ttacatttc actaycaggt tttctctggg cattacnatt tgttccccta	240
caacagtgc ctgtgcattc tgtgtggcc tgtgtgtct gcaggtggct ctcagcgagg	300
t	301

<210> 299
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 299	
gttttgagac ggagtttcac tcttgttgcc cagactggac tgcaatggca gggctctctgc	60
tcaactgcacc ctctgcctcc caggttcgag caattctcct gcctcagcct ccaggttagc	120
tgggattgca ggctcacgcc accataccca gctaattttt ttgtattttt agtagagacg	180
gagtttcgcc atgttgcca gctggtctca aactcctgac ctcaagcgac ctgcctgcct	240
cggcctccca aagtgtcga attataggca tgagtcaaca cgcccagcct aaagatattt	300
t	301

<210> 300
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 300	
attcagtttt atttgcctgc ccagtatctg taaccaggag tgccacaaaa tcttgccaga	60
tatgtcccac acccactggg aaaggctccc acctggctac ttctctatc agctgggtca	120
gctgcattcc acaaggttct cagcctaag agtttcaact cctgccagtc tcaaaactta	180
gtaaagcaag accatgacat tccccacgg aaatcagagt ttgccccacc gtcttggtac	240
tataaagcct gcctctaaca gtccttgctt cttcacacca atccccgagc catcccccat	300
g	301

<210> 301
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 301	
ttaaattttt gagaggataa aaaggacaaa taatctagaa atgtgtcttc ttcagtctgc	60
agaggacccc aggtctccaa gcaaccacat ggtcaagggc atgaataatt aaaagtgggt	120
gggaactcac aaagacctc agagctgaga caccacacac agtgggagct cacaaagacc	180
ctcagagctg agacacccac aacagtggga gctcacaaag accctcagag ctgagacacc	240
cacaacagca cctcgttcag ctgccacatg tgtgaataag gatgcaatgt ccagaagtgt	300
t	301

<210> 302
 <211> 301

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 302
aggtacacat ttagcttgtg gtaaagtact cacaaaactg atttttaaact caagttaatg 60
tgaattttga aaattactac ttaattcctaa ttcacaataa caatggcatt aaggtttgac 120
ttgagttggg tcttagtatt atttatggta aataggctct taccacttgc aaataactgg 180
ccacatcatt aatgactgac ttcccagtaa ggctctctaa ggggtaagta ggaggatcca 240
caggatttga gatgctaagg ccccagagat cgtttgatcc aaccctctta ttttcagagg 300
g 301

<210> 303
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 303
aggtaccaac tgtggaaata ggtagaggat ctttttttct ttccatatca actaagttgt 60
atattgtttt ttgacagttt aacacatctt cttctgtcag agattcttct acaatagcac 120
tggctaattg aactaccgct tgcattgttaa aaatgggtgt ttgtgaaatg atcataggcc 180
agtaacgggt atgtttttct aactgatctt ttgctcgttc caaagggacc tcaagacttc 240
catcgatttt atatctgggg tctagaaaag gagttaatct gttttccctc ataaattcac 300
c 301

<210> 304
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 304
acatggatgt tattttgcag actgtcaacc tgaatttgta tttgcttgac attgcctaact 60
tattagtttc agtttcagct taccactttt ttgtctgcaa catgcaraas agacagtgcc 120
cttttttagtg tatcatatca ggaatcatct cacattgggt ttgtgccatta ctgggtgcagt 180
gacttttcagc cacttgggta aggtggagtt ggccatatgt ctccactgca aaattactga 240
ttttcccttt gtaattaata agtgtgtgtg tgaagattct ttgagatgag gtatatatct 300
c 301

<210> 305
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 305
gangtacagc gtggtcaagg taacaagaag aaaaaaatgt gaggggcatc ctgggatgag 60
caggggggaca gacctggaca gacacgttgt catttgctgc tgtgggtagg aaaatgggag 120
taaaggagga gaaacagata caaaatctcc aactcagtat taaggatttc tcatgcctag 180
aatatttgta gaaacaagaa tacattcata tggcaataaa ctaaccatgg tggaacaaaa 240
ttctgggatt taagttggat accaangaaa ttgtattaaa agagctgttc atggaataag 300
a 301

<210> 306
<211> 8
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 306
Val Leu Gly Trp Val Ala Glu Leu

1

5

<210> 307
<211> 637
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 307

acaggggratg	aagggaagag	gagaggatga	ggaagccccc	ctggggattt	ggtttggtcc	60
ttgtgatcag	gtggtctatg	gggcttatcc	ctacaaagaa	gaatccagaa	ataggggcac	120
attgaggaat	gatacttgag	cccaaagagc	attcaatcat	tgttttattt	gccttmtttt	180
cacaccattg	gtgagggagg	gattaccacc	ctggggttat	gaagatggtt	gaacacccca	240
cacatagcac	cggagatatg	agatcaacag	tttcttagcc	atagagattc	acagcccaga	300
gcaggaggag	gcttgacac	catgcaggat	gacatggggg	atgcgctcgg	gattggtgtg	360
aagaagcaag	gactgttaga	ggcaggcttt	atagtaacaa	gacggtgggg	caaactctga	420
tttccgtggg	ggaatgtcat	ggtcttgctt	tactaagttt	tgagactggc	aggtagtgaa	480
actcattagg	ctgagaacct	tgtggaatgc	acttgaccca	sctgatagag	gaagtagcca	540
ggtgggagcc	tttcccagtg	ggtgtgggac	atatctggca	agattttgtg	gcactcctgg	600
ttacagatac	tggggcagca	aataaaaactg	aatcttg			637

<210> 308
<211> 647
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc feature

<222> (1)...(647)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 308

acgattttca	ttatcatgta	aatcgggtca	ctcaaggggc	caaccacagc	tgggagccac	60
tgctcagggg	aaggttcata	tgggactttc	tactgcccaa	ggttctatac	aggatataaa	120
gngcctcac	agtatagatc	tggtagcaaa	gaagaagaaa	caaacactga	tctctttctg	180
ccaccctct	gacccttttg	aactcctctg	accctttaga	acaagcctac	ctaatactctg	240
ctagagaaaa	gaccaacaac	ggcctcaaag	gatctcttac	catgaaggtc	tcagctaatt	300
cttggtctaag	atgtgggttc	cacattaggt	tctgaatatg	gggggaaggg	tcaatttgct	360
catttttgtgt	gtggataaag	tcaggatgcc	caggggccag	agcagggggc	tgcttgcttt	420
gggaacaatg	gctgagcata	taaccatagg	ttatggggaa	caaaacaaca	tcaaagtcac	480
tgtatcaatt	gccatgaaga	cttgagggac	ctgaatctac	cgattcatct	taaggcagca	540
ggaccagttt	gagtggaac	aatgcagcag	cagaatcaat	ggaaacaaca	gaatgattgc	600
aatgtccttt	ttttctcct	gcttctgact	tgataaaagg	ggaccgt		647

<210> 309
<211> 460
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 309

actttatagt	ttaggctgga	cattggaaaa	aaaaaaaaagc	cagaacaaca	tgtgatagat	60
aatatgattg	gctgcacact	tccagactga	tgaatgatga	acgtgatgga	ctattgtatg	120
gagcacatct	tcagcaagag	ggggaaatac	tcatcatttt	tggccagcag	ttgtttgatc	180
accaaacatc	atgccagaat	actcagcaaa	ccttcttagc	tcttgagaag	tcaaagtccg	240
ggggaattta	ttcctggcaa	ttttaattgg	actccttatg	tgagagcagc	ggctaccagg	300
ctgggggtgt	ggagcgaacc	cgtcactagt	ggacatgcag	tggcagagct	cctggtaacc	360
acctagagga	atacacaggc	acatgtgtga	tgccaagcgt	gacacctgta	gcactcaaat	420
ttgtcttgtt	tttgtctttc	ggtgtgtaag	attcttaagt			460

<210> 310
<211> 539
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<400> 310
acgggactta tcaaataaag ataggaaaag aagaaaactc aaatattata ggcagaaatg      60
ctaaagggtt taaaatatgt caggattgga agaaggcatg gataaagaac aaagttcagt      120
taggaaagag aaacacagaa ggaagagaca caataaaagt cattatgtat tctgtgagaa      180
gtcagacagt aagattttgt ggaaatgggt tggtttgttg tatggtatgt attttagcaa      240
taatctttat ggcagagaaa gctaaaatcc tttagcttgc gtgaatgatc acttgctgaa      300
ttcctcaagg taggcacgat gaaggagggt ttagaggaga cacagacaca atgaactgac      360
ctagatagaa agccttagta tactcagcta ggaatagtga ttctgagggc aactgtgac      420
atgattatgt cattacatgt atggtagtga tggggatgat aggaaggaag aacttatggc      480
atattttcac cccacaaaaa gtcagttaaa tattgggaca ctaaccatcc aggtcaaga      539

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<210> 311
<211> 526
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(526)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

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<400> 311
caaatTTgag ccaatgacat agaattttac aaatcaagaa gcttattctg gggccatttc      60
ttttgacgtt ttctctaaac tactaaagag gcattaatga tccataaatt atattatcta      120
catttacagc atttaaaatg tggtcagcat gaaatattag ctacagggga agctaaataa      180
attaaacatg gaataaagat ttgtccttaa atataatcta caagaagact ttgatatttg      240
tttttcacaa gtgaagcatt cttataaagt gtcataacct ttttggggaa actatgggaa      300
aaaaatgggga aactctgaag ggTTTTaagt atcttacctg aagctacaga ctccataacc      360
tctctttaca gggagctcct gcagccccta cagaaatgag tggctgagat tcttgattgc      420
acagcaagag cttctcatct aaaccctttc cctttttagt atctgtgtat caagtataaa      480
agttctataa actgtagtnt acttatttta atccccaaag cacagt                    526

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<210> 312
<211> 500
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(500)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

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<400> 312
cctctctctc cccaccccct gactctagag aactggggtt tctcccagta ctccagcaat      60
tcattttctg aagcagttga gccactttat tccaaagtac actgcagatg ttcaaactct      120
ccatttctct ttcccttcca cctgccagtt ttgctgactc tcaacttgtc atgagtgtaa      180
gcattaagga cattatgctt cttcgattct gaagacaggc cctgctcatg gatgactctg      240
gcttcttagg aaaatatTTT tcttccaaaa tcagtaggaa atctaaactt atcccctctt      300
tgcagatgtc tagcagcttc agacatttgg ttaagaacct atgggaaaaa aaaaaatcct      360
tgctaagtgt gtttcctttg taaaccanga ttcttatttg nctggtatag aatatcagct      420
ctgaacgtgt ggtaaagatt tttgtgtttg aatataggag aaatcagttt gctgaaaagt      480
tagtcttaat tatctatttg

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<210> 313
<211> 718
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(718)

```

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 313

ggagatttgt	gtggtttgca	gccgagggag	accaggaaga	tctgcatggt	gggaaggacc	60
tgatgataca	gaggtgagaa	ataagaaagg	ctgctgactt	taccatctga	ggccacacat	120
ctgctgaaat	ggagataatt	aacatcacta	gaaacagcaa	gatgacaata	taatgtctaa	180
gtagtacat	gtttttgcac	atttccagcc	cttttaaata	tccacacaca	caggaagcac	240
aaaaggaagc	acagagatcc	ctgggagaaa	tgcccggccg	ccatcttggg	tcatcgatga	300
gcctcgccct	gtgcctgntc	ccgcttggtg	gggaaggaca	ttagaaaatg	aattgatgtg	360
ttccttaaag	gatggcagga	aaacagatcc	tggttggtg	atttatttga	acgggattac	420
agatttgaaa	tgaagtcaca	aagtgagcat	taccaatgag	aggaaaacag	acgagaaaat	480
cttgatggtt	cacaagacat	gcaacaaaca	aaatggaata	ctgtgatgac	acgagcagcc	540
aactggggag	gatataccac	ggggcagagg	tcaggattct	ggccctgctg	cctaactgtg	600
cgttatacca	atcatttcta	tttctaccct	caacaagct	gtngaatatc	tgacttacgg	660
ttcttntggc	ccacattttc	atnatccacc	ccntcntttt	aannttanc	caaatgt	718

<210> 314

<211> 358

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 314

gtttattttac	attacagaaa	aaacatcaag	acaatgtata	ctatttcaaa	tatatccata	60
cataatcaaa	tatagctgta	gtacatgttt	tcattgggtg	agattaccac	aaatgcaagg	120
caacatgtgt	agatctcttg	tcttattctt	ttgtctataa	tactgtattg	tgtagtccaa	180
gctctcggtg	gtccagccac	tgtgaaacat	gctcccttta	gattaacctc	gtggacgctc	240
ttgttgtatt	gctgaactgt	agtgcctgt	attttgcttc	tgtctgtgaa	ttctgttget	300
tctggggcat	ttccttggtg	tgcagaggac	caccacacag	atgacagcaa	tctgaatt	358

<210> 315

<211> 341

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 315

taccacctcc	ccgctggcac	tgatgagccg	catcaccatg	gtcaccagca	ccatgaaggc	60
ataggtgatg	atgaggacat	ggaatgggcc	cccaaggatg	gtctgtccaa	agaagcgagt	120
gacccccatt	ctgaagatgt	ctggaacctc	taccagcagg	atgatgatag	ccccaatgac	180
agtcaccagc	tccccgacca	gccgatatc	gtccttaggg	gtcatgtagg	cttccctgaag	240
tagcttctgc	tgtaagaggg	tggtgtcccg	ggggctcgtg	cggttattgg	tcctgggctt	300
gagggggcgg	tagatgcagc	acatggtgaa	gcagatgatg	t		341

<210> 316

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 316

agactgggca	agactcttac	gccccacact	gcaatttggt	cttgttgccg	tatccattta	60
tgtgggcctt	tctcgagttt	ctgattataa	acaccactgg	agcgaatgtg	tgactggact	120
cattcaggga	gctctggttg	caatattagt	t			151

<210> 317

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 317

agaactagt	gatcctaag	aaatacctga	aacatatatt	ggcattttatc	aatggctcaa	60
atcttcattt	atctctggcc	ttaaccctgg	ctcctgaggg	tgcggccagc	agatcccagg	120
ccagggtct	gttcttgcca	cacctgcttg	a			151

<210> 318
 <211> 151
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 318
 actggtggga ggcgtgttt agttggctgt ttccagaggg gtctttcgga gggacctcct 60
 gctgcaggct ggagtgtctt tttcctggc gggagaccgc acattccact gctgaggctg 120
 tgggggcggg ttatcaggca gtgataaaca t 151

<210> 319
 <211> 151
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 319
 aactagtggg tccagagcta taggtacagt gtgatctcag ctttgcaaac acattttcta 60
 catagatagt actaggtatt aatagatatg taaagaaaga aatcacacca ttaataatgg 120
 taagattggg tttatgtgat tttagtggg a 151

<210> 320
 <211> 150
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 320
 aactagtggg tccactagtc cagtgtgggt gaattccatt gtgttggggg tctagatcgc 60
 gagcggtgc cctttttttt tttttttttt ggggggaatt tttttttttt aatagttatt 120
 gagtgttcta cagcttacag taaataccat 150

<210> 321
 <211> 151
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 321
 agcaactttg tttttcatcc aggttatatt aggccttaga tttcctctca cactgcagtt 60
 tagggtggca ttgtaaccag ctatggcata ggtgttaacc aaaggctgag taaacatggg 120
 tgctctgag aaatcaaagt cttcatacac t 151

<210> 322
 <211> 151
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(151)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 322
 atccagcatc ttctcctgtt tottgccctc ctttttcttc ttcttasatt ctgcttgagg 60
 tttgggcttg gtcagtttgc cacagggtt ggagatgggt acagtcttct ggcattcggc 120
 attgtgcagg gctcgttca nacttccagt t 151

<210> 323
 <211> 151
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(151)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 323

tgaggacttg	tkttcttttt	ctttattttt	aatcctotta	ckttgtaaat	atattgccta	60
nagactcant	tactacccag	tttgtgggtt	twtgaggagaa	atgtaactgg	acagttagct	120
gttcaatyaa	aaagacactt	ancccatgtg	g			151

<210> 324

<211> 461

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(461)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 324

acctgtgtgg	aatttcagct	ttcctcatgc	aaaaggattt	tgtatccccg	gcctacttga	60
agaagtggtc	agctaaagga	atccagggtg	ttgggtggac	tgtaataacc	tttgatgaaa	120
agagttacta	cgaatcccat	cttgggtcca	gctatatcac	tgacagcatg	gtagaagact	180
gcgaacctca	cttctagact	ttcacgggtg	gacgaaacgg	gttcagaaac	tgccaggggc	240
ctcatacagg	gatatcaaaa	taccctttgt	gctacccagg	ccctggggaa	tcaggtgact	300
cacacaaatg	caatagttgg	tcactgcatt	tttaacctgaa	ccaaagctaa	acccggtgtt	360
gccaccatgc	accatggcat	gccagagttc	aacactgttg	ctcttgaaaa	ttgggtctga	420
aaaaacgcac	aagagcccct	gccctgccct	agctgangca	c		461

<210> 325

<211> 400

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 325

acactgtttc	catgttatgt	ttctacacat	tgctacctca	gtgctcctgg	aaacttagct	60
tttgatgtct	ccaagtagtc	caccttcatt	taactctttg	aaactgtatc	atctttgcca	120
agtaagagtg	gtggcctatt	tcagctgctt	tgacaaaatg	actggctcct	gacttaacgt	180
tctataaatg	aatgtgctga	agcaaagtgc	ccatgggtggc	ggcgaagaag	agaaagatgt	240
gttttgtttt	ggactctctg	tggtcccttc	caatgctgtg	ggtttccaac	caggggaagg	300
gtcccttttg	cattgccaaag	tgccataacc	atgagcacta	cgctaccatg	gttctgcctc	360
ctggccaagc	aggttggttt	gcaagaatga	aatgaatgat			400

<210> 326

<211> 1215

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 326

ggaggactgc	agccgcgact	cgcagccctg	gcaggcggca	ctgggtcatg	aaaacgaatt	60
gttctgctcg	ggcgctcctg	tgcatccgca	gtgggtgctg	tcagccgcac	actgtttcca	120
gaactcctac	accatcgggc	tgggcctgca	cagtcttgag	gccgaccaag	agccagggag	180
ccagatggtg	gaggccagcc	tctccgtacg	gcacccagag	tacaacagac	ccttgctcgc	240
taacgacctc	atgctcatca	agttggacga	atccgtgtcc	gagtctgaca	ccatccggag	300
catcagcatt	gcttcgcagt	gcoctaccgc	ggggaactct	tgctcgtttt	ctggctgggg	360
tctgctggcg	aacggcagaa	tgectaccgt	gtgacagtgc	gtgaacgtgt	cggtggtgtc	420
tgaggaggtc	tgcaagtaagc	tctatgaccc	gctgtaccac	cccagcatgt	tctgcgccgg	480
cggagggcaa	gaccagaagg	actcctgcaa	cgggtgactct	ggggggcccc	tgatctgcaa	540
cgggtacttg	cagggccttg	tgtctttcgg	aaaagccccg	tgtggccaag	ttggcgtgcc	600
aggtgtctct	gcaaacctct	gcaaattcac	tgagtggata	gagaaaaacc	tccaggccag	660
ttactctctg	ggactgggaa	cccatgaaat	tgacccccaa	atacatcctg	cgggaaggat	720
tcaggaatat	ctgttcccag	ccccctctcc	ctcaggccca	ggagtccagg	ccccagccc	780
ctcctccctc	aaaccaaggg	tacagatccc	cagcccctcc	tccctcagac	ccaggagtcc	840

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agacccccca gccctcctc cctcagaccc aggagtccag cccctcctcc ctcagaccca 900
ggagtccaga cccccagcc cctcctccct cagacccagc ggtccaggcc cccaaccct 960
cctccctcag actcagaggt ccaagccccc aaccctcct tccccagacc cagaggtcca 1020
ggtcccagcc cctcctccct cagacccagc ggtccaatgc cacctagact ctccctgtac 1080
acagtgcgcc cttgtggcac gttgacccaa ccttaccagt tggtttttca ttttttgtcc 1140
ctttcccta gatccagaaa taaagtctaa gagaagcgca aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1200
aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 1215

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<210> 327
 <211> 220
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

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<400> 327
Glu Asp Cys Ser Pro His Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Ala Ala Leu Val Met
1      5      10      15
Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp Val
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Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly
35     40     45
Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val Glu
50     55     60
Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu Ala
65     70     75     80
Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser Asp
85     90     95
Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly Asn
100    105    110
Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Met Pro
115    120    125
Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Glu Val Cys
130    135    140
Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala Gly
145    150    155    160
Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly Pro
165    170    175
Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys Ala
180    185    190
Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Cys Lys
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Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser
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<210> 328
 <211> 234
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

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 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

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 Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp Val Leu Ser Ala Thr
 35 40 45
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 65 70 75

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 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

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<210> 331
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 <213> Homo sapien

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<210> 333

<211> 3030

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 333

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<211> 2417

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 334

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<211> 2984

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 335

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aaagtagcca	tgtctttatt	agaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaa		2984

<210> 336

<211> 147

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 336

Pro Ser Phe Pro Thr Leu Leu Ser Arg Arg His Leu Gly Ser Tyr Leu

102

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1           5           10           15
Leu Asp Ser Glu Asn Thr Ser Gly Ala Leu Pro Arg Leu Pro Gln Thr
20           25           30
Pro Lys Gln Pro Gln Lys Arg Ser Arg Ala Ala Phe Ser His Thr Gln
35           40           45
Val Ile Glu Leu Glu Arg Lys Phe Ser His Gln Lys Tyr Leu Ser Ala
50           55           60
Pro Glu Arg Ala His Leu Ala Lys Asn Leu Lys Leu Thr Glu Thr Gln
65           70           75           80
Val Lys Ile Trp Phe Gln Asn Arg Arg Tyr Lys Thr Lys Arg Lys Gln
85           90           95
Leu Ser Ser Glu Leu Gly Asp Leu Glu Lys His Ser Ser Leu Pro Ala
100          105          110
Leu Lys Glu Glu Ala Phe Ser Arg Ala Ser Leu Val Ser Val Tyr Asn
115          120          125
Ser Tyr Pro Tyr Tyr Pro Tyr Leu Tyr Cys Val Gly Ser Trp Ser Pro
130          135          140
Ala Phe Trp
145

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<210> 337
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

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```

<400> 337
Ala Leu Thr Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ala
1           5

```

```

<210> 338
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

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```

<400> 338
Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile
1           5

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```

<210> 339
<211> 318
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

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<400> 339
Met Val Glu Leu Met Phe Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Pro Phe Leu
1           5           10           15
Leu Tyr Met Ala Pro Gln Ile Arg Lys Met Leu Ser Ser Gly Val
20           25           30
Cys Thr Ser Thr Val Gln Leu Pro Gly Lys Val Val Val Val Thr Gly
35           40           45
Ala Asn Thr Gly Ile Gly Lys Glu Thr Ala Lys Glu Leu Ala Gln Arg
50           55           60
Gly Ala Arg Val Tyr Leu Ala Cys Arg Asp Val Glu Lys Gly Glu Leu
65           70           75           80
Val Ala Lys Glu Ile Gln Thr Thr Thr Gly Asn Gln Gln Val Leu Val
85           90           95
Arg Lys Leu Asp Leu Ser Asp Thr Lys Ser Ile Arg Ala Phe Ala Lys
100          105          110
Gly Phe Leu Ala Glu Glu Lys His Leu His Val Leu Ile Asn Asn Ala
115          120          125
Gly Val Met Met Cys Pro Tyr Ser Lys Thr Ala Asp Gly Phe Glu Met

```


130	135	140
His Ile Gly Val Asn	His Leu Gly His Phe Leu	Leu Thr His Leu Leu
145	150	155
Leu Glu Lys Leu Lys Glu Ser Ala Pro Ser Arg	Ile Val Asn Val Ser	
165	170	175
Ser Leu Ala His His Leu Gly Arg Ile His Phe His Asn Leu Gln Gly		
180	185	190
Glu Lys Phe Tyr Asn Ala Gly Leu Ala Tyr Cys His Ser Lys Leu Ala		
195	200	205
Asn Ile Leu Phe Thr Gln Glu Leu Ala Arg Arg Leu Lys Gly Ser Gly		
210	215	220
Val Thr Thr Tyr Ser Val His Pro Gly Thr Val Gln Ser Glu Leu Val		
225	230	235
Arg His Ser Ser Phe Met Arg Trp Met Trp Trp Leu Phe Ser Phe Phe		
245	250	255
Ile Lys Thr Pro Gln Gln Gly Ala Gln Thr Ser Leu His Cys Ala Leu		
260	265	270
Thr Glu Gly Leu Glu Ile Leu Ser Gly Asn His Phe Ser Asp Cys His		
275	280	285
Val Ala Trp Val Ser Ala Gln Ala Arg Asn Glu Thr Ile Ala Arg Arg		
290	295	300
Leu Trp Asp Val Ser Cys Asp Leu Leu Gly Leu Pro Ile Asp		
305	310	315

<210> 340
 <211> 483
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 340

gccgaggtct	gccttcacac	ggaggacacg	agactgcttc	ctcaagggct	ctgacctgcc	60
tggaactgg	tgggagggcg	tggttagttg	gctgttttca	gaggggtctt	tcggagggac	120
ctcctgctgc	aggctggagt	gtctttattc	ctggcgggag	accgcacatt	ccactgctga	180
ggttggtggg	gcggtttatc	aggcagtgat	aaacataaga	tgtcatttcc	ttgactccgg	240
ccttcaattt	tctctttggc	tgacgacgga	gtccgtgggtg	tcccgatgta	actgacctct	300
gctccaaacg	tgacatcact	gatgctcttc	tcgggggtgc	tgatggcccg	cttggtcacg	360
tgctcaatct	cgccattcga	ctcttgctcc	aaactgtatg	aagacacctg	actgcacgtt	420
ttttctgggc	ttccagaatt	taaagtgaag	ggcagcactc	ctaagctccg	actccgatgc	480
ctg						483

<210> 341
 <211> 344
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 341

ctgctgctga	gtcacagatt	tcattataaa	tagcctccct	aaggaaaata	caactgaatgc	60
tatttttact	aaccattcta	tttttataga	aatagctgag	agtttctaaa	ccaactctct	120
gctgccttac	aagtattaaa	tattttactt	ctttccataa	agagtagctc	aaaatatgca	180
attaatttaa	taattttctga	tgatggtttt	atctgcagta	atatgtatat	catctattag	240
aattttactta	atgaaaaact	gaagagaaca	aaattttgtaa	ccactagcac	ttaagtactc	300
ctgattctta	acattgtctt	taatgaccac	aagacaacca	acag		344

<210> 342
 <211> 592
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 342

acagcaaaaa	agaaactgag	aagcccaaty	tgctttcttg	ttaacatcca	cttatccaac	60
caatgtggaa	acttcttata	cttggttcca	ttatgaagtt	ggacaattgc	tgctatcaca	120
cctggcaggt	aaaccaatgc	caagagagtg	atggaaacca	ttggcaagac	tttggtgatg	180

accaggattg	gaattttata	aaaatattgt	tgatgggaag	ttgctaaagg	gtgaattact	240
tccctcagaa	gagtgtaaag	aaaagtcaga	gatgctataa	tagcagctat	tttaattggc	300
aagtgccact	gtggaaagag	ttcctgtgtg	tgctgaagtt	ctgaaggcca	gtcaaattca	360
tcagcatggg	ctgtttgggt	caaatgcaaa	agcacaggtc	tttttagcat	gctgggtctt	420
cccgtgtcct	tatgcaaata	atcgtcttct	tctaaatttc	tcctaggcct	cattttccaa	480
agttcttctt	ggtttgtgat	gtcttttctg	ctttocatta	attctataaa	atagtatggc	540
ttcagccacc	cactcttcgc	cttagcttga	ccgtgagttc	cggctgccgc	tg	592

<210> 343

<211> 382

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 343

ttcttgacct	cctcctcctt	caagctcaaa	caccacctcc	cttattcagg	accggcactt	60
cttaatgttt	gtggctttct	ctccagcctc	tcttaggagg	ggtaatgggtg	gagttggcat	120
cttgtaaactc	tcctttctcc	tttcttcccc	tttctctgcc	cgcctttccc	atcctgctgt	180
agacttcttg	attgtcagtc	tgtgtcacat	ccagtgattg	ttttggtttc	tgttcccttt	240
ctgactgccc	aagggggtca	gaaccccagc	aatcccttcc	tttcaactacc	ttcttttttg	300
ggggtagttg	gaaggggactg	aaattgtggg	gggaaggtag	gaggcacatc	aataaagagg	360
aaaccaccaa	gctgaaaaaa	aa				382

<210> 344

<211> 536

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 344

ctgggcctga	agctgtaggg	taaatcagag	gcaggcttct	gagtgatgag	agtcctgaga	60
caataggcca	cataaacttg	gctggatgga	acctcacaat	aagggtgtca	cctcttggtt	120
gtttaggggg	atgccaagga	taaggccagc	tcagttatat	gaagagaagc	agaacaaaca	180
agtctttcag	agaaatggat	gcaatcagag	tgggatcccg	gtcacatcaa	ggtcacactc	240
caccttcatg	tgctgaatg	gttgccaggt	cagaaaaatc	cacccttac	gagtgcggct	300
tcgaccttat	atcccccgcc	cgcgtccctt	tctccataaa	attcttctta	gtagctatta	360
ccttcttatt	atttgatcta	gaaattgccc	tccttttacc	cctaccatga	gccctacaaa	420
caactaacct	gccactaata	gttatgtcat	ccctcttatt	aatcatcatc	ctagccctaa	480
gtctggccta	tgagtgacta	caaaaaggat	tagactgagc	cgaataacaa	aaaaaa	536

<210> 345

<211> 251

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 345

accttttgag	gtctctctca	ccacctccac	agccaccgtc	accgtgggat	gtgctggatg	60
tgaatgaagc	ccccatcttt	gtgcctcctg	aaaagagagt	ggaagtgtcc	gaggactttg	120
gcggtgggcca	ggaaatcaca	tcctacactg	cccaggagcc	agacacattt	atggaacaga	180
aaataacata	tcggatttgg	agagacactg	ccaactggct	ggagattaat	ccggacactg	240
gtgccatttc	c					251

<210> 346

<211> 282

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(282)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 346

cgcgtctctg	acactgtgat	catgacaggg	gttcaaacag	aaagtgcctg	ggcctcctt	60
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ctaagtcttg ttaccaaaaa aaggaaaaag aaaagatctt ctcagttaca aattctggga 120
agggagacta tacctggctc ttgccctaag tgagaggtct tccctcccgc accaaaaaat 180
agaaaggctt tctatttcac tggcccaggt agggggaagg agagtaactt tgagtctgtg 240
ggtctcattt cccaagggtc cttcaatgct catnaaaacc aa 282

```

```

<210> 347
<211> 201
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(201)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 347
acacacataa tattataaaa tgccatctaa ttggaaggag ctttctatca ttgcaagtca 60
taaatataac ttttaaaana ntactancag cttttaccta ngctcctaaa tgcttgtaaa 120
tctgagactg actggacca cccagacca gggcaaagat acatgttacc atatcatctt 180
tataaagaat tttttttgt c 201

```

```

<210> 348
<211> 251
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 348
ctgttaatca caacatttgt gcataccttg tgccaagtga gaaaatgttc taaaatcaca 60
agagagaaca gtgccagaat gaaactgacc ctaagtccca ggtgcccctg ggcaggcaga 120
aggagacact cccagcatgg aggagggttt atcttttcat cctaggtcag gtctacaatg 180
ggggaagggt ttattataga actcccaaca gcccacctca ctctgcccac ccaccgatg 240
gcctgcctc c 251

```

```

<210> 349
<211> 251
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 349
taaaaatcaa gccattttaat tgtatctttg aaggtaaaca atatatggga gctggatcac 60
aaccctgag gatgccagag ctatgggtcc agaacatggt gtggtattat caacagagtt 120
cagaagggtc tgaactctac gtgttaccag agaacataat gcaattcatg cattccactt 180
agcaattttg taaaatacca gaaacagacc ccaagagtct ttcaagatga ggaaaattca 240
actcctggtt t 251

```

```

<210> 350
<211> 908
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<400> 350
ctggacactt tgcgagggt tttgctggct gctgctgctg cccgtcatgc tactcatcgt 60
agcccgcccg gtgaagctcg ctgctttccc tacctcctta agtgactgcc aaacgccac 120
cggctggaat tgctctggtt atgatgacag agaaaatgat ctcttctctt gtgacaccaa 180
cacctgtaaa tttgatgggg aatgtttaag aattggagac actgtgactt gcgtctgtca 240
gttcaagtgc aacaatgact atgtgectgt gtgtggctcc aatggggaga gctaccagaa 300
tgagtgttac ctgcgacagg ctgcatgcaa acagcagagt gagatacttg tgggtgcaga 360
aggatcatgt gccacagtcc atgaaggctc tggagaaact agtcaaaagg agacatccac 420
ctgtgatatt tgccagtttg gtgcagaatg tgacgaagat gccgaggatg tctggtgtgt 480
gtgtaatat t gactgttctc aaaccaactt caatcccctc tgcgcttctg atgggaaatc 540
ttatgataat gcatgccaaa tcaaagaagc atcgtgtcag aaacaggaga aaattgaagt 600
catgtctttg ggtcgatgtc aagataaac aactacaact actaagtcctg aagatgggca 660

```

ttatgcaaga	acagattatg	cagagaatgc	taacaaatta	gaagaaagt	ccagagaaca	720
ccacatacct	tgtccggaac	attacaatgg	cttctgcatg	catgggaagt	gtgagcattc	780
tatcaatatg	caggagccat	cttgagggtg	tgatgctgg	tatactggac	aacactgtga	840
aaaaaaggac	tacagtgttc	tatacgttgt	tcccggctct	gtacgatttc	agtatgtctt	900
aatcgag						908

<210> 351
 <211> 472
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 351						
ccagttattt	gcaagtggta	agagcctatt	taccataaat	aatactaaga	accaactcaa	60
gtcaaaccct	aatgccattg	ttattgtgaa	ttaggattaa	gtagtaattt	tcaaaattca	120
cattaacttg	attttaaaat	cagwtttgyg	agtcattttac	cacaagctaa	atgtgtacac	180
tatgataaaa	acaaccattg	tattcctgtt	tttctaaaca	gtcctaattt	ctaactgt	240
atatatcctt	cgacatcaat	gaactttgtt	ttcttttact	ccagtaataa	agtaggcaca	300
gatctgtcca	caacaaactt	gccctctcat	gccttgcttc	tcacccatgct	ctgctccagg	360
tcagccccc	tttgccctgt	ttgttttgc	aaaaacctaa	tctgcttctt	gcttttcttg	420
gtaatatata	tttaggggaag	atgttgcttt	gcccacacac	gaagcaaagt	aa	472

<210> 352
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 352						
ctcaaagcta	atctctcggg	aatcaaacca	gaaaagggca	aggatcttag	gcatggtgga	60
tgtggataag	gccaggtcaa	tggctgcaag	catgcagaga	aagaggtaca	tcggagcgtg	120
caggctgcgt	tccgtcccta	cgatgaagac	cacgatgcag	tttccaaaca	ttgccactac	180
atacatggaa	aggaggggga	agccaaccca	gaaatgggct	ttctctaata	ctgggataacc	240
aataagcaca	a					251

<210> 353
 <211> 436
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 353						
tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttaca	caatgcagtc	atatttttat	tgagtatgtg	60
cacattatgg	tattattact	atactgatta	tatttatcat	gtgacttcta	attaraaaat	120
gtatccaaaa	gcaaaacagc	agatatataa	aattaaagag	acagaagata	gacattaaca	180
gataaggcaa	cttatacatt	gacaatccaa	atccaatata	tttaaactt	tgggaaatga	240
gggggacaaa	tggaagccar	atcaaatgtg	tgtaaaacta	ttcagtatgt	ttcccttgct	300
tcatgtctga	raaggctctc	ccttcaatgg	ggatgacaaa	ctccaaatgc	cacacaaatg	360
ttaacagaat	actagattca	cactggaacg	ggggtaaaga	agaaattatt	ttctataaaa	420
gggctcctaa	tgtagt					436

<210> 354
 <211> 854
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 354						
ccttttctag	ttcaccagtt	ttctgcaagg	atgctgggta	gggagtgtct	gcaggaggag	60
caagtctgaa	accaaatcta	ggaacatag	gaaacgagcc	aggcacaggg	ctgggtggcc	120
atcagggacc	accctttggg	ttgatatttt	gcttaatctg	catcttttga	gtaagatcat	180
ctggcagtag	aagctgttct	ccaggtagat	ttctctagct	catgtacaaa	aacatcctga	240
aggactttgt	caggtgcctt	gctaaaagcc	agatgcgttc	ggcacttcct	tggcttgagg	300
ttaattgcac	acctacaggc	actgggctca	tgctttcaag	tattttgtcc	tcacttttagg	360
gtgagtga	gatccccatt	ataggagcac	ttgggagaga	tcatataaaa	gctgactctt	420
gagtacatgc	agtaatgggg	tagatgtgtg	tggtgtgtct	tcattcctgc	aagggtgctt	480

gttagggagt	gtttccagga	ggaacaagtc	tgaaccaat	catgaaataa	atggtaggtg	540
tgaactggaa	aactaattca	aaagagagat	cgtgatatca	gtgtggttga	tacaccttgg	600
caatatggaa	ggctctaatt	tgcccatatt	tgaataata	attcagcttt	ttgtaataca	660
aaataacaaa	ggattgagaa	tcatggtgtc	taatgtataa	aagaccagg	aaacataaat	720
atatcaactg	cataaatgta	aaatgcatgt	gacccaagaa	ggcccaaaag	tggcagacaa	780
cattgtaccc	attttccctt	ccaaaatgtg	agcggcgggc	ctgctgcttt	caaggctgtc	840
acacgggatg	tcag					854

<210> 355
 <211> 676
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 355						
gaaattaagt	atgagctaaa	ttccctgtta	aaacctctag	gggtgacaga	tctcttcaac	60
cagggtcaaag	ctgatctttc	tggaaatgtca	ccaaccaagg	gcctatatatt	atcaaaaagcc	120
atccacaagt	cataacctga	tgtcagcgaa	gagggcacgg	aggcagcagc	agccactggg	180
gacagcatcg	ctgtaaaaag	cctaccaatg	agagctcagt	tcaaggcgaa	ccacccttc	240
ctgttcttta	taaggcacac	tcataccaac	acgatcctat	tctgtggcaa	gcttgccctc	300
ccctaatacag	atgggggttga	gtaaggctca	gagttgcaga	tgaggtgcag	agacaatcct	360
gtgactttcc	cacggccaaa	aagctgttca	cacctcacgc	acctctgtgc	ctcagtttgc	420
tcattctgca	aataggtcta	ggatttcttc	caaccatttc	atgagttgtg	aagctaaggc	480
tttgttaatc	atggaaaaag	gtagacttat	gcagaaagcc	tttctggctt	tcttatctgt	540
ggtgtctcat	ttgagtgtcg	tccagtgaac	tgatcaagtc	aatgagtaaa	attttaaggg	600
attagatttt	cttgacttgt	atgtatctgt	gagatcttga	ataagtgacc	tgacatctct	660
gcttaaagaa	aaccag					676

<210> 356
 <211> 574
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 356						
tttttttttt	tttttcagga	aaacattctc	ttactttatt	tgcattctcag	caaaggttct	60
catgtggcac	ctgactggca	tcaaaccaaa	gttcgtaggc	caacaaagat	gggccactca	120
caagcttccc	atttgtagat	ctcagtgcct	atgagtatct	gacacctgtt	cctctcttca	180
gtctottagg	gaggcttaaa	tctgtctcag	gtgtgctaag	agtgccagcc	caaggkggtc	240
aaaagtccac	aaaactgcag	tctttgctgg	gatagtaagc	caagcagtgc	ctggacagca	300
gagttctttt	cttgggcaac	agataaccag	acaggactct	aatcgtgctc	ttattcaaca	360
ttcttctgtc	tctgcctaga	ctggaataaa	aagccaatct	ctctcgtggc	acaggggaag	420
agatacaagc	togtttacat	gtgatagatc	taacaaaggc	atctaccgaa	gtctggtctg	480
gatagacggc	acaggagcct	cttaggtcag	cgtgctgggt	tggaggacat	tcttgagtcc	540
agctttgcag	cctttgtgca	acagtacttt	ccca			574

<210> 357
 <211> 393
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 357						
tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tacagaatat	aratgcttta	tcaactgkact	60
taatattggk	catgtttcac	tatacttaaa	aatgcaccac	tcataaatat	ttaattcagc	120
aagccacaac	caaracttga	ttttatcaac	aaaaaccctt	aaatataaac	ggsaaaaaag	180
atagatataa	ttattccagt	ttttttaaaa	cttaaaaarat	attccattgc	cgaattaara	240
araarataag	tgttatatgg	aaagaagggc	attcaagcac	actaaaraaa	cctgaggkaa	300
gcataatctg	tacaaaatta	aactgtcctt	tttggcattt	taacaaattt	gcaacgktct	360
tttttttctt	tttctgtttt	tttttttttt	tac			393

<210> 358
 <211> 630
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 358

acagggtaaa	caggaggatc	cttgctctca	cggagcttac	attctagcag	gaggacaata	60
ttaatgttta	taggaaaatg	atgagtttat	gacaaaggaa	gtagatagtg	ttttacaaga	120
gcatagagta	gggaagctaa	tccagcacag	ggaggtcaca	gagacatccc	taagggaagt	180
gagtttaaac	tgagagaagc	aagtgtctaa	actgaaggat	gtgttgaaga	agaagggaga	240
gtagaacaat	ttgggcagag	ggaaccttat	agaccctaag	gtgggaaggt	tcaaagaact	300
gaaagagagc	tagaacagct	ggagccgttc	tccggtgtaa	agaggagtca	aagagataag	360
attaaagatg	tgaagattaa	gatcttgggt	gcattcaggg	attggcactt	ctacaagaaa	420
tactgaagag	gagtaatgtg	acattacttt	tcacttcagg	atggccattc	taactccagg	480
gggtagactg	gactaggtaa	gactggaggc	aggtagacct	cttctaaggc	ctgcgatagt	540
gaaagacaaa	aataagtggg	gaaattcagg	ggatagtga	aatcagtagg	acttaatgag	600
caagccagag	gttcctccac	aacaaccagt				630

<210> 359

<211> 620

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 359

acagcattcc	aaaatataca	tctagagact	aarrgtaaat	gctctatagt	gaagaagtaa	60
taattaaaaa	atgctactaa	tatagaaaat	ttataatcag	aaaaataaat	attcagggag	120
ctcaccagaa	gaataaaagt	ctctgccagt	tattaaagga	ttactgctgg	tgaattaaat	180
atggcattcc	ccaagggaaa	tagagagatt	cttctggatt	atgttcaata	tttattttcac	240
aggattaaact	gttttaggaa	cagatataaa	gcttcgccac	ggaagagatg	gacaaagcac	300
aaagacaaca	tgatacctta	ggaagcaaca	ctaccctttc	aggcataaaa	tttgagaaaa	360
tgcaacatta	tgcttcatga	ataatatgta	gaaagaaggt	ctgatgaaaa	tgacatcctt	420
aatgtaagat	aactttataa	gaattctggg	tcaaataaaa	ttctttgaag	aaaacatcca	480
aatgtcattg	acttatcaaa	tactatcttg	gcataatacc	tatgaaggca	aaactaaaca	540
aacaaaaaagc	tcacacccaa	caaaaccatc	aacttatttt	gtattctata	acatacgaga	600
ctgtaaagat	gtgacagtgt					620

<210> 360

<211> 431

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 360

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tactcatcat	ttttggccag	cagttgtttg	atcaccaaac	atcatgccag	aatactcagc	180
aaaccttctt	agctcttgag	aagtcaaaat	ccgggggaat	ttattcctgg	caattttaat	240
tggactcctt	atgtgagagc	agcggctacc	cagctggggg	ggtggagcga	acccgtcact	300
agtggacatg	cagtggcaga	gctcctggtg	accacctaga	ggaatacaca	ggcacatgtg	360
tgatgccaaag	cgtgacacct	gtagcactca	aatttgtctt	gtttttgtct	ttcgggtgtg	420
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<210> 361

<211> 351

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 361

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caatcctgga	ttcaatgtct	gaaacctcgc	tctctgcctg	ctggactttt	gaggccgtca	300
ctgccactct	gtcctccagc	tctgacagct	cctcatctgt	ggtcctgttg	t	351

<210> 362

<211> 463

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 362

acttcatcag	gccataatgg	gtgcctcccg	tgagaatcca	agcacctttg	gactgcgcga	60
tgtagatgag	ccggctgaag	atcttgcgca	tgcgcggtt	cagggcggaag	ttcttggcgc	120
ccccggtcac	agaaatgacc	aggttgggtg	ttttcagggtg	ccagtgcgtg	gtcagcagct	180
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agttccattt	ctcacttttg	ttgatctggg	tgcttcccat	gtgctggctc	tgggcatagc	360
cacacttgca	cacattctcc	ctgataagca	cgatggtgtg	gacaggaagg	aaggatttca	420
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<210> 363

<211> 653

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(653)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 363

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tgggaggcac	tacgcaagat	gggactgcgt	cctgggggtga	gacatcctct	ccttggagat	180
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ccaacagcaa	cccccgga	gtatgagttc	ctctrgggccc	tccgttcccta	ccatgagasc	300
tagcaagatg	naagtgttga	gantcattgc	agagggttcag	aaaagagacc	cntcgtgact	360
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attttggaga	tcctntggtcc	agaattccat	ttaccttctg	ggccagatac	caccagaatg	600
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<210> 364

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 364

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aaaacaaggt	ggatagatct	agaattgtaa	cattttaaga	aaaccatagc	atttgacaga	180
tgagaaagct	caattataga	tgcaaagtta	taactaaact	actatagtag	taaagaaata	240
catttcacac	ccttcatata	aattcactat	cttggttga	ggcactccat	aaaatgtatc	300
acgtgcatag	taaatcttta	tatttgctat	ggcgttgcac	tagaggactt	ggactgcaac	360
aagtggatgc	gcggaaaatg	aaatcttctt	caatagccca	g		401

<210> 365

<211> 356

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 365

ccagtgtcat	atttgggctt	aaaatttcaa	gaagggcact	tcaaattggct	ttgcatttgc	60
atgtttcagt	gctagagcgt	aggaatagac	cctggcgctcc	actgtgagat	gttcttcagc	120
taccagagca	tcaagtctct	gcagcaggtc	attcttgggt	aaagaaatga	cttcacaaa	180
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gactgtcacg	atgtgtatag	tacagtttga	caagcctggg	tccatacaga	ccgctggaga	300
acattcggca	atgtcccctt	tgtagccagt	ttcttcttcg	agctcccga	gagcag	356

<210> 366
 <211> 1851
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 366
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 tcaattcctt taagcctttg tgactcttcc tctgatgtca gctttaagtc ttgttctgga 180
 ttgctgtttt cagaagagat ttttaacatc tgtttttctt tgtagtcaga aagtaactgg 240
 caaattacat gatgatgact agaaacagca tactctctgg ccgtctttcc agatcttgag 300
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 cagcaagtat gagagcagtt cttccatata tatccagcgc atttaaattc gcttttttct 420
 tgattaaaaa tttcaccact tgctgttttt gctcatgtat accaagtagc agtgggtgtga 480
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 atttatcttc attgtagaca gcatagtgta gactgtgtatt tccatactca tctggaatat 600
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 cttttcccca tttagtatta tgttggtgtt gggcttgcga taggtggttt ttattacttt 1800
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<210> 367
 <211> 668
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 367
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 accrtataag agcagtgtt tggccattaa tttatcttcc attrtagaca gcrtagtgga 180
 gactgggtatt tccatactca tctggaatat ttggatcagt gccatgttcc agcaacatta 240
 acgcacattc atcttctctg cattgtacgg cctgtcagta ttagacccaa aaacaaatta 300
 catatcttag gaattcaaaa taacattcca cagctttcac caactagtta tatttaaagg 360
 agaaaactca tttttatgcc atgtattgaa atcaaaccca cctcatgctg atatagttgg 420
 ctactgcata cctttatcag agctgtcctc tttttgttgt caaggacatt aagttgacat 480
 cgtctgtcca ccaggagttt tactacttct gaattcccat tggcagaggg cagatgtaga 540
 gcagtcttat gagagtgaga agacttttta ggaaattgta gtgcactagc tacagccata 600
 gcaatgattc atgtaactgc aaacactgaa tagcctgcta ttactctgcc ttcaaaaaaa 660
 aaaaaaaa 668

<210> 368
 <211> 1512
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 368

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ttcaaacaga	ttggaaaccc	ggagttacct	gctagttggt	gaaactgggt	ggtagacgcg	180
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tccatgccgg	ctgcttcttc	tgtgaagaag	ccatttggtc	tcaggagcaa	gatgggcaag	300
tgggtgctgcc	gttgcttccc	ctgctgcagg	gagagcggca	agagcaacgt	gggcacttct	360
ggagaccacg	acgactctgc	tatgaagaca	ctcaggagca	agatgggcaa	gtggtgccgc	420
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actccaagaa	aagttaaaca	tgtttcagtg	aatagagatc	ctgctccttt	ggcaagtcc	1440
taaaaaacag	taatagatac	gaggtgatgc	gcctgtcagt	ggcaagggtt	aagatatattc	1500
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<210> 369

<211> 1853

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 369

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tccatgccgg	ctgcttcttc	tgtgaagaag	ccatttggtc	tcaggagcaa	gatgggcaag	300
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112

tcaggagatc	gagaccatcc	tggctaacac	ggtgaaaccc	catctctact	aaaaatacaa	1680
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ggagaatggc	atgaaccccg	gaggtggagg	ttgcagttag	ccgagatccg	ccactacact	1800
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<210> 370

<211> 2184

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 370

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<210> 371

<211> 1855

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc feature

<222> (1) ... (1855)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 371

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gccgccccg	cataaccgtc	agactggcct	gtaacggctt	gcaggcgcac	gccgcacgcg	180
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<210> 372

<211> 1059

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 372

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<210> 373

<211> 1155

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 373

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<210> 374

<211> 2000

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 374

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<210> 375

<211> 2040
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 375

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<210> 376
 <211> 329
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 376

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Glu Tyr Thr Ile Val His Ala Ser Phe Ile Ser Cys Ile Ser Ser Ser
 35          40          45
Leu Asp Gly Gln Gly Glu Arg Gln Glu Gln Arg Gly His Phe Trp Arg
 50          55          60
Pro Gln Arg Leu Leu Cys Glu Asp Ala Trp Glu Gln Glu Val Gln Val
 65          70          75          80
Val Leu Pro Leu Leu Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
 85          90          95
Val Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe Met Asp Pro Arg Tyr
100          105          110
His Val His Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp
115          120          125

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116

Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp
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 Val Asn Lys Arg Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser
 145 150 155 160
 Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Val Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys
 165 170 175
 Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Thr Lys Ala
 180 185 190
 Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly
 195 200 205
 Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr
 210 215 220
 Ala Val Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr
 225 230 235 240
 Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu
 245 250 255
 Leu Gly Ile His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys
 260 265 270
 Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu
 275 280 285
 Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Pro Leu Leu
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 Ser Met Leu Phe Leu Val Ile Ile Met
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<210> 377
 <211> 148
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
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<400> 377
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 35 40 45
 Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu
 50 55 60
 Val Val Lys Leu Xaa Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Xaa Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp
 85 90 95
 Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro
 100 105 110
 Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Xaa Tyr Asn Glu Asp
 115 120 125
 Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser
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 Lys Asn Lys Val
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<210> 378
 <211> 1719
 <212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 378

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 20          25          30
Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp
 35          40          45
His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
 50          55          60
Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
 65          70          75          80
Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn
 85          90          95
Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser
 100          105          110
Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
 115          120          125
Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
 130          135          140
Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
 145          150          155          160
Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala
 165          170          175
Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
 180          185          190
Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
 195          200          205
Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
 210          215          220
Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn
 225          230          235          240
Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys
 245          250          255
Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly
 260          265          270
Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val
 275          280          285
Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr
 290          295          300
Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile
 305          310          315          320
Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu
 325          330          335
Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser His His Val
 340          345          350
Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile
 355          360          365
Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Asn Val Ser Arg Thr Arg Asn Lys
 370          375          380
Pro Arg Thr His Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser
 385          390          395          400
Ser Val Lys Lys Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys
 405          410          415
Cys Arg Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly
 420          425          430
Thr Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys
 435          440          445
Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly
 450          455          460
Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys

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465 470 475 480
 Thr Leu Arg Asn Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys
 485 490 495
 Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp
 500 505 510
 Asp Ser Ala Phe Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu
 515 520 525
 Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp
 530 535 540
 Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln
 545 550 555 560
 Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val
 565 570 575
 Val Lys Leu Leu Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn
 580 585 590
 Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu
 595 600 605
 Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp
 610 615 620
 Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys
 625 630 635 640
 Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys
 645 650 655
 Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys
 660 665 670
 Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala
 675 680 685
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 690 695 700
 Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser
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 Ser Gln Asp Leu Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser
 725 730 735
 His His His Val Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln
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 Gln Pro Glu Lys Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp
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 805 810 815
 Leu Leu Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn
 820 825 830
 Gly Leu Ile Pro Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe
 835 840 845
 Pro Asp Asn Glu Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser
 850 855 860
 Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn
 865 870 875 880
 Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu
 885 890 895
 Glu Gly Ser Glu Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile
 900 905 910
 Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn
 915 920 925
 Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro
 930 935 940
 Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu
 945 950 955 960
 Asn Glu Glu Tyr His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe

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Glu	Glu	Lys	Gln	Ile	Glu	Val	Val	Glu	Lys	Met	Asn	Ser	Glu	Leu	Ser
		995					1000					1005			
Leu	Ser	Cys	Lys	Lys	Glu	Lys	Asp	Ile	Leu	His	Glu	Asn	Ser	Thr	Leu
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Gln	Ser	Gln	Leu	Pro	Arg	Thr	His	Met	Val	Val	Glu	Val	Asp	Ser	Met
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Ser	Ala	Met	Lys	Thr	Leu	Arg	Asn	Lys	Met	Gly	Lys	Trp	Cys	Cys	His
	1140							1145					1150		
Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Lys	Val	Gly	Ala	Trp
	1155					1160					1165				
Gly	Asp	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Phe	Met	Glu	Pro	Arg	Tyr	His	Val	Arg
	1170					1175					1180				
Gly	Glu	Asp	Leu	Asp	Lys	Leu	His	Arg	Ala	Ala	Trp	Trp	Gly	Lys	Val
	1185				1190				1195					120	
Pro	Arg	Lys	Asp	Leu	Ile	Val	Met	Leu	Arg	Asp	Thr	Asp	Val	Asn	Lys
			1205					1210						1215	
Lys	Asp	Lys	Gln	Lys	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	His	Leu	Ala	Ser	Ala	Asn	Gly
	1220							1225					1230		
Asn	Ser	Glu	Val	Val	Lys	Leu	Leu	Leu	Asp	Arg	Arg	Cys	Gln	Leu	Asn
	1235					1240						1245			
Val	Leu	Asp	Asn	Lys	Lys	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	Ile	Lys	Ala	Val	Gln	Cys
	1250					1255					1260				
Gln	Glu	Asp	Glu	Cys	Ala	Leu	Met	Leu	Leu	Glu	His	Gly	Thr	Asp	Pro
	1265				1270				1275					128	
Asn	Ile	Pro	Asp	Glu	Tyr	Gly	Asn	Thr	Thr	Leu	His	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Tyr
			1285					1290						1295	
Asn	Glu	Asp	Lys	Leu	Met	Ala	Lys	Ala	Leu	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Asp
	1300							1305					1310		
Ile	Glu	Ser	Lys	Asn	Lys	His	Gly	Leu	Thr	Pro	Leu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Val
	1315						1320						1325		
His	Glu	Gln	Lys	Gln	Gln	Val	Lys	Phe	Leu	Ile	Lys	Lys	Lys	Lys	Ala
	1330					1335					1340				
Asn	Leu	Asn	Ala	Leu	Asp	Arg	Tyr	Gly	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	Ile	Leu	Ala
	1345				1350				1355					136	
Val	Cys	Cys	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ile	Val	Ser	Leu	Leu	Leu	Glu	Gln	Asn
			1365					1370						1375	
Ile	Asp	Val	Ser	Ser	Gln	Asp	Leu	Ser	Gly	Gln	Thr	Ala	Arg	Glu	Tyr
	1380							1385					1390		
Ala	Val	Ser	Ser	His	His	His	Val	Ile	Cys	Gln	Leu	Leu	Ser	Asp	Tyr
	1395						1400						1405		
Lys	Glu	Lys	Gln	Met	Leu	Lys	Ile	Ser	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Asn	Pro	Glu
	1410					1415					1420				
Gln	Asp	Leu	Lys	Leu	Thr	Ser	Glu	Glu	Glu	Ser	Gln	Arg	Phe	Lys	Gly
	1425				1430				1435					144	
Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Gln	Pro	Glu	Lys	Met	Ser	Gln	Glu	Pro	Glu	Ile	Asn
			1445					1450						1455	
Lys	Asp	Gly	Asp	Arg	Glu	Val	Glu	Glu	Glu	Met	Lys	Lys	His	Glu	Ser

120

1460 1465 1470
 Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly
 1475 1480 1485
 Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu
 1490 1495 1500
 Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys
 1505 1510 1515 152
 Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser
 1525 1530 1535
 Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu
 1540 1545 1550
 Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Lys Arg Ser
 1555 1560 1565
 Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe
 1570 1575 1580
 Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe
 1585 1590 1595 160
 Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly
 1605 1610 1615
 Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro
 1620 1625 1630
 Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln
 1635 1640 1645
 Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile
 1650 1655 1660
 Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser
 1665 1670 1675 168
 Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn
 1685 1690 1695
 Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr
 1700 1705 1710
 Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu
 1715

<210> 379
 <211> 656
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 379
 Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys
 1 5 10 15
 Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe
 20 25 30
 Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp
 35 40 45
 His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
 50 55 60
 Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn
 85 90 95
 Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser
 100 105 110
 Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
 115 120 125
 Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
 130 135 140
 Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
 145 150 155 160
 Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala
 165 170 175

Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
 180 185 190
 Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
 195 200 205
 Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
 210 215 220
 Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn
 225 230 235 240
 Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys
 245 250 255
 Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly
 260 265 270
 Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val
 275 280 285
 Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr
 290 295 300
 Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile
 305 310 315 320
 Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu
 325 330 335
 Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser His His Val
 340 345 350
 Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile
 355 360 365
 Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu
 370 375 380
 Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys
 385 390 395 400
 Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu
 405 410 415
 Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn
 420 425 430
 Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro
 435 440 445
 Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu
 450 455 460
 Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu
 465 470 475 480
 Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp
 485 490 495
 Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu
 500 505 510
 Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys
 515 520 525
 Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly
 530 535 540
 Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser
 545 550 555 560
 Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr
 565 570 575
 His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln
 580 585 590
 Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln
 595 600 605
 Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys
 610 615 620
 Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile
 625 630 635 640
 Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu
 645 650 655

<211> 671
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 380

Met	Val	Val	Glu	Val	Asp	Ser	Met	Pro	Ala	Ala	Ser	Ser	Val	Lys	Lys
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Pro	Phe	Gly	Leu	Arg	Ser	Lys	Met	Gly	Lys	Trp	Cys	Cys	Arg	Cys	Phe
			20					25					30		
Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg	Glu	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Asn	Val	Gly	Thr	Ser	Gly	Asp
		35					40					45			
His	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Met	Lys	Thr	Leu	Arg	Ser	Lys	Met	Gly	Lys	Trp
	50					55					60				
Cys	Arg	His	Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Asn	Val
65				70					75					80	
Gly	Ala	Ser	Gly	Asp	His	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Met	Lys	Thr	Leu	Arg	Asn
			85					90					95		
Lys	Met	Gly	Lys	Trp	Cys	Cys	His	Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg	Gly	Ser
			100					105					110		
Gly	Lys	Ser	Lys	Val	Gly	Ala	Trp	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Phe
			115				120					125			
Met	Glu	Pro	Arg	Tyr	His	Val	Arg	Gly	Glu	Asp	Leu	Asp	Lys	Leu	His
	130					135					140				
Arg	Ala	Ala	Trp	Trp	Gly	Lys	Val	Pro	Arg	Lys	Asp	Leu	Ile	Val	Met
145				150					155					160	
Leu	Arg	Asp	Thr	Asp	Val	Asn	Lys	Lys	Asp	Lys	Gln	Lys	Arg	Thr	Ala
			165					170					175		
Leu	His	Leu	Ala	Ser	Ala	Asn	Gly	Asn	Ser	Glu	Val	Val	Lys	Leu	Leu
		180					185						190		
Leu	Asp	Arg	Arg	Cys	Gln	Leu	Asn	Val	Leu	Asp	Asn	Lys	Lys	Arg	Thr
	195					200						205			
Ala	Leu	Ile	Lys	Ala	Val	Gln	Cys	Gln	Glu	Asp	Glu	Cys	Ala	Leu	Met
	210					215					220				
Leu	Leu	Glu	His	Gly	Thr	Asp	Pro	Asn	Ile	Pro	Asp	Glu	Tyr	Gly	Asn
225				230					235					240	
Thr	Thr	Leu	His	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Asn	Glu	Asp	Lys	Leu	Met	Ala	Lys
			245					250					255		
Ala	Leu	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Asp	Ile	Glu	Ser	Lys	Asn	Lys	His	Gly
		260					265					270			
Leu	Thr	Pro	Leu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Val	His	Glu	Gln	Lys	Gln	Gln	Val	Val
	275					280						285			
Lys	Phe	Leu	Ile	Lys	Lys	Lys	Ala	Asn	Leu	Asn	Ala	Leu	Asp	Arg	Tyr
	290					295					300				
Gly	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	Ile	Leu	Ala	Val	Cys	Cys	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ile
305				310					315					320	
Val	Ser	Leu	Leu	Leu	Glu	Gln	Asn	Ile	Asp	Val	Ser	Ser	Gln	Asp	Leu
			325					330					335		
Ser	Gly	Gln	Thr	Ala	Arg	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Val	Ser	Ser	His	His	His	Val
		340					345					350			
Ile	Cys	Gln	Leu	Leu	Ser	Asp	Tyr	Lys	Glu	Lys	Gln	Met	Leu	Lys	Ile
	355					360						365			
Ser	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Asn	Pro	Glu	Gln	Asp	Leu	Lys	Leu	Thr	Ser	Glu
	370				375						380				
Glu	Glu	Ser	Gln	Arg	Phe	Lys	Gly	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Gln	Pro	Glu	Lys
385				390					395					400	
Met	Ser	Gln	Glu	Pro	Glu	Ile	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gly	Asp	Arg	Glu	Val	Glu
			405					410					415		
Glu	Glu	Met	Lys	Lys	His	Glu	Ser	Asn	Asn	Val	Gly	Leu	Leu	Glu	Asn
		420					425					430			
Leu	Thr	Asn	Gly	Val	Thr	Ala	Gly	Asn	Gly	Asp	Asn	Gly	Leu	Ile	Pro
	435					440						445			
Gln	Arg	Lys	Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Asn	Gln	Gln	Phe	Pro	Asp	Asn	Glu

450		455		460
Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg	Ile Cys Glu Leu Val	Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu		
465	470	475	480	
Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser	Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp			
	485	490	495	
Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu	Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu			
	500	505	510	
Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Lys Arg Ser	Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp			
	515	520	525	
Gly Asp Arg Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe	Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys Lys			
	530	535	540	
His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe	Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala			
545	550	555	560	
Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly	Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg			
	565	570	575	
Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro	Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr His			
	580	585	590	
Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln	Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln Asn			
	595	600	605	
Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile	Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln Ile			
	610	615	620	
Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser	Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys			
625	630	635	640	
Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn	Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile Ala			
	645	650	655	
Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr	Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu			
	660	665	670	

<210> 381
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 381	
ggagaagcgt ctgctggggc aggaaggggt ttccctgccc tctcacctgt ccctcaccaa	60
ggtaacatgc ttcccctaag ggtatcccaa cccaggggcc tcaccatgac ctctgagggg	120
ccaatatccc aggagaagca ttggggagtt gggggcaggt gaaggacca ggactcacac	180
atcttggggc tccaaggcag aggagaggggt cctcaagaag gtcaggagga aaatccgtaa	240
caagcagtca g	251

<210> 382
 <211> 3279
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 382	
cttcctgcag ccccatgct ggtgaggggc acgggcagga acagtggacc caacatggaa	60
atgctggagg gtgtcaggaa gtgatcgggc tctggggcag ggaggagggg tggggagtgt	120
cactgggagg ggacatcctg cagaaggtag gagtgcagaa acacccgctg caggggaggg	180
gagagccctg cggcacctgg gggagcagag ggagcagcac ctgccaggc ctgggaggag	240
gggcctggag ggcgtgagga ggagcgaggg ggctgcattg ctggagtgcg ggatcagggg	300
cagggcgcga gatggcctca cacagggaag agagggcccc tctgcaggg cctcacctgg	360
gccacaggag gacactgctt ttctctgag gagtcaggag ctgtggatgg tgctggacag	420
aagaaggaca gggcctggct caggtgtcca gaggtgtcg ctggcttccc tttgggatca	480
gactgcaggg agggagggcg gcaggggtgt ggggggagtg acgatgagga tgacctgggg	540
gtggctccag gccttgcccc tgccctgggc ctacccagc ctccctcaca gtctctgggc	600
cctcagtcct tccctccac tccatcctcc atctggcctc agtgggtcat tctgatcact	660
gaactgacca tccccagccc tgcccacggc cctccatggc tccccaatgc cctggagagg	720
ggacatctag tcagagagta gtctgaaga ggtggcctct gcgatgtgcc tgtgggggca	780
gcactcctga gatggtccc gccctcatcc tgctgacctg tctgcaggga ctgtcctcct	840
ggaccttgcc ccttggtgcg gagctggacc ctgaagtccc ctccccatag gccaaactg	900
gagccttggt ccctctgttg gactccctgc ccatattctt gtgggagtgg gttctggaga	960

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<210> 383
<211> 155
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
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<400> 383
Met Ala Gly Val Arg Asp Glu Gly Gln Gly Ala Arg Trp Pro His Thr
      5                               10                      15

Gly Lys Arg Gly Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Leu Thr Trp Ala Thr Gly Gly
      20                               25                      30

His Cys Phe Ser Ser Glu Glu Ser Gly Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Gly Gln
      35                               40                      45

Lys Lys Asp Arg Ala Trp Leu Arg Cys Pro Glu Ala Val Ala Gly Phe
      50                               55                      60

Pro Leu Gly Ser Asp Cys Arg Glu Gly Gly Arg Gln Gly Cys Gly Gly
      65                               70                      75                      80

Ser Asp Asp Glu Asp Asp Leu Gly Val Ala Pro Gly Leu Ala Pro Ala

```

125

	85		90		95										
Trp	Ala	Leu	Thr	Gln	Pro	Pro	Ser	Gln	Ser	Pro	Gly	Pro	Gln	Ser	Leu
	100							105					110		
Pro	Ser	Thr	Pro	Ser	Ser	Ile	Trp	Pro	Gln	Trp	Val	Ile	Leu	Ile	Thr
	115						120					125			
Glu	Leu	Thr	Ile	Pro	Ser	Pro	Ala	His	Gly	Pro	Pro	Trp	Leu	Pro	Asn
	130						135				140				
Ala	Leu	Glu	Arg	Gly	His	Leu	Val	Arg	Glu						
145					150										

<210> 384
 <211> 557
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 384
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 aaagatgtgt tttgttttgg actctctgtg gtcccttcca atgctgtggg tttccaacca 120
 ggggaagggg cccttttgca ttgccaagtg ccataacat gagcactact ctaccatggt 180
 tctgcctcct ggccaagcag gctgggtttgc aagaatgaaa tgaatgattc tacagctagg 240
 acttaacctt gaaatggaaa gtcttgcaat cccatttgca ggatccgtct gtgcacatgc 300
 ctctgtagag agcagcattc ccagggacct tggaaacagt tggcactgta aggtgcttgc 360
 tccccaaagac acatcctaaa aggtgtttgta atgggtgaaa cgtcttcctt ctttattgcc 420
 ccttcttatt tatgtgaaca actgtttgtc tttttttgta tcttttttaa actgtaaagt 480
 tcaattgtga aaatgaatat catgcaaata aattatgcga ttttttttcc aaagtaaaaa 540
 aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 557

<210> 385
 <211> 337
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 385
 ttcccagggtg atgtgcgagg gaagacacat ttactatcct tgatggggct gattccttta 60
 gtttctctag cagcagatgg gttaggagga agtgacccaa gtggttgact cctatgtgca 120
 tctcaaagcc atctgctgtc ttcgagtacg gacacatcat cactcctgca ttgttgatca 180
 aaacgtggag gtgcttttcc tcagctaaga agcccttagc aaaagctcga atagacttag 240
 tatcagacag gtccagtttc cgcaccaaca cctgctggtt ccctgtcgtg gtctggatct 300
 ctttgccac caattcccc ttttccacat cccggca 337

<210> 386
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 386
 gggcccgtcta ccggcccagg cccgcctcg cgagtectcc tccccgggtg cctgcccga 60
 gcccgctcgg ccagaggggt gggcgcgggg ctgcctctac cggctggcgg ctgtaactca 120
 gcgaccttgg cccgaaggct ctgcaagga cccaccgacc ccagccgcgg cggcgggcgc 180
 gcggactttg cccggtgtgt gggcgggagc ggactgcgtg tccgcggacg ggcagcgaag 240
 atgttagcct tcgctgccag gaccgtggac cgatcccagg gctgtggtgt aacctcagcc 300

<210> 387
 <211> 537
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 387

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gggccgagtc gggcaccaag ggactctttg caggcttcct tcctcggatc atcaaggctg 60
ccccctcctg tgccatcatg atcagcacct atgagttcgg caaaagcttc ttccagaggc 120
tgaaccagga ccggtctctg ggcggtgaa aggggcaagg aggcaaggac cccgtctctc 180
ccacggatgg ggagagggca ggaggagacc cagccaagtg ccttttcctc agcactgagg 240
gagggggctt gtttcctctc cctcccggcg acaagctcca gggcagggtt gtccctctgg 300
gcggcccagc acttcctcag acacaacttc ttccctgctg tccagtcgtg gggatcatca 360
cttaccacc ccccaagttc aagaccaa atctccagctg ccccttcgtt gtttcctctg 420
gtttgctgta gctgggcatg tctccaggaa ccaagaagcc ctccagcctg ttagtctctc 480
ctgacccttg ttaattcctt aagtctaaag atgatgaact tcaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 537
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<210> 388

<211> 520

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 388

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aggataat tttaaccaat caaatgaaaa aaacaaacaa aaaaaaaagg aaatgtcatg 60
tgaggttaaa ccagtttgca ttcccctaag gtggaaaaag taagaggact actcagcact 120
gtttgaagat tgctctctct acagcttctg agaattgtgt tatttcaact gccaaagtga 180
ggacccccct cccaacatgc ccagcccccac ccctaagcat ggtcccttgt caccaggcaa 240
ccaggaaact gctacttgtg gacctcacca gagaccagga gggtttggtt agctcacagg 300
acttccccca cccagaaga ttagcatccc atactagact cataactcaac tcaactaggc 360
tcatactcaa ttgatgggta ttagacaatt ccatttcttt ctggttatta taaacagaaa 420
atctttcctc ttctcattac cagttaaaggc tcttggtatc tttctgttgg aatgatttct 480
atgaacttgt cttattttta tgggtgggtt tttttctggt 520
```

<210> 389

<211> 365

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 389

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cggtgcccc gtttgacaga aggaaggcg gagcttattc aaagtctaga gggagtggag 60
gagttaaggc tggatttcag atctgcctgg ttccagccgc agtggtgccct ctgctcccc 120
aacgactttc caaataatct caccagcgcc ttccagctca ggcgtcctag aagcgtcttg 180
aagcctatgg ccagctgtct ttgtgttccc tctcaccgcg ctgtcctcac agctgagact 240
cccaggaaac ctccagacta ccttcctctg ccttcagcaa ggggcgttgc ccacattctc 300
tgagggtcag tgaagaacc tagactccca ttgctagagg tagaaagggg aagggtgctg 360
gggag 365
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<210> 390

<211> 221

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(221)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 390

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tgctctcca tcctggcccc gacttctctg tcaggaaagt ggggatggac cccatctgca 60
tacacggnnt ctcattgggtg tgaacatct ctgcttgagg ttccaggaag gcctctggct 120
gctctangag totgancnga ntcgttggcc cantntgaca naaggaaagg cgagacttat 180
tcaaagtcta gagggagtgg aggagttaag gctggatttc a 221
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<210> 391

<211> 325

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(325)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 391
 tggagcaggt cccgaggcct ccctagagcc tggggccgac tctgtgncga tgcangcttt 60
 ctctcgcgcc cagcctggag ctgctcctgg catctacca caatcagncg aggcgagcag 120
 tagccagggc actgctgcca acagccagtc cnnataccat catgtnaccc ggtgngctct 180
 naanttngat ntccanagcc ctaccocatn tagttctgct ctcccaccg ntaccagccc 240
 cactgcccag gaatcctaca gccagtaccc tgtcccgacg tctctaccta ccagtacgat 300
 gagacctccg gctactacta tgacc 325

<210> 392
 <211> 277
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(277)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 392
 atattgttta actccttccct ttatatcttt taacattttc atggngaaa gttcacatct 60
 agtctcactt ngcnagnn ctccacttg agtctcttcc ccggcctggn ccagtnghaa 120
 antaccanga accgncatgn cttaanaacn ncctggtttn tgggttnntc aatgactgca 180
 tgcaagtgcac caccctgtcc actacgtgat gctgtaggat taaagtctca cagtgggcgg 240
 ctgaggatac agcgccgcgt cctgtgttgc tggggaa 277

<210> 393
 <211> 566
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 393
 actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttcgcgcccg cgtcgacgga caggtcagct gtctggctca 60
 gtgatctaca ttctgaagtt gtctgaaaat gtcttcata ttaaattcag cctaaacgtt 120
 ttgcccggaa cactgcagag acaatgctgt gagtttccaa ccttagccca tctgcgggca 180
 gagaaggtct agtttgtcca tcagcattat catgatata ggactggta cttggttaag 240
 gaggggtcta ggagatctgt ccctttttaga gacaccttac ttataatgaa gtatttggga 300
 ggtggttttt caaaagtaga aatgtcctgt attccgatga tcactctgta aacattttat 360
 cattttattaa tcatccctgc ctgtgtctat tattatatc atatctctac gctggaaact 420
 ttctgcctca atgtttactg tgccctttgtt tttgctagtt tgtgttgttg aaaaaaaaaa 480
 cattctctgc ctgagtttta atttttgtcc aaagttattt taatctatac aattaaaagc 540
 ttttgccat caaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 566

<210> 394
 <211> 384
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(384)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 394
 gaacatacat gtcccggcac ctgagctgca gtctgacatc atcgccatca cgggcctcgc 60
 tgcaaattnng gaccggggcca aggctggact gctggagcgt gtgaaggagc tacaggccna 120
 gcaggaggac cgggctttta ggagttttta gctgagtgct actgtagacc ccaaatacca 180
 tcccaagatt atcggggagaa agggggcagc aattacccaa atccgggttg agcatgacgt 240

gaacatccag tttcctgata aggacgatgg gaaccagccc caggaccaaa ttaccatcac 300
agggtacgaa aagaacacag aagctgccag ggatgctata ctgagaattg tgggtgaact 360
tgagcagatg gtttctgagg acgt 384

<210> 395
<211> 399
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 395
ggcaaaactg tgtgacctca ataagacctc gcagatccaa ggtcaagtat cagaagtgcac 60
tctgaccttg gactccaaga cctacatcaa cagcctggct atattagatg atgagccagt 120
tatcagaggt ttcattcattg cggaaattgt ggagtctaag gaaatcatgg cctctgaagt 180
attcacgtct ttccagtacc ctgagttctc tatagagttg cctaacacag gcagaattgg 240
ccagctactt gtctgcaatt gtatcttcaa gaataccctg gccatccctt tgactgacgt 300
caagttctct ttggaaagcc tgggcatctc ctactacag acctctgacc atgggacggt 360
gcagcctggt gagaccatcc aatcccaaat aaaatgcac 399

<210> 396
<211> 403
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(403)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 396
tggagtntc agtgcaaaca agccataaag cttcagtagc aaattactgt ctcacagaaa 60
gacattttca acttctgctc cagctgctga taaaacaaat catgtgttta gcttgactcc 120
agacaaggac aacctgttcc ttcataactc tctagagaaa aaaaggagtt gttagtagat 180
actaaaaaaaa gtggatgaat aatctggata tttttcctaa aaagattcct tgaaacacat 240
taggaaaatg gagggcctta tgatcagaat gctagaatta gtccattgtg ctgaagcagg 300
gttttagggga gggagtgagg gataaaagaa ggaaaaaaag aagagtgaaga aaacctatit 360
atcaaagcag gtgctatcac tcaatgttag gcctgctct ttt 403

<210> 397
<211> 100
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(100)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 397
actagtnacg tgtgggtggaa ttgcgggccg cgctgcaccta naanccatct ctatagcaaa 60
tccatccccg ctctctggttg gtnacagaat gactgacaaa 100

<210> 398
<211> 278
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(278)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 398

129 ;

```

gcgggccgcgt cgacagcagt tccgccagcg ctgcgccctg ggtgggggatg tgctgcacgc 60
ccacctggac atctggaagt cagcggcctg gatgaaagag cggacttcac ctggggcgat 120
tcactactgt gcctcgacca gtgaggagag ctggaccgac agcgagggtg actcatcatg 180
ctccgggcag cccatccacc tgtggcagtt cctcaaggag ttgctactca agccccacag 240
ctatggccgc ttcattangt ggctcaacaa ggagaagg 278

```

```

<210> 399
<211> 298
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(298)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 399
acgggaggtgg aggaagcgnc cctgggatcg anaggatggg tcctgncatt gaccncctcn 60
ggggtgccng catggagcgc atgggcgcgg gcctgggcca cggcatggat cgcgtgggct 120
ccgagatcga gcgcatgggc ctgggtcatgg accgcatggg ctccgtggag cgcgtgggct 180
ccggcattga gcgcatgggc ccgctgggccc tcgaccacat ggccctccanc attganccga 240
tgggcccagac catggagcgc attggctctg cgtgggagcn catgggtgcc ggcattggg 298

```

```

<210> 400
<211> 548
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```

```

<400> 400
acatcaacta ctctctcatt ttaagggtatg gcagttccct tcatccccctt ttctgcctt 60
gtacatgtac atgtatgaaa ttctcttctc ttaccgaact ctctccacac atcacaaggt 120
caaagaacca cacgcttaga agggtaagag ggcaacctat gaaatgaaat ggtgatttct 180
tgagtctctt ttttccacgt ttaaggggccc atggcaggac ttagagttgc gagttaagac 240
tgagaggggc tagagaatta ttccatacag gctttgaggc caccatgtc acttatcccc 300
tataccctct caccatcccc ttgtctactc tgatgcccc aagatgcaac tgggcagcta 360
gttgccccca taattctggg cctttgttgt ttgttttaat tacttgggca tcccaggaag 420
ctttccagtg atctcctacc atgggcccc ctctgggat caagcccctc ccaggccctg 480
tccccagccc ctctgcccc agcccacccg cttgccttgg tgctcagccc tcccattggg 540
agcaggtt 548

```

```

<210> 401
<211> 355
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(355)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 401
actgtttcca tgttatgttt ctacacattg ctacctcagt gctcctggaa acttagcttt 60
tgatgtctcc aagtagtcca ctttcattta actctttgaa actgtatcat ctttgccaag 120
taagagtggg ggccatttcc agctgctttg acaaaatgac tggctcctga cttaacgttc 180
tataaatgaa tgtgtgaag caaagtgcc atgggtggcg cgaagaagan aaagatgtgt 240
tttgttttgg actctctgtg gtcccttcca atgctgnggg tttccaacca ggggaagggt 300
cccttttgca ttgccaagtg ccataacat gagcactact ctaccatggn tctgc 355

```

```

<210> 402
<211> 407
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(407)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 402
 atggggcaag ctggataaag aaccaagacc cactggagta tgctgtcttc aagaaaccca 60
 tctcacatgc ggtggcatac ataggctcaa aataaaggaa tggagaaaaa tatttcaagc 120
 aaatggaaaa cagaaaaaag cagggtgttc actcctactt tctgacaaaa cagactatgc 180
 gaataaagat aaaaaagaga aggacattac aaagggtggtc ctgacctttg ataaatctca 240
 ttgcttgata ccaacctggg ctgttttaat tgcccaaac aaaaggataa tttgctgagg 300
 ttgtggagct tctccctgc agagagtccc tgatctcca aaatttggtt gagatgtaag 360
 gntgattttg ctgacaactc cttttctgaa gttttactca ttccaa 407

<210> 403
 <211> 303
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(303)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 403
 cagtatttat agccnaactg aaaagctagt agcaggcaag tctcaaattcc aggcacccaaa 60
 tcctaagcaa gagccatggc atggtgaaaa tgcaaaagga gagtctggcc aatctacaaa 120
 tagagaacaa gacctactca gtcataaaca aaaaggcaga caccaacatg gatctcatgg 180
 gggattggat attgtaatta tagagcagga agatgacagt gatcgtcatt tggcacaaca 240
 tcttaacaac gaccgaaacc cattattttac ataaacctcc attcggtaac catgttgaaa 300
 gga 303

<210> 404
 <211> 225
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 404
 aagtgttaact tttaaaaatt tagtggattt tgaaaattct tagaggaaag taaaggaaaa 60
 attgttaatg cactcattta cttttacatg gtgaaagtcc tctcttgatc ctacaaacag 120
 acattttcca ctggtgtttc catagtgtgt aagtgtatca gatgtgttg gcatgtgaat 180
 ctccaagtgc ctgtgtaata aataaagtat ctttatttca ttcat 225

<210> 405
 <211> 334
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(334)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 405
 gagctgttat actgtgagtt ctactaggaa atcatcaaat ctgaggggtg tctggaggac 60
 ttcaatacac ctcccccat agtgaatcag cttccagggg gtccagtccc tctccttact 120
 tcatccccat cccatgcaa aggaagacc tccctccttg gtcacagcc ttctctaggc 180
 ttcccagtcg ctccaggaca gagtgggtta tgttttcagc tccatcottg ctgtgagtgt 240
 ctggtgcggt tgtgctcca gcttctgctc agtgcctcat ggacagtgtc cagcccatgt 300
 cactctccac tctctcannng tggatcccac ccct 334

<210> 406
 <211> 216
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(216)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 406
 ttccatacct aatgagggag ttganatnac atnnaaccag gaaatgcatg gatctcaang 60
 gaaacaaaca cccaataaac tcggagtggc agactgacaa ctgtgagaca tgcacttgct 120
 acnaaacaca aatttnatgt tgcacccttg tttctacacc tgtgggttat gacaaagaca 180
 actgccaaag aatnttcaag aaggaggact gccant 216

<210> 407
 <211> 413
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 407
 gctgacttgc tagtâtcatc tgcattcatt gaagcacaag aacttcatgc cttgactcat 60
 gtaaatgcaa taggattaaa aaataaattt gatatcacat ggaaacagac aaaaaatatt 120
 gtacaacatt gcaccagtg tcagattcta cacctggcca ctcaggagc aagagttaat 180
 ccagaggtc tatgtcctaa tgtgttatgg caaatggatg tcatgcacgt accttcattt 240
 ggaaaattgt catttgtcca tgtgacagtt gatacttatt cacatttcat atgggcaacc 300
 tgccagacag gagaaagtct tcccatgtta aaagacattt attatcttgt tttcctgtca 360
 tgggagttcc agaaaaagtt aaaacagaca atgggccagg ttctgtagta aag 413

<210> 408
 <211> 183
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(183)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 408
 ggagctngcc ctcaattcct ccatntctat gttancatat ttaatgtctt ttgnnattaa 60
 tncttaacta gttaatcctt aaagggctan ntaatcctta actagtcctt ccattgtgag 120
 cattatcctt ccagtattcn ccttctnttt tatttactcc ttcctggcta cccatgtact 180
 ntt 183

<210> 409
 <211> 250
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(250)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 409
 cccacgcatg ataagctctt tatttctgta agtccctgcta ggaaatcatc aaatctgacg 60
 gtggtttggg ggacctgaac aaacctcctg taattaatca gctttcagtt tctcccccta 120
 gtccctcctt caacaacata ggaggatcct ccccttcttt ctgctcagcg ccttatctag 180
 gcttcccagt gccccagga cagcgtgggc tatgtttaca gcgntcctt gctggggggg 240
 ggccntatgc 250

<210> 410
 <211> 306
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(306)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 410
 ggctggtttg caagaatgaa atgaatgatt ctacagctag gacttaacct tgaaatggaa 60
 agtcttgcaa tccatttgc aggatccgtc tgtgcacatg cctctgtaga gaggcagcatt 120
 cccagggacc ttggaaacag ttggcactgt aagggtgctt ctccccaaga cacatcctaa 180
 aagggtgttg aatgggtgaaa accgcttcct tctttattgc cccttcttat ttatgtgaac 240
 nactggttgg ctttttttgn atctttttta aactggaaag ttcaattgng aaaatgaata 300
 tcntgc 306

<210> 411
 <211> 261
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(261)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 411
 agagatattn cttaggtnaa agttcataga gttcccatga actatatgac tggccacaca 60
 ggatcttttg tatttaagga ttctgagatt ttgcttgagc aggattagat aaggctgttc 120
 tttaaatgtc tgaaatggaa cagatttcaa aaaaaaaccc cacaatctag ggtgggaaca 180
 aggaaggaaa gatgtgaata ggctgatggg caaaaaacca atttaccat cagttccagc 240
 cttctctcaa gngaggcaa a 261

<210> 412
 <211> 241
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(241)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 412
 gttcaatgtt acctgacatt tctacaacac cccactcacc gatgtattcg ttgccagtg 60
 ggaacatacc agcctgaatt tggaaaaaat aattgtgttt cttgccagg aaatactacg 120
 actgactttg atggctccac aaacataacc cagtgtaaaa acagaagatg tggaggggag 180
 ctgggagatt tcaactgggta cattgaattc ccaactacc cangcaatta ccagccaac 240
 a 241

<210> 413
 <211> 231
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(231)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 413
aactcttaca atccaagtga ctcattctgtg tgcttgaatc ctttccactg tctcatctcc 60
ctcatccaag tttctagtag cttctctttg ttgtgaagga taatcaaact gaacaacaaa 120
aagtttactc tctcatttg gaacctaaaa actctcttct tctgggtct gagggctcca 180
agaatccttg aatcanttct cagatcattg gggacaccan atcaggaacc t 231

<210> 414
<211> 234
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 414
actgtccatg aagcactgag cagaagctgg aggcacaacg caccagacac tcacagcaag 60
gatggagctg aaaacataac ccactctgtc ctggaggcac tgggaagcct agagaaggct 120
gtgagccaag gagggagggt ctctcttttg catgggatgg ggatgaagta aggagaggga 180
ctggaccccc tggaagctga ttcactatgg ggggagggtg attgaagtcc tcca 234

<210> 415
<211> 217
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(217)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 415
gcataggatt aagactgagt atcttttcta cattctttta acttttctaag gggcacttct 60
caaaacacag accaggtagc aaatctccac tgctctaagg ntctcaccac cactttctca 120
cacctagcaa tagtagaatt cagtctact tctgaggcca gaagaatggt tcagaaaaat 180
antggattat aaaaaataac aattaagaaa aataatc 217

<210> 416
<211> 213
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(213)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 416
atgcatatnt aaagganact gcctcgcttt tagaagacat ctggngctgct ctctgcatga 60
ggcacagcag taaagctctt tgattcccag aatcaagaac tctccccttc agactattac 120
cgaatgcaag gtgggtaatt gaaggccact aattgatgct caaatagaag gatattgact 180
atattggaac agatggagtc tctactacaa aag 213

<210> 417
<211> 303
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(303)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 417
nagtcttcag gcccatcagg gaagttcaca ctggagagaa gtcatacata tgtactgtat 60

```

gtgggaaag ctttactctg agttcaaato ttcaagccca tcagagagtc cacactggag 120
agaagccata caaatgcaat gagtgtggga agagcttcag gagggattcc cattatcaag 180
ttcatctagt ggtccacaca ggagagaaac cctataaatg tgagatatgt ggaagggct 240
tcantcaaag ttcgtatctt caaatccatc ngaaggncca cagtatanan aaacctttta 300
agt 303

```

```

<210> 418
<211> 328
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(328)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 418
tttttgccg tgggtgggca gggacgggac angagtctca ctctgttgcc caggctggag 60
tgcacaggca tgatctcggc tcaactacaac ccctgcctcc catgtccaag cgattcttgt 120
gcctcagcct tccctgtagc tagaattaca ggcacatgcc accacaccca gctagttttt 180
gtatttttag tagagacagg gtttcacat gttggccagg ctggtctcaa actcctnacc 240
tcagnggtca ggctggtctc aaactcctga cctcaagtga tctgccacc tcagcctccc 300
aaagtgtan gattacaggc cgtgagcc 328

```

```

<210> 419
<211> 389
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(389)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 419
cctectcaag acggcctgtg gtccgcctcc cggcaaccaa gaagcctgca gtgccatag 60
acccctgagc catggactgg agcctgaaag gcagcgtaca ccctgctcct gatcttgctg 120
cttggttctt ctctgtggt ccattcatag cacagtgtt gcactgaggc ttgtgcaggc 180
cgagcaaggc caagctggct caaagagcaa ccagtcaact ctgccacggg gtgccaggca 240
ccggttctcc agccaccaac ctactcgtc cccgcaaatg gcacatcagt tcttctaccc 300
taaaggtagg accaaagggc atctgctttt ctgaagtctt ctgctctatc agccatcacg 360
tggcagccac tcnngctgtg tcgacgcgg 389

```

```

<210> 420
<211> 408
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```

```

<400> 420
gttcctccta actcctgcc aaaaacagtc tctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggct tcttgtttct gctttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgactttggg gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccattga cactttccc actgaccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gactcctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg aagtgtatg acaaacctgg caagcccg 408

```

```

<210> 421
<211> 352
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```


<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(352)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 421
 gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atnggcatgg ctacacaatc attgactatt acggaggcca 60
 gaggagaatg aggcctggcc tgggagccct gtgcctacta naagcacatt agattatcca 120
 ttactgaca gaacaggtct tttttgggtc cttcttctcc accacnatac acttgacgtc 180
 ctcttcttgg aagattcttt ggcagttgtc tttgtcataa cccacaggtg tagaaacaag 240
 ggtgcaacat gaaatttctg tttcgtagca agtgcacgtc tcacaagttg gcangtctgc 300
 cactccgagt ttattgggtg tttgtttcct ttgagatcca tgcatctcct gg 352

<210> 422
 <211> 337
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 422
 atgccacccat gctggcaatg cagcggggcg tccaaggcct gcatatccag cccaagctgg 60
 cgatgatcga cggcaaccgt tgcccgaagt tgccgatgcc agccgaagcg gtggtcaagg 120
 gcgatagcaa ggtgccggcg atcgcggcg cgtcaatcct ggccaaggtc agccgtgatc 180
 gtgaaatggc agctgtcgaa ttgatctacc cgggttatgg catcggcggg cataagggct 240
 atccgacacc ggtgcacctg gaagccttgc agcggctggg gccgacgccg attcaccgac 300
 gcttcttccg ccggtacggc tggcctatga aaattat 337

<210> 423
 <211> 310
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(310)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 423
 gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atatggcatg gctacacaat cattgactat tagaggccag 60
 aggagaatga ggcctggcct gggagccctg tgcctactan aagcncatta gattatccat 120
 tcaactgacag aacaggtctt ttttgggtcc ttcttctcca ccacgatata cttgcagtc 180
 tccttcttga agattctttg gcagttgtct ttgtcataac ccacaggtgt anaaacaagg 240
 gtgcaacatg aaatttctgt ttogtagcaa gtgcacgtct cacagttgtc aagtctgccc 300
 tccgagttta 310

<210> 424
 <211> 370
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(370)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 424
 gctcaaaaat ctttttactg ataggcatgg ctacacaatc attgactatt agaggccaga 60
 ggagaatgag gcctggcctg ggagccctgt gcctactaga agcacattag attatccatt 120
 cactgacaga acaggtcttt tttgggtcct tcttctccac cacgatatac ttgcagtcct 180
 ccttcttgaa gattcttttg cagttgtctt tgtcataacc cacaggtgta gaaacatcct 240
 ggttgaatct cctggaactc cctcattagg tatgaaatag catgatgcat tgcataaagt 300
 cacgaagggtg gcaaagatca caacgctgcc cagganaaca ttcattgtga taagcaggac 360
 tccgtcgacg 370

136

<210> 425
 <211> 216
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(216)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 425
 aattgctatn ntttattttg ccactcaaaa taattaccaa aaaaaaaaaa tnttaaata 60
 taacaacnca acatcaaggn aaananaaca ggaatggntg actntgcata aatnggccga 120
 anattatcca ttatnttaag gggtgacttc aggntacagc acacagacaa acatgcccgag 180
 gaggnntntca ggaccgctcg atgtnttntg aggagg 216

<210> 426
 <211> 596
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 426
 cttccagtga ggataaccct gttgccccgg gccgaggttc tccattaggc tctgattgat 60
 tggcagtcag tgatggaagg gtgttctgat cattccgact gccccaaggg tcgctggcca 120
 gctctctgtt ttgctgagtt ggcagtagga cctaatttgt taattaagag tagatgggtga 180
 gctgtccttg tattttgatt aacctaatgg ccttcccagc acgactcgga ttcagctgga 240
 gacatcacgg caacttttaa tgaaatgatt tgaagggccaa ttaagaggca cttcccggtta 300
 ttaggcagtt catctgcact gataacttct tggcagctga gctggtcgga gctgtggccc 360
 aaacgcacac ttggcttttg gttttgagat acaactctta atcttttagt catgcttgag 420
 ggtggatggc cttttcagct ttaacccaat ttgcactgcc ttggaagtgt agccaggaga 480
 atacactcat atactcgtgg gcttagaggg cacagcagat gtcattggtc tactgcctga 540
 gtcccgcgtg toccatccca ggaccttcca tcggcgagta cctgggagcc cgtgct 596

<210> 427
 <211> 107
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(107)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 427
 gaagaattca agtttagttt attcaaaggg cttacngaga atcctanacc caggncccag 60
 cccgggagca gccttanaga gtcctgttt gactgcccgg ctcagng 107

<210> 428
 <211> 38
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(38)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 428
 gaacttcna anaangactt tattcactat ttacatt

38

<210> 429

<211> 544
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 429
ctttgctgga cggaataaaa gtggacgcaa gcatgacctc ctgatgaggg cgctgcattt 60
attgaagagc ggctgcagcc ctgcggttca gattaaaatc cgagaattgt atagacgccg 120
atatccacga actcttgaag gactttctga tttatccaca atcaaatacat cggttttcag 180
tttgatgggt ggctcatcac ctgtagaacc tgacttggcc gtggctggaa tccactcgtt 240
gccttccact tcagttacac ctcaactcacc atcctctcct gttggttctg tgctgcttca 300
agatactaag cccacatttg agatgcagca gccatctccc ccaattcctc ctgtccatcc 360
tgatgtgcag ttaaaaaatc tgccctttta tgatgtcctt gatgttctca tcaagccac 420
gagtttagtt caaagcagta ttcagcgatt tcaagagaag ttttttattt ttgctttgac 480
acctcaacaa gtttagagaga tatgcatatc cagggatttt ttgccaggtg gtaggagaga 540
ttat 544

<210> 430
<211> 507
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(507)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 430
cttatcncaa tggggctccc aaacttggct gtgcagtgga aactccgggg gaattttgaa 60
gaacactgac acccatcttc caccocgaca ctctgattta attgggctgc agtgagaaca 120
gagcatcaat ttaaaaagct gcccagaatg ttntcctggg cagcgttgtg atctttgcn 180
ccttcgtgac tttatgcaat gcatcatgct atttcatacc taatgaggga gttccaggag 240
attcaaccag gatgtttcta cncctgtggg ttatgacaaa gacaactgcc aaagaatntt 300
caagaaggag gactgcaagt atatcggtgt ggagaagaag gacccaaaaa agacctgttc 360
tgtcagttaa tggataatct aatgtgcttc tagtaggcac agggctccca ggccaggcct 420
cattctcctc tggcctctaa tagtcaatga ttgtgtagcc atgcctatca gtaaaaaagat 480
ttttgagcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 507

<210> 431
<211> 392
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(392)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 431
gaaaattcag aatggataaa aacaaatgaa gtacaaaata tttcagattt acatagcgat 60
aaacaagaaa gcacttatca ggaggactta caaatggaag tacactctan aaccatcatc 120
tatcatggct aaatgtgaga ttagcacagc tgtattattt gtacattgca aacacctaga 180
aagagatggg aaacaaaatc ccaggagttt tgtgtgtgga gtccctgggtt ttccaaacaga 240
catcattcca gcattctgag attagggnga ttggggatca ttctggagtt ggaatgttca 300
acaaaagtga tgttgtagg taaaatgtac aacttctgga tctatgcaga cattgaaggt 360
gcaatgagtc tggcttttac tctgctgttt ct 392

<210> 432
<211> 387
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(387)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 432
ggtatccta cataatcaaa tatagctgta gtacatgttt tcattggngt agattaccac 60
aaatgcaagg caacatgtgt agatctcttg tcttattctt ttgtctataa tactgtattg 120
ngtagtccaa gctctcgga gtccagccac tngaaacat gctcccttta gattaacctc 180
gtggacnctn ttgttgnatt gtctgaactg tagngccctg tattttgctt ctgtctgnga 240
attctgttgc ttctggggca ttctcttng atgcagagga ccaccacaca gatgacagca 300
atctgaattg ntccaatcac agctgcgatt aagacatact gaaatcgtac aggaccggga 360
acaacgtata gaacactgga gtccttt 387

<210> 433
<211> 281
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(281)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 433
ttcaactagc anagaanact gcttcagggg gtgtaaaatg aaaggcttcc acgcagttat 60
ctgattaaag aacactaaga gagggacaag gctagaagcc gcaggatgtc tacactatag 120
caggcnctat ttgggttggc tggaggagct gtggaaaaca tggagagatt ggcgctggag 180
atcgccgtgg ctattcctcn ttgntattac accagngagg ntctctgtnt gccactggt 240
tnnaaaaccg ntatacaata atgatagaat aggacacaca t 281

<210> 434
<211> 484
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 434
ttttaaaata agcatttagt gctcagtcct tactgagtag tctttctctc ccctcctctg 60
aatttaattc tttcaacttg caatttgcaa ggattacaca ttctactgtg atgtatattg 120
tggtgcaaaa aaaaaaaagt gtctttgttt aaaattactt ggtttgtaa tccatcttgc 180
tttttcccca ttggaactag tcattaacct atctctgaac tggtagaaaa acatctgaag 240
agctagtcta tcagcatctg acaggtgaat tggatgggtc tcagaaccat ttcacccaga 300
cagcctgttt ctatcctgtt taataaatta gtttgggttc tctacatgca taacaaaccc 360
tgctccaatc tgtcacataa aagtctgtga cttgaagttt agtcagcacc cccaccaaac 420
tttatttttc tatgtgtttt ttgcaacata tgagtgtttt gaaaataaag taccatgtc 480
ttta 484

<210> 435
<211> 424
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 435
gcgcccgtca gagcaggtca ctttctgcct tccacgtcct ctttcaagga agccccatgt 60
gggtagcttt caatatcgca ggttcttact cctctgcctc tataagctca aaccaccaa 120
cgatcgggca agtaaacccc ctccctcgcc gacttcggaa ctggcgagag ttcagcgag 180
atgggcctgt ggggagggg caagatagat gagggggagc ggcattggtc ggggtgacct 240
cttgagagaga ggaagaggg cacaagaggg gctgccaccg ccactaacgg agatggccct 300
ggtagagacc tttgggggtc tggaacctct ggactcccca tgctctaact cccacactct 360
gctatcagaa acttaaacctt gaggattttc tctgtttttc actcgcaata aattcagagc 420
aaac 424

<210> 436

<211> 667
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(667)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 436
accttgggaa nactctcaca atataaaggg tcgtagactt tactccaaat tccaaaaagg 60
tcctggccat gtaatcctga aagttttccc aaggtagcta taaaatcctt ataagggtgc 120
agcctcttct ggaattcctc tgatttcaaa gtctcactct caagttcttg aaaacgaggg 180
cagttcctga aaggcaggta tagcaactga tcttcagaaa gaggaactgt gtgcaccggg 240
atgggctgcc agagtaggat aggattccag atgctgacac cttctggggg aaacagggct 300
gccaggtttg tcatagcaact catcaaagtc cggccaacgt ctgtgcttgc aatataaacc 360
tgttcatggt tataggactc attcaagaat tttctatata tctttcttat atactctcca 420
agttcataat gctgtcccat gccagctggg gtgagttggc caaatccttg tggccatgag 480
gattccttta tggggtcagt gggaaagggt tcaatgggac ttcgggtctc atgccgaaac 540
accaaagtca caaacttcaa ctccctgggt agtacacttc ggtctagcca gaaaaaaagc 600
agaaacaaga agccaaggct aaggcttgct gccctgccag gaggaggggt gcagctctca 660
tgttgag 667

<210> 437
<211> 693
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 437
ctacgtctca accctcattt ttaggtaagg aatcttaagt ccaaagatat taagtgactc 60
acacagccag gtaaggaaag ctggattggc acactaggac tctaccatac cgggttttgt 120
taaggtcag gttaggaggc tgataagctt ggaaggaaact tcagacagct ttttcagatc 180
ataaaagata attcttagcc catgttcttc tccagagcag acctgaaatg acagcacagc 240
aggtaactct ctattttcac cctcttgcct tctactctct ggcagtcaga cctgtgggag 300
gccatgggag aaagcagctc tctggatggt tgtacagatc atggactatt ctctgtggac 360
catttctcca ggttacccta ggtgtcacta ttgggggggac agccagcatc tttagctttc 420
atttgagtgt ctgtctgtct tcagtagagg aaacttttgc tcttcacact tcacatctga 480
acacctaaact gctgttgctc ctgaggtggt gaaagacaga tatagagctt acagtattta 540
tcctatttct aggcactgag ggctgtgggg taccttgtgg tgccaaaaca gatcctgttt 600
taaggacatg ttgcttcaga gatgtctgta actatctggg ggctctgttg gctctttacc 660
ctgcacatg tgctctcttg gctgaaaatg acc 693

<210> 438
<211> 360
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 438
ctgcttatca caatgaatgt tctcctgggc agcgttggtga tctttgccac ctctgtgact 60
ttatgcaatg catcatgcta tttcatacct aatgaggag ttccaggaga ttcaaccagg 120
atgtttctac acctgtgggt tatgacaaag acaactgcc aagaatcttc aagaaggagg 180
actgcaagta tatctgggtg agaagaagga cccaaaaaag acctgttctg tcagtgaatg 240
gataatctaa tgtgcttcta gtaggcacag ggctcccagg ccaggcctca ttctcctctg 300
gcctctaata gtcaataatt gtgtagccat gcctatcagt aaaaagattt ttgagcaaac 360

<210> 439
<211> 431
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(431)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 439

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gttcctnnta actcctgcc aaacagctc tctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tgccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggct tcttgtttct gctttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgacttttgt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccattga cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attccttgaat gagtccctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg agtgctatga caaacctggc agcccgtcga cgcggccgcg 420
aatttagtag t                                     431

```

<210> 440

<211> 523

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 440

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agagataaag cttaggtcaa agttcataga gttcccatga actatatgac tggccacaca 60
ggatcttttg tatttaagga ttctgagatt ttgcttgagc aggattagat aaggctgttc 120
tttaaattgc tgaaatggaa cagatttcaa aaaaaaaccc cacaatctag ggtgggaaca 180
aggaaggaaa gatgtgaata ggctgatggg caaaaaacca atttaccat cagttccagc 240
cttctctcaa ggagaggcaa agaaaggaga tacagtggag acatctggaa agttttctcc 300
actggaatac tgctactatc tgtttttata tttctgttaa aatatatgag gctacagaac 360
taaaaattaa aacctctttg tgtcccttgg tcttggaaca tttatgttcc ttttaaagaa 420
acaaaaatca aactttacag aaagatttga tgtatgtaat acatatagca gctcttgaag 480
tatatatatc atagcaaata agtcatctga tgagaacaag cta                                     523

```

<210> 441

<211> 430

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 441

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gttcctccta actcctgcc aaacagctc tctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tgccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggct tcttgtttct gctttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgacttttgt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccattga cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attccttgaat gagtccctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg agtgctatga caaacctggc agcccgtcga cgcggccgcg 420
aatttagtag                                     430

```

<210> 442

<211> 362

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 442

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ctaaggaatt agtagtggtc ccatcacttg tttggagtgt gctattctaa aagattttga 60
tttcctggaa tgacaattat attttaactt tgggtgggga aagagttata ggaccacagt 120
cttcacttct gatacttgta aattaatctt ttattgcact tgttttgacc attaatgtat 180
atgttttagaa atgggtcattt tacggaaaaa tttagaaaaat tctgataata gtgcagaata 240
aatgaattaa tgttttactt aatttatatt gaactgtcaa tgacaaataa aaattccttt 300
tgattatttt ttgttttcat ttaccagaat aaaaactaag aattaaaagt ttgattacag 360
tc                                     362

```

<210> 443

<211> 624

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(624)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 443
 tttttttttt gcaacacaat atacatcaca gtgaaatgtg taatccttgc aaattgcaag 60
 ttgaaagaat taaattcaga ggaggggaga gaaagagtag tcagtaggga ctgagcacta 120
 aatgcttatt ttaaaagaaa tgtaaagagc agaaagcaat tcaggctacc ctgccttttg 180
 tgctggctag tactccggtc ggtgtcagca gcacgtggca ttgaacattg caatgtggag 240
 cccaaccac agaaaatggg gtgaaattgg ccaactttct attaaacttg ctccctgttt 300
 tataaaatat tgtgaataat atcacctact tcaaagggca gttatgaggc ttaaatgaac 360
 taacgcctac aaaacactta aacatagata acataggtgc aagtactatg tatctggtac 420
 atggttaaaca tccttattat taaagtcaac gctaaaatga atgtgtgtgc atatgcta 480
 agtacagaga gagggcactt aaaccaacta agggcctgga gggaagggtt cctggaaaaga 540
 ngatgcttgt gctgggtcca aatcttggtc tactatgacc ttggccaaat tatttaaact 600
 ttgtccctat ctgctaaaca gatac 624

<210> 444
 <211> 425
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(425)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 444
 gcacatcatt nntcttgcatt tcttttgagaa taagaagatc agtaaatagt tcagaagtgg 60
 gaagctttgt ccaggcctgt gtgtgaaccc aatgttttgc ttagaaatag aacaagtaag 120
 ttcatgtcta tagcataaca caaaatttgc ataaagggtg gtcagcaaat ccttgaatgc 180
 tgcttaatgt gagaggttgg taaaatcctt tgtgcaacac tctaactccc tgaatgtttt 240
 gctgtgctgg gacctgtgca tgccagacaa ggccaagctg gctgaaagag caaccagcca 300
 cctctgcaat ctgccacctc ctgctggcag gatttgtttt tgcacacctg gaagagccaa 360
 ggaggcacca gggcataagt gagtagactt atggctgacg cggccgcgaa tttagtagta 420
 gtaga 425

<210> 445
 <211> 414
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(414)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 445
 catgtttatg nttttggatt actttgggca cctagtgttt ctaaatecgtc tatcattctt 60
 ttctgttttt caaaagcaga gatggccaga gtctcaacaa actgtatctt caagtctttg 120
 tgaaattctt tgcattgtgc agattattgg atgtagtctt ctttaactag catataaatc 180
 tgggtgtgtt cagataaatg aacagcaaaa tgtggtggaa ttaccatttg gaacattgtg 240
 aatgaaaaat tgtgtctcta gattatgtaa caaataacta tttcctaacc attgatcttt 300
 ggatttttat aatcctactc acaaatgact aggtcttctc tcttgatttt tgaagcagt 360
 tgggtgctgg attgataaaa aaaaaaaaag tcgacgcggc cgcaattta gtag 414

<210> 446
 <211> 631
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(631)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 446
acaaattaga anaaagtgcc agagaacacc acataccttg tccggaacat tacaatggct 60
tctgcatgca tgggaagtgt gagcattcta tcaatatgca ggagccatct tgcagggtgtg 120
atgctgggta tactggacaa cactgtgaaa aaaaggacta cagtgttcta tacgttggtc 180
ccggtcctgt acgatttcag tatgtcttaa tcgcagctgt gattggaaca attcagattg 240
ctgtcatctg tgtggtggtc ctctgcatca caagggccaa acttttagta atagcattgg 300
actgagattt gtaaactttc caaccttcca ggaaatgccc cagaagcaac agaattcaca 360
gacagaagca aaatacaggg cactacagtt cagacaatac aacaagagcg tccacgaggt 420
taatctaaag ggagcatggt tcacagtggc tggactaccg agagcttgga ctacacaata 480
cagtattata gacaaaagaa taagacaaga gatctacaca tgttgccctg cattttgtgtg 540
aatctacacc aatgaaaaca tgtactacag ctatatattga ttatgtatgg atatatattga 600
aatagtatac attgtcttga tgttttttct g 631

<210> 447
<211> 585
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(585)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 447
ccttgggaaa antntcacia tataaagggt cgtagacttt actccaaatt ccaaaaagggt 60
cctggccatg taatcctgaa agttttccca aggtagctat aaaatcctta taagggtgca 120
gcctcttctg gaattcctct gatttcaaag tctcactctc aagtctctga aaacgagggc 180
agttcctgaa aggcaggtat agcaactgat cttcagaaaag aggaactgtg tgcaccggga 240
tgggctgccg gagtaggata ggattccaga tgcgtgacacc ttctggggga aacagggctg 300
ccaggtttgt catagcactc atcaaagtcc ggtcaacgtc tgtgcttcga atataaacct 360
gttcatgttt ataggactca ttcaagaatt ttctatatct ctttcttata tactctccaa 420
gttcataatg ctgctccatg ccagctggg tgagttggcc aaatccttgt ggccatgagg 480
attcctttat ggggtcagtg ggaaaagggt caatgggact tcggtctcca tgccgaaaca 540
ccaaagtcac aaacttcaac tccttggtca gtacacttcg gtcta 585

<210> 448
<211> 93
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(93)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 448
tgctcgtggg tcattctgan nnccgaactg accntgccag ccctgccgan gggccnccat 60
ggctccctag tgccctggag agganggggc tag 93

<210> 449
<211> 706
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(706)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 449

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ccaagttcat gctntgtgct ggacgctgga cagggggcaa aagcnnttgc tcgtgggtca 60
ttctgancac cgaactgacc atgccagccc tgccgatggt cctccatggc tccctagtgc 120
cctggagagg aggtgtctag tcagagagta gtccctggaag gtggcctctg ngaggagcca 180
cggggacagc atcctgcaga tggtcgggag cgtcccatcc gccattcagg ctgcgcaact 240
gttgggaagg gcgatcggtg cgggcctctt cgctattacg ccagctggcg aaagggggat 300
gtgctgcaag gcgattaagt tgggtaacgc caggggtttc ccagtcncga cgttgtaaaa 360
cgacggccag tgaattgaat ttaggtgacn ctatagaaga gctatgacgt cgcattgcacg 420
cgtacgtaag cttggatcct cttagcgggc cgccctactac tactaaattc gcggccgcgt 480
cgacgtggga tccnactga gagagtggag agtgacatgt gctggacnct gtccatgaag 540
cactgagcag aagctggagg cacaacgcnc cagacactca cagctactca ggaggctgag 600
aacaggttga acctgggagg tggaggttgc aatgagctga gatcaggccn ctgcncccca 660
gcatggatga cagagtgaaa ctccatctta aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 706
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<210> 450

<211> 493

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 450

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gagacggagt gtcactctgt tgcccaggct ggagtgcagc aagacactgt ctaagaaaaa 60
acagttttta aaggtaaaaa aacataaaaa gaaatatact atagtggaaa taagagagtc 120
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<210> 451

<211> 501

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

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<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 451

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gttgcaatga gctgagatca ggcnctgcn ccccgacatg gatgacagag tgaaactcca 480
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<210> 452

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(51)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 452

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<210> 453

<211> 317

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(317)

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<400> 453

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taacaaaccc tgctccaatc tgtcacataa aagtctgtga cttgaagttt antcagcacc 240
cccaccaaac tttatttttc tatgtgtttt ttgcaacata tgagtgtttt gaaaataagg 300
tacctatgtc tttatta 317

<210> 454

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 454

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agaagaccac attcttctgc atcccagctt gcaaacaaaa ttgttcttct aggtctccac 180
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<210> 455

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 455

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gtttcaacgc attgatgact tctccaagga tcttcctttg gcacgcacca cattcagggg 180
caaagaattt ctcatagcac agctcacaat acagggtctc tttctcctct a 231

<210> 456

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 456

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<210> 457

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature
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 tatttgattt tattagcaat ctctttcaga agacccttga gatcattaag ctttgtatcc 180
 agttgtctaa atcgatgcct catttcctct gaggtgtcgc tggcttttgt g 231

<210> 458
 <211> 231
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 458
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<210> 459
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 actatacaca gtcaccgtcc caatgagaaa caagaaggag caccctccac a 231

<210> 460
 <211> 231
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 cccacctccc cacacgcaca cgccagcct ggagccaca gaagggtcct cctgcagcca 180
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<210> 461
 <211> 231
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 <213> Homo sapiens

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<210> 462
 <211> 231
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 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 462
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146

gaagaactgt tagagagacc aacagggtag tgggttagag atttcagag tcttacattt 180
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<210> 463
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 463
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tggggagggtg gatcttccag tcgaagcggc atagaagccc gtgtgaaaag c 231

<210> 464
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 464
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cctgtctcag tgactgtgtg cctgtagtcc cagctactcg ggagtctgtg tgaggccagg 180
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<210> 465
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 465
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<210> 466
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 466
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<210> 467
<211> 311
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 467
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<210> 468
<211> 3112

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 468

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<210> 469

<211> 2229

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 469

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<210> 470

<211> 2426

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 470

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<210> 471

<211> 812

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 471

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aatattaaa aatgagtgtg gctggatata tggagaatgt tgggccagga aggaaccgta 120
gagatcagat attacaacag ctttgttttg agggtagaa atatgaaatg atttggttat 180
gaacgcacag ttttagcagc agggccagaa tctgacct ctgcccgtg gttatctctt 240
ccccagcttg gctgcctcat gtcacacag tattccattt tgtttgttg atgtctgtg 300
aagccatcaa gattttctcg tctgttttcc tctcattggt aatgctcact ttgtgacttc 360
atttcaaate tgtaatcccg ttcaaataaa tatccacaac aggatctgtt ttctgccc 420
tcttttaagg aacacatcaa ttcattttct aatgtccttc cctcacaagc gggaccaggc 480
acagggcgag gctcatgat gacccaagat ggccggcggg catttctccc agggatctct 540
gtgcttcttt ttgtgcttcc tgtgtgtgtg gatattttaa ggggctggaa atgtgcaaaa 600
acatgtcact acttagacat tatattgtca tcttgctgtt tctagtgatg ttaattatct 660
ccatttcagc agatgtgtgg cctcagatgg taaagtcagc agcctttctt atttctcacc 720
tctgtatcat caggtccttc ccaccatgca gatcttctg gtctccctcg gctgcagcca 780
cacaaatctc cctctgttt ttctgatgcc ag

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<210> 472

<211> 515

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(515)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 472

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acggagactt attttctgat attgtctgca tatgtatgtt ttttaagagtc tggaaatagt 60
cttatgactt tctatcatg cttattaata aataatacag ccagagaag atgaaaatgg 120
gttcagaaat tattggctct tgcagcccg tgaatctcag caagaggaa caccaactga 180
caatcaggat attgaacctg gacaagagag agaaggaaca cctccgatcg aagaacgtaa 240

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<210> 473
<211> 750
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
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<400> 473																	
Met	Trp	Asn	Leu	Leu	His	Glu	Thr	Asp	Ser	Ala	Val	Ala	Thr	Ala	Arg		
				5					10						15		
Arg	Pro	Arg	Trp	Leu	Cys	Ala	Gly	Ala	Leu	Val	Leu	Ala	Gly	Gly	Phe		
			20					25					30				
Phe	Leu	Leu	Gly	Phe	Leu	Phe	Gly	Trp	Phe	Ile	Lys	Ser	Ser	Asn	Glu		
		35					40					45					
Ala	Thr	Asn	Ile	Thr	Pro	Lys	His	Asn	Met	Lys	Ala	Phe	Leu	Asp	Glu		
	50					55					60						
Leu	Lys	Ala	Glu	Asn	Ile	Lys	Lys	Phe	Leu	Tyr	Asn	Phe	Thr	Gln	Ile		
65					70					75					80		
Pro	His	Leu	Ala	Gly	Thr	Glu	Gln	Asn	Phe	Gln	Leu	Ala	Lys	Gln	Ile		
				85					90					95			
Gln	Ser	Gln	Trp	Lys	Glu	Phe	Gly	Leu	Asp	Ser	Val	Glu	Leu	Ala	His		
			100					105					110				
Tyr	Asp	Val	Leu	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Pro	Asn	Lys	Thr	His	Pro	Asn	Tyr	Ile		
	115						120					125					
Ser	Ile	Ile	Asn	Glu	Asp	Gly	Asn	Glu	Ile	Phe	Asn	Thr	Ser	Leu	Phe		
	130					135					140						
Glu	Pro	Pro	Pro	Pro	Gly	Tyr	Glu	Asn	Val	Ser	Asp	Ile	Val	Pro	Pro		
145					150					155					160		
Phe	Ser	Ala	Phe	Ser	Pro	Gln	Gly	Met	Pro	Glu	Gly	Asp	Leu	Val	Tyr		
				165					170					175			
Val	Asn	Tyr	Ala	Arg	Thr	Glu	Asp	Phe	Phe	Lys	Leu	Glu	Arg	Asp	Met		
			180					185					190				
Lys	Ile	Asn	Cys	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ile	Val	Ile	Ala	Arg	Tyr	Gly	Lys	Val		
	195						200					205					
Phe	Arg	Gly	Asn	Lys	Val	Lys	Asn	Ala	Gln	Leu	Ala	Gly	Ala	Lys	Gly		
	210					215					220						
Val	Ile	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Asp	Pro	Ala	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Ala	Pro	Gly	Val	Lys		
225					230					235					240		
Ser	Tyr	Pro	Asp	Gly	Trp	Asn	Leu	Pro	Gly	Gly	Gly	Val	Gln	Arg	Gly		
				245					250					255			
Asn	Ile	Leu	Asn	Leu	Asn	Gly	Ala	Gly	Asp	Pro	Leu	Thr	Pro	Gly	Tyr		

260 265 270
 Pro Ala Asn Glu Tyr Ala Tyr Arg Arg Gly Ile Ala Glu Ala Val Gly
 275 280 285
 Leu Pro Ser Ile Pro Val His Pro Ile Gly Tyr Tyr Asp Ala Gln Lys
 290 295 300
 Leu Leu Glu Lys Met Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Asp Ser Ser Trp Arg
 305 310 315 320
 Gly Ser Leu Lys Val Pro Tyr Asn Val Gly Pro Gly Phe Thr Gly Asn
 325 330 335
 Phe Ser Thr Gln Lys Val Lys Met His Ile His Ser Thr Asn Glu Val
 340 345 350
 Thr Arg Ile Tyr Asn Val Ile Gly Thr Leu Arg Gly Ala Val Glu Pro
 355 360 365
 Asp Arg Tyr Val Ile Leu Gly Gly His Arg Asp Ser Trp Val Phe Gly
 370 375 380
 Gly Ile Asp Pro Gln Ser Gly Ala Ala Val Val His Glu Ile Val Arg
 385 390 395 400
 Ser Phe Gly Thr Leu Lys Lys Glu Gly Trp Arg Pro Arg Arg Thr Ile
 405 410 415
 Leu Phe Ala Ser Trp Asp Ala Glu Glu Phe Gly Leu Leu Gly Ser Thr
 420 425 430
 Glu Trp Ala Glu Glu Asn Ser Arg Leu Leu Gln Glu Arg Gly Val Ala
 435 440 445
 Tyr Ile Asn Ala Asp Ser Ser Ile Glu Gly Asn Tyr Thr Leu Arg Val
 450 455 460
 Asp Cys Thr Pro Leu Met Tyr Ser Leu Val His Asn Leu Thr Lys Glu
 465 470 475 480
 Leu Lys Ser Pro Asp Glu Gly Phe Glu Gly Lys Ser Leu Tyr Glu Ser
 485 490 495
 Trp Thr Lys Lys Ser Pro Ser Pro Glu Phe Ser Gly Met Pro Arg Ile
 500 505 510
 Ser Lys Leu Gly Ser Gly Asn Asp Phe Glu Val Phe Phe Gln Arg Leu
 515 520 525
 Gly Ile Ala Ser Gly Arg Ala Arg Tyr Thr Lys Asn Trp Glu Thr Asn
 530 535 540
 Lys Phe Ser Gly Tyr Pro Leu Tyr His Ser Val Tyr Glu Thr Tyr Glu
 545 550 555 560
 Leu Val Glu Lys Phe Tyr Asp Pro Met Phe Lys Tyr His Leu Thr Val
 565 570 575
 Ala Gln Val Arg Gly Gly Met Val Phe Glu Leu Ala Asn Ser Ile Val
 580 585 590

Leu Pro Phe Asp Cys Arg Asp Tyr Ala Val Val Leu Arg Lys Tyr Ala
595 600 605

Asp Lys Ile Tyr Ser Ile Ser Met Lys His Pro Gln Glu Met Lys Thr
610 615 620

Tyr Ser Val Ser Phe Asp Ser Leu Phe Ser Ala Val Lys Asn Phe Thr
625 630 635 640

Glu Ile Ala Ser Lys Phe Ser Glu Arg Leu Gln Asp Phe Asp Lys Ser
645 650 655

Asn Pro Ile Val Leu Arg Met Met Asn Asp Gln Leu Met Phe Leu Glu
660 665 670

Arg Ala Phe Ile Asp Pro Leu Gly Leu Pro Asp Arg Pro Phe Tyr Arg
675 680 685

His Val Ile Tyr Ala Pro Ser Ser His Asn Lys Tyr Ala Gly Glu Ser
690 695 700

Phe Pro Gly Ile Tyr Asp Ala Leu Phe Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Val Asp
705 710 715 720

Pro Ser Lys Ala Trp Gly Glu Val Lys Arg Gln Ile Tyr Val Ala Ala
725 730 735

Phe Thr Val Gln Ala Ala Ala Glu Thr Leu Ser Glu Val Ala
740 745 750

<210> 474

<211> 386

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 474

Met Arg Ala Ala Pro Leu Leu Leu Ala Arg Ala Ala Ser Leu Ser Leu
5 10 15

Gly Phe Leu Phe Leu Leu Phe Phe Trp Leu Asp Arg Ser Val Leu Ala
20 25 30

Lys Glu Leu Lys Phe Val Thr Leu Val Phe Arg His Gly Asp Arg Ser
35 40 45

Pro Ile Asp Thr Phe Pro Thr Asp Pro Ile Lys Glu Ser Ser Trp Pro
50 55 60

Gln Gly Phe Gly Gln Leu Thr Gln Leu Gly Met Glu Gln His Tyr Glu
65 70 75 80

Leu Gly Glu Tyr Ile Arg Lys Arg Tyr Arg Lys Phe Leu Asn Glu Ser
85 90 95

Tyr Lys His Glu Gln Val Tyr Ile Arg Ser Thr Asp Val Asp Arg Thr
100 105 110

Leu Met Ser Ala Met Thr Asn Leu Ala Ala Leu Phe Pro Pro Glu Gly
115 120 125

Val Ser Ile Trp Asn Pro Ile Leu Leu Trp Gln Pro Ile Pro Val His

153

130 135 140
 Thr Val Pro Leu Ser Glu Asp Gln Leu Leu Tyr Leu Pro Phe Arg Asn
 145 150 155 160
 Cys Pro Arg Phe Gln Glu Leu Glu Ser Glu Thr Leu Lys Ser Glu Glu
 165 170 175
 Phe Gln Lys Arg Leu His Pro Tyr Lys Asp Phe Ile Ala Thr Leu Gly
 180 185 190
 Lys Leu Ser Gly Leu His Gly Gln Asp Leu Phe Gly Ile Trp Ser Lys
 195 200 205
 Val Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr Cys Glu Ser Val His Asn Phe Thr Leu Pro
 210 215 220
 Ser Trp Ala Thr Glu Asp Thr Met Thr Lys Leu Arg Glu Leu Ser Glu
 225 230 235 240
 Leu Ser Leu Leu Ser Leu Tyr Gly Ile His Lys Gln Lys Glu Lys Ser
 245 250 255
 Arg Leu Gln Gly Gly Val Leu Val Asn Glu Ile Leu Asn His Met Lys
 260 265 270
 Arg Ala Thr Gln Ile Pro Ser Tyr Lys Lys Leu Ile Met Tyr Ser Ala
 275 280 285
 His Asp Thr Thr Val Ser Gly Leu Gln Met Ala Leu Asp Val Tyr Asn
 290 295 300
 Gly Leu Leu Pro Pro Tyr Ala Ser Cys His Leu Thr Glu Leu Tyr Phe
 305 310 315 320
 Glu Lys Gly Glu Tyr Phe Val Glu Met Tyr Tyr Arg Asn Glu Thr Gln
 325 330 335
 His Glu Pro Tyr Pro Leu Met Leu Pro Gly Cys Ser Pro Ser Cys Pro
 340 345 350
 Leu Glu Arg Phe Ala Glu Leu Val Gly Pro Val Ile Pro Gln Asp Trp
 355 360 365
 Ser Thr Glu Cys Met Thr Thr Asn Ser His Gln Gly Thr Glu Asp Ser
 370 375 380
 Thr Asp
 385

 <210> 475
 <211> 261
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

 <400> 475
 Met Trp Val Pro Val Val Phe Leu Thr Leu Ser Val Thr Trp Ile Gly
 5 10 15
 Ala Ala Pro Leu Ile Leu Ser Arg Ile Val Gly Gly Trp Glu Cys Glu
 20 25 30

[illegible]

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<210> 476
<211> 1079
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
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<400> 476
Met His His His His His His Met Trp Val Pro Val Val Phe Leu Thr
5 10 15
Leu Ser Val Thr Trp Ile Gly Ala Ala Pro Leu Ile Leu Ser Arg Ile
20 25 30
Val Gly Gly Trp Glu Cys Glu Lys His Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Val Leu
35 40 45

155

Val Ala Ser Arg Gly Arg Ala Val Cys Gly Gly Val Leu Val His Pro
 50 55 60
 Gln Trp Val Leu Thr Ala His Cys Ile Arg Asn Lys Ser Val Ile
 65 70 75 80
 Leu Leu Gly Arg His Ser Leu Phe His Pro Glu Asp Thr Gly Gln Val
 85 90 95
 Phe Gln Val Ser His Ser Phe Pro His Pro Leu Tyr Asp Met Ser Leu
 100 105 110
 Leu Lys Asn Arg Phe Leu Arg Pro Gly Asp Asp Ser Ser His Asp Leu
 115 120 125
 Met Leu Leu Arg Leu Ser Glu Pro Ala Glu Leu Thr Asp Ala Val Lys
 130 135 140
 Val Met Asp Leu Pro Thr Gln Glu Pro Ala Leu Gly Thr Thr Cys Tyr
 145 150 155 160
 Ala Ser Gly Trp Gly Ser Ile Glu Pro Glu Glu Phe Leu Thr Pro Lys
 165 170 175
 Lys Leu Gln Cys Val Asp Leu His Val Ile Ser Asn Asp Val Cys Ala
 180 185 190
 Gln Val His Pro Gln Lys Val Thr Lys Phe Met Leu Cys Ala Gly Arg
 195 200 205
 Trp Thr Gly Gly Lys Ser Thr Cys Ser Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly Pro Leu
 210 215 220
 Val Cys Asn Gly Val Leu Gln Gly Ile Thr Ser Trp Gly Ser Glu Pro
 225 230 235 240
 Cys Ala Leu Pro Glu Arg Pro Ser Leu Tyr Thr Lys Val Val His Tyr
 245 250 255
 Arg Lys Trp Ile Lys Asp Thr Ile Val Ala Asn Pro Gly Ser Met Ala
 260 265 270
 Thr Ala Gly Asn Pro Trp Gly Trp Phe Leu Gly Tyr Leu Ile Leu Gly
 275 280 285
 Val Ala Gly Ser Leu Val Ser Gly Ser Cys Ser Gln Ile Ile Asn Gly
 290 295 300
 Glu Asp Cys Ser Pro His Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Ala Ala Leu Val Met
 305 310 315 320
 Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp Val
 325 330 335
 Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly
 340 345 350
 Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val Glu
 355 360 365
 Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu Ala
 370 375 380

Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser Asp
 385 390 395 400
 Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly Asn
 405 410 415
 Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Met Pro
 420' 425 430
 Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Glu Val Cys
 435 440 445
 Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala Gly
 450 455 460
 Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly Pro
 465 470 475 480
 Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys Ala
 485 490 495
 Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Cys Lys
 500 505 510
 Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser Glu Phe Met Val
 515 520 525
 Gln Arg Leu Trp Val Ser Arg Leu Leu Arg His Arg Lys Ala Gln Leu
 530 535 540
 Leu Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Thr Phe Gly Leu Glu Val Cys Leu Ala Ala
 545 550 555 560
 Gly Ile Thr Tyr Val Pro Pro Leu Leu Leu Glu Val Gly Val Glu Glu
 565 570 575
 Lys Phe Met Thr Met Val Leu Gly Ile Gly Pro Val Leu Gly Leu Val
 580 585 590
 Cys Val Pro Leu Leu Gly Ser Ala Ser Asp His Trp Arg Gly Arg Tyr
 595 600 605
 Gly Arg Arg Arg Pro Phe Ile Trp Ala Leu Ser Leu Gly Ile Leu Leu
 610 615 620
 Ser Leu Phe Leu Ile Pro Arg Ala Gly Trp Leu Ala Gly Leu Leu Cys
 625 630 635 640
 Pro Asp Pro Arg Pro Leu Glu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ile Leu Gly Val Gly
 645 650 655
 Leu Leu Asp Phe Cys Gly Gln Val Cys Phe Thr Pro Leu Glu Ala Leu
 660 665 670
 Leu Ser Asp Leu Phe Arg Asp Pro Asp His Cys Arg Gln Ala Tyr Ser
 675 680 685
 Val Tyr Ala Phe Met Ile Ser Leu Gly Gly Cys Leu Gly Tyr Leu Leu
 690 695 700
 Pro Ala Ile Asp Trp Asp Thr Ser Ala Leu Ala Pro Tyr Leu Gly Thr

705 710 715 720
 Gln Glu Glu Cys Leu Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Leu Ile Phe Leu Thr Cys
 725 730 735
 Val Ala Ala Thr Leu Leu Val Ala Glu Glu Ala Ala Leu Gly Pro Thr
 740 745 750
 Glu Pro Ala Glu Gly Leu Ser Ala Pro Ser Leu Ser Pro His Cys Cys
 755 760 765
 Pro Cys Arg Ala Arg Leu Ala Phe Arg Asn Leu Gly Ala Leu Leu Pro
 770 775 780
 Arg Leu His Gln Leu Cys Cys Arg Met Pro Arg Thr Leu Arg Arg Leu
 785 790 795 800
 Phe Val Ala Glu Leu Cys Ser Trp Met Ala Leu Met Thr Phe Thr Leu
 805 810 815
 Phe Tyr Thr Asp Phe Val Gly Glu Gly Leu Tyr Gln Gly Val Pro Arg
 820 825 830
 Ala Glu Pro Gly Thr Glu Ala Arg Arg His Tyr Asp Glu Gly Val Arg
 835 840 845
 Met Gly Ser Leu Gly Leu Phe Leu Gln Cys Ala Ile Ser Leu Val Phe
 850 855 860
 Ser Leu Val Met Asp Arg Leu Val Gln Arg Phe Gly Thr Arg Ala Val
 865 870 875 880
 Tyr Leu Ala Ser Val Ala Ala Phe Pro Val Ala Ala Gly Ala Thr Cys
 885 890 895
 Leu Ser His Ser Val Ala Val Val Thr Ala Ser Ala Ala Leu Thr Gly
 900 905 910
 Phe Thr Phe Ser Ala Leu Gln Ile Leu Pro Tyr Thr Leu Ala Ser Leu
 915 920 925
 Tyr His Arg Glu Lys Gln Val Phe Leu Pro Lys Tyr Arg Gly Asp Thr
 930 935 940
 Gly Gly Ala Ser Ser Glu Asp Ser Leu Met Thr Ser Phe Leu Pro Gly
 945 950 955 960
 Pro Lys Pro Gly Ala Pro Phe Pro Asn Gly His Val Gly Ala Gly Gly
 965 970 975
 Ser Gly Leu Leu Pro Pro Pro Pro Ala Leu Cys Gly Ala Ser Ala Cys
 980 985 990
 Asp Val Ser Val Arg Val Val Val Gly Glu Pro Thr Glu Ala Arg Val
 995 1000 1005
 Val Pro Gly Arg Gly Ile Cys Leu Asp Leu Ala Ile Leu Asp Ser Ala
 1010 1015 1020
 Phe Leu Leu Ser Gln Val Ala Pro Ser Leu Phe Met Gly Ser Ile Val
 1025 1030 1035 1040

Gln Leu Ser Gln Ser Val Thr Ala Tyr Met Val Ser Ala Ala Gly Leu
1045 1050 1055

Gly Leu Val Ala Ile Tyr Phe Ala Thr Gln Val Val Phe Asp Lys Ser
1060 1065 1070

Asp Leu Ala Lys Tyr Ser Ala
1075